

Prospectus Oikocredit, Ecumenical Development Cooperative Society U.A. ("Oikocredit") dated 19 June 2009



Prospectus Oikocredit, Ecumenical Development Cooperative Society U.A. (“Oikocredit”)

Dated 19 June 2009

(incorporated as a cooperative society with excluded liability under laws of The Netherlands and having its registered seat in Amersfoort, The Netherlands)

In respect of the issuance of Shares in the capital of Oikocredit, Ecumenical Development Cooperative Society U.A. (“Oikocredit”)

By continuously issuing Shares to its Members, numbering 600 Members as at 31/12/2008, Oikocredit mobilises the capital needed to carry out its mission of development financing through project funding.

The Shares are continuously offered to Members. There is no realistic estimation on the proceeds of the Share issue and how many Shares will be issued. New Shares issued are mentioned in the annual financial statements, and in general not announced separately publicly. However, in case of a dramatic increase or decline of new Shares issued, this will be announced in a separate press release.

Participation in Oikocredit is open only to Members, see for more information § 6.5 “Participation in Oikocredit”.

The Shares are in book entry form, meaning that Oikocredit holds a register stating the number of Shares registered in the name of the Shareholders. Upon issue of the Shares, the name and details of the Shareholder are entered into the Share register. Each Member may at any time apply for a certified extract from the Register stating the number of Shares registered in its name.

Shares are registered shares with a nominal value of EUR 200, GBP 150, SEK 2000, CAD 200, or USD 200. According to the Articles of Incorporation, the Board can decide to issue Shares in other currencies than in euro or in USD. Before issuing shares in other currencies, the nominal value per Share will be determined for each additional currency in which the shares are issued. Shares are continuously issued in euro as well as USD, or other currencies at their nominal value, at the discretion of the Board and there is no limit to the number of Shares that can be issued. In occurring events, the Board has also the discretion to revoke or suspend the offer or to reduce subscriptions. Shares are issued pursuant to a resolution of the Board. Changes in the offering price (if any) will be disclosed in an amendment to this Prospectus.

Prospective investors in the Shares are explicitly advised that such investment entails financial risks. In making an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of Oikocredit and its Shares, including the merits and risks involved. The risks summarised in this Prospectus are distinctive or characteristic of Oikocredit's operations and organisation, which may have a material impact upon Oikocredit's future financial performance and risks related to the Shares. Please refer to chapter 2 of this Prospectus for a detailed description of these risks.

This Prospectus has been approved by The Authority for the Financial Markets (“Autoriteit Financiële Markten”) in The Netherlands for the purposes of Directive 2003/71/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (the “Prospectus Directive”) on 19 June 2009 (the “Publication Date”). Pursuant to this Prospectus, Shares can be offered by Oikocredit until 19 June 2010 ultimately. In the meantime, changes may occur in the financial position or the activities of Oikocredit. In accordance with article 5:23 of the Act on Financial Supervision 2007 (“Wet op het Financieel Toezicht”), Oikocredit shall make such information publicly available by issuing a supplement to this Prospectus.

The Prospectus can be obtained as of the publication date at:

Oikocredit, Ecumenical Development Cooperative Society U.A.
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Tel.: +31 (0)33 422 40 40
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The Prospectus is valid for a period of 12 months after the publication date.

Contents

1.	Summary	4
2.	Risk Factors	5
3.	Important information	7
4.	Definitions	7
5.	General details	8
6.	Oikocredit Ecumenical Development Co-operative Society U.A.	9
6.1.	History and mission of Oikocredit	9
6.2.	General structure	10
6.3.	Description of activities: Credit Operations (development financing)	12
6.4.	Risk management	19
6.5.	Participation in Oikocredit	22
6.6.	Legal structure	23
6.7.	Financial position	24
6.8.	Governance structure	30
6.9.	Costs	40
6.10.	Net Income and dividends	40
6.11.	Reporting	40
6.12.	Information incorporated by reference	41
6.13.	Subscription and sale	42
7.	Fiscal aspects of participation in Oikocredit	44
7.1.	Tax position of Oikocredit	44
7.2.	Tax position of shareholders	44

Appendices

1.	Project funding criteria	46
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1. Summary

This summary describes in a brief manner the essential characteristics and risks associated with Oikocredit and its Shares. This summary should be read as an introduction to the Prospectus. Any decision to invest in the Shares should be considered after studying the Prospectus as a whole by the investor including the documents incorporated by reference. If a claim relating to information contained in the Prospectus is brought before a court, the plaintiff investor might, under the national legislation of a Member State, have to bear the costs of translating the Prospectus before the legal proceedings are initiated. Oikocredit is only liable if the summary of this Prospectus read in conjunction with the other part of the Prospectus is misleading, inaccurate or inconsistent. Oikocredit U.A. prepared the Prospectus and is therefore responsible for the contents included in the Prospectus.

Oikocredit, Ecumenical Development Cooperative Society U.A.

Oikocredit was founded in 1975 at the initiative of the World Council of Churches to provide churches and church-related organisations with an investment tool aimed at supporting marginalized people in the Third World. It is Oikocredit's objective to make a lasting contribution to the struggle against poverty in developing countries.

The mission of Oikocredit is formulated as follows: Oikocredit, as a worldwide cooperative society, promotes global justice by challenging people, churches and others to share their resources through socially responsible investments and by empowering disadvantaged people with credit.

Its principal instrument to reach the mission is project funding: Oikocredit provides loans or other types of financing (equity, quasi equity, or guarantees) for the development of viable economic enterprises of groups of disadvantaged people, who are generally denied access to financial services. Thus, Oikocredit supports cooperatives and comparable organisations, as well as alternative trade organisations, financial Intermediaries (including Microfinance Institutions) – the latter enabling Oikocredit to reach individuals or small groups of people whom it cannot serve with direct loans.

- Funding of Cooperatives and other comparable organisations is aimed at financing productive investments that generate a sustainable income, for example a coffee-processing plant, a fishing boat or a small-scale milk factory.
- Microfinance Institutions provide loans to, for example, small enterprises, small scale producers and small scale farmers.

The loan -or financing- amounts range from a minimum of 50,000 euro to a maximum of 5,000,000 euro, or 2% of total equity (whatever is highest), with a loan repayment period up to ten years. Please refer to article 2 of the Articles of Incorporation for a formal description of the objectives of Oikocredit.

Participation in Shares

Any interested party that meets the membership criteria of Oikocredit may submit an application for membership of Oikocredit to the Board at any time. After approval, Shares can be acquired accordingly against payment of the nominal value thereof. Shares are registered Shares and issued at a nominal value of EUR 200 , US dollars 200 per Share GBP 150 per share, SEK 2000 per share and CAD 200, or any other currency approved by the Board. A Before issuing shares in other currencies, the nominal value per share to be determined for each additional currency in which the shares are issued.

Each Member is required to purchase at least one Share upon joining Oikocredit. Fractions of Shares may also be purchased thereafter. There is no limit to the number of Shares that can be issued. Shareholders are entitled to dividends. It is the policy of Oikocredit to pay out an annual dividend per Share with a percentage of the nominal value of a Share that was so far usually 2% of the nominal value, but this is up to the General Meeting of Members to decide per year what the exact dividend will be per Share. Up till 2008 Oikocredit did not pay a dividend higher than 2%. Dividends will be determined during the General Meeting of Members and will be lower than what is considered to be a normal dividend in the financial markets. The Shares are not listed on any stock exchange. Shares must be considered as illiquid. An objective price-fixing and -setting is not available. Each Member may exercise one vote at the General Meeting, irrespective of the number of Shares held. Please refer to § 6.5 for more details.

The offering and the period of subscription

Participation in the international ecumenical cooperative society Oikocredit is open only to Members. Subscription is open continuously. Membership of Oikocredit is restricted to churches and church-related organisations, Support Associations and project members (please refer to § 6.5 for more details). Organisations and individuals that do not qualify for direct participation may participate indirectly in the work

of Oikocredit through one of the Oikocredit Support Associations, or through the Stichting Oikocredit International Share Foundation (ISF). In the Netherlands this is possible through Oikocredit Nederland or through the Oikocredit Nederland Fonds. Dutch investors should contact Oikocredit Nederland¹ for more details.

Use of proceeds

By continuously issuing Shares to its Members, numbering 600 Members as at 31/12/2008, Oikocredit mobilises the capital needed to carry out its mission of development financing through project funding.

Fiscal position

The Dutch tax authorities have granted Oikocredit exemption from corporate income tax, provided certain conditions are met (see chapter 7 for details). Furthermore, on dividend distributed by Oikocredit to its Shareholders no dividend withholding tax is due. Up to 31/12/2007 Oikocredit qualified as a charity in the sense of the Dutch Income Tax Act. The request for renewal of the tax free status on gift and inheritance taxes was filed with the tax authorities during 2007, but has not been granted. Oikocredit does not expect any consequences from this decision, as the tax free status for gifts and inheritance taxes for Oikocredit's related foundations the International Support Foundation and the International Share Foundation has been maintained. Members are generally not subject to Dutch taxes on income or capital gains in respect of dividends received from Oikocredit. Please refer to chapter 7 for more details. The tax-authorities stated that the activities of Oikocredit U.A. are VAT-exempted based on article 11, paragraph 1, sub i and j of the Dutch VAT Act.

Effective yield of the Shares

So far the maximum dividend that has been paid out on the Shares amounted to 2% per year of the nominal value of the Shares. Please refer to §6.10 for more details.

Risk Factors

In view of the objectives of Oikocredit, the criteria for project funding (see Appendix 1) and the countries where Oikocredit carries out its work, it is clear that very real risks are present in the project funding portfolio. Oikocredit is subject to the usual commercial risks of any business and to that specific to its market in particular. These risks can affect the financial operational results of Oikocredit. These risks are set out under 'Risk factors' in chapter 2 and include risk factors relating to:

- Country risks
- Currency risks
- Project risks (including the risk of concentration in certain sectors)
- Legal risks
- Dependency on volunteers
- Market and Interest rate risks

2. Risk Factors

Interested parties are expressly advised to note that participation in Oikocredit entails financial risks.

In view of the objectives of Oikocredit, the criteria for project funding (see Appendix 1) and the countries where Oikocredit carries out its work, it is clear that very real risks are present in the project funding portfolio. Oikocredit is subject to the usual commercial risks of any business and to that specific to its market in particular. These risks can affect the financial operational results of Oikocredit. The following risks are a brief overview of the important risk factors involved.

Although Oikocredit believes that the risks and uncertainties described below are Oikocredit's most material risks and uncertainties, they may not be the only ones that Oikocredit faces. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to Oikocredit, or that Oikocredit currently deems immaterial may also have a material adverse effect on Oikocredit's business, results of operations or financial condition and could negatively affect the price of the Shares.

Country risks

¹ Contact Oikocredit Nederland, P.O. Box 85015, 3508 AA Utrecht, The Netherlands, tel.: +31-30-234 10 69, e-mail: nederland@oikocredit.org.

Economic and/or political problems, sometimes in conjunction with extreme inflation or devaluation, can make it impossible for the recipients of the funding by Oikocredit to meet previously made commitments towards Oikocredit. Oikocredit may also be hampered by existing economic and political problems (resulting into non payment as a result of a currency crisis, political measures taken to prevent payment to institutions situated outside their country, or a deteriorating internal economic situation).

A slow down in economic growth rates in the USA and/or Europe (as a result of the credit crisis) may negatively influence Oikocredit's capital inflow over the coming period. This may negatively impact the growth possibilities of Oikocredit as well as the financial results and therefore may have a negative impact on the dividend to be paid out on the Shares as well as on the net asset value and the price of the Shares.

Currency risks

Currency risks exist as Oikocredit's available capital (members' capital and loans) at the end of 2008 is for approximately 91% denominated in euro while the amounts outstanding in development financing is denominated for 44% in USD, for 38% in local currencies and the remainder 18% in euros. The Term Investments are mainly denominated in euro. Furthermore Oikocredit runs a risk of non payment by project partners as a result of a currency crisis in a country Oikocredit works in. Materialization of these currency risks (e.g. declining US dollar, or local currencies versus euro exchange rate differences) may negatively impact the reserves and financial results and therefore may have a negative impact on the dividend to be paid out on the Shares as well as on the net asset value and the price of the Shares.

Project risks (including the risk of concentration in certain sectors)

Project risks, i.e. the risks of project funding losses, vary from project to project and depend on the nature of the project, the sector of activity, the quality of management and a variety of other factors. Project losses may negatively impact the financial results and therefore may have a negative impact on the dividend to be paid out on the Shares as well as on the net asset value and the price of the Shares.

Legal risks

As Oikocredit operates in various countries worldwide and concludes transactions and agreements subject to various laws, there is no absolute surety that such transactions and agreements cannot be invalidated. Losses due to invalidated contracts may negatively impact the financial results and therefore may have a negative impact on the dividend to be paid out on the Shares as well as on the net asset value and the price of the Shares.

Dependency on volunteers

As Oikocredit is for a significant part of its new share capital issues dependent on the efforts of volunteers working for its Support Associations, it may encounter difficulties attracting funding at the same volume if large numbers of volunteers decide to leave the Support Associations of Oikocredit. Losses due to a dramatic decrease of volunteers may negatively impact the financial results and therefore may have a negative impact on the dividend to be paid out on the Shares as well as on the net asset value and the price of the Shares.

Market and Interest rate risks

Oikocredit is investing a part of its long term capital in investment grade bonds and in share funds. Market developments which cause changes in interest rates, the creditworthiness of the bond issuers and share prices, will affect the value of Oikocredit's bond and share portfolio. This may negatively impact the financial results and therefore may have a negative impact on the dividend to be paid out on the Shares as well as on then net asset value and the price of the Shares.

Liquidity risks

Taking into account that the Shares are not listed on any stock exchange and there is no normal market available for the Shares, the Shares must be considered as illiquid. Therefore an objective price-fixing and -setting is not available and there is a possibility that a Member who wants to redeem or sell all or some of his Shares may (temporarily) not be able to find a buyer for his Shares, or Oikocredit U.A. is not able to redeem the Shares. Accordingly, Members should consider their investment in Shares as "non current assets".

Credit crisis

The credit crisis and with as a result the decline in economic growth rates in the USA and/or Europe, as well as as developing countries may have negative effects on the results of Oikocredit over the coming period, as this may affect the quality of Oikocredit's portfolio and may also lead to a reduced capital inflow.

Oikocredit's portfolio performance in developing countries may further be affected by existing governmental, economical and political problems (resulting into non payment as a result of a currency crisis, political

measures taken to prevent payment to institutions situated outside their country, or a deteriorating internal economic situation).

3. Important information

Responsibility statement

Solely Oikocredit is responsible for the content of this Prospectus. Oikocredit declares that it has taken all reasonable care to ensure that the information contained in the Prospectus is, to the best of its knowledge, in accordance with the facts and contains no omission likely to affect its import.

No person is authorised to give any information or to make any representation in connection with the offering of Shares that is not contained in this Prospectus. In the event such information has been provided or such representation has been made, it must not be relied upon as having been authorised by Oikocredit.

Neither the delivery of this Prospectus nor any sale on the basis thereof shall, under any circumstances, imply that the information contained in this Prospectus is correct as of a date subsequent to the date thereof.

This Prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any security other than the Shares offered hereby, nor does it constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities offered hereby to any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation to such person. Neither the delivery of this Prospectus nor any sale on the basis thereof shall, under any circumstances, imply that the information contained in this Prospectus is correct as of a date subsequent to the date thereof. The availability and distribution of this Prospectus and the offering of the Shares may, in certain jurisdictions, in particular the United States of America and Canada, be restricted by law. Oikocredit requires persons into whose possession this Prospectus comes, to inform themselves of and observe all such restrictions. Oikocredit accepts no responsibility for any violation by any person, whether or not such person is a prospective investor of the Shares, of any such restrictions.

The Prospectus itself and all the documents incorporated by reference, the Articles of Incorporation and the last three annual accounts, can be obtained from Oikocredit (free of charge) at Oikocredit's website and at the Oikocredit office in Amersfoort, The Netherlands. All documents in this Prospectus that are referred to as 'on display' are available (free of charge) for viewing at the Oikocredit office in Amersfoort, The Netherlands.

Investors are advised to ascertain whether as from the date of this Prospectus, supplements have been made publicly available. This Prospectus, including all its supplements, is freely available at the Oikocredit office in Amersfoort, The Netherlands.

All qualifications of a legal nature contained in this Prospectus relate to the Dutch law, unless the context requires otherwise. References to "EUR" are to euro, the currency of The Netherlands, references to "USD" or "US dollar" are to United States dollars, the currency of the United States of America references to "GBP" or "British Pound" are to British Pound Sterling, the currency of the United Kingdom, references to "SEK" or "Swedish Kronor" are to Swedish Kronor, the currency of the Kingdom of Sweden and , references to "CAD" or "Canadian Dollar" are to Canadian Dollar, the currency of Canada. Dutch law is applicable to this Prospectus. This Prospectus is only available in the English language. Unless explicitly stated otherwise, all financial information in this Prospectus is unaudited.

4. Definitions

These definitions apply to the whole Prospectus including the summary, risk factors and important information chapters.

AGM	the Annual General Meeting;
Articles of Incorporation	the Articles of Incorporation of Oikocredit, as incorporated by reference in this Prospectus;
Board	the Board of Directors (" <i>Bestuur</i> ") of Oikocredit as mentioned in article 25 of its Articles of Incorporation;

General Meeting	the general meeting of members (" <i>algemene ledenvergadering</i> ") of Oikocredit as mentioned in article 13 of the Articles of Incorporation;
ISUP	Stichting Oikocredit International Support Foundation;
ISF	Stichting Oikocredit International Share Foundation;
TIP	the Term Investment Portfolio of Oikocredit;
Managing Director	the Managing Director (" <i>President-directeur</i> ") of Oikocredit as mentioned in article 30 (2) of the Articles of Incorporation;
Member	a member of Oikocredit as mentioned in article 4 of the Articles of Incorporation;
MFI	Microfinance Institutions, which provide financial services to the very poor;
Oikocredit	Oikocredit, Ecumenical Development Cooperative Society U.A., having its registered seat in Amersfoort, the Netherlands;
Oikocredit Nederland	Oikocredit Support Association Netherlands (" <i>Oikocredit Ontwikkelingsvereniging Nederland</i> "), having its registered seat in Utrecht, the Netherlands;
Oikocredit Nederland Fonds	an investment fund incorporated by Oikocredit Netherlands having its registered seat in Utrecht, the Netherlands;
International Support Office (ISO)	the head office or central office of Oikocredit located in Amersfoort, the Netherlands;
Prospectus	this Prospectus of Oikocredit including any supplements to be made publicly available;
RM	a regional manager or regional director of Oikocredit who manages a regional office of Oikocredit;
Shareholder	the holder of Shares;
Shares	the shares in the capital of Oikocredit, as mentioned in article of the Articles of Incorporation;
SRI	socially responsible investments;
Support Associations	Support Associations (legally separated from Oikocredit) that are established per country or per region within a country, to raise the awareness of people in their region about the importance of development and socially responsible investments and to offer individuals and church congregations or parishes, an opportunity to invest in Oikocredit. An example is the establishment of Support Associations in the Netherlands Oikocredit Nederland (OCN).

5. General details

Issuer

Oikocredit, Ecumenical Development Cooperative Society U.A.
Berkenweg 7
3818 LA Amersfoort
P.O. Box 2136

3800 CC Amersfoort
The Netherlands
Tel.: +31 (0)33 422 40 40

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers Accountants N.V.
Of which the auditors are a member of the Koninklijke NIVRA
Prinses Margrietplantsoen 46
2595 BR The Hague
The Netherlands

Tax advisor

PricewaterhouseCoopers Belastingadviseurs N.V.
Archimedeslaan 21
3584 BA Utrecht
The Netherlands

6. Oikocredit Ecumenical Development Co-operative Society U.A.

6.1. History and mission of Oikocredit

Oikocredit is an initiative inspired by the World Council of Churches and was founded (and incorporated) by the World Council of Churches together with the Council of Churches in the Netherlands on 4 November 1975 under the laws of The Netherlands. Ecumenical principles and insights like stewardship and fellowship are the cornerstones of Oikocredit's management philosophy.

History and important events in the development of Oikocredit's business

Oikocredit was founded at the initiative of the World Council of Churches to provide churches and church-related organisations with an investment tool aimed at supporting marginalized people in developing countries. It is Oikocredit's objective to make a lasting contribution to the struggle against poverty in developing countries. The aim was to invest in justice by giving credit to productive enterprises of disadvantaged people. The International Support Office (the head office or central office of Oikocredit) was established in Amersfoort, The Netherlands.

Oikocredit had a difficult start because many church treasurers did not believe in this alternative investment instrument. Some believed that it was unethical to lend instead of giving, or simply did not believe in the concept's success. Individual church members in Europe did, however, and started Support Associations. The First Support Association was established in 1976 in the Netherlands. At this moment, these Support Associations mobilise the largest part of the actual share capital and have contributed in this way to the success of Oikocredit. Support Associations raise the awareness of people in their region about the importance of development and socially responsible investments.

Support Associations are mainly set up by and composed of groups and individuals in the country of their origin (consisting mainly of volunteers). Support Associations are not legally part of the group of Oikocredit. The way Support Associations offer the opportunity to invest in Oikocredit differs per country and is amongst others dependent on the local regulatory environment. An example is the establishment of Support Associations in the Netherlands: Oikocredit Support Association Netherlands (Oikocredit Ontwikkelingsvereniging Nederland) and the Oikocredit Nederland Fonds (ONF) which respectively issue certificates for Shares in Oikocredit and offer participations in ONF.

Support Associations are located in Europe, Northern America and some developing countries such as the Philippines, Uruguay, Costa Rica and Mexico. The 34 Support Associations have a joint membership of around 30,000 individuals church parishes and congregations. Together, they have contributed more than 80% of Oikocredit's total share capital as at 31/12/2008.

Support Associations were established in the following countries:

EUROPE:

Austria, Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Italy, The Netherlands, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland

SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA:

Mexico, Uruguay

ASIA:

Japan, Korea, the Philippines

NORTH AMERICA:

Canada and United States

The first loan of Oikocredit was granted to a project partner in Ecuador in 1978.

In 1993 Oikocredit had a member's capital of 50 million euro. In 1998 the total share capital amounted to 100 million euro, in 2004 the share capital surpassed the 200 million euro, while in 2007 the share capital surpassed 300 mln euros.

During 1998 and 1999 projects financed by Oikocredit experienced some difficulties in repaying their interest and instalments to Oikocredit. This was a result of the "Asia" financial crisis in those years. As a result, Oikocredit only paid a one percent dividend instead of the usual 2% dividend in relation to the years 1998 and 1999.

During 1999 the Oikocredit Board decided to change its name from Ecumenical Cooperative Development Society U.A. (EDCS) into Oikocredit, Ecumenical Development Cooperative Society U.A.

In 2005 Oikocredit celebrated 30 years of credit for developing countries.

Oikocredit is in many aspects a unique organisation:

- Oikocredit operates like a development "bank", providing long term financing to disadvantaged people, people who would normally not get a loan from a commercial bank;
- Even though it is a small organisation, Oikocredit has a wide network of regional offices and country offices;
- Oikocredit is one of the few cooperative societies operating with a worldwide membership of investors and clients;
- Oikocredit manages to run its operations with an aim for a limited financial return as well as a social return for its investors;
- Oikocredit has a unique structure of: members, project partners, regional offices, international office.

The mission of Oikocredit is formulated as follows:

Oikocredit, as a worldwide Cooperative Society, promotes global justice by challenging people, churches and others to share their resources through socially responsible investments and by empowering disadvantaged people with credit.

The objective of Oikocredit is to make the mobilized resources available to cooperatives or groups of marginalized people in order to further finance their income-generating activities. Oikocredit also manages third party funds for the risk and account of such third party (for example ASN/NOVIB fund) by investing and administering these funds in projects managed by Oikocredit (For further details about the objectives of Oikocredit, we refer to Article 2 of the Articles of Incorporation).

Use of proceeds

There is no restriction for purposes of the use of the capital: b continuously issuing Shares to its Members, numbering 600 Members as at 31/12/2008, Oikocredit mobilises the capital needed to carry out its mission of development financing through project funding and to finance its Term Investment Portfolio.

6.2. General structure

Oikocredit forms the head of a group as defined in section 2:24b of the Dutch Civil Code in which the group companies Stichting Oikocredit International Support Foundation in Amersfoort, The Netherlands, Stichting Oikocredit International Share Foundation in Amersfoort, The Netherlands, Financial Company Oikocredit Ukraine, in Lviv Ukraine and Maanaveeya Holdings & Investments Private Limited, Hyderabad India are included.

Oikocredit forms a group as defined in section 2:24b of the Dutch Civil Code with International Support Foundation and the Oikocredit International Share Foundation in Amersfoort as these entities are organisationally linked to Oikocredit as (some of) its Board Members also form the Board of both

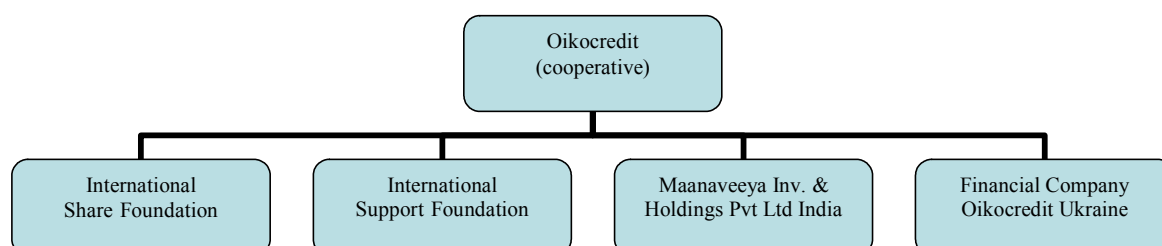
foundations. Further Oikocredit has one subsidiary, which is Maanaveeya Holdings & Investments Private Ltd, Hyderabad, India in which it holds 100 % of the ordinary shares.

Oikocredit has developed a portfolio of socially responsible investments in investment-grade bonds alongside its direct financing of development projects. This portfolio consists of fixed income investments and has the following characteristics:

- a focus on development: bonds issued by developing countries and by development banks and corporate bonds, whose issuers are active in developing countries and screened on their particular benefits in developing countries;
- the bond titles have a credit rating of at least Moody's investment grade;
- the investments have a high social / ethical profile, which is monitored by thorough screening done by Vigeo Group and guaranteed by the Ethibel label.

Based on its mission and investment experience, Oikocredit wants to enable a selective group of investors (churches and church-related organizations) to participate in its term investments (alongside with Oikocredit itself) and thus enable these organizations to invest in a socially responsible way with a special focus on development. Under legislation in the Netherlands governing investment funds, effective as of September 1, 2005 and amended into the Act on Financial Supervision as of 01/01/07, Oikocredit is not required to apply for a fund license with the Netherlands Authority for the Financial Markets as those who participate in the Fund are offered participations with a nominal value per participation of at least € 50,000. Therefore, Oikocredit established the 4F-Fund (Fund for Fair Future) in 2006. The Fund is created as a restricted, tax transparent investment fund (*beleggingsfonds*) with an open-end for members / shareholders and future members / shareholders of Oikocredit. The Fund is not an incorporated legal entity, but an unincorporated contract of its own nature. The Fund and the participations will not be listed on any stock exchange.

Chart group structure Oikocredit



The operational organisation of Oikocredit is structured to manage the Oikocredit primary processes of attracting capital in order to offer project funding (loans, guarantees and participations) with the corresponding loan and interest repayments with maximum efficiency. The operational organisation consists of regional offices (Germany, Ghana, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Philippines, Peru, India, Costa Rica, Uruguay, Global Credits and Fair Trade in the Netherlands), country representatives (Argentina, Benin, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Cambodja, Chile, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mali, Mexico, Moldova, Nicaragua, Romania, Russian Federation, Paraguay, Senegal, Slovak Republic, Tanzania, Uganda and the Ukraine) and an International Support office in Amersfoort, The Netherlands. During 2008 the Board of Oikocredit decided to close the offices in Indonesia and South Africa.

The regional manager or director of Oikocredit (RMs) who manages a regional office or Regional Development Center of Oikocredit is responsible for identifying and reviewing projects that are presented for funding (generally in the form of loans, equity or guarantees). These funding proposals are forwarded to the international (support) office of Oikocredit in Amersfoort (IO) for appraisal and approval. Funding proposals below a certain amount and with a low risk profile can be approved at regional level, while funding proposals above a certain amount, with a high-risk profile are to be approved by the Board. The Managing Director has established a Credit Committee, which approves projects that are presented for funding. Upon approval by the Credit Committee, the IO Legal Affairs department together with the RMs and the project partners (Oikocredit's clients to which loans, guarantees or equity funding are granted) and local lawyers draft loan agreements, establish collateral papers and take all necessary steps to obtain any government approval required, before payments can be made. Because Oikocredit is financially dependent on timely payments of

interest and loan repayments by the project partners, a great deal of attention is paid to monitoring. After the funds have been disbursed, the RMs pay regular visits to each project to identify potential problems and, if problems arise, offer pro-active assistance in solving them, if necessary by involving other (local or international) organisations. The central Credit Operations department of the IO in Amersfoort monitor project partners' payments of instalment and interest as well as their financial position very closely and amongst others through Oikocredit's automated systems the RMs concerned are also informed on the status of the projects. Detailed procedures are in place, determining which steps (reminders, final reminder, visit) are to be taken in the event of payments being delayed. The IO Credit Operations and the department of Legal Affairs and the RMs in particular, play a crucial role in this process. Oikocredit also established a bad debt collecting unit, taking care of difficult cases. Legal proceedings against our clients are started in the event of continuing default of the client in payment of interest or repayment of capital to Oikocredit, in order to be able to sell and/or collect on collateral (if applicable and considered necessary).

The following departments based at the international (support) office of Oikocredit in Amersfoort (IO) have supervision on-, and offer active support to the rest of the organisation: Credit Operations, Legal Affairs, Membership and Investments, Corporate Communication, Finance and General Management. The average number of employees who were directly or indirectly employed by Oikocredit ultimo 2008 on the basis of Full Time Equivalents (FTEs) amounted to 191 (2007:160 2006:137). The growth in the number of employees of Oikocredit is a result of the continuing growth in the activities of Oikocredit. There is one related foundation: Stichting Oikocredit International Support Foundation (ISUP) that is relevant in this respect. The ISUP raises donations and subsidies to finance the non-banking activities of Oikocredit that are linked to the development and advocacy aspects of Oikocredit's objective such as: covering local currency risks, technical assistance to project partners, travel grants for Members who wish to attend the General Meeting, writing publications and brochures about Oikocredit in 5 languages. The Board members of the ISUP are the same as those of the Oikocredit Board.

6.3. Description of activities: Credit Operations (development financing)

Oikocredit's primary activity is to make funding available to viable economic enterprises undertaken by economically disadvantaged groups of people in developing countries. This "lending for development model" was unique when Oikocredit started in 1975. It is based on the conviction that for productive business enterprises, loans stimulate sustainable development and self-reliance and are thus more effective than grants alone. In Oikocredit's experience, most of the project partners that received a loan proved that they can indeed develop and run their own businesses. In 2008 the approvals of new loans and disbursements of these loans to our project partners, were positively affected by huge demand for new financing from micro finance institutions, partly resulting from the credit crisis.

The project funding by Oikocredit mainly takes the form of loans (94%) with an average loan repayment period of around 5 years. Equity participations and guarantees account for the remaining funding.

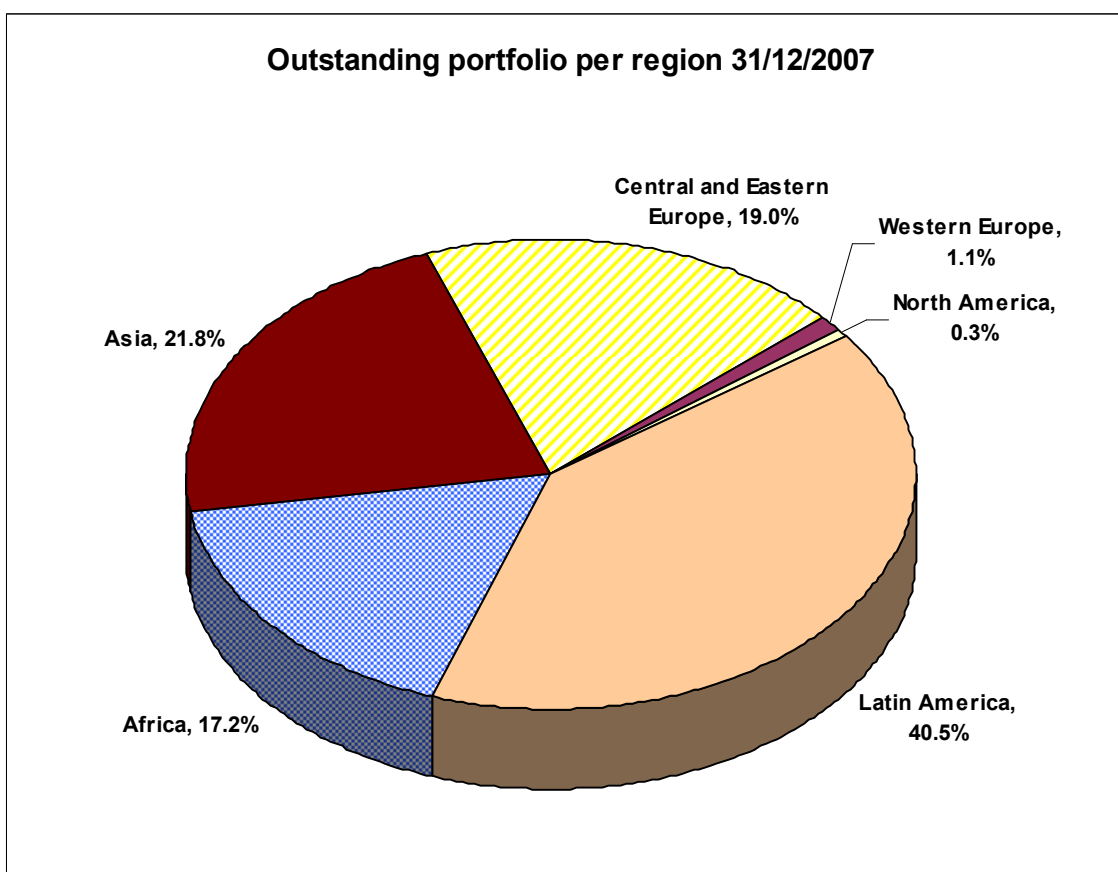
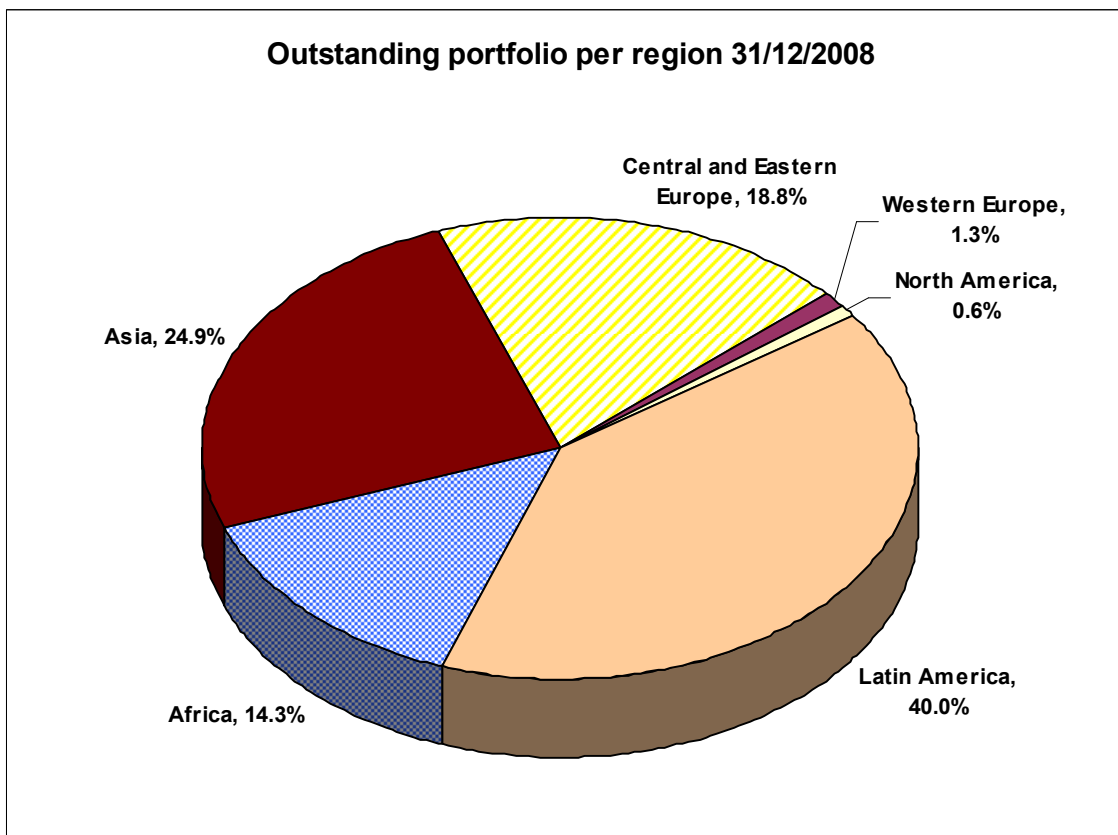
Project funding outstanding	31/12/2008	31/12/2007	31/12/2006
Loans	94%	94%	91%
Equity	6%	6%	9%
Guarantees	0%	0%	0%

Most funding is in US Dollars (44%) and in local currencies (36%). The remainder of funding (20%) is offered in euros.

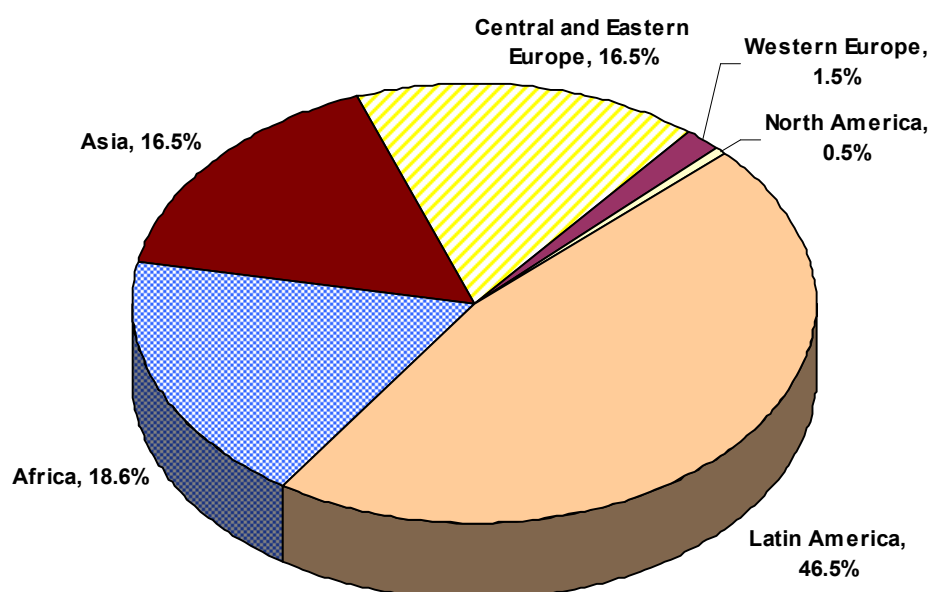
Project funding outstanding	31/12/2008	31/12/2007	31/12/2006
USD	44%	44%	46%
Euro	18%	20%	22%
Other currencies	38%	36%	32%

The active project portfolio of Oikocredit (consisting of approved and disbursed funding) amounted to approximately 740 projects in more than 60 countries for a total of approximately 433 million euro at 31 December 2008 (348 million as of 31/12/2007 and 272 million as of 31/12/2006), of which approximately 365 million euro was outstanding as at 31/12/2008 (274 million as of 31/12/2007 and 208 million as of 31/12/2006).

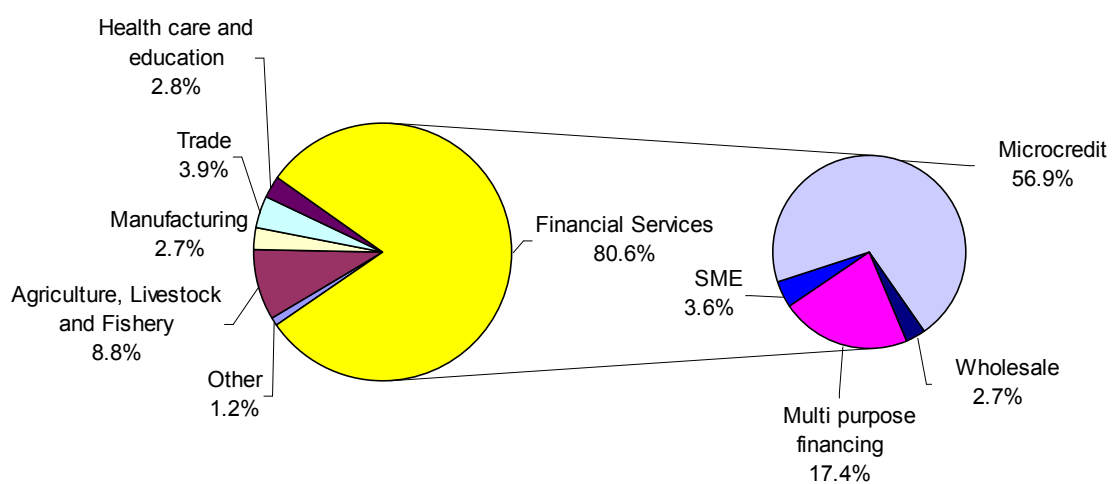
Project funding outstanding per region and per sector are as follows:

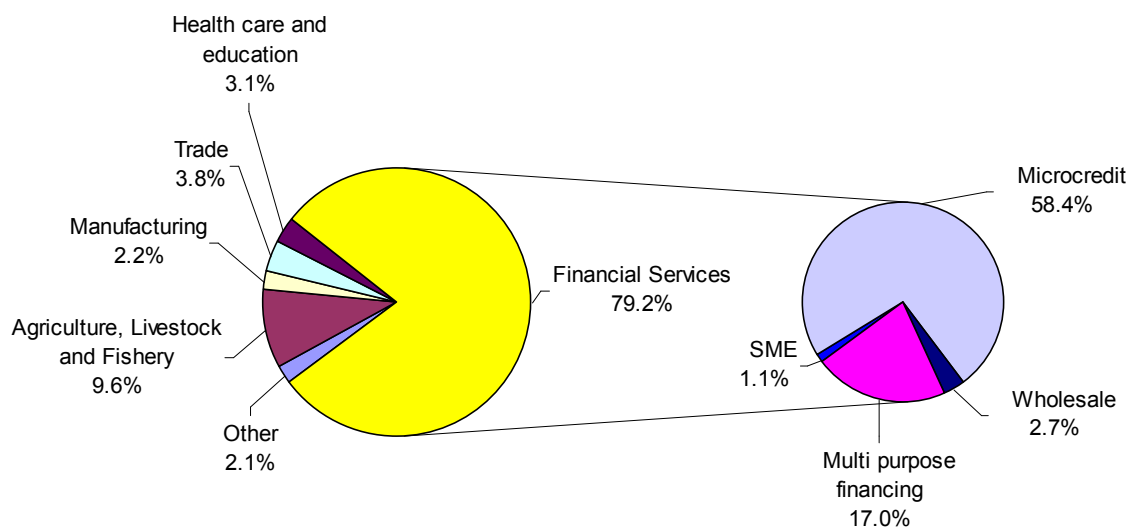
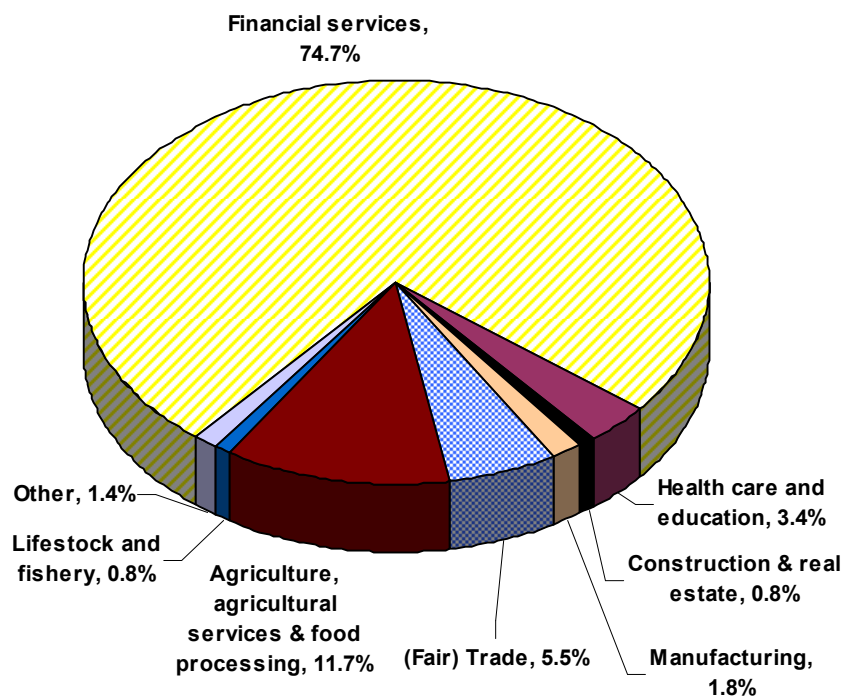


Outstanding portfolio per region 31/12/2006



Outstanding portfolio per sector 31/12/2008



Outstanding portfolio per sector 31/12/2007**Outstanding portfolio per sector 31/12/2006**

The abovementioned graphs show the principal markets in which Oikocredit is operating. The countries where Oikocredit has invested the biggest percentage of total project funding as at 31/12/2007 are as follows: all other countries invested into were below 3%.

Countries invested into (> 4% of total outstanding)	31/12/2008	31/12/2007	31/12/2006
Bolivia	7 %	6%	7%
Bosnia	5 %	6%	7%
Bulgaria	4 %	5%	6%
Cambodia	4 %	-	-
Chile	-	-	4%
Uruguay	-	4%	-
Nicaragua	5 %	6%	8%
India	7 %	7%	5%
Mexico	-	4%	5%
Kenya	-	-	4%
Costa Rica	-	-	5%
Philippines	4 %	4%	-
Peru	5 %	4%	4%
Ghana	-	-	4%
Ecuador	4 %	4%	4%

The loan sums range from a minimum of EUR 50,000 to a maximum of EUR 5,000,000, or 2 % of Oikocredit's equity (whatever is highest). The smaller loans are offered to groups that in most cases have been rejected by their local banks for being insufficiently creditworthy. One of the most common reasons for rejection is insufficient collateral.

The larger loans are generally offered to Microfinance Institutions (or MFI's) (i.e. small local financial institutions that grant small loans), which use the funds to support large numbers of disadvantaged people directly with small loans. In specific cases, funds are also made available in the form of guarantees, or (direct or indirect) capital participations. Loan agreements and guarantees are drawn up in accordance with local law in the countries where the loans, respectively the guarantees, are provided and may vary in content.

The credit crisis evolving during 2008 did not materially affect Oikocredit's development financing portfolio. No other exceptional factors influenced Oikocredit's activities and markets during those years.

The credit crisis and with as a result the decline in economic growth rates in the USA and/or Europe, as well as developing countries may have negative effects on the results of Oikocredit over the coming period, as this may affect the quality of Oikocredit's portfolio and may also lead to a reduced capital inflow.

Oikocredit's portfolio performance in developing countries may further be affected by existing governmental, economical and political problems (resulting into non payment as a result of a currency crisis, political measures taken to prevent payment to institutions situated outside their country, or a deteriorating internal economic situation).

Competition

Microfinance Institutions, who offer financial and other services as well as loans to (groups of) poor people, in principle have difficulties to finance their operations. However during the last couple of years more organisations and funds, all over the world, are offering financing possibilities (in the form of loans or equity participations) to especially the larger microfinance institutions. This means that for these institutions there are opportunities to get access to loans and equity participations from different national and international sources. Oikocredit therefore has - to some extent - to compete with these other organisations in offering loans and equity participations to Microfinance Institutions.

Oikocredit however:

- has a history of more than 30 year in lending to the poor;

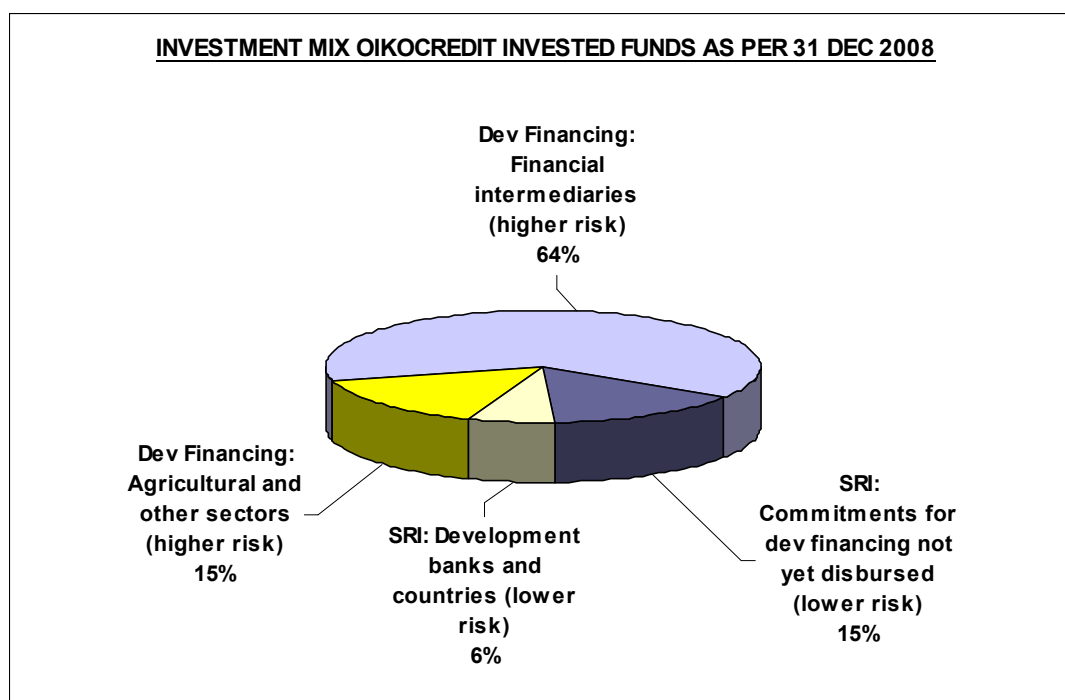
- offers products and conditions that differ to some extent from those offered by other institutions and organisations (for example loans in local currencies and long term loans to especially remote institutions which cannot be reached by others);
- has regional offices with local experts that have knowledge of the local markets and conditions;
- has a strong position to provide financing opportunities to all kind of microfinance Institutions, not only the larger ones, but also to the relatively small and not so well known microfinance Institutions.

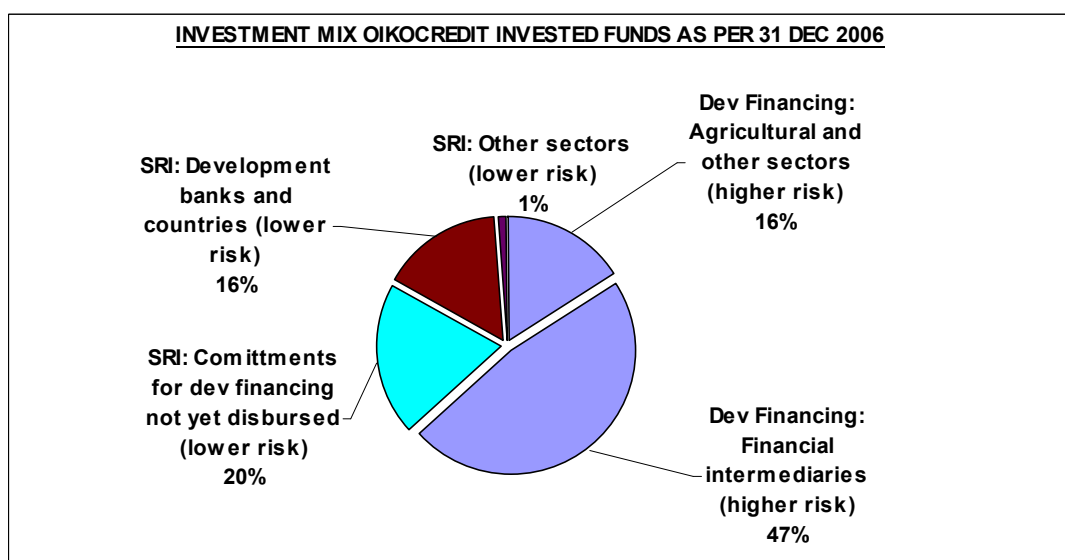
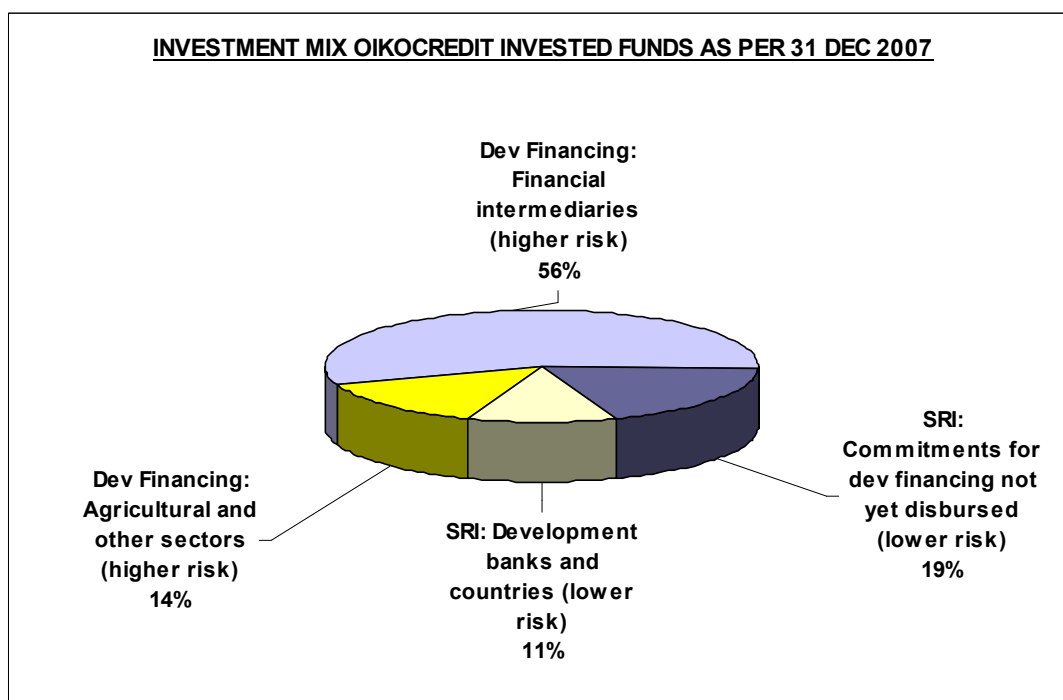
In offering loans to non Microfinance Institutions (for example agricultural cooperatives and other initiatives to benefit poor people), Oikocredit experiences hardly any competition, as in principle normal commercial banks and other institutions who could provide funding to the poor, do not focus on financing these organisations. Other financing organisations and institutions mainly work in the field of micro finance.

Term Investments

In order to optimise the investment mix and balance the total risks, Oikocredit has invested a significant percentage of its financial resources in a Term Investment Portfolio (TIP).

Based on its mission statement and investment experience, Oikocredit wants to promote socially responsible investing, especially in church circles. As a result, Oikocredit established the 4-F Fund – Fund for Fair Future – in 2006 . This fund enables a select group of church-related investors to participate in the fund (alongside Oikocredit itself) and thus to invest in a socially responsible way with a special focus on development. Oikocredit acts as the manager of the 4-F Fund. In 2006 the entire fixed-income investment portfolio of Oikocredit U.A. was transferred to the fund. The fund is created as a restricted, tax-transparent investment fund (beleggingsfonds) with an open-end for members / shareholders and future members / shareholders of Oikocredit. The following graphs shows the mix of Oikocredit's invested funds.





The development financing part in the abovementioned graph shows the project funding sectors in which the available capital of Oikocredit was invested into.

The Socially Responsible Investments (SRI) in the abovementioned graph refers to the TIP sectors in which the available capital of Oikocredit was invested into.

The TIP is for at least 90% invested in the 4 F Fund (investment grade bonds) and no more than 10% invested in shares in social responsible investment funds. The value of the TIP as of 31 December 2008 amounted to approximately 98 million euro.

These investments (TIP) are screened by Ethibel. Ethibel is an independent advisory agency in the field of SRI, based in Brussels, Belgium. Ethibel developed Labels for SRI Funds. These labels are a visible and reliable guarantee for an investment based on strong SRI criteria. Based upon an extensive sustainability analysis, Ethibel selects companies and bond issuers that demonstrate their Corporate Social Responsibility at every level. The core of Ethibel's research methodology is the analysis of companies, policies and performances in the four fields of corporate Social Responsibility. In their analysis they also take into account the internal and external social policy of a company, their environmental policy and their economic policy. Oikocredit's TIP received the following Ethibel labels:

- For bonds issued by developing countries the Ethibel label for emerging markets and developing countries was received;
- For all other bonds the Ethibel Excellence label was received.

During 2006 we implemented a system together with Ethibel to provide us with additional information on the behavior and impact of companies which are active in developing countries. This enabled us to select more corporations with a clear positive involvement and impact in developing countries for our long Term Investment Portfolio.

6.4. Risk management

Chapter 2 describes the risks and uncertainties that Oikocredit faces. This paragraph describes how Oikocredit manages and mitigates these risks.

Country risks

To reduce the country risk of the portfolio in its totality, the Oikocredit project portfolio is spread over various regions and countries. Furthermore country limits have been set to the amount that can be invested in one country (the limits are set based on a frequently updated risk assessment of the countries Oikocredit works in, in relation to the available (lendable) funds for investment).

Currency risks and hedging policy

By offering project funding in currencies as US dollar and euro, Oikocredit reduces the currency risks within its portfolio, but not also necessarily the risk of non payment as a result of a currency crisis in a country.

Member capital of Oikocredit is predominantly denominated in euros and a significant part of Oikocredit's investments in development financing are outstanding in US dollar and in domestic currencies. Thus, Oikocredit has considerable US dollar and domestic currency exposure. Therefore, in addition to euro shares, the Society issues US dollar, British pound, Canadian dollar and Swedish kroner denominated shares and has received long term loans in US and Canadian dollars and other currencies which reduces this currency exposure. The objective of issuing shares and receiving loans in other currencies than in euros is to achieve a better match between assets and liabilities in the different currencies.

It is expected that Oikocredit's US dollar and domestic currency exposure will increase as a result of further growth in development financing. This is because most newly issued member capital will be mainly in euros. Therefore, when Oikocredit receives US dollar or domestic currency repayments from its partners, the amounts are usually not exchanged into euros, but reinvested in new development financing denominated in US dollar or domestic currency.

Oikocredit's currency and interest rate risk exposure is partially hedged, with the objective to maintain the value of its member capital. Taking into account the considerations in the above mentioned paragraphs, the Oikocredit Board of Directors decided that Oikocredit should hedge at least 50% to 75% of its exposure in US dollar, Canadian dollar, British pound and Swedish kroner, while 100% of the domestic currency exposure should be hedged. To cover the risks related to Oikocredit's exposure to domestic currency, the Oikocredit International Support Foundation has established local currency risk funds. Accumulated losses or profits on the difference between the value of local currency loans – including interest – (should these domestic currency loans have been granted in euros) and the actual value of domestic currency repayments and interest received by Oikocredit as exchanged in euros, will be reimbursed by the Oikocredit International Support Foundation. We refer to note 13, page 14 for a description of the use of financial instruments to cover currency and interest rate risks.

Legal risks

In order to minimise legal risks, the IO Legal Affairs department in conjunction with the RMs seek local professional legal assistance while concluding such transactions or agreements under local laws as much as reasonably possible.

Project risks (including the risk of concentration in certain sectors)

A. General risk mitigation measures for project risks

All individual financing proposals are assessed by analysts as well as the Society's Credit Committee, consisting of the Managing Director, Director of Credit Operations and his deputy, Director Finance as well

as the General Counsel. In assessing the financing proposals, the Credit Committee uses predefined criteria and a risk score card and – where appropriate – if sufficient security is available in the form of collateral or third party guarantees.

The Society has also established policies based on its risk assessment system to set limits in exposure related to:

- amounts outstanding per country and per region;
- amounts outstanding per project partner;
- amounts outstanding to a group of companies.

The observance to these limits, are monitored on a periodic basis.

The interest rates agreed with our partners for the loans granted to them are usually fixed for loans denominated in US dollars and euros and are variable for local currency loans.

Project risks vary from project to project and depend on the nature of the project, the sector of activity, the quality of management and a variety of other factors. Before funding is approved, all these factors are weighed and evaluated in an internal project analysis and due diligence drafted by the RMs and reviewed by Regional Development Center (RDC) staff (where applicable) and analysts of the department of Credit Operations, Legal Affairs and the Credit Committee. In case very high risk projects are involved, or projects above a certain amount, the Oikocredit Board has to approve these projects.

There are currently three accredited Regional Development Centers within Oikocredit. Regional Development Centers are regional offices that have gone through an accreditation process. This process is guided by the Management Team of Oikocredit. If adequate segregation of duties, internal controls and systems are in place within the Regional Development Centers, these Regional Development Centers can approve lower risk projects up to a maximum of EUR 2 million per project/client. The credit committee endorses the approved projects.

Funding approval is conditional on a positive recommendation resulting from the analysis process. The risk of concentration in certain sectors (f.e. microcredit) is a real risk, however this is partly mitigated by country limits amongst other based on the creditworthiness of the countries Oikocredit is active in and by the fact that through the micro finance institutions different sub sectors (e.g. small medium enterprises, agricultural activities) are financed.

B. Specific risk mitigating measures for project funding losses

Oikocredit has always maintained an adequate loss provision for project funding losses, in order to cover the financial risks involved. For a description of the way the loss provisions are determined we refer to page 31 (the summary of accounting policies) of the Oikocredit Financial Statements 2008, incorporated by reference in this Prospectus.

Additions to or withdrawals from the loss provisions are included in the determination of net income. Equity investments are valued at cost or lower market value. The loss provision principles are applicable to both capital and interest.

Calculation of the Provision for possible losses on project funding

The Society's provision for possible project funding losses is based on an evaluation of the risks of the current project funding portfolio (loans, guarantees and equity investments) in terms of present conditions. The calculation of the Loss provision comprises the following layers:

- A general provision for "country risks" calculated per country in which the project is based;
- A specific provision per project, based on the aging of payments overdue, only applied if this risk is higher than the provision for country risk in which that project is based;
- A specific provision for non-performing projects and projects that are not overdue, only applied if higher than the provision for country risk in which that project is based. This provision is calculated based on management's risk assessment of, and experience with these kind of projects.

This provision for project funding risks is deducted from loans and interest outstanding in the balance sheet. Write-offs are charged against this loss provision. Additions to or withdrawals from the allowance for project funding risks are included in the determination of net income.

At 31 December 2008, the total provision for lending for the account of Oikocredit, amounted to 11.4 % (31 December 2007 13.7%) of all outstanding funding for risk and account of Oikocredit (i.e. excluding Funds Under Management outstanding). We refer to the financial data taken up in chapter 6.7 of this Prospectus for more details on the total value of outstanding funding.

Risk mitigating measures to balance the total risks: Term Investment Portfolio ("TIP")

In order to further optimise the investment mix and balance the total risks, Oikocredit has invested a significant percentage of its financial resources in a TIP, with at least 90% invested in bonds and no more than 10% invested in shares in Social Responsible Investment funds.

These term investments are available for sale, should the Society need to use its term investments for amongst other liquidity purposes. Most of the term investments can – under normal circumstances – be easily liquidated in the financial markets.

The term investments in bonds are all rated "investment grade", by Moody's Investor Services, whereof at least 80% in AAA to A3 and 20% in Baa1 to Baa3. Moreover, in the Baa1 to Baa3 category, it is the Society's policy that not more than 2% of the portfolio should be invested in a single debtor. The Society's Investment Advisor is constantly monitoring for rating downgrades, and appropriate action will be taken where necessary. Despite this monitoring, a debtor can face sudden downgrades and / or price corrections. This credit risk must always be considered when investing. A maximum of 10% of the total amount available for term investments can be invested in shares. The share portfolio is protected by a portfolio protection strategy.

The average effective duration of the Fund's portfolio is a measure of the sensitivity of the fair value of the Fund's fixed interest securities to changes in market interest rates. The Society aims for a duration of its bond portfolio of approximately five years and is not actively managing interest rate risks related to its bond portfolio. A minimum of 80% of the investment in bonds must be rated at between AAA and A3 and a maximum of 20% between BAA1 and BAA3 (Moody's rating) and therefore have to be investment grade. There are also limits for investing in one single country and in one single debtor.

Liquidity risks

Because the Shares must be considered illiquid (see chapter 2. Risk factors) there is a risk that a Member who wants to sell all or some of his Shares may (temporarily) not be able to find a buyer for his Shares. However Shares can be redeemed by Oikocredit. The Board of Directors decided – based on an asset liability study – that the Society should at least have 20% of its total assets in cash or term investments. Term investments are liquid and not subject to legal or contractual restrictions on their resale. As a result investments can be easily acquired or disposed of at prices quoted on the various exchanges. This can enable the Society to meet its commitments to contracts already entered into and the possible redemptions of member capital.

Furthermore, the Society is primarily funded by member capital. The Articles of Incorporation include provisions that Shares shall be redeemed, if a member has ceased to be a member of the Society, no later than five years after the cessation of membership. If a member has ceased to be a member of the Society, redemptions of capital due are transferred to current liabilities. Redemption (partial redemption) will be at the nominal value. So far the Society did not use these provisions for redemptions of its member capital.

For more specific information we refer to §6.5.

History of Oikocredit's risk policy

Note that most of these risks go hand in hand with the nature of the activities performed by Oikocredit and it is Oikocredit's core business to handle such risks. In the more than 30 years that Oikocredit has been in operation, experience in restricting such risks has been gained. Oikocredit uses for instance not only an acceptance policy for new projects, but also a process of intensive project monitoring and guidance as described above under project risks.

Of the total amounts disbursed to projects over Oikocredit's full history from 1975 up to 31 December 2008, less than 4% of capital amounts had to be written off.

Of the total sum of project funding outstanding as at 31 December 2008, 4.3%, 31 December 2007 (8.0%) was more than three months overdue (principal), of which 3.6 % (5.9%) was overdue for more than a year.

6.5. Participation in Oikocredit

Participation in Oikocredit is open only to Members. Membership of Oikocredit is restricted to:

- the founders, being the World Council of Churches and the Council of Churches in the Netherlands;
- the member churches of the World Council of Churches;
- churches not belonging to the World Council of Churches;
- sub-divisions of churches;
- Councils of Churches;
- church-related organisations;
- Support Associations; and
- project members.

Support Associations are established per country or per region within a country, to offer individuals and church congregations or parishes, an opportunity to invest in Oikocredit.

Project members are project partners (clients who obtained a loan or equity funding from Oikocredit).

Churches, Support Associations, organisations and others who want to become a Member of Oikocredit and would like to invest in Oikocredit, can contact the International Support Office in Amersfoort, The Netherlands tel nr +31334224040, fax nr +31334650336 or submit an electronic application form available on the website of Oikocredit (www.oikocredit.org).

An application for membership in Oikocredit may be submitted to the Board at any time. Following approval by the Board, Shares can be acquired accordingly. The Board informs new Members of their acceptance in writing. Each new Member is required to purchase a minimum of one Share of CAD 200, GBP 150, SEK 2,000, USD 200 or Eur 200 or the nominal value of any other currency in which the shares are issued by Oikocredit.

Provided at least one Share is held, fractions of Shares may also be purchased. Each Member may exercise one vote at the General Meeting, irrespective of the number of Shares held. All amounts received in excess of EUR 200 or the nominal value of any other currency in which the shares are issued by Oikocredit, are used for issuing new share capital if the members indicated that it is to be used for new share capital, therefore no refunds take place (as fractions of Shares may be purchased), unless a Member asks for redemption of its share capital, which is described further on in this paragraph 6.5. Shares are issued on the date the amounts for share capital are received by Oikocredit from its members.

In the case Shares are issued to new Members, the Shareholdings of the other Members immediately dilutes as a result thereof. The amount and percentage of the immediate dilution cannot be calculated as Shares are issued on a continuous basis and the number of Shares offered is unlimited.

Shares are registered shares with a nominal value of EUR 200, CAD 200, GBP 150, SEK 2,000, USD 200 or the nominal value of any other currency in which the shares are issued by Oikocredit.

Shares are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, the laws of The Netherlands. Shares are continuously issued at their nominal value, at the discretion of the Board and there is no limit to the number of Shares that can be issued. The Board has also the discretion to revoke or suspend the offer or to reduce subscriptions. The refund of excess amounts will occur proportionally to the number of shares held by each shareholder. Shares are issued pursuant to a resolution of the Board. The Board has delegated this authority to the Management Team. Consequently, the budget, stating amongst others the financing plans, is approved by the Board on a yearly basis.

Changes in the offering price (if any) will be disclosed in an amendment to this Prospectus. Upon receipt of payment by a Member to the bank account of Oikocredit and approval of the Board, a corresponding number of Shares (and if applicable fractions of Shares) will be issued to such Member and a confirmation of receipt showing the quantity and nominal value of the Shares issued as well as an overview showing the total number of Shares held by such Member will be sent to the latter. Dividend and other shareholders' rights date from the moment the Shares are issued. The Shares are in book entry form, meaning that Oikocredit holds a register stating the number of Shares registered in its name. Upon issue of the Shares, the name and details of the Shareholder are entered into the Share register. Each Member may at any time apply for a certified extract from the Register stating the number of Shares registered in its name. No mandatory take-over bid, squeeze-out and sell-out rules apply in relation to the Shares. A public takeover bid with respect to

Oikocredit's equity has never occurred. Oikocredit has not the intention to have the Shares admitted to trading or distributed on a regulated market.

All Shares entitle the holder to a dividend proportional to the nominal value of the Shares. The AGM, having considered the recommendations of the Board, decides how the net profits will be allocated. Dividend is paid either by allotting additional fractions of Shares or in cash.

The Board at its discretion can decide upon transferability of Shares. As the Articles of Incorporation (article 4 and 8) determine that only Members may hold Shares, Members may freely transfer their Shares to other Members upon written notice to the Society, but the Board will obstruct to transfers of Shares by Members to non-Members.

Shares will be redeemed by Oikocredit taking into account the conditions mentioned in article 12 of the Articles of Incorporation being the following:

Shares shall be redeemed, if a Member has ceased to be a Member of Oikocredit, not later than five year after cessation of membership. Moreover, Shares can be redeemed, without prejudice to what has been provided in Article 9 of the Articles of Incorporation, without the Member ceasing its membership of Oikocredit. The redemption shall be decided upon by the Board. **The redemption shall be at par value. However, if the net asset value per share is lower than the nominal value per share in the most recent audited (interim) balance sheet preceding the redemption by the Society, the amount payable upon redemption of share(s) shall not exceed the sum corresponding to the net asset value of the share(s) according to that balance sheet.**

The reason for the continuous offering is to generate capital. The capital generated by the continuous issue of Shares are used for funding of activities in the ordinary course of business of Oikocredit, being financing of development projects and investments in the Term Investment Portfolio (consisting of mainly investment grade bonds and two share funds).

The Shares are continuously offered to Members. There is no realistic estimation on the proceeds of the Share issue and how many Shares will be issued. New Shares issued are mentioned in the annual financial statements, and in general not announced separately publicly. However, in case of a dramatic increase or decline of new Shares issued, this will be announced in a separate press release.

As of the publication data the following Members have a shareholding in Oikocredit of more than 5% of the total issued share capital:

- Oikocredit Nederland Fonds (14.4%)
- Oikocredit Westdeutscher Förderkreis e.V. (12.6%)
- Oikocredit Förderkreis Baden-Württemberg (10.8%)
- Oikocredit Nederland (7.1%)
- Stichting Oikocredit International Share Foundation (7.9%)
- Oikocredit Förderkreis Bayern e. V (5.4%)
- Oikocredit Deutsche Schweiz (5.0%)

6.6. Legal structure

Oikocredit is a cooperative society with excluded liability ("coöperatie met uitsluiting van aansprakelijkheid") incorporated and operating under Dutch law. Oikocredit has its statutory office in Amersfoort, The Netherlands and its head office at Berkenweg 7 3818 LA in Amersfoort, The Netherlands. Oikocredit is registered at the Gooi- Eem and Flevoland Chamber of Commerce in Amersfoort, The Netherlands, under number 31020744. The Dutch Corporate Governance Code is not applicable to Oikocredit as its shares are not listed on a government-recognised stock exchange.

For a formal description of the objectives of Oikocredit, we refer to article 2 of the Articles of Incorporation. The Articles of Incorporation may be modified by the AGM as stipulated in article 13 of the same; however the liability of the Members - as stipulated in article 11 of the Articles of Incorporation - can at no time result in an increase in the liability of the Members. The members of the Board are elected and dismissed by the AGM. Members shall be liable only for the obligations imposed upon them by the Articles of Incorporation and liability of the Members for debts of Oikocredit is expressly excluded.

6.7. Financial position

The following financial information (i.e. the complete §6.7) is, unless stated otherwise, extracted from the audited annual accounts of Oikocredit 2008, 2007 and 2006. The financial information must be read together with the presented annual accounts. The audited annual accounts for 2008, 2007 and 2006 including the relevant auditor's opinion are incorporated by reference in this Prospectus. The financial statements comply with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the Netherlands.

Balance Sheets as of December 31 for the years 2008, 2007 and 2006 (before appropriation of net income¹)

	31/12/2008 EUR ,000 New acc policies	31/12/2007 EUR ,000 New acc policies	31/12/2007 EUR ,000 Old acc policies	31/12/2006 EUR ,000 Old acc policies
NON CURRENT ASSETS				
Financial fixed assets				
Development Financing:				
Project funding:				
Approved	410,803	331,292	334,566	263,694
Less: - Not yet disbursed	-68,138	-74,441	-74,441	-64,283
	342,665	256,851	260,125	199,411
Investments in group companies:	15,275	4,303	4,303	4,280
Total Development Financing	357,940	261,154	264,428	203,691
Less: - Loss provision	-34,140	-31,068	-31,068	-27,630
	323,800	230,086	233,360	176,061
Term Investments in development banks and developing countries	59,256	69,152	69,152	71,122
Other Term Investments	38,818	48,713	48,713	52,008
Other financial fixed assets	6,521	5,034	0	0
Total financial fixed assets	428,395	352,985	351,225	299,191
Tangible fixed assets	524	445	445	266
Total	428,919	353,430	351,670	299,457
CURRENT ASSETS				
Receivables	12,412	14,340	11,875	8,256
Cash and Banks	7,128	23,073	23,073	12,663
Total	19,540	37,413	34,948	20,919
TOTAL	448,459	390,843	386,618	320,376
MEMBERS' CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Issued capital	358,016	324,706	318,760	276,326
General and other reserves	15,920	10,638	9,708	8,670
Undistributed net income for the year	11,417	13,071	18,864	8,511
	385,353	348,415	347,332	293,507
PROVISIONS				
Provision for pensions	516	513	513	468
	516	513	513	468
LIABILITIES				
Non Current	19,759	17,617	17,001	14,580
Current	42,831	24,298	21,772	11,821
	62,590	41,915	38,773	26,401
TOTAL Liabilities	448,459	390,843	386,618	320,376

1) 2007 and 2008, according to new accounting principles, 2006 calculated according to old accounting principles valid up to 2006.

Income Statement for the years 2008, 2007 and 2006 1)

	2008	2007	2007	2006
	EUR ,000	EUR ,000	EUR ,000	EUR ,000
	New acc	New acc	Old acc	Old acc
	principles	principles	principles	principles
FINANCIAL INCOME				
Projects: Interest and dividends	29,196	21,569	20,147	15,239
Result on selling equity participation in Banco del Desarrollo Chile	0	12,602	12,602	0
Deposits at financial institutions	0	76	76	15
Management fees	50	59	59	55
Total Development Financing	29,246	34,306	32,884	15,309
Term Investments: Interest and dividends	3,361	4,725	5,219	5,584
Net result group companies	896	(52)	(52)	255
	33,503	38,979	38,051	21,148
FINANCIAL EXPENSES				
Additions to loss provisions	(5,761)	(7,127)	(7,127)	(5,579)
Revaluation term investments	(1,218)	(3,854)	(3,171)	-
Other financial expenses	(4,505)	(6,219)	(401)	(106)
	(11,484)	(17,200)	(10,699)	(5,685)
TOTAL FINANCIAL INCOME LESS FINANCIAL EXPENSES	22,019	21,779	27,352	15,463
OTHER INCOME	0	0	0	451
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES				
Personnel	(7,445)	(6,143)	(6,143)	(5,122)
Travel	(693)	(635)	(635)	(591)
General	(2,814)	(2,184)	(1,964)	(1,866)
less: Grant income	350	254	254	176
TOTAL EXPENSES	(10,602)	(8,708)	(8,488)	(7,403)
NET INCOME	11,417	13,071	18,864	8,511

1) 2007 and 2008, according to new accounting principles, 2006 calculated according to old accounting principles valid up to 2006.

Reconciliation between results 2007 according to old accounting principles up to 2007 and new accounting principles valid from 2008

2007

	EUR ,000
Results based on the 2007 accounting policies	18,864
Term investments	(1,177)
Exchange rate differences membercapital	(1,464)
Exchange rate differences monetary assets and liabilities plus foreign currency results on equities	(2,762)
Provision for lower market value hedging contracts	(390)
Results based on the 2008 accounting policies	13,071

The reasons for the accounting principle changes are explained on page 29 and 30 of Financial statements 2008, incorporated by reference

Cash Flow Statements for 2008, 2007 and 2006

	2008	2007	2006
	EUR ,000	EUR ,000	EUR ,000
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS			
Development Financing	26,309	20,341	12,082
Shares sold in Banco del Desarrollo Chile	0	17,006	0
Term Investments	4,144	4,725	4,848
Oikocredit International Support Foundation	569	1,325	160
Other income	0	476	0
Operating expenses and taxes paid	(14,836)	(6,928)	(5,999)
Interest paid;	(1,850)	(1,074)	(155)
Total cash from operations	14,336	35,871	10,936
CASH USED FOR INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Project funding (net additions)			
Disbursements	(166,111)	(130,127)	(91,446)
Less: - Repayments of principal	77,504	60,568	38,753
	(88,607)	(69,559)	(52,693)
Net investments in deposits at financial institutions	0	0	191
Net investments in group companies	(12,020)	(75)	(30)
Net investments in tangible fixed assets	(206)	(300)	(22)
Term investments	17,990	1,146	(4,373)
Total cash used for investing activities	(82,843)	(68,788)	(56,927)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Issue of shares	36,498	39,594	34,273
Redemption of shares	(892)	(2,716)	(497)
Dividends paid	(2,963)	(2,453)	(2,262)
Term Loans (less redemptions)	19,982	8,470	3,842
Total cash from financing activities	52,625	42,895	35,356
Exchange rate differences during the year	(63)	432	(68)
CHANGES IN CASH AND BANKS	(15,945)	10,410	(10,703)

Statements of changes in members' equity and reserves for 2008, 2007 and 2006

	2008	2007	2007	2006
	EUR ,000	EUR ,000	EUR ,000	EUR ,000
Movements in Members' equity and Reserves	New acc principles	New acc principles	Old acc principles	Old acc principles
Balance as of January 1	348,415	293,507	293,507	262,703
Net adjustments as a result of change in accounting policies	-	921	0	-
New members' capital issued (net)	33,310	43,898	43,777	35,795
Realised and unrealized results on TIP	0	0	(3,854)	(3,737)
Results on TIP to income statement	0	0	2,677	(736)
Exchange rate differences	(1,955)	2,098	(2,559)	(4,663)
Dividends to members	(5,834)	(5,080)	(5,080)	(4,366)
Undistributed net income for the year	11,417	13,071	18,864	8,511
Balance as of December 31	385,353	348,415	347,332	293,507

Reconciliation between equity and reserves 31/12/2007 according to old accounting principles up to 2007 and new accounting principles valid from 2008

	EUR ,000
Member capital and reserves 31/12/2007	347,332
Exchange rate differences membercapital	5,946
Exchange rate differences monetary assets and liabilities plus foreign currency results on equities	(4,473)
Provision for lower market value hedging contracts	(390)
Member capital and reserves 1/1/2008	348,415

The most important long-term capital resource of Oikocredit is its member's capital (88 % of total long term capital resources by the end of 2008). The remaining funding is obtained from long term loans as well as reserves (not including undistributed net income).

More detailed information about Oikocredit's capital resources, cash flows and funding structure are included in the audited annual accounts.

We refer to Note 12 on page 40 of Oikocredit's Financial Statements 2008 for information on the rental agreement of Oikocredit. The Financial Statements are incorporated by reference in this Prospectus.

Working capital statement

Oikocredit has made an analysis of its working capital. Based on this analysis Oikocredit is of the opinion that there is sufficient working capital for Oikocredit's requirements for the forthcoming period of 12 months.

Significant changes in the financial or trading position of the group

There are no significant changes in the financial or trading position of the group which have occurred since 31 December 2008.

Legal and arbitration proceedings

There are no governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings (including any such proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the issuer is aware), which may have, or have had in the recent past significant effects on the issuer and/or group's financial position or profitability during the previous 12 months.

Members' Capital

The issued and paid-up capital of Oikocredit as of 31 December 2008 exists of 1,630,484 Shares with a nominal value of EUR 200 each, 90,332 Shares with a nominal value of USD 200 each, 3,263 Shares with a nominal value of CAD 200 each, 5,224 Shares with a nominal value of GBP 150 each and 53,855 Shares with a nominal value of SEK 2,000 each. Per 31 December 2008 the members' capital and reserves per Share amounts to EUR 215.27 for each Share with a nominal value of EUR 200, USD 215.27 for each Share with a nominal value of USD 200, CAD 215.27 for each Share with a nominal value of CAD 200, GBP 161.45 for each Share with a nominal value of GBP 150 and SEK 2,152, 71 for each Share with a nominal value of SEK 2,000 each.

Movement schedule of the issued share capital in EUR'000:	2008	2007	2006
Balance of January 1	324,706	276,326	241,843
Effect of change in accounting policies per 1 January 2007 ²		4,482	
New shares issued and redeemed during the year (net)	33,310	43,898	35,795
Exchange adjustments	-	-	(1,312)
Balance as of December 31	358,016	324,706	276,326
Of which: - euro Shares	326,097	293,942	262,145
- Shares in other currencies	31,919	30,764	14,181

Reconciliation of number of shares as per 31/12/2008

	EURO	USD	SEK	GBP	CAD
Shares issued and paid up as per 1/1/2008	1,469,712	93,278	52,673	1,889	2,209
Shares issued and redeemed during the year	160,772	(2,946)	1,212	3,335	1,054
Shares issued and paid up as per 31/12//2008	1,630,484	90,332	53,885	5,224	3,263

The par value of the shares is EUR 200, CAD 200, GBP 150, SEK 2,000 or USD 200 each.

*Statement of capitalization and indebtedness as at March 31, 2009
(this information is unaudited and extracted from the accounting records of Oikocredit)*

² We refer to the financial statements 2008 page 29 and 30, incorporated by reference

	Oikocredit Euro,000	Consolidated Euro,000
<i>Current debt</i>		
Guaranteed	-	-
Secured 1) + 4)	20,857	20,857
Unguaranteed/unsecured	17,527	9,822
<i>Non-Current debt</i>		
Guaranteed	-	11,337
Secured 2)+3)+4)	12,975	12,975
Guaranteed 5)	-	11,337
Unguaranteed/unsecured	13,392	15,772
<i>Members Equity</i>		
Members capital	363,117	
<i>Reserves</i>		
General Reserves 6)	24,091	
Restricted Exchange fluctuation Reserve	(1,578)	
<i>Undistributed net income for the year 2008 6)</i>	11,417	
<i>Commitments not included in the balance sheet 7)</i>	Euro 261,000 per year	

1) Repo loans of 19,7 mln euros secured up to an amount of Euro 19,7 million of Oikocredit investment in bonds.

2) Loans of 4,528,000 are secured by a negative pledge of USD 6,000,000 valid up to 31 December 2010. Oikocredit has to keep 6,000,000 euros of investment grade bonds free of liens, pledges or any other encumbrances;

3) A credit line of Euro 5 mln is secured by a negative pledge on the development financing portfolio amounting to 7,500,000 mln euros valid up to 31/12/2010.

4) Funds managed by Oikocredit on behalf of funders which have been invested in Oikocredits Long Term Assets. Oikocredit receives the funding from donor agencies or social ethical funds and these are managed for risk and account of these agencies and funds. Short term part amounts to 1,186,000 euro and long term part amounts to 3,447,000 euro.

5) Guaranteed up to an amount of Euro 16 million

6) Does not include the proposal for allocation of net income included on page 43 in other information of Oikocredit Financial Statements 2008 and net income from the period 1/1/ to 31/3/2009

7) Rental agreement from 1/7/2007 to 30/6/2013 with annual rental amounts of Euro 261,000 per year (indexed)

New loans and financing approved and committed for development financing, but not yet disbursed to project partners as at 31/3/2009, amounted to EUR 54 million. Oikocredit has committed to invest an additional USD 45 million in the capital through shares and convertible debentures of its subsidiary Maanaveeya Investments and Holdings Private (Ltd) in India during 2008, 2009 and 2010. Of this amount USD 21 million has been invested in the ordinary share capital up to 31 March 2009. No other guarantees, contingencies or commitments are relevant as at 31/3/2009.

Investments

(the estimate figures for 2009 (principal investments and geographical distribution of the investments) are unaudited and extracted from the budget 2009 Oikocredit)

Principal investments (in EUR 1,000)	Estimate 2009	2008	2007	2006
Invested (disbursed) development financing during the year ¹⁾ :	140,000	166,000	130,000	91,000
Term Investments in bonds and shares:	(1,000)	(18,000)	(1,100)	4,400
Investments in group companies:	19,000	12,000	-	-(100)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total (expected) investments	158,000	160,000	128,900	95,300,

The investments were- or are expected to be-, financed as follows:

	2009	2008	2007	2006
-Cash from own operations (incl credit facilities)	101,000	103,600	83,500	58,200
-By issuing shares to members	22,000	36,400	36,900	33,800
-Term loans	35,000	20,000	8,500	3,300
Total (expected) financing	158,000	160,000	128,900	95,300

1) During 2008 expected new commitments for new financing to our project partners amount to 160 million euros (commitments in 2008 amounted to 182 million; 2007 160 million,). Of this amount 140 million euros is expected to be disbursed in 2009 while 66 million was disbursed in 2008, 130 million in 2007 to our project partners.

The geographical distribution of the investments that are in progress and the expected investments (disbursements) for 2009 to development financing projects is as follows in EUR 1,000.

Africa	30,000
Asia	35,000
Latin America	50,000
Central and Eastern Europe	20,000
Other	5,000

For more information on the geographical distribution of the project funding in 2008, 2007 and 2009 see § 6.3.

The expected reinvestments of matured or sold bonds in 2009 will be mainly in issuers that issue bonds in euro.

6.8. Governance structure

General Meeting of Members

The General Meeting is the highest power of Oikocredit. It has the following powers, which cannot be delegated to another corporate body:

- (a) the alteration of the Articles of Incorporation;
- (b) the election and removal of members of the Board and members of the auditing committee;
- (c) the appointment of an expert as mentioned in article 33 of the Articles of Incorporation;
- (d) the approval and confirmation of the annual accounts and the report of the Board;
- (e) the allocation of profits and the declaration of dividends;
- (f) the release of the Board;
- (g) the decision of appeals of Members in relation to termination of membership;
- (h) the determination of the remuneration of directors, to the extent that any remuneration shall be awarded to them;
- (i) resolutions on all matters reserved to it by law;
- (j) the right to appoint a committee to evaluate implementation of the policy. This committee shall reflect the ecumenical character of Oikocredit and one member shall always be a representative of the World Council of Churches.

Every Member has one vote at the General Meeting, regardless of the size of its shareholding in Oikocredit. Oikocredit is therefore not directly or indirectly owned or controlled by others. Members do not have different voting rights. While exercising his/her voting right at the General Meeting, a Member may be represented by another person on the basis of a written power of attorney. No person may represent more than two Members.

Insofar as the law does not provide otherwise, the General Meetings shall be convened by the Board. One or more Members jointly representing at least one-tenth of the issued capital or such a number of Members as are empowered to cast one-tenth of the votes at a General Meeting, may request, with a written statement of its purpose, that an extraordinary General Meeting be convened.

The General Meeting shall be held at the time and place to be determined by the Board. Every year, at least one General Meeting shall be held within six months after the close of the financial year. Extraordinary General Meeting may be held whenever necessary, in particular in the cases provided for by law, as well as pursuant to a resolution of the General Meeting itself.

Notice of the General Meeting shall be given by letter sent to each Member at least sixty days before it is held, not counting the day on which notice of such meeting is given and the day appointed for the meeting.

For a complete description of the provisions with respect to the General Meeting, we refer to the articles 13 to 21 of the Articles of Incorporation.

Board of Directors

The members of the Board are elected and dismissed by the AGM. The Board takes (final) responsibility for all aspects of the administration of Oikocredit. The Board may delegate its power to a Managing Director, who is responsible for the day-to-day management of Oikocredit.

The Board consists of a minimum of 6 and a maximum of 16 persons; the majority of them must be associated with the Members of Oikocredit. The Board is composed entirely of volunteers whose remuneration consists of travel and hotel expenses incurred during their work as a member of the Board, or if applicable the loss of compensation when attending Oikocredit Board Meetings. The composition of the Board reflects the ecumenical character of Oikocredit and the interests of the groups that Oikocredit aims to support.

Members of the Board shall be elected to hold office for a period of three years and shall be eligible for re-election for one term. Upon completion of service as a member of the Board and a lapse of three years a former member shall be eligible for election again under the terms of this article. Even if a member of the Board has been appointed for a certain time, he may at any time be dismissed by the General Meeting.

The Board shall elect from its body a President.

1. The Board shall have the widest powers in regard to the management of Oikocredit. It shall have the authority to decide on all matters which are not specifically attributed and reserved to the General Meeting or other bodies of Oikocredit.
2. The Board has the power to delegate its powers to the Managing Director, which delegation can be made subject to conditions and limitations. The powers mentioned in Article 31 under IX and X cannot be delegated to the Managing Director.
3. The Managing Director is responsible for the day-to-day management of Oikocredit. The Board shall give him/her instructions in respect of the financial, economical and social policies.

Members of the Board do not occupy a specific function, but prior to each formal meeting of the Board, each member of the Board is assigned to a number of focus areas to be responsible for preparing matters to be discussed during the meeting of the Board.

The Board has full mandatory powers regarding the management of Oikocredit. It is empowered to make decisions on all matters which are not specifically attributed to the General Meeting or to other bodies within Oikocredit.

Oikocredit is represented by the Board or alternatively by two members of the Board, or by one member of the Board together with the Managing Director, or by the Managing Director together with another authorized person or by two other authorized persons.

Frequency of Board meetings

The frequency of Board meetings is three times a year: in February, May and November.

For a complete description of the provisions with respect to the Board, we refer to the articles 25 to 31 of the Articles of Incorporation.

Audit Committee

The General Meeting shall give to an expert as referred to in Article 2:393 of the Civil Code an instruction to audit the Annual Accounts, notwithstanding the provisions of the law. The General Meeting shall furthermore elect an Audit Committee, consisting of three persons. The Audit Committee shall make and deliver a written report on the Annual Accounts. In its work the Audit Committee shall be assisted by the expert. The Audit Committee shall invariably be appointed for a period of three years and hold office until the next ordinary

General Meeting. The Audit Committee shall be entitled, but not obliged, to be represented at the General Meeting by one of its members.

Summary of terms of reference Audit Committee:

Membership:

The Audit Committee will be comprised of a minimum of 3 members to be elected by the Annual General Meeting of Oikocredit. All members shall be non executive and be independent of board and management.

Meetings:

The Audit Committee will meet at least once a year following the closing of the accounts for the previous year. The chair of the audit committee (on request of one of the committee members), or external auditors may request additional meetings if deemed necessary. Special sessions will be held between the Audit Committee and the external auditors only.

Roles and Responsibilities of Audit Committee:

Internal Control:

- Evaluate whether management is setting the appropriate "control culture" and endeavour an adequate system of internal control and a system of risk management ensuring that all employees have an understanding of their roles and responsibilities;
- Gain an understanding of whether internal control recommendations made by internal and external auditors have been implemented by management and periodically monitor progress of the implementation of these recommendations.

Financial Reporting:

a) General:

- Gain an understanding of the current areas of greatest financial or other significant risks and exposures and how management is managing these effectively;
- Consider with the internal and external auditors any fraud, illegal acts, deficiencies in internal control or other similar issues;
- Review significant accounting and reporting issues, including recent professional and regulatory pronouncements, and understand their impact on the financial statements;
- Ask management and the internal and external auditors about significant risks and exposures and the plans to minimize such risks;
- Review any legal and compliance matters which could significantly impact the financial statements or reputation of Oikocredit; Make sure that mechanisms are established within the organization, for receiving confidential concerns of employees, regarding accounting principles and other accounting issues in the Oikocredit financial statements.

b) Annual Financial Statements:

- Review the annual financial statements and determine whether they are complete and consistent with the information known to committee members; assess whether the financial statements reflect appropriate accounting principles;
- Pay particular attention to complex and/or unusual transactions such as restructuring charges and derivative disclosures;
- Focus on judgmental areas, for example those involving valuation of assets and liabilities; warranty, product or environmental liability; litigation reserves; and other commitments and contingencies;
- Meet with management and the external auditors to review the financial statements and the results of the audit;
- Review the other sections of the annual report (included in the financial statements) before its release and consider whether the information is understandable and consistent with members' knowledge about the company and its operations.

c) Internal Audit:

- Review the scope and planning of the activities and organisational structure of the internal audit function and ensure no unjustified restrictions or limitations are made;
- Review the effectiveness of the internal audit function;
- Ensure that significant findings and recommendations made by the internal auditor are received and discussed on a timely basis;

- Ensure that management responds to recommendations by the internal auditor;
- Good Practices for Meeting Market Expectations 17.

d) External Audit:

- Review the external auditors' proposed audit scope and approach and ensure no unjustified restrictions or limitations have been placed on the scope;
- Review the performance of the external auditors;
- Consider the independence of the external auditor, including reviewing the range of services provided in the context of all consulting services bought by the company;
- Make recommendations to the board/management regarding the reappointment of the external auditors;
- Meet separately with the external auditors to discuss any matters that the committee or auditors believe should be discussed privately;
- Ensure that significant findings and recommendations made by the external auditors are received and discussed on a timely basis;
- Ensure that management responds to recommendations by the external auditors;
- Review the non-audit work of auditors.

e) Compliance with Laws and Regulations:

- Review the effectiveness of the system for monitoring compliance with laws and regulations and the results of management's investigation and follow-up (including disciplinary action) of any fraudulent acts or non-compliance;
- Be satisfied that all regulatory compliance matters have been considered in the preparation of the financial statements;
- Review the findings of any examinations by regulatory agencies.

f) Reporting Responsibilities:

- Ensure the board is aware of matters, which may significantly impact the financial condition or affairs of the business;
- Prepare written minutes of all meetings;
- Report all main findings and recommendations to the Annual General Meeting of Oikocredit.

Nomination Committee

Oikocredit shall have a Nomination Committee consisting of five (5) persons, three (3) of which shall be elected by the General Meeting, one (1) of which shall be elected by the Board of Directors and one (1) will be the Managing Director.

Members of the Nomination Committee shall be appointed for a period of three years. If for any reason one or more positions on the Nomination Committee are vacant, the remaining members shall constitute a valid Nomination Committee.

The Nomination Committee shall:

- At least one hundred twenty (120) days before the General Meeting announce to the Members any vacant position(s) to be filled on the Board of Directors, the Nomination Committee and the Audit Committee together with needed qualifications for the positions. The announcement shall be published in the periodic "circular" of the Society or in a letter, and shall invite the Members to propose candidates at least ninety (90) days before the date of the General Meeting. A "vacant position to be filled" includes a position whose current occupant is eligible for re-election;
- Make best efforts to obtain at least two candidates for each vacant position to be filled;
- Review the qualifications and suitability of the proposed candidates for the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee. In the case of candidates for vacancies in the Nomination Committee, the Nomination Committee will collect the names and qualifications of the candidates and will distribute this information to the Members, without making recommendations and without reviewing the qualifications and suitability of the candidates;
- In connection with the mailing of the provisional agenda for the General Meeting, inform the Members on the outcome of the review and recommend at least one proposed candidate for each vacancy to be filled on the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee, which recommendation(s) should give clear reasons as to why the recommended candidates for the Board of Directors and Audit Committee are preferred;
- Develop criteria to evaluate a member of the Board of Directors or the Audit Committee for a second term of three years.

The provisional agenda, as described in Article 17, shall contain the definitive list of proposed candidate(s) for membership on the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee.

The definitive list shall contain particulars in respect of the name, the age and the profession of every candidate, as well as the candidate's present and past functions insofar as these are of interest in connection with the performance of the duties of a member of the Board of Directors, the Nomination Committee or the Audit Committee.

At the General Meeting no persons shall be appointed other than the candidate(s) mentioned in the aforementioned definitive list.

Votes against a candidate shall be permitted in all cases.

At a General Meeting where voting takes place to elect members of the Board of Directors, Member-representatives on the Nomination Committee or members of the Audit Committee, the candidate will be appointed if she/he gets more positive votes than negative votes. In a case where multiple candidates receive more positive votes than negative votes the candidate, or in the case of multiple vacancies to be filled, the candidates who received the highest number of positive votes, will be appointed. In the event candidates receive an equal number of positive votes, there shall be a run-off election between those candidates.

Selection criteria of Board Members

The most important criteria for the selection of Board Members is professional qualification. They should be specialists in the fields of economic development/projects (2), ecumenical relations (1), PR/fundraising/investor relations (1), investments/finance/banking (2) and other (3 - 5). (All figures between brackets mean the minimum Board Members that have to comply with the criteria set).

Oikocredit should aim for a proper geographical distribution. With a minimum of 11 Members, the geographical representation should be as follows: one (= minimum) Board Member each to come from South America, Central America, Africa, Asia, Eastern Europe, Western Europe, North America, Support Associations ("SAs"), Members (not SAs) and two others from emerging countries (which can be developing countries, Middle East etc.). There should be a proper gender balance (equal distribution, but minimum is 1/3).

Remuneration of Board

The members of the Board in general do not receive remuneration, but if applicable they will be reimbursed for the loss of compensation when attending Oikocredit Board Meetings. Travel and hotel expenses incurred during their work for Oikocredit are reimbursed.

Composition of the Board

The following persons are member of the Board as of June 11, 2008

Dr. Aris Alip PhD, 20 M.L. Quezon street City Subdivision San Pablo City Laguna 4000, Philippines
Board Member since 2008; Resignation in 2011; eligible for re-election up to 2014

Current position:

Managing Director Centre for Agricultural and Rural Development (CARD); Mutually reinforcing institutions (CARD bank, Card NGO, CARD MBA (Insurance) and Card Training Institute

Organisations/supervisory bodies or partnerships:

President of Risk based management solutions micro insurance association in South East Asia;
Former president and Director of Microfinance council of the Philippines.;
Member International Advisory Board Institute of Development Evaluation Assistance and Solutions;
Member International Advisory Board Grameen USA Foundation;
Board member CHC MFI Ltd, Phenom Penh Cambodia;
Board member Selainiithih, Phenom Penh Cambodia;
Director Cashpor Malaysia,
Member ICMIF Development Committee, paris France;
Special fellow Hihon Fukashi University Nagoya Japan.

Specific areas of expertise and experience:

Microfinance practitioner/Rural Banker holding a doctor in Philosophy in Organisational Development South East Asia Interdisciplinary Development Institute, Antipolo Metro Manila Philippines and a master in professional studies in agricultural marketing from University of the Philippines in Los Banos Philippines.

Dr. Rev. Ms Shobha Arole, (President as from 11 June 2008) H, PO Jamkhed, district Ahmednagar, Maharashtra, India, 413201.

Board Member since 2006; Resignation in 2012

Current position:

Associate Director and acting Deputy Director of Comprehensive Rural Health Project ("CRHP"), Jamkhed India. (1992- present); CRHP is internationally known as a well established community based health and development center including empowerment of women and income generation projects.

Organisations/supervisory bodies or partnerships:

Ordained minister of the Church of North India.

Specific areas of expertise and experience:

Her background is Physician and surgeon. She has knowledge on all aspects of medical, social and economic development, ecumenical and administrative skills.

Mrs Martha Judith Castaneda Amaya, 8 av. 8-57 zona 2 Guatemala City, Guatemala.

Board Member since 2006; Resignation in 2012

Current position:

General Coordinator of Central American Evangelical Center for Pastoral Studies (CEDEPCA) (from 1982)

Organisations/supervisory bodies or partnerships:

Assistant Professor Economic Faculty San Carlos University Guatemala (1982 to 1987);

Board Member of Fundacion de Apoyo a la pequena empresa (FAPE) 1986-1990; 2005-;

Specific areas of expertise and experience:

Her background is in economy (economist). She has a solid background in business management as well as commitment to global justice and ecumenical ministries.

Matt Christensen, 8 rue Jules Valles, 75011 Paris, France

Board Member since 11 June 2008; Resignation in 2011; eligible for re-election up to 2014

Current position:

Executive Director of Eurosif (European Social Investment Advisor)

Organisations/supervisory bodies or partnerships:

Non executive Director of Ludgate Environmental Technology Fund listed on AIM;

Non executive Director of Munro Fundamental Tracker Fund, privately held.

Specific areas of expertise and experience:

Investments and Fundraising; He holds a MBA from the Wharton School/University of Pennsylvania, USA.

Dr. Nune Darbinyan, Heratsistreet 18, apt 3, 0025 Yerevan, Republic of Armenia.

Board Member since 15 June 2007; Resignation in 2010; eligible for re-election up to 2013

Current position:

President NGO Eco-Globe; General Director Ecoglobe LLC. She holds a MS in Agronomy and Phytopathology from the Armenian Agricultural Academy Yerevan, Armenia and is a doctor of Agriculture, the Yerevan State University, Institute of plant protection Yerevan

Organisations/supervisory bodies or partnerships:

Member of International Association of Impact Assessment (IAIA USA);

Member of Executive Board of International Association of Agricultural Medicine and Rural Health (IAAM RH)

Founder and member of Board of Trustees of Armenia Organic Agricultural Foundation;

Member of Board of Directors of Association of Organic Producers and Consumers;

Member of Board of Directors of Regional Environmental Center of Caucasus;
Member and honoured ambassador of IHPA;

Specific areas of expertise and experience:
Management, economic development projects;

Mr Harry Derkx, (Vice-President as from 11 June 2008) Steenstraat 95, 5831 JD Boxmeer, the Netherlands.
Board Member since 2004; Resignation in 2010

Current position:
Retired Strategy and Business Consultant

Organisations/supervisory bodies or partnerships:
Chairman of Oikocredit Netherlands, the largest Oikocredit Support Association situated in the Netherlands

Specific areas of expertise and experience:
Management, business strategy and administration, finance

Mrs Kristina Herngren, Fastingsgatan 71, 129 38 Hagersten Sweden.
Board Member since 15 June 2007; Resignation in 2010; eligible for re-election up to 2013

Current position:
Director/ project leader of the Freja Foundation; She holds a MSc in Business Administration and Economics, French and English. Studies in Macro economics and marketing at the Concordia University Canada and Ecole Superiere de Commerce Reims

Organisations/supervisory bodies or partnerships:
Member of the Board of Andrew Church (mission Covenant) in Stockholm;
Member of the Board of Hand in Hand, for development cooperation in India; Member of the Board of the development fund of the Swedish Churches.

Specific areas of expertise and experience:
Management, development concepts, marketing and capital mobilisation;

Dr Fidon Rwezahula Mwombeki, Rudolfstrasse 137, D-42285 Wuppertal, Germany.
Board Member since 2006; Resignation in 2012

Current position:
General Secretary of United Evangelical Mission, Wuppertal in Germany. He obtained a Ph. D at the Lutheran Seminary St Paul, USA and a Master in Business Administration of the California Coast University, Santa Ana, CA , USA.

Organisations/supervisory bodies or partnerships:
Chairperson Tanzanian Coalition on Debt and development (Jan 2000-Dec 2004);
Affiliate consultant Growth Design Corporation, Milwaukee USA (Oct 2001- 2004);
Alternative Board Member Global Fund to Fight Aids, TB and Malaria (Jan 2002 – March 2004);
Recipient of Gamaliel Chair in Peace and Justice from Lutheran Campus Ministry in Milwaukee, Wisconsin USA (2000).

Specific areas of expertise and experience:
His background is in both theology and administration/management. He was a leading expert and resource person during the debt campaign "Jubilee 2000". He was involved in the executive staff of United Evangelical Mission a communion of Churches in 3 continents. He has profound knowledge in the fields of economy and theology and has a broad experience in church work and in NGO's.

Mr Sergio Roschel, Rue dos Cajueiros 86, Demarchi –Sao Bernardo- Sao Paulo- Brazil 09820-550.
Board Member since 15 June 2007, resignation in 2010 eligible for re-election up to 2013.

Current position:
Finance & Supply Director, Chief of the Presidents office and controller of the Methodist University of Sao Paulo, Brazil. He holds a MSc in Business Administration of the Methodist University of Sao Paulo.

*Organisations/supervisory bodies or partnerships:**Specific areas of experience and expertise:*

Experience in management, economic development projects, microfinance and financial management;

Mrs Salome Sengani, PO Box 31376, Braamfontein Johannesburg, Republic of South Africa.
Board Member since 11 June 2008, resignation in 2011 eligible for re-election up to 2014.

Current position:

Business transformation programme of broadening affordable housing finance to poorer section of the Society.

Organisations/supervisory bodies or partnerships:

Board member of Johannesburg Development Agency;
Chairperson of the Board of Thubelisha Homes (a not for profit agency owned by the Republic of South Africa).

Specific areas of experience and expertise:

Corporate strategy, Banker, holding a MBA degree from the university of Pretoria South Africa; professional nurse.

Mr Heinrich Wiemer, Im Bodenholz 45 CH- 8340 Hinwil, Switzerland.

Board Member since 15 June 2007; Resignation in 2010; eligible for re-election up to 2013.

Current position:

Founder of Capital Market Strategies GmbH, independent Strategy Consultant with focus on corporate development and capital market communication; He holds a MSc of the London School of Economics and a diplome d' Etudes Superieures Europeennes de Management & Diplomkaufman (FH) of European Partnership of Business Schools and a Chartered European Financial Analyst, a diploma of the CSFB.

Organisations/supervisory bodies or partnerships:

None

Specific areas of expertise and experience:

Finance and Accounting and investor relations;

The potential conflicts of interest of the members of the Board between their respective duties to Oikocredit and their private interests on other duties are mentioned in the next paragraph. None of the members of the Board have received loans or guarantees from Oikocredit.

Members of the Board hold a very limited number of depository receipts in one of the Support Associations or the Oikocredit International Share Foundation, which invests in the shares in Oikocredit U.A. No member of the Board holds more than 0.1% of the outstanding Shares, as they are not eligible of becoming a direct member of Oikocredit. A Board Member can only acquire certificates of shares or depository receipts through Support Associations, or the International Share Foundation. There are therefore no voting rights in respects of these shares.

Potential conflicts of interest of Board Members.

None of the Members of the Board have been convicted in relation to fraudulent offences for the previous five years. None of the Members of the Board have been associated, as members of the administrative, management or supervisory bodies or as senior manager, to bankruptcies, receiverships or liquidations for the previous five years. None of the Members of the Board have been involved in official public incrimination and/or sanctions by statutory or regulatory authorities (including designated professional bodies) for the previous five years. None of the Members of the Board have been disqualified by a court from acting as a member of the administrative, management or supervisory bodies of an issuer or from acting in the management or conduct of the affairs of any issuer for the previous five years.

There are no family relationships between any of the Members of the Board and any of the members of the Management Team.

Managing Director and Management Team

The Board appoints a Managing Director, who is responsible for the day-to-day management of Oikocredit and has appointed the following persons as Managers, together forming the Management Team ("MT"). All MT members have their office at Tesselschadelaan 4, 3818 WD, Amersfoort.

Mr **Tor G. Gull**, Managing Director (president-directeur), who has his office at Berkenweg 7, 3818 LA, Amersfoort, The Netherlands, has held the position of Managing Director since the 1st of July 2001. He graduated in accountancy from the Swedish School of Economics and Business Administration in Helsinki and continued his studies at the Helsinki School of Economics and at the University of South Carolina, gaining an MBA in the process. He worked in Tanzania and Kenya early in his career for DANIDA, the Danish International Development Association supporting the cooperative movement. In 1987 he moved to the Finnish Export Credit, later the Leonia Bank, in Helsinki. Amongst other things, he administered Leonia's Asian interests for three years from their Hong Kong office. He rose to the position of Senior Vice President of the Leonia Bank and was responsible for the Export and Project Finance department and global portfolio.

Mr **Erik Heinen**, Director of Credit Operations. Mr Heinen is working for Oikocredit since 1993 and has a degree in economics, business of development, from the Free University of Amsterdam. Prior to working for Oikocredit he was employed with the Netherlands Economic Institute Rotterdam, division of Development Economics and Planning and working as an expert in credit and promotion of small enterprise for an integral rural development project in Benin.

Mr **Albert Hofsink**, Director of Finance and Administration, is working for Oikocredit since 1998 and has a degree in accounting from the University of South Africa. Prior to working for Oikocredit, he was working in the auditing practice of the audit firms Moret Ernst & Young in Utrecht, The Netherlands and KPMG and Taylor & Geerling in Pretoria South Africa.

Mr **Bernardus Henricus Johannes Simmes**, Director of Membership and Investments up to 30/6/2009; From 1/7/2009, Director of Social and Financial Analysis and Performance and deputy to the Managing Director. Mr Simmes is working for Oikocredit since 1996 and has a degree in comparative sociology and economy of the State University of Utrecht. Mr Simmes is a Board Member of Kontakt der Kontinenten in Soesterberg and was a Board Member of the Fair Trade Organisation in Culemborg. Prior to working for Oikocredit he was employed with Central Mission Commisariat as Head of department of Overseas Development Workers, as well as a staff member of Kinaiyahan Foundation (ecology organisation in the Philippines and development worker in Papua New Guinea).

Ms **Ylse Cynthia van der Schoot**, Director of Membership and Investments *per 1/7/2009*

Ms van der Schoot works for Oikocredit since March 2007 and has the following education:

1988 – 1990 Propedeuse Franse taal- en letterkunde and 1990 - 1995 Beleid en Bestuur in Internationale Organisaties at Rijksuniversiteit Groningen and Development Administration and Government & Politics in Africa at University of Zimbabwe from March to September 1994.

She worked for Life & Peace Institute as a Regional Representative Horn of Africa from July 2006 – December 2006 and Country Representative Dem. Republic of Congo October 2004 – July 2006 and for Oxfam Novib as Programme Officer Central Africa from May 1997 – October 2004.

Remuneration of management

The remuneration policies, as well as the remuneration of the Managing Director, are determined by the personnel committee of the Board. The personnel committee of the Board consists of the President and the Vice-President of the Board. All Management Team members have an employment contract for an indefinite period of time. In case Oikocredit decides to terminate the employment agreement with the Managing Director, without cause, he will be entitled to compensation under Dutch law, with a minimum of 1.5 years salary.

The Managing Director and all personnel at the Amersfoort office and the regional offices reporting to him, receive a full salary and related benefits (pension and social security contributions, cost allowances, etc).³

Conflicts, or potential conflict of interest of Management Team members

There are no potential conflicts of interest of the members of the Management Team and the Managing Director between their respective duties to Oikocredit and their private interests on other duties.

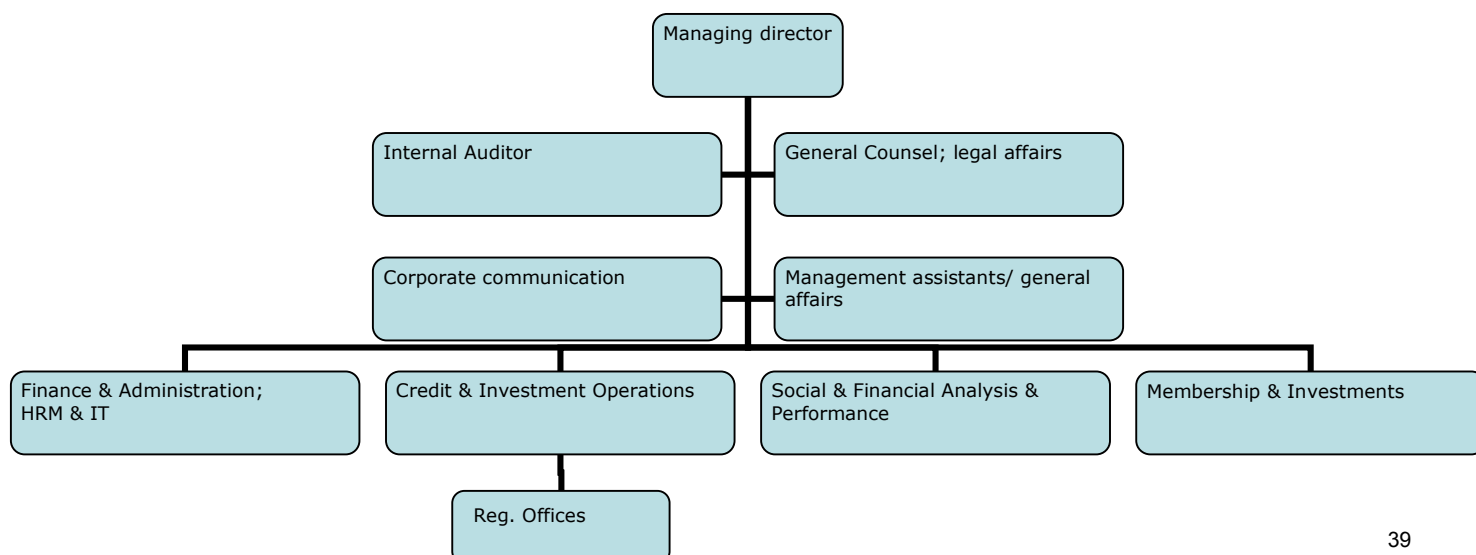
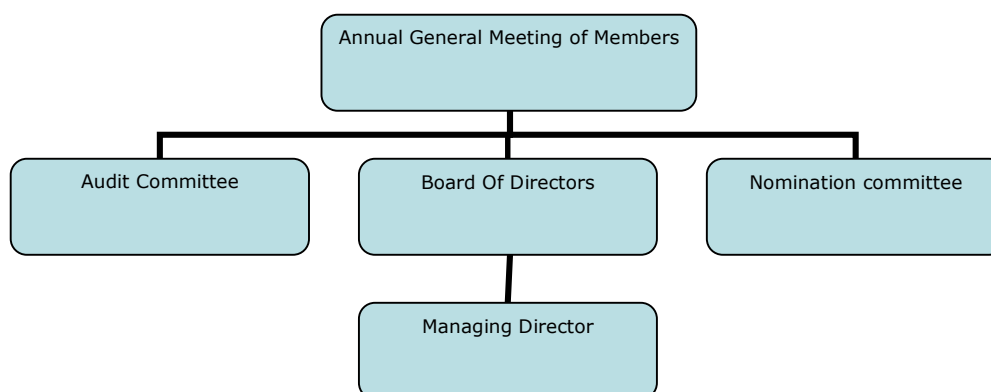
One member of the Management Team received loans with a balance below EUR 10,000 with normal commercial interest rates and repayment conditions.

³ Details are included in the Financial Statements 2008 incorporated by reference in this Prospectus.

Members of the Management Team and other employees hold a very limited number of depository receipts in one of the Support Associations or the Oikocredit International Share Foundation, which invests in the shares in Oikocredit U.A. No member of the Board or Management Team or other employee holds any of the outstanding Shares of Oikocredit U.A., as they are not eligible of becoming a direct member of Oikocredit. Members of the Board or Management Team can only acquire certificates of shares or depository receipts through Support Associations, or the International Share Foundation.

Neither the members of the Management Team nor the Managing Director have been convicted in relation to fraudulent offences for the previous five years. Neither the members of the Management Team nor the Managing Director have been associated, as members of the administrative, management or supervisory bodies or as senior manager, to bankruptcies, receiverships or liquidations for the previous five years. Neither the members of the Management Team nor the Managing Director have been involved in official public incrimination and/or sanctions by statutory or regulatory authorities (including designated professional bodies) for the previous five years. Neither the members of the Management Team nor the Managing Director have been disqualified by a court from acting as a member of the administrative, management or supervisory bodies of an issuer or from acting in the management or conduct of the affairs of any issuer for the previous five years.

The organisational chart of Oikocredit is as follows:



6.9. Costs

Costs related to continuing issue of shares

The Shares are continuously offered to Members. There is upfront no realistic estimation on the proceeds of the Share issue and how many Shares will be issued. The reason for this is that Shares are issued on a continuous basis and Oikocredit can not assess upfront how many subscriptions will be placed each year for the continuous offer.

The last 3 years new Shares issued amounted to:

2006: Euro 35.8 million

2007: Euro 43.8 million

2008: Euro 33.3 million

The issue of Shares incurs annual costs consisting of acquisition costs of Share capital such as capital mobilization, members' relations, promotions and so on, amounting to appr EUR 1,9 mln and additionally Share administration costs within the International Office of Oikocredit amounting to appr EUR 30,000.

The one-off costs associated with producing the present Prospectus are budgeted at EUR 15,000. These costs are and will be reflected in the profit and loss account under operating costs. The direct costs of issuing Shares are not separately charged to the Members.

The costs (annual costs and one-off costs associated with producing the present Prospectus) presented above are estimated at 3.3 mln euro for 2009.

6.10. Net Income and dividends

The annual net income is calculated by subtracting all operating costs, loan losses and depreciation from the gross income of Oikocredit, in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices in the Netherlands.

Net income available for distribution is calculated by correcting the annual net income with any extraordinary costs or income not arising from normal operations and an addition to the general reserves. The remaining net income available for distribution, which, per Share, was so far not more than 2% of the nominal value of a Share, is paid out as dividend.

The General Meeting, after consideration of the Board's proposal, decides on the allocation of annual net income in June of the year following the financial year, upon which the dividend payable is made available as (fractional) Shares issued to the Members or in cash (see also article 36 of the Articles of Incorporation).

In accordance with a Board resolution of November 27, 2002 distribution of dividends will be calculated as follows: all Shares outstanding at the end of the dividend year that were already outstanding at the start of such year will receive 100% of the dividend payable per Share. Shares outstanding at the end of the year that were issued between January 1 and 30 June of that year will receive 50% of the dividend payable per Share. Shares outstanding at the end of the year but issued after 30 June of the year will receive 25% of dividend payable per Share. Shares outstanding at the end of the previous year but sold between July 1 and December 31 of the year will receive 50% of dividend payable per Share. Dividends made available in cash which is not claimed within 5 years, shall be forfeited for the benefit of Oikocredit. The dividend per Share for 2006, 2007 and proposed dividend for 2008 amounted to 2% of the nominal value of the Shares, which dependent on the abovementioned calculation method was equal from EUR 0 to 4 or USD 0 to 4 per share.

6.11. Reporting

Oikocredit aims to have its annual accounts prepared, audited by its external auditors and reviewed by the Oikocredit audit committee within 3 months after year-end, but must have this done no later than 6 months after the end of the financial year. The financial year is equal to the calendar year. The Oikocredit audit committee is a committee appointed by the General Meeting and consists of 3 persons. The annual accounts, including the audit report, is presented to the General Meeting ultimately the 30th of June of the year following the financial year concerned and shall be made available in print to the members immediately afterwards.

Assets and liabilities are valued in the annual accounts of Oikocredit in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices in the Netherlands.

Oikocredit prepares its half-year figures within four months following the first six months of each financial year. Upon preparation, the half-year figures must be published within a week by filing these figures with the relevant Chamber of Commerce in the Netherlands.

Every Member receives annually:

- the annual review and audit financial statements;
- a members' circular in January detailing the resolutions of the Board during the November meeting of the Board of the previous year and the latest information on Oikocredit;
- a provisional agenda with a proxy attached in anticipation of the General Meeting;
- Request for Board and Audit committee nominations;
- the final agenda of the General Meeting;
- a dividend announcement: a letter detailing the dividend which has been made payable per Share
- a members' circular in September including the minutes of the last General Meeting and a circular detailing the most important resolutions made by the Board during the June meeting.

Each member also has access to Oikocredit's website www.oikocredit.org.

6.12. Information incorporated by reference

The following information shall be deemed to be incorporated in, and to form part of this Prospectus:

- Oikocredit's Articles of Incorporation as per the publication date (in the original Dutch language version as well as in the English translation); Oikocredit's Audited Annual report 2008;
- Oikocredit's Audited Financial Statements 2007;
- Oikocredit's Audited Financial Statements 2006.

These documents are on display (available for viewing) for the life of the Prospectus and can be obtained free of charge at the office of Oikocredit in Amersfoort, The Netherlands, as set out under chapter 5, General details. In addition these financial statements are available on Oikocredit's website at www.oikocredit.org.

Information incorporated by reference	Reference
Length of life of Oikocredit U.A.	Article 3 of the Articles of Incorporation
Information on fixed assets	p. 37 and 40 of Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts 2008
Information on financial condition	p. 24-65 Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts 2008 p. 23-53 Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts 2007 p. 14-48 Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts 2006
Reasons for changes in net sales or revenues	p. 7-9 of the Board of Directors report of Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts 2008
Information concerning capital resources	p. 24-65 of Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts 2008
Description of cash flows	p. 27 of Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts 2008
Explanation of sources and amounts of cash flows	p. 27 of Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts 2008
Borrowing requirements and funding structure	p. 24-65 of Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts 2008
Amount of remuneration paid and benefits granted	Note 18, page 42 of Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts 2008
Amount set aside or accrued to provide benefits	Note 17, page 42 of Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts 2008
Information on audit committee	Note 24, page 64 of Oikocredit's Audited Annual accounts 2008
Description of arrangements involving employees in the capital.	Note 17, page 42 Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts 2008
Historical financial information	p. 24-65 Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts 2008 p. 23-53 Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts 2007 p. 14-48 Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts 2006
Financial statements	p. 24-65 Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts 2008
Description of conditions governing the manner in which annual meetings and extraordinary meeting of shareholder are called	Articles 13-24 Articles of Incorporation
Information on holdings	p. 24, 26-28,35, 37, 40, 42, 43, 47 and 48 of Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts 2008
Related party transactions	Page 42 and 43 Oikocredit's Audited Annual Accounts
A description of Oikocredit's object and purposes	Article 2 of the Articles of Incorporation

6.13. Subscription and sale

Participation in Oikocredit is open only to Members. Membership of Oikocredit is restricted to:

- the founders, being the World Council of Churches and the Council of Churches in the Netherlands;
- the member churches of the World Council of Churches;
- churches not belonging to the World Council of Churches;
- sub-divisions of churches;
- Councils of Churches;
- church-related organisations;

- g. Support Associations; and
- h. project members.

Project members (f) are project partners (clients who obtained a loan or equity funding from Oikocredit).

Support Associations are established per country or per region within a country, to offer individuals and church congregations or parishes, an opportunity to invest in Oikocredit.

The distribution of this Prospectus and the offering, sale and delivery of the Shares in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. Persons into whose possession this Prospectus or any are required by the Oikocredit to inform themselves about and to observe any such restrictions. In particular, Shares have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 (as amended) (the "Securities Act"). Shares may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States of America to U.S. persons.

European Economic Area

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the prospectus Directive (each, a "Relevant Member State"), with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the "Relevant Implementation Date"), no offers of Shares to the public in that Relevant Member State may be made, except that, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, an offer of Shares may be made to the public in that Relevant Member State in the period beginning on the date of publication of a Prospectus in relation to those Shares which has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant Member State or, where appropriate, approved in another Member State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant Member State, all in accordance with the Prospectus Directive and ending on the date which is 12 months after the date of such publication.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression "an offer of Shares to the public" in relation to any Shares in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Shares to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Shares, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State and the expression "Prospectus Directive" means Directive 2003/71/EC and includes any relevant implementing measure in each Relevant Member State.

Belgium, Germany, France, United Kingdom, Spain, Italy, Austria, Sweden

This Prospectus has been approved by The Authority for the Financial Markets ("Autoriteit Financiële Markten") in The Netherlands on 19 June 2009 for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive.

Oikocredit has requested The Authority for Financial Markets (Autoriteit Financiële Markten) in The Netherlands to provide the competent authorities in the following Relevant Member States:

- Belgium (the Commission Bancaire, Financière et des Assurances),
- Germany (the Federal Financial Supervisory Authority),
- France (Autorité des marchés financiers),
- United Kingdom (the Financial Services Authority),
- Spain (the Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores),
- Italy (the Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa),
- Austria (the Financial Market Authority),
- Sweden (Finansinspektionen)

with a certificate of approval attesting that the Prospectus has been drawn up in accordance with the Wet financieel toezicht 2007 and related regulations which implement the prospectus Directive in Dutch law ("Notification"). Oikocredit may request the AFM to provide competent authorities in additional Member States within the European Economic Area with a Notification.

Other than in The Netherlands, Belgium, Germany, France, United Kingdom, Spain, Italy, Austria and Sweden, Oikocredit does not represent that this Prospectus may be lawfully distributed, or that Shares may be lawfully offered, in compliance with any applicable registration or other requirements in any jurisdiction, or pursuant to an exemption available under it, or assume any responsibility for facilitating any such distribution or offering. In particular, no action has been taken by Oikocredit which would permit a public offering of the Shares or distribution of this document in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required, other than in certain Member States of the European Economic Area.

7. Fiscal aspects of participation in Oikocredit

This section provides a brief summary of the most relevant Dutch tax implications of being a Member and holder of Shares, based on the current tax laws of The Netherlands.

The information below is not intended as specific tax advice and it does not purport to describe all of the tax considerations that may be relevant to a prospective purchaser of Shares. Prospective investors are strongly advised to inform themselves as to the overall tax consequences of purchasing, holding and/or selling Shares.

7.1. Tax position of Oikocredit

Corporate income tax

It has been agreed with the Dutch tax authorities that Oikocredit is exempt from Dutch corporate income tax, provided that the following conditions continue to be met by Oikocredit:

- The nature of the activities of Oikocredit remains unchanged;
- Funds attracted from non-Members must not exceed 10% of the funds contributed by the Members.

Dividend withholding tax

The Dutch tax authorities have confirmed that on dividend distributed by Oikocredit to its Shareholders, either Dutch or non-Dutch residents, no dividend withholding tax is due.

Gift tax and inheritance tax

As of the year 2008 Oikocredit does not qualify as a so called ANBI (a charity in the sense of the Dutch Income Tax Act). This means that donations and inheritances received by Oikocredit are subject to tax. The applicable rate varies from 41 up to 68 percent. For inheritances an amount of EUR 1.976 is free from inheritance tax and for donations an amount of EUR 2.734 is free from gift tax. In case a donation exceeds this amount of EUR 2.734 the whole donation is subject to gift tax.

Donations and inheritances received by Oikocredit are, subject to a number of exceptions, generally free from Dutch gift and inheritance tax, in case the donor or deceased is not a (deemed) resident of the Netherlands.

VAT

The tax-authorities stated that the activities of Oikocredit U.A. are VAT-exempted based on article 11, paragraph 1, sub i and j from the Dutch VAT Act.

7.2. Tax position of shareholders

Dutch residents

As mentioned in chapter 1 ("Summary") of this Prospectus, the (potential) Members are mainly churches and church-related organisations. Provided that they are (i) not subject to corporate income tax in view of their legal form, and do (ii) not carry on a trade or business to which the Shares are attributable, they should generally not be subject to Dutch taxes on income or capital gains in respect of dividends received from Oikocredit and/or in respect of any gain realised on the disposal of Shares.

In view of article 4 of the Articles of Incorporation it is in practice not possible for a Dutch individual to be or to become a Member. Therefore we will refrain from describing the tax aspects for such a person of owning Shares.

If a Member is subject to Dutch corporate income tax, profits from the Shares should not be taxable because of the so-called participation exemption (article 13 (2) (c) of the Dutch corporate income tax Act). It is not completely clear, however, whether the participation exemption applies, as - pursuant to the ruling of December 2, 1975 with the Dutch tax authorities - Oikocredit is regarded for Dutch corporate income tax purposes, in discrepancy with its legal form, as an association that does not carry on a trade or business rather than as a cooperative society. In case the participation exemption does not apply, profits would be taxable at the standard Dutch corporate income tax rates.

Non-Dutch residents

Prospective Shareholders who are tax resident outside The Netherlands should consult their own professional advisors as to the implications of their subscribing for, purchasing, holding, and/or selling Shares under the laws of the jurisdictions in which they may be subject to tax.

In general, Dutch (corporate) income taxation will only arise in case the Shareholder holds a substantial interest and this interest is not attributable to a trade or business and no tax treaty protection is available. Generally speaking, a substantial interest may be present in case a Member has an interest of at least 5% in the annual profit of Oikocredit or in the liquidation proceeds.

Furthermore, Dutch taxation may arise in cases where the Shareholder is engaged in or participates in a trade or business in the Netherlands to which the Shares are attributable.

Appendix 1**Project funding criteria**

- The enterprise supported must benefit poor and disadvantaged people.
- Benefits must be widely spread and not result in the enrichment of a few organizers or investors.
- The enterprise must contribute to the social and economic advancement of the larger community in which it is located.
- Special attention is paid to the ecological impact and the protection of animals and species.
- The cooperative structure is favoured where applicable because poor people can participate directly in the operation and management of the business.
- Preference is given to enterprises in which women are direct beneficiaries and in which they participate in decision-making, in structures and procedures related to the concept, organisation, implementation, control and evaluation.
- The enterprise must be economically viable, with appropriate management and technical leadership, and become self-sustaining within a reasonable period of time, thus allowing Oikocredit's capital participation, loan or guarantee to be phased out.
- There must be a clear need for foreign investment which can be provided within terms that can secure the necessary government approvals and that are beneficial to the project partners.