



ING Bank N.V.

(Incorporated in The Netherlands with its statutory seat in Amsterdam)

ING Americas Issuance B.V.

(Incorporated in The Netherlands with its statutory seat in Amsterdam)

€40,000,000,000

Global Issuance Programme

Base Prospectus for the issuance of Index Linked Notes

This Base Prospectus for the issuance of Index Linked Notes (this “**Base Prospectus**”) constitutes a base prospectus for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive (Directive 2003/71/EC), as amended, to the extent that such amendments have been implemented in the relevant Member State of the European Economic Area (the “**Prospectus Directive**”), and is one of a number of prospectuses which relate to the €40,000,000,000 Global Issuance Programme (the “**Programme**”).

Under this Base Prospectus, (i) ING Bank N.V. (the “**Global Issuer**”, which expression shall include any Substituted Debtor (as defined in Condition 17 of the General Conditions of the Notes), “**ING Bank**” or the “**Bank**”) may from time to time issue notes (the “**Notes**” as more fully defined herein) and (ii) ING Americas Issuance B.V. (the “**Americas Issuer**”, which expression shall include any Substituted Debtor (as defined in Condition 17 of the General Conditions of the Notes)) may from time to time issue Notes guaranteed by ING Bank N.V. (ING Bank N.V. in its capacity as guarantor under the Notes issued by the Americas Issuer, the “**Guarantor**”).

This Base Prospectus was approved by the Netherlands Authority for the Financial Markets (the “**AFM**”) for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive on 5 July 2013 in respect of the issue by the Issuers of PD Notes (as defined below). The AFM has provided the competent authorities in each of Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, Norway, Portugal, Spain and Sweden with a certificate of approval attesting that this Base Prospectus has been drawn up in accordance with the Prospectus Directive.

Notes to be issued under this Base Prospectus during the period of 12 months from the date of this Base Prospectus, which are:

(a) offered to the public in the European Economic Area in circumstances which require the publication of a prospectus under the Prospectus Directive, whether or not such Notes are listed and admitted to trading on any market; or

(b) (i) admitted to trading on NYSE Euronext in Amsterdam, a regulated market of Euronext Amsterdam N.V. (“**Euronext Amsterdam**”); (ii) admitted to the official list of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (the “**Official List**”); (iii) admitted to trading on the regulated market of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (the “**Luxembourg Stock Exchange**”); (iv) (with respect to the Global Issuer only) admitted to trading on the regulated market of Euronext Paris S.A. (“**Euronext Paris**”); (v) (with respect to the Global Issuer only) admitted to trading on a regulated market of Borsa Italiana S.p.A. (the “**Italian Stock Exchange**”); (vi) admitted to trading on another regulated market within the European Economic Area; or (vii) admitted to trading on an unregulated market as defined under the Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on markets in financial instruments, as amended from time to time (the “**Markets in Financial Instruments Directive**”),

are hereinafter referred to as “**PD Notes**”. PD Notes may be issued in any denomination as agreed between the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) (as defined herein), and any PD Notes which have a denomination of less than €100,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency) are referred to hereinafter as “**Non-Exempt PD Notes**” and any PD Notes which have a denomination of at least €100,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency at the date of issue of the Notes) are referred to hereinafter as “**Exempt PD Notes**”.

The Issuers may also issue unlisted Notes and/or Notes not admitted to trading on any regulated market within the European Economic Area and, where such Notes are, in addition, issued with a minimum denomination of at least €100,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency at the date of issue of the Notes) or otherwise fall within an exemption from the requirement to publish a prospectus under the Prospectus Directive, such Notes are hereinafter referred to as “**Exempt Notes**”.

The Global Issuer may from time to time issue PD Notes (which may be Non-Exempt PD Notes or Exempt PD Notes) and Exempt Notes. The Americas Issuer may from time to time issue Exempt PD Notes and Exempt Notes.

The AFM has neither approved nor reviewed information contained in this Base Prospectus in connection with the issue of any Exempt Notes.

Prospective investors should have regard to the factors described under the section headed “Risk Factors” of this Base Prospectus.

This Base Prospectus should be read and construed in conjunction with the Base Prospectus for the issuance of Medium Term Notes and Inflation Linked Notes in respect of the €40,000,000,000 Global Issuance Programme of ING Bank N.V., ING Bank N.V., Sydney Branch and ING Americas Issuance B.V. dated 28 June 2013 (the “Level 1 Programme Prospectus”) and the relevant Registration Document (as defined herein).

Arranger

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BASE PROSPECTUS (LEVEL 2)

Dated 5 July 2013

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SUMMARY OF THE BASE PROSPECTUS IN RELATION TO NON-EXEMPT PD NOTES

This summary applies only to Non-Exempt PD Notes issued by ING Bank N.V (the “Global Issuer”).

Summaries are made up of disclosure requirements known as “Elements”. These elements are numbered in Sections A to E (A.1 to E.7). This summary contains all the Elements required to be included in a summary for the Notes and the Global Issuer. Because some Elements are not required to be addressed, there may be gaps in the numbering sequence of the Elements. Even though an Element may be required to be inserted in a summary because of the nature of the Notes and the Global Issuer, it is possible that no relevant information can be given regarding the Element. In this case, a short description of the Element should be included in the summary with the mention of “Not Applicable”.

Section A – Introduction and warnings

Element		
A.1	<p>This summary must be read as an introduction to the Base Prospectus. Any decision to invest in the Notes should be based on a consideration of the Base Prospectus as a whole, including any documents incorporated by reference. Where a claim relating to the information contained in the Base Prospectus is brought before a court, the plaintiff may, under the national legislation of Member States of the European Economic Area where the claim is brought, be required to bear the costs of translating the Base Prospectus before the legal proceedings are initiated. Civil liability attaches only to those persons who have tabled the summary, including any translation thereof, but only if the summary is misleading, inaccurate or inconsistent when read together with the other parts of the Base Prospectus or it does not provide, when read together with the other parts of the Base Prospectus, key information in order to aid investors when considering whether to invest in the Notes.</p>	
A.2	<p>Consent by the Issuer to the use of the Base Prospectus for subsequent resale or final placement by financial intermediaries during the offer period indicated, and the conditions attached to such consent.</p>	<p>In connection with any Public Offer of Non-Exempt PD Notes, the Global Issuer accepts responsibility, in a Public Offer Jurisdiction, for the content of the Base Prospectus under Article 6 of the Prospectus Directive in relation to any person (an “Investor”) to whom an offer of any Non-Exempt PD Notes is made by any financial intermediary to whom the Global Issuer has given its consent to use the Base Prospectus (an “Authorised Offeror”), where the offer is made in compliance with all conditions attached to the giving of the consent. Such consent and conditions are described below under “Consent” and “Common conditions to consent”.</p> <p><i>Consent</i></p> <p>Subject to the conditions set out below under “Common conditions to consent”:</p> <p>(A) the Global Issuer consents to the use of the Base Prospectus (as supplemented as at the relevant time, if applicable) in connection with a Public Offer of Non-Exempt PD Notes in a Public Offer Jurisdiction by the relevant Dealer and by:</p> <p>(i) any financial intermediary named as an Initial Authorised Offeror in the Final Terms; and</p> <p>(ii) any financial intermediary appointed after the date of the Final Terms and whose name is published on the Global Issuer’s website (https://www.ingmarkets.com/en-nl/ing-markets) and identified as an</p>

Element		
		<p>Authorised Offeror in respect of the relevant Public Offer; and</p> <p>(B) if (and only if) Part B of the Final Terms specifies “General Consent” as “Applicable”, the Global Issuer hereby offers to grant its consent to the use of the Base Prospectus (as supplemented as at the relevant time, if applicable) in connection with a Public Offer of Non-Exempt PD Notes in a Public Offer Jurisdiction by any financial intermediary which satisfies the following conditions:</p> <p>(i) it is authorised to make such offers under the applicable legislation implementing the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive; and</p> <p>(ii) it accepts such offer by publishing on its website of a statement that it agrees to use the Base Prospectus in accordance with the Authorised Offeror Terms and subject to the conditions to such consent.</p> <p><i>Common conditions to consent</i></p> <p>The conditions to the Global Issuer’s consent are (in addition to the conditions described in paragraph (B) above if Part B of the Final Terms specifies “General Consent” as “Applicable”) that such consent:</p> <p>(a) is only valid in respect of the relevant Tranche of Non-Exempt PD Notes;</p> <p>(b) is only valid during the Offer Period specified in the Final Terms; and</p> <p>(c) only extends to the use of the Base Prospectus to make Public Offers of the relevant Tranche of Non-Exempt PD Notes in one or more of the Public Offer Jurisdictions, as specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p>An investor intending to acquire or acquiring Notes in a Public Offer from an Authorised Offeror other than the Global Issuer will do so, and offers and sales of such Notes to an investor by such Authorised Offeror will be made, in accordance with any terms and other arrangements in place between such Authorised Offeror and such investor, including as to price, allocations, expenses and settlement arrangements.</p> <p>Each investor must look to the relevant Authorised Offeror at the time of any such Public Offer for the provision of information regarding the terms and conditions of the Public Offer and the Authorised Offeror will be solely responsible for such information.</p>

Section B – Issuer

Element	Title	
B.1	Legal and commercial name of the Issuer	ING Bank N.V. (the “ Global Issuer ” or “ Issuer ”).
B.2	The domicile and legal form of the Issuer, the legislation under which the Issuer operates and its country of incorporation	The Global Issuer is a public limited company (<i>naamloze vennootschap</i>) incorporated under the laws of The Netherlands on 12 November 1927, with its corporate seat (<i>statutaire zetel</i>) in Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

Element	Title	
B.4b	A description of any known trends affecting the Issuer and the industries in which it operates	<p>The results of operations of the Global Issuer are affected by demographics and by a variety of market conditions, including economic cycles, banking industry cycles and fluctuations in stock markets, interest and foreign exchange rates.</p> <p>In 2012, the external environment continued to have an impact on the Global Issuer as the euro sovereign debt crisis in the Eurozone maintained a challenging economic and financial market environment for a major part of the year. This led to international capital and money markets not functioning in the manner they would in more normal circumstances. This had repercussions (for the Global Issuer, its industry and the broader economy) especially in Europe where funding for governments and financial institutions continues to be difficult in certain markets.</p> <p>The operations of the Global Issuer are exposed to fluctuations in equity markets. The Global Issuer maintains an internationally diversified and mainly client-related trading portfolio. Accordingly, market downturns are likely to lead to declines in securities trading and brokerage activities which it executes for customers and therefore to a decline in related commissions and trading results. In addition to this, the Global Issuer also maintains equity investments in its own non-trading books. Fluctuations in equity markets may affect the value of these investments.</p> <p>The operations of the Global Issuer are exposed to fluctuations in interest rates. The Global Issuer's management of interest rate sensitivity affects the results of its operations. Interest rate sensitivity refers to the relationship between changes in market interest rates on the one hand and future interest earnings and economic value of its underlying banking portfolios on the other hand. Both the composition of the Global Issuer's assets and liabilities and the fact that interest rate changes may affect client behaviour in a different way than assumed in the Global Issuer's internal models may result in a mismatch which causes the banking longer term operations' net interest income and trading results to be affected by changes in interest rates.</p> <p>The Global Issuer is exposed to fluctuations in exchange rates. The Global Issuer's management of exchange rate sensitivity affects the results of its operations through the trading activities for its own account and because it prepares and publishes its consolidated financial statements in euros. Because a substantial portion of the Global Issuer's income and expenses is denominated in currencies other than euros, fluctuations in the exchange rates used to translate foreign currencies into euros will impact its reported results of operations and cash flows from year to year. This exposure is mitigated by the fact that realised results in non-euro currencies are translated into euros by monthly hedging.</p>
B.5	A description of the Issuer's group and the Issuer's position within the group	<p>The Global Issuer is part of ING Groep N.V. ("ING Group"). ING Group is the holding company of a broad spectrum of companies (together called "ING") offering banking, investments, life insurance and retirement services to meet the needs of a broad customer base. The Global Issuer is a wholly-owned, non-listed subsidiary of ING Group and is a large international player with an extensive global network in over 40 countries. Since 2011, the Global Issuer has been operating as a stand-alone business under the umbrella of ING Group.</p>

Element	Title																																																				
B.9	Profit forecast or estimate	Not Applicable. The Global Issuer has not made any public profit forecasts or profit estimates.																																																			
B.10	Qualifications in the Auditors' report	Not Applicable. The audit reports on the audited financial statements of the Global Issuer for the years ended 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012 are unqualified.																																																			
B.12	Selected historical key financial information/Significant or material adverse change	<p>Key Consolidated Figures ING Bank N.V.⁽¹⁾</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th style="text-align: right;">2012</th> <th style="text-align: right;">2011</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="3">Balance sheet (in EUR million)⁽²⁾</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total assets.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">836,068</td> <td style="text-align: right;">961,165</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total equity.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">37,512</td> <td style="text-align: right;">35,060</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Deposits and funds borrowed⁽³⁾.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">633,756</td> <td style="text-align: right;">682,523</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Loans and advances.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">541,546</td> <td style="text-align: right;">577,569</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3">Results (in EUR million)⁽⁴⁾</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total income.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">16,298</td> <td style="text-align: right;">17,195</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Operating expenses.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">9,843</td> <td style="text-align: right;">10,226</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Additions to loan loss provisions.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2,125</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1,670</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result before tax.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">4,330</td> <td style="text-align: right;">5,299</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Taxation.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1,124</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1,216</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Net result (before minority interests).....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">3,206</td> <td style="text-align: right;">4,083</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Attributable to Shareholders of the parent.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">3,115</td> <td style="text-align: right;">4,005</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3">Ratios (in %)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BIS ratio⁽⁵⁾.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">16.91</td> <td style="text-align: right;">14.26</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tier-1 ratio⁽⁶⁾.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">14.35</td> <td style="text-align: right;">11.69</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Notes:</p> <p>(1) These figures have been derived from the audited annual accounts of ING Bank N.V. in respect of the financial years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011, respectively.</p> <p>(2) At 31 December.</p> <p>(3) Figures including Banks and Debt securities.</p> <p>(4) For the year ended 31 December.</p> <p>(5) BIS ratio = BIS capital as a percentage of Risk Weighted Assets. Note: These Risk Weighted Assets are based on Basel II.</p> <p>(6) Tier-1 ratio = Available Tier-1 capital as a percentage of Risk Weighted Assets. Note: These Risk Weighted Assets are based on Basel II.</p>		2012	2011	Balance sheet (in EUR million)⁽²⁾			Total assets.....	836,068	961,165	Total equity.....	37,512	35,060	Deposits and funds borrowed ⁽³⁾	633,756	682,523	Loans and advances.....	541,546	577,569	Results (in EUR million)⁽⁴⁾			Total income.....	16,298	17,195	Operating expenses.....	9,843	10,226	Additions to loan loss provisions.....	2,125	1,670	Result before tax.....	4,330	5,299	Taxation.....	1,124	1,216	Net result (before minority interests).....	3,206	4,083	Attributable to Shareholders of the parent.....	3,115	4,005	Ratios (in %)			BIS ratio ⁽⁵⁾	16.91	14.26	Tier-1 ratio ⁽⁶⁾	14.35	11.69
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		<p><i>Significant or Material Adverse Change</i></p> <p>At the date hereof, there has been no significant change in the financial position of the Global Issuer and its consolidated subsidiaries and there has been no material adverse change in the prospects of the Global Issuer, in each case, since 31 December 2012, except for the announcement in the unaudited ING Group 2013 quarterly report for the first quarter of 2013, as published by ING Group on 8 May 2013 (page 11), that the Global Issuer plans to pay a dividend of EUR 1.5 billion to ING Group.</p>
B.13	Recent material events particular to the Issuer's solvency	Not Applicable. There are no recent events particular to the Global Issuer which are to a material extent relevant to the evaluation of the solvency of the Global Issuer.
B.14	Dependence upon other group entities	<p>The description of the group and the position of the Global Issuer within the group is given under B.5 above.</p> <p>Not Applicable. The Global Issuer is not dependent upon other entities within ING Group.</p>
B.15	A description of the Issuer's principal activities	<p>The Global Issuer is a large international player in the financial services industry with an extensive global network in over 40 countries.</p> <p>Since 1 January 2011, the Global Issuer has been operating as a stand-alone business under the umbrella of ING Group.</p> <p>The Global Issuer is active through the following business lines: Retail Banking, including ING Direct, and Commercial Banking.</p>
B.16	Extent to which the Issuer is directly or indirectly owned or controlled	The Global Issuer is a wholly-owned, non-listed subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.
B.17	Credit ratings assigned to the Issuer or its debt securities	<p>The Global Issuer has a senior debt rating from Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services Europe Limited ("Standard & Poor's"), Moody's Investors Services Ltd. ("Moody's") and Fitch France S.A.S. ("Fitch"), details of which are contained in the relevant Registration Document. Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch are established in the European Union and are registered under the Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies, as amended from time to time (the "CRA Regulation").</p> <p>Tranches of Notes to be issued under the Programme may be rated or unrated. Where a Tranche of Notes is to be rated, such rating will not necessarily be the same as the rating assigned to the Global Issuer, the Programme or Notes already issued under the Programme.</p> <p>A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency.</p>

Section C – Securities

Element	Title	
C.1	A description of the type and class of securities being offered and/or admitted to trading, including any security identification number	<p>The Notes described in this summary are debt securities which may be issued under the €40,000,000,000 Global Issuance Programme.</p> <p>The Notes will be issued in series (each, a “Series”) having one or more issue dates and on terms otherwise identical (or identical other than in respect of the issue date and first payment of interest), the Notes of each Series being intended to be interchangeable with all other Notes of that Series. Each Series may be issued in tranches (each, a “Tranche”) on the same or different issue dates. The specific terms of each Tranche will be completed in the final terms (the “Final Terms”).</p> <p>The securities identification number for any Series of Notes will be specified in the Final Terms and in the relevant issue specific summary annexed to such Final Terms.</p> <p>The Notes may be Fixed Rate Notes, Floating Rate Notes, Zero Coupon Notes, Tailor-Made Interest Notes, Step-Up Interest Notes, Floater Interest Notes, Floater with Lock-In Interest Notes, Reverse Floater Interest Notes, Ratchet Floater Interest Notes, Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest Notes, Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest Notes, Steepener Interest Notes, Steepener with Lock-In Interest Notes, Range Accrual(Rates) Interest Notes, Range Accrual(Spread) Interest Notes, Inverse Range Accrual Interest Notes, KO Range Accrual Interest Notes, Dual Range Accrual Interest Notes, Snowball Interest Notes, SnowRanger Interest Notes, Barrier(Rates) Interest Notes, Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest Notes, Reference Item(Inflation) Indexed Interest Notes, Inflation Indexed Redemption Notes, Inflation Indexed Redemption with Floor Notes, Step-Up Barrier Interest Notes, Memory Interest Notes, One Touch Memory Interest Notes, Range Accrual(Index) Interest Notes, Barrier(Index) Interest Notes, One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest Notes, Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Interest Notes, Best Of Interest Notes, One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest Notes, Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes, Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes, (Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Redemption Notes, (Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption Notes, Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes, Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes, Capped Outperformance Redemption Notes, Capped Bonus Redemption Notes, Express Redemption Notes, Tracker Redemption Notes, Outperformance Redemption Notes, Bonus Redemption Notes, Outperformance Bonus Redemption Notes, Twin-Win Redemption Notes, Warrant Redemption Notes, Spread Warrant Redemption Notes, Knock-Out Warrant Redemption Notes or a combination of the foregoing.</p>
C.2	Currency of the securities issue	<p>The currency of each Series of Notes issued will be agreed between the Global Issuer and the relevant Dealer (if any) at the time of issue, subject to any applicable legal or regulatory restrictions.</p> <p>The currency for any Series of Notes will be specified in the Final Terms and in the relevant issue specific summary annexed to the Final Terms.</p>

Element	Title	
C.5	A description of any restrictions on the free transferability of the securities	<p>The Global Issuer and the Dealers have agreed certain customary restrictions on offers, sale and delivery of Notes and of the distribution of offering material in the United States, the European Economic Area, Australia, Austria, Brazil, Canada, the Cayman Islands, Czech Republic, Chile, the Dubai International Financial Centre, Finland, France, Hong Kong, Hungary, India, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, The Netherlands, the People’s Republic of China, the Republic of Korea, the Republic of the Philippines, Romania, Russia, Singapore, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, Turkey, the United Arab Emirates (excluding the Dubai International Financial Centre), the United Kingdom, Uruguay and Venezuela.</p> <p>For the purposes of Regulation S, Category 2 selling restrictions shall apply.</p> <p>In the case of Bearer Notes offered to non-U.S. persons and certain eligible U.S. persons, such Notes will be issued in compliance with U.S. Treas. Reg. §1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(D) (the “D Rules”) unless (i) the Final Terms state that the Notes are issued in compliance with U.S. Treas. Reg. §1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(C) (the “C Rules”) or (ii) the Notes are issued other than in compliance with the D Rules or the C Rules but in circumstances in which the Notes will not constitute “registration required obligations” for U.S. federal income tax purposes, which circumstances will be referred to in the Final Terms as a transaction to which TEFRA is not applicable. In the case of a distribution under Rule 144A, Notes will be issued in registered form, as defined in U.S. Temp. Treas. Reg. §5f.103-1(c).</p>
C.8	A description of rights attached to the Notes, including ranking and any limitations to those rights	<p><i>Status</i></p> <p>The Notes will constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Global Issuer and will rank <i>pari passu</i> among themselves and (save for certain debts required to be preferred by law) equally with all other unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations, if any) of the Global Issuer from time to time outstanding.</p> <p><i>Taxation</i></p> <p>The Notes will not contain any provision that would oblige the Global Issuer to gross up any amounts payable in respect of interest or principal in the event of any withholding or deduction for or on account of taxes levied in any jurisdiction. The Global Issuer may also elect to redeem Notes if it would be required, on the occasion of the next payment due in respect of the Notes, to withhold or account for tax in respect of the Notes.</p> <p><i>Negative pledge</i></p> <p>The terms of the Notes do not contain a negative pledge provision.</p> <p><i>Events of Default</i></p> <p>The terms of the Notes contain, amongst others, the following events of default (“Events of Default”):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) default is made for more than 30 days in the payment of interest or principal in respect of the Notes; or (ii) the Global Issuer fails to perform or observe any of its other obligations under the Notes and such failure has continued for the period of 60 days

Element	Title	
		<p>next following the service on the Global Issuer of notice requiring the same to be remedied; or</p> <p>(iii) the Global Issuer is declared bankrupt (<i>failliet verklaard</i>) or granted a moratorium (<i>surseance van betaling</i>); or</p> <p>(iv) a declaration in respect of the Global Issuer is made to apply the emergency regulation (<i>noodregeling</i>) under Chapter 3, Section 3.5.5.1 of the Dutch Financial Supervision Act (<i>Wet op het financieel toezicht</i>); or</p> <p>(v) an order is made or an effective resolution is passed for the winding-up or liquidation of the Global Issuer unless this is done in connection with a merger, consolidation or other form of combination with another company, the terms of which merger, consolidation or combination (A) have the effect of the emerging or such other surviving company assuming all obligations contracted for by the Global Issuer in connection with the Notes or (B) have previously been approved by an Extraordinary Resolution of the holders of the Notes.</p> <p><i>Meetings and written resolutions</i></p> <p>The conditions of the Notes contain provisions for calling meetings of holders of the Notes to consider matters affecting their interests generally. These provisions permit defined majorities to bind all holders, including holders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting and holders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority. Actions may also be taken by means of written resolution.</p> <p><i>Governing law</i></p> <p>The Notes will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, English law.</p>
C.9	<p>Interest: The nominal interest rate, the date from which interest becomes payable and the due dates for interest, a description of the underlying on which it is based, the maturity date and arrangements for amortisation including repayment procedures, an indication of yield and the name of the representative of the debt security holders</p>	<p><i>Interest</i></p> <p>Notes may or may not bear interest.</p> <p>Interest may be calculated by reference to a specified range of interest rates set out in the Final Terms on the basis of one or more formulae specified in the Conditions. Notes which do not bear any interest will be offered and sold at a discount to their nominal amount or at par. The terms applicable to each Series of such Notes will be agreed between the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer at the time of issue of the relevant Notes, specified in the Final Terms and summarised in the relevant issue specific summary annexed to the Final Terms.</p> <p><i>Fixed Rate Notes, Floating Rate Notes, Zero Coupon Notes and Variable Interest Rate Notes</i></p> <p>Notes issued under the Base Prospectus for the issuance of Medium Term Notes and Inflation Linked Notes in respect of the €40,000,000,000 Global Issuance Programme of ING Bank N.V., ING Bank N.V., Sydney Branch and ING Americas Issuance B.V. dated 28 June 2013 (the “Level 1 Programme Prospectus”) may be Fixed Rate Notes, Floating Rate Notes, Zero Coupon Notes or adopt one of the following Variable Interest Rate Payouts (such Notes being “Variable Interest Rate Notes”):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tailor-Made Interest • Step-up Interest

Element	Title	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Floater Interest • Floater with Lock-In Interest • Reverse Floater Interest • Ratchet Floater Interest • Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest • Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest • Steepener Interest • Steepener with Lock-In Interest • Range Accrual(Rates) Interest • Range Accrual(Spread) Interest • Inverse Range Accrual Interest • KO Range Accrual Interest • Dual Range Accrual Interest • Snowball Interest • SnowRanger Interest • Barrier(Rates) Interest <p><i>Fixed Rate Notes</i></p> <p>Fixed Rate Notes will bear interest at the fixed rate specified in the Final Terms. The interest rate payable on Fixed Rate Notes remains constant throughout the life of the Notes and is not subject to variation.</p> <p><i>Floating Rate Notes</i></p> <p>Floating Rate Notes will bear interest either at a rate determined:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) on the same basis as the floating rate under a notional interest rate swap transaction in the relevant specified currency governed by an agreement incorporating the 2006 ISDA Definitions (as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc., and as amended and updated as at the issue date of the first Tranche of the Notes of the relevant Series); or (ii) on the basis of a reference rate appearing on the agreed screen page of a commercial quotation service. <p>The (positive or negative) margin (if any) relating to such floating rate will be specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p><i>Zero Coupon Notes</i></p> <p>Zero Coupon Notes will be offered and sold at par or at a discount to their nominal amount. Zero Coupon Notes do not bear interest and an investor will not receive any return on the Notes until redemption.</p> <p><i>Variable Interest Rate Notes</i></p> <p><i>Initial Fixed Rate Period</i></p> <p>The Final Terms for any Series of Variable Interest Rate Notes may specify that there will be a “Fixed Rate Period”. If so, the Notes will bear interest at the specified fixed rate of interest during the Fixed Rate Period, and only after the end</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>of the Fixed Rate Period will the variable interest basis apply.</p> <p><i>Tailor-Made Interest Notes</i></p> <p>Tailor-Made Interest Notes will bear interest at a floating rate of interest based on the underlying rate plus the (positive or negative) margin specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p><i>Step-Up Interest Notes</i></p> <p>Step-Up Interest Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate of interest which increases (or “steps-up”) periodically during the life of the Notes.</p> <p>For the first interest period (or the first interest period after any Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period (and no “Step-Up” will apply). Thereafter, for each interest period, the rate of interest payable on the Notes will increase by the “Step-Up” applicable to that interest period.</p> <p><i>Floater Interest Notes</i></p> <p>For each interest period (or for each interest period after any Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a floating rate of interest based on the underlying rate plus the (positive or negative) margin specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p><i>Floater with Lock-In Interest Notes</i></p> <p>Floater with Lock-In Interest Notes have the same characteristics as Floater Interest Notes except that if the Rate of Interest that would otherwise be payable by the Issuer on the Notes for any interest period exceeds, or equals or exceeds, (as specified in the Final Terms) the rate of interest specified as the “Lock-In” for that interest period, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for that interest period and all subsequent interest periods will be the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(Lock-In)(t)”.</p> <p><i>Reverse Floater Interest Notes</i></p> <p>For each interest period (or for each interest period after any Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest.</p> <p>The variable rate of interest is calculated by subtracting from a specified fixed rate of interest (referred to as the “Fix”) the underlying rate specified in the Final Terms. Consequently, there is an inverse relationship between the underlying rate and the rate of interest payable on the Notes (meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the rate of interest payable on the Notes decreases and, if the underlying rate decreases, the rate of interest payable on the Notes increases, in each case subject to any cap or floor mentioned below).</p> <p><i>Ratchet Floater Interest Notes</i></p> <p>For each interest period (or for each interest period after any Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest based on the underlying rate plus the (positive or negative) margin specified in the Final Terms, subject to a “ratchet” feature as described below.</p> <p><i>Ratchet Floor without Cap:</i></p> <p>If the Final Terms specify that “Ratchet Floor without Cap” applies, then the variable rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for any interest period</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>(other than the “Fixed Rate Period” referred to above) will be the higher of (1) the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the previous interest period plus the “ratchet” percentage that applies to the current interest period and (2) the underlying rate plus the (positive or negative) margin for the current interest period. Consequently, if the underlying rate falls from one interest period to the next, investors will still be entitled to receive a rate of interest on the Notes equal to the rate of interest payable in the previous interest period plus the ratchet.</p> <p><i>Ratchet Floor with Cap:</i></p> <p>If the Final Terms specify that “Ratchet Floor with Cap” applies, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for any interest period will be the higher of (1) the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the previous interest period plus the “ratchet” percentage that applies to the current interest period and (2) the underlying rate plus the (positive or negative) margin for the current interest period, provided that the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for any interest period will not exceed the “Cap” applicable to that interest period. Consequently, if the underlying rate falls from one interest period to the next, investors will still be entitled to receive a rate of interest on the Notes equal to the rate of interest payable in the previous interest period plus the ratchet (subject to the rate of interest for any interest period not exceeding the applicable Cap).</p> <p><i>Ratchet Cap without Floor:</i></p> <p>If the Final Terms specify that “Ratchet Cap without Floor” applies then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the first interest period (or for the first interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) will be equal to the underlying rate plus the (positive or negative) margin for that interest period.</p> <p>For any subsequent interest period the rate of interest will be the lower of (1) the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the previous interest period plus the “ratchet” percentage that applies to the current interest period and (2) the underlying rate plus the (positive or negative) margin for the current interest period. Consequently, if the underlying rate increases from one interest period to the next, investors may not receive the full benefit of this increase as the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be subject to a maximum of the rate of interest payable for the previous interest period plus the ratchet.</p> <p><i>Ratchet Cap with Floor:</i></p> <p>If the Final Terms specify that “Ratchet Cap with Floor” applies then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the first interest period (or for the first interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) will be equal to the underlying rate plus the (positive or negative) margin for that interest period, subject to a minimum of the “Floor”.</p> <p>For any subsequent interest period, the rate of interest will be the lower of (1) the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the previous interest period plus the “ratchet” percentage that applies to the current interest period and (2) the underlying rate plus the (positive or negative) margin for the current interest period, provided that the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for any interest period will not be lower than the “Floor” applicable to that interest period. Consequently, if the underlying rate increases from one interest period to the next,</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>investors may not receive the full benefit of this increase as the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be subject to a maximum of the rate of interest payable for the previous interest period plus the ratchet (subject to the rate of interest for any interest period not being lower than the applicable Floor).</p> <p><i>Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest Notes, then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest, but the Issuer has the option to switch the interest rate from the specified fixed rate to a floating rate for future interest periods upon giving Noteholders a minimum number of business days' notice.</p> <p>If the Issuer exercises its option to switch the rate of interest from the fixed rate to the floating rate then, on and after the effective date of the switch, the Notes will bear interest at a floating rate based on the underlying rate plus the (positive or negative) margin specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p><i>Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest Notes, then the Notes will bear interest at a floating rate of interest based on the underlying rate plus the (positive or negative) margin specified in the Final Terms, but the Issuer has the option to switch the interest rate from the floating rate of interest to a specified fixed rate of interest for future interest periods upon giving Noteholders a minimum number of business days' notice.</p> <p>If the Issuer exercises its option to switch the rate of interest from the floating rate of interest to the fixed rate of interest then, on and after the effective date of the switch, the Notes will bear interest at the specified fixed rate of interest.</p> <p><i>Steeper Interest Notes</i></p> <p>For each interest period (or for each interest period after any Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest based on the difference (referred to as the "Spread") between two underlying rates (referred to as "Underlying Rate1" and "Underlying Rate2") specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p>If Underlying Rate1 exceeds Underlying Rate2 in relation to the relevant interest period, the Spread will be a positive figure. Conversely, if Underlying Rate1 is lower than Underlying Rate2 in relation to the relevant interest period, the Spread will be a negative figure.</p> <p><i>Steeper with Lock-In Interest Notes</i></p> <p>Steeper with Lock-In Interest Notes have the same characteristics as Steeper Interest Notes, except that if the Rate of Interest that would otherwise be payable by the Issuer on the Notes for any interest period exceeds, or equals or exceeds, (as specified in the Final Terms) the rate of interest specified as the "Lock-In" for that interest period, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for that interest period and all subsequent interest periods will be the applicable "Rate of Interest(Lock-In)".</p> <p><i>Range Accrual(Rates) Interest Notes</i></p> <p>For each interest period (or for each interest period after any Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest based on the number</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>of range accrual observation days within the relevant range accrual observation period when the relevant range accrual reference rate was within a specified range.</p> <p>The variable rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period will be calculated as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. First, the number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual period on which the range accrual reference rate was within the specified range is calculated, and divided by the total number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual period (the resulting fraction being the “Range Accrual Fraction”). 2. Secondly, the sum of the underlying rate and the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin1”, is multiplied by the Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting rate of interest is referred to here as the “Range Accrual Rate”. 3. Thirdly, the number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period on which the range accrual reference rate was outside the specified range is calculated and divided by the total number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual period (the resulting fraction being the “Inverse Range Accrual Fraction”). 4. Fourthly, the sum of the underlying rate and the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin2”, is multiplied by the Inverse Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting rate of interest is referred to here as the “Inverse Range Accrual Rate”. 5. The rate of interest payable by the Issuer in respect of the relevant interest period is the sum of the Range Accrual Rate and the Inverse Range Accrual Rate. <p><i>Range Accrual(Spread) Interest Notes</i></p> <p>Range Accrual(Spread) Interest Notes have the same characteristics as Range Accrual(Rates) Interest Notes except that, instead of a range accrual reference rate, the Rate of Interest is calculated using the difference between two range accrual reference rates.</p> <p><i>Inverse Range Accrual Interest Notes</i></p> <p>For each interest period (or for each interest period after any Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest based on the number of range accrual observation days within the relevant range accrual observation period when the relevant range accrual reference rate was within a specified range.</p> <p>The variable rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period will be calculated as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. First, the number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual period on which the range accrual reference rate was within the specified range is calculated, and divided by the total number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual period (the resulting fraction being the “Range Accrual Fraction”). 2. Secondly, the sum of the underlying rate and the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin1”, is multiplied by the Range

Element	Title	
		<p>Accrual Fraction. The resulting rate of interest is referred to here as the “Range Accrual Rate”.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="587 331 1514 510">3. Thirdly, the number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period on which the range accrual reference rate was outside the specified range is calculated and divided by the total number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual period (the resulting fraction being the “Inverse Range Accrual Fraction”). <li data-bbox="587 521 1514 667">4. Fourthly, the sum of the underlying rate and the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin2”, is multiplied by the Inverse Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting rate of interest is referred to here as the “Inverse Range Accrual Rate”. <li data-bbox="587 678 1514 779">5. The rate of interest payable by the Issuer in respect of the relevant interest period is the sum of the Range Accrual Rate and the Inverse Range Accrual Rate. <p><i>KO Range Accrual Interest Notes</i></p> <p>For each interest period (or for each interest period after any Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest based on whether the relevant range accrual reference rate was within a specified range on every range accrual observation day within the relevant range accrual observation period.</p> <p>If the relevant range accrual reference rate was within the range on every range accrual observation date within the relevant range accrual period, then the rate of interest will equal the sum of the underlying rate and the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin1”. If not, the rate of interest will equal the sum of the underlying rate and the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin2”.</p> <p><i>Dual Range Accrual Interest Notes</i></p> <p>Dual Range Accrual Interest Notes have the same characteristics as Range Accrual(Rates) Interest Notes, except that the variable rate of interest is determined by the number of range accrual observation days within the relevant range accrual observation period when both the “Range Accrual Reference Factor1” and the “Range Accrual Reference Factor2” were within a specified range.</p> <p><i>Snowball Interest Notes</i></p> <p>For the first interest period (or for the first interest period after any Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest. For every subsequent interest period, the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest calculated as the sum of (1) the rate of interest applicable to the Notes for the previous interest period and (2) a rate equal to a specified fixed rate (referred to as “Fix”) minus the underlying rate.</p> <p>As the underlying rate is subtracted from Fix in calculating the variable rate of interest applicable to the Notes, there is an inverse relationship between changes in the underlying rate and the variable rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes.</p> <p><i>SnowRanger Interest Notes</i></p> <p>For each interest period (or for each interest period after any Fixed Rate Period has</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest based on the number of range accrual observation days within the relevant range accrual observation period when the relevant range accrual reference rate was within a specified range.</p> <p>The variable rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period will be calculated as follows:</p> <p>If the Final Terms specify that there is no Fixed Rate Period, then for the first interest period the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will equal the sum of (1) the underlying rate and (2) the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin1”, with such sum multiplied by the Range Accrual Fraction.</p> <p>If the Final Terms specify that there is no Fixed Rate Period and the interest period is other than the first interest period, or if the Final Terms specify that there is a Fixed Rate Period but the interest period is the first interest period after the end of the Fixed Rate Period, then the variable rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will equal the sum of (1) the rate of interest on the Notes for the previous interest period and (2) the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin2”, with such sum multiplied by the Range Accrual Fraction.</p> <p>The Range Accrual Fraction is calculated by dividing the number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual period on which the range accrual reference rate was within the specified range by the total number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual period.</p> <p><i>Barrier(Rates) Interest Notes</i></p> <p>For each interest period (or for each interest period after any Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a floating rate of interest based on the underlying rate plus the (positive or negative) margin specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p>If the underlying rate does not meet the “Upper Barrier Criterion” specified in the Final Terms, the multiplier to be applied will be the percentage specified to be the “Multiplier(Upper Barrier)”.</p> <p>If the underlying rate meets both the “Upper Barrier Criterion” and the “Lower Barrier Criterion” specified in the Final Terms, the multiplier to be applied will be the percentage specified to be the “Multiplier(Barrier)”.</p> <p>If the underlying rate does not meet the “Lower Barrier Criterion” specified in the Final Terms, the multiplier to be applied will be the percentage specified to be the “Multiplier(Lower Barrier)”.</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer during any Fixed Rate Period, the Multiplier(Upper Barrier), the Multiplier(Barrier), the Multiplier(Lower Barrier), the margin, the cap (if applicable) and the floor (if applicable) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p><i>Inflation Linked Interest Notes</i></p> <p>Notes issued under the Level 1 Programme Prospectus may also be Inflation Linked Interest Notes. Inflation Linked Interest Notes may take the form of either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest Notes • Reference Item(Inflation) Indexed Interest Notes.

Element	Title	
		<p><i>Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest Notes</i></p> <p>For each interest period (or for each interest period after any Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest based on the percentage change in the level of the specified Inflation Index between the level of the Inflation Index for the Reference Month specified as being Reference Month(t-1) and the level of the Inflation Index for the Reference Month specified as being Reference Month(t) for the relevant interest period and interest payment date, plus the applicable (positive or negative) margins.</p> <p><i>Reference Item(Inflation) Indexed Interest Notes</i></p> <p>For each interest period (or for each interest period after any Fixed Rate Period has ended), the Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate of interest, but the fixed rate of interest will be adjusted to take into account changes in the level of the specified Inflation Index between the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the Reference Month specified in the Final Terms as the Initial Reference Month and the level of the Inflation Index for the Reference Month specified as being Reference Month(t) for the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p><i>Index Linked Interest Notes</i></p> <p>Index Linked Interest Notes may take the form of any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Step-Up Barrier Interest Notes • Memory Interest Notes • One Touch Memory Interest Notes • Range Accrual(Index) Interest Notes • Barrier(Index) Interest Notes • One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest Notes • Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Interest Notes • Best Of Interest Notes • One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest Notes. <p>Index Linked Interest Notes may also be Index Linked Redemption Notes or Inflation Linked Redemption Notes or be redeemed on another redemption basis.</p> <p><i>Step-Up Barrier Interest Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Step-Up Barrier Interest Notes, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of the first interest period and first interest payment date will be either:</p> <p>(i) if the level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to, (as specified in the Final Terms) the level specified as the “Coupon Barrier(t)” for the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or each and every index in the basket or the basket (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) for the first interest period and interest payment date, the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(1)” in the Final Terms; or</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>(ii) otherwise, zero.</p> <p>In respect of subsequent interest periods and interest payment dates, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be either:</p> <p>(i) if the level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to, (as specified in the Final Terms) the Coupon Barrier(t) for such interest period and interest payment date, the product of the rate per annum specified in the Final Terms as the “Step-Up” and the number of interest payment dates that have occurred; or</p> <p>(ii) otherwise, zero.</p> <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to, (as specified in the Final Terms) the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the index or the basket (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) for the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p><i>Memory Interest Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Memory Interest Notes, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of the first interest period and first interest payment date will be either:</p> <p>(i) if the level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the Final Terms) the level specified as the “Coupon Barrier(t)” for the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or each and every index in the basket or the basket (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) for the first interest period and interest payment date, the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(1)” in the Final Terms; or</p> <p>(ii) otherwise, zero.</p> <p>In respect of subsequent interest periods and interest payment dates, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be either:</p> <p>(i) if the level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) for such interest period and interest payment date, a rate of interest per annum calculated as</p> <p>(x) the product of the rate per annum specified in the Final Terms as the</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>“Memory” and the number of interest payment dates up to and including the current interest payment date minus (y) the sum of the rate of interest paid in respect of each preceding interest payment date; or</p> <p>(ii) otherwise, zero.</p> <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to, (as specified in the Final Terms) the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the index or the basket (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) for the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p><i>One Touch Memory Interest Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are One Touch Memory Interest Notes, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of the first interest period and first interest payment date will be either:</p> <p>(i) if the level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on any single day during the coupon barrier observation period related to the first interest period and first interest payment date is greater than, or greater than or equal to, (as specified in the Final Terms) the level specified as the “Coupon Barrier(t)” for the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or each and every index in the basket or the basket (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) for the first interest period and interest payment date, the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(1)” in the Final Terms; or</p> <p>(ii) otherwise, zero.</p> <p>In respect of subsequent interest periods and interest payment dates, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be either:</p> <p>(i) if the level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on any single day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to, (as specified in the Final Terms) the Coupon Barrier(t) for such interest period and interest payment date, a rate of interest per annum calculated as (x) the product of the rate per annum specified in the Final Terms as the “Memory” and the number of interest payment dates up to and including the current interest payment date minus (y) the sum of the rate of interest paid in respect of each preceding interest payment date; or</p> <p>(ii) otherwise, zero.</p> <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of the index (in the case</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on any day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to, (as specified in the Final Terms) the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the index or the basket (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) for the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p><i>Range Accrual(Index) Interest Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Range Accrual(Index) Interest Notes, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and interest payment date will be calculated by multiplying the rate of interest specified in the Final Terms as the “Rate of Interest(Range Accrual)” by the Range Accrual Fraction.</p> <p>The Range Accrual Fraction is calculated by dividing the number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period on which the level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) was within the specified range by the total number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual period.</p> <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore depend on the number of range accrual observation dates during the range accrual observation period on which the level of the index, or each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level, as the case may be, was within the specified range.</p> <p><i>Barrier(Index) Interest Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Barrier(Index) Interest Notes, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and interest payment date will be either:</p> <p>(i) if the level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to, (as specified in the Final Terms) the level specified as the “Coupon Barrier(t)” for the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or each and every index in the basket or the basket (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) for such interest period and interest payment date, the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(1)” in the Final Terms; or</p> <p>(ii) otherwise, zero.</p> <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to, (as specified in the Final Terms) the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>index or the basket (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) for the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p><i>One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest Notes, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and interest payment date will be either:</p> <p>(i) if the level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on any single day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to, (as specified in the Final Terms) the level specified as the “Coupon Barrier(t)” for the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or each and every index in the basket or the basket (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) for such interest period and interest payment date, the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(1)” in the Final Terms; or</p> <p>(ii) otherwise, zero.</p> <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on any single day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to, (as specified in the Final Terms) the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the index for the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p><i>Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Interest Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Interest Notes and if “FIXED BEST” is specified as not applicable in the applicable Final Terms, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and related interest payment date will be the higher of (i) Min Coupon and (ii) the Performance of the relevant index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the weighted average Performance(k) of each index comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes). If “FIXED BEST” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and related interest payment date will be the higher of (i) Min Coupon and (ii) the lower of the Coupon Index Cap and the Fixed Best Basket Performance.</p> <p>“Fixed Best Basket Performance” is calculated by substituting the Performance of a certain number of indices comprised in the basket that have the highest Performance with a fixed percentage (referred to as the “Fixed Return”). The Fixed Best Basket Performance will then be calculated as the sum of the weighted average of the Performance for the specified number of indices which have the lowest Performance and the weighted average of the Fixed Return for the remaining components of the basket that have the highest Performance.</p>

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		<p>“Min Coupon” means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) if the Final Terms specify that “Memory Coupon” is not applicable, the percentage rate per annum specified in the Final Terms as “Min Reference Rate”; or (ii) if the Final Terms specify that “Memory Coupon” is applicable, then, for the first interest period and interest payment date, “Min Coupon” will be the percentage rate per annum specified in the Final Terms as “Rate of Interest(1)” and for all subsequent interest periods and interest payment dates “Min Coupon” will mean the higher of (1) the rate of interest payable on the Notes in respect of the previous interest period and related interest payment date and (2) Rate of Interest(1). <p>“Performance” means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) if the Final Terms specify that “ICAP” is applicable, the higher of (a) the Coupon Index Floor and (b) the lower of Observation Performance multiplied by 100% and the Coupon Index Cap; (ii) if the Final Terms specify that “MAGNET” is applicable, then (i) if the Observation Performance is greater than or equal to zero, the higher of the Coupon Index Floor specified in the Final Terms and the Coupon Index Cap specified in the Final Terms or (ii) otherwise, the higher of (a) the Coupon Index Floor and (b) the lower of Observation Performance multiplied by 100% and zero; or (iii) if the applicable Final Terms specify that “FIXED BEST” is applicable, the higher of the Coupon Index Floor and the Observation Performance multiplied by 100%. <p>“Observation Performance” means either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (A) in the case of Single Index Linked Notes, the quotient of (i) the level of the index on the relevant coupon observation date minus the strike level and (ii) the initial index level; or (B) in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes, and in respect of any index comprised in the basket, the quotient of (i) the level of the index on the relevant coupon observation date minus the strike level and (ii) the initial index level. <p><i>Best Of Interest Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Best Of Interest Notes, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and interest payment date will be either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) if the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to, (as specified in the Final Terms) the initial index level for the relevant index in the basket or the basket initial level in respect of the basket (as the case may be), the higher of (i) the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(1)” in the Final Terms and (ii) the quotient of (a) the Basket Final Level minus the Basket Strike Level and (b) the Basket Initial Level, and then expressing the result as a percentage.; or

Element	Title	
		<p>(ii) otherwise, zero.</p> <p>“Basket Final Level” means the weighted average of the quotient of (i) the level of each index comprised in the basket on the date specified in the Final Terms to be the Valuation Date (as such date may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), in respect of such indices comprised in the basket.</p> <p>“Initial Index Level(k)” means, in respect of such indices comprised in the basket, the level of such index on the Strike Date.</p> <p>“Strike Date” means the date specified as such in the Final Terms as such date may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Basket Strike Level” means the product of (i) the Strike Level Percentage specified in the Final Terms and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.</p> <p>“Basket Initial Level” means one.</p> <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to, (as specified in the Final Terms) the initial index level for the relevant index in the basket or the basket initial level in respect of the basket (as the case may be) for the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p><i>One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest Notes, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and related interest payment date will be either:</p> <p>(i) if the level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on any single day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the Final Terms) the level specified as the “Coupon Barrier(t)” for the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or each and every index in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) for such interest period and interest payment date, the higher of the Lock-In(t) specified in the applicable Final Terms and the Performance (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the Basket Performance (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>(ii) otherwise, the higher of zero and the Performance (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the Basket Performance (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>“Performance” means, in respect of any index comprised in the basket, the higher of (a) the Coupon Index Floor specified in the applicable Final Terms and (b) the lower of (1) the product of the Observation Performance and 100% and (2) the Coupon Index Cap specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p>“Observation Performance” means the quotient of (i) the level of the index on the relevant coupon observation date minus the strike level and (ii) the initial index</p>

Element	Title	
	<p>Redemption: The maturity date, amortisation and repayment procedures</p>	<p>level.</p> <p>“Basket Performance” means, in respect of the basket, the higher of (a) the Coupon Index Floor specified in the applicable Final Terms and (b) the lower of (1) the product of the Basket Observation Performance and 100% and (2) the Coupon Index Cap specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p>“Basket Observation Performance” means the weighted average of the quotient of (i) the level of each and every index in the basket on the relevant coupon observation date minus the strike level in respect of each and every index in the basket and (ii) the initial index level of each and every index in the basket.</p> <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or each and every index in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on any single day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to, (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p>Multipliers</p> <p>In calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes, a “multiplier” or a “participation” may be applied to the underlying rate, floating rate, spread, inflation rate or other component (each a “Component”), meaning that the Component is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the multiplier is 100 per cent., the effect of the multiplier will be to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the relevant Component. If the multiplier is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the relevant Component will be magnified. If the multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be scaled down.</p> <p>Caps</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>Floors</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>Interest Payment Dates and Day Count Fractions</p> <p>Interest will be payable in arrear on each interest payment date, and will be calculated on the basis of the day count fraction, in each case specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p>Redemption</p> <p>The Final Terms relating to each Tranche of Notes will indicate either that the Notes cannot be redeemed prior to their stated maturity (other than following an Event of Default (as defined herein), or for taxation reasons) or that such Notes will be redeemable (a) at the option of the Global Issuer and/or the holders of the Notes upon giving not less than 5 nor more than 30 days’ irrevocable notice (or such other</p>

Element	Title	
	Representative of the debt security holders	<p>notice period (if any) as is indicated in the Final Terms) to the holders of the Notes or the Issuer, as the case may be, or (b) automatically, in the event of certain specified conditions in relation to the underlying index or component(s) in an underlying basket of indices being met, on a date or dates specified prior to such stated maturity and at a price or prices and on such terms as are indicated in the Final Terms.</p> <p>In addition, the Global Issuer may at any time, by notice to the holders of the Notes, redeem all but not some only of the Notes of any Series for the time being outstanding at their Early Redemption Amount (as defined in the terms and conditions for the particular issue) if, prior to the date of such notice, 90 per cent. or more in principal amount of the Notes of such Series hitherto issued have been redeemed.</p> <p>The amount payable on final redemption of the Notes will be calculated by reference to (i) the level of an index or basket of indices, or (ii) the level of an inflation index as specified in the Final Terms and summarised in the relevant issue specific summary annexed to the Final Terms.</p> <p>Not Applicable.</p>
C.10	If the security has a derivative component in the interest payment, an explanation of how the value of the investment is affected by the value of the underlying instrument	<p>The return on, and value of, the Notes may be linked to the level of a specified index or basket of indices, or the level of a specified inflation index. In addition, interest or distribution payments (if any) may be linked to a specified index, basket of indices, market interest rate(s) or an inflation index.</p> <p>Please see C.9 above and C.18 below for further details.</p>
C.11	Application for admission to trading and distribution in a regulated market	<p><i>Listing and admission to trading</i></p> <p>Notes may be: (i) admitted to trading on NYSE Euronext in Amsterdam, a regulated market of Euronext Amsterdam N.V.; (ii) admitted to the official list of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange; (iii) admitted to trading on the regulated market of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange; (iv) (with respect to the Global Issuer only) admitted to trading on the regulated market of Euronext Paris S.A.; (v) admitted to trading on a regulated market of Borsa Italiana S.p.A.; (vi) admitted to trading on another regulated market as defined under Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on markets in financial instruments (the “Markets in Financial Instruments Directive”); (vii) admitted to trading on an unregulated market as defined under the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive; or (viii) unlisted and not admitted to trading on any market.</p>
C.15	Description of how the value of your investment is affected by the value of the Underlying Assets	Please see C.9 above and C.18 below.
C.16	The expiration or maturity date of the securities	Subject to early redemption, the Notes are scheduled to redeem on the Maturity Date specified in the Final Terms. This day is subject to postponement in circumstances where any day on which a valuation is scheduled to take place is a

Element	Title	
		disrupted day.
C.17	A description of the settlement procedures of the securities	<p>Settlement procedures will vary depending on the clearing system for the Notes and local practices in the jurisdiction of the investor.</p> <p>The Notes will be delivered on the issue date either against payment of the issue price or free of payment of the issue price as specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p>The Notes may be cleared and settled through, amongst others, Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. or Clearstream Banking, <i>société anonyme</i>.</p>
C.18	A description of how the return on derivative securities takes place	<p>The amount payable as interest, distribution or on redemption of the Notes may or may not be linked to an underlying.</p> <p>The value of the underlying to which the Notes are linked will affect the interest paid, any distribution made under the Notes, whether the Notes redeem early and the amount paid on the redemption date.</p> <p><i>Inflation Linked Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>Notes issued under the Level 1 Programme Prospectus may also be Inflation Linked Redemption Notes. Inflation Linked Redemption Notes may take the form of either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inflation Indexed Redemption Notes • Inflation Indexed with Floor Redemption Notes. <p><i>Inflation Indexed Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount for the Notes will be their denomination plus the percentage change (which may be positive or negative) in the level of the Inflation Index between the Reference Month specified in the Final Terms as the Initial Reference Month and the Reference Month specified in the Final Terms as the Final Reference Month.</p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount will therefore have a direct relationship with the percentage change in the level of the Inflation Index. If the level of the Inflation Index has risen, then this will result in the Final Redemption Amount being higher than the denomination of the Notes. If the level of the Inflation Index has fallen, then this will result in the Final Redemption Amount being lower than the denomination of the Notes (meaning that investors would lose some or all of their initial investment).</p> <p><i>Inflation Indexed with Floor Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount for the Notes will be based on the denomination of the Notes plus the sum of the percentage change (which may be positive or negative) in the level of the Inflation Index between the Reference Month specified in the Final Terms as the Initial Reference Month and the Reference Month specified in the Final Terms as the Final Reference Month and the applicable margins specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount will therefore have a direct relationship with the percentage change (the “inflation rate”) in the level of the Inflation Index. If the level of the Inflation Index has risen, then this will result in the Final Redemption Amount being higher than the denomination of the Notes. If the level of the Inflation Index has fallen then this will result in the Final Redemption Amount being</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>principal protected to the extent of an Inflation Floor specified in the Final Terms (provided the applicable margins are either zero or positive figures).</p> <p><i>Index Linked Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>Index Linked Redemption Notes may take the form of any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1100) • Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1120) • (Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1130) • (Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1400) • Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1220) • Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1230) • Capped Outperformance Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1240) • Capped Bonus Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1250) • Express Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1260) • Tracker Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1300) • Outperformance Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1310) • Bonus Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1320) • Outperformance Bonus Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1330) • Twin-Win Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1340) • Warrant Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 2100) • Spread Warrant Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 2110) • Knock-Out Warrant Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 2200) <p><i>Performance and Basket Performance</i></p> <p>With the exception of (Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of each Index Linked Redemption Note is dependent upon the Performance of the relevant index (in the of the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the Basket Performance or the Performance of particular indices in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p><i>Single Index Linked Notes</i></p> <p>In the case of Index Linked Redemption Notes that are Single Index Linked Notes, the way the Performance is calculated will depend upon whether “Asian-out” or “Lookback-out” are specified to be applicable in the Final Terms.</p> <p>If neither “Asian-out” nor “Lookback-out” is specified to be applicable in the Final Terms, the “Performance” is calculated as the quotient of (i) the Final Index Level minus the Strike Level and (ii) the Initial Index Level and then expressing the result as a percentage.</p> <p>If “Asian-out” is specified to be applicable in the Final Terms, the “Performance” is</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>calculated as the quotient of (i) the Average Index Level minus the Strike Level and (ii) the Initial Index Level and then expressing the result as a percentage.</p> <p>If “Lookback-out” is specified to be applicable in the Final Terms, the “Performance” is calculated as the quotient of (i) the Max Index Level minus the Strike Level and (ii) the Initial Index Level and then expressing the result as a percentage.</p> <p>“Final Index Level” means the level of the Index on the date specified in the Final Terms to be the Valuation Date (as such date may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Average Index Level” means the arithmetic mean of the levels of the index on each date specified in the Final Terms to be an Asian-out Averaging Date (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Max Index Level” means the highest of the levels of the index on the dates specified in the Final Terms to be Lookback-out Observation Dates (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Strike Level” means the product of (i) the Strike Level Percentage specified in the Final Terms and (ii) the Initial Index Level and determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Initial Index Level” means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) if neither “Asian-in” nor “Lookback-in” is specified to be applicable in the Final Terms, the level of the index on the Strike Date; (ii) if “Asian-in” is specified to be applicable in the Final Terms, the arithmetic mean of the levels of the index on each date specified in the Final Terms to be an Asian-in Averaging Date (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions; and (iii) if “Lookback-in” is specified to be applicable in the Final Terms, the higher of (i) the lowest of the levels of the index on the dates specified in the Final Terms to be the Lookback-in Observation Dates (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and (ii) the product of (x) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage specified in the Final Terms and (y) the level of the index on the Strike Date, <p>in each case determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Strike Date” means the date specified as such in the Final Terms as such date may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Performance(1)” and “Performance(2)” are calculated using the same methodology as that used to calculate the “Performance”.</p> <p><i>Basket Index Linked Notes</i></p> <p><i>Basket Performance–Weighted Average</i></p> <p>In the case of Basket Index Linked Notes, the way the Basket Performance is calculated will depend upon whether “Asian-out” or “Lookback-out” are specified to be applicable in the Final Terms.</p>

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		<p>If neither “Asian-out” nor “Lookback-out” is specified to be applicable in the Final Terms, the “Basket Performance” is calculated as the quotient of (i) the Basket Final Level minus the Basket Strike Level and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, and then expressing the result as a percentage.</p> <p>If “Asian-out” is specified to be applicable in the Final Terms, the “Basket Performance” is calculated as the quotient of (i) the Average Basket Performance minus the Basket Strike Level and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, and then expressing the result as a percentage.</p> <p>If “Lookback-out” is specified to be applicable in the Final Terms, the “Basket Performance” is calculated as the quotient of (i) the Max Basket Performance minus the Basket Strike Level and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, and then expressing the result as a percentage.</p> <p>“Basket Final Level” means the sum of the product, for each index comprised in the basket of (x) the quotient of (i) the level of such index on the date specified in the Final Terms to be the Valuation Date (as such date may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) for such index and (y) the weighting assigned to such index.</p> <p>“Initial Index Level(k)” means, in respect of such indices comprised in the basket:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) if neither “Asian-in” nor “Lookback-in” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the level of such index on the Strike Date; (ii) if “Asian-in” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the arithmetic mean of the levels of such index on each date specified in the applicable Final Terms to be an Asian-in Averaging Date (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions; and (iii) if “Lookback-in” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the higher of (i) the lowest of the levels of such index on the dates specified in the applicable Final Terms to be the Lookback-in Observation Dates (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions), (ii) the product of (x) the Lookback-in Floor(k) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms and (y) the level of such index on the Strike Date, <p>in each case determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Average Basket Performance” means the arithmetic mean of the Basket Levels on each date specified in the Final Terms to be an Asian-out Averaging Date (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Basket Level” means, on any relevant date, the sum of the product, for each index comprised in the basket of (x) the quotient of (i) the level of such index on such date (as such date may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) for such index and (y) the weighting assigned to such index.</p> <p>“Max Basket Performance” means the highest of the Basket Levels on the dates specified in the Final Terms to be the Lookback-out Observation Dates (as such</p>

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		<p>dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Basket Strike Level” means the product of (i) the Strike Level Percentage specified in the Final Terms and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.</p> <p>“Basket Initial Level” means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) if neither “Asian-in” nor “Lookback-in” is specified to be applicable in the Final Terms, 1; (ii) if “Asian-in” is specified to be applicable in the Final Terms, the arithmetic average of the Basket Level on each date specified in the Final Terms to be an Asian-in Averaging Date (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions; and (iii) if “Lookback-in” is specified to be applicable in the Final Terms, the higher of (i) the lowest of the Basket Levels on the dates specified in the Final Terms to be the Lookback-in Observation Dates (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and (ii) the product of (x) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage specified in the Final Terms and (y) the Basket Level on the Strike Date and determined in accordance with the Conditions. <p>“Strike Date” means the date specified as such in the Final Terms as such date may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Basket Performance(1)” and “Basket Performance(2)” are calculated using the same methodology as that used to calculate the “Basket Performance”.</p> <p><i>“Best Performing Index”</i></p> <p>The Final Terms may specify that “Best Of” applies, in which case the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated using the “Performance(Best Performing Index)”. “Performance(Best Performing Index)” represents the Performance(k) of the index comprised in the basket that has the highest value for Performance(k). Performance(k) is calculated using a similar methodology to that used to calculate the “Performance” for Single Index Linked Notes.</p> <p><i>“Worst Performing Index”</i></p> <p>The Final Terms may specify that “Worst Of” applies, in which case the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated using the “Performance(Worst Performing Index)”. “Performance(Worst Performing Index)” represents the Performance(k) of the index comprised in the basket that has the lowest value for Performance(k). Performance(k) is calculated using a similar methodology to that used to calculate the “Performance” for Single Index Linked Notes.</p> <p>“Performance(Worst Performing Index)(1)” and “Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2)” are calculated using the same methodology as that used to calculate the “Performance(Worst Performing Index)” but are instead calculated on the basis of Performance(k)(1) and Performance(k)(2) respectively. Performance(k)(1) and Performance(k)(2) are calculated using the same methodology as that used to calculate the Performance(k).</p> <p><i>“Fixed Best Basket Performance”</i></p>

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		<p>The Final Terms may specify that “Fixed Best” applies, in which case the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated using “Fixed Best Basket Performance”. “Fixed Best Basket Performance” is calculated by substituting the Performance(k) of a certain number of indices comprised in the basket that have the highest Performance(k) with a fixed percentage (referred to as the “Fixed Return”). The Fixed Best Basket Performance will then be calculated as the sum of the weighted average of Performance(k) for the specified number of indices which have the lowest Performance(k) and the weighted average of the Fixed Return for the remaining components of the basket that have the highest Performance(k). Performance(k) will be calculated using a similar methodology to that used to calculate the “Performance” for Single Index Linked Notes.</p> <p><i>Relevant Performance</i></p> <p>In the following sections of this Overview, “Relevant Performance” means the “Performance”, “Performance(1)” or “Performance(2)” (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the “Basket Performance”, “Basket Performance(1)”, “Basket Performance(2)”, “Performance(Best Performing Index)”, “Performance(Worst Performing Index)”, “Performance(Worst Performing Index)(1)”, “Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2)” or “Fixed Best Basket Performance”, as may be specified in the Final Terms (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) for the relevant purpose.</p> <p><i>Relevant Performance(1)</i></p> <p>In the following sections of this Overview, “Relevant Performance(1)” means the “Performance(1)” (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the “Basket Performance(1)” or “Performance(Worst Performing Index)(1)”, as may be specified in the applicable Final Terms (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) for the relevant purpose.</p> <p><i>Relevant performance(2)</i></p> <p>In the following sections of this Overview, “Relevant Performance(2)” means the “Performance(2)” (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the “Basket Performance(2)” or “Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2)”, as may be specified in the applicable Final Terms (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) for the relevant purpose.</p> <p>Relevant Performance(2) will be relevant to the calculation of the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes only if the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes), the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion or the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion (as the case may be) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p><i>Redemption Barrier Events; “Final Monitoring” and “Continuous Monitoring”</i></p> <p>Where the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes is subject to the occurrence, or non-occurrence, of a Redemption Barrier Event, the Redemption Barrier Event may be either:</p> <p>(i) a “knock-in” barrier event (in which case the Final Terms will specify that “Redemption Barrier(knock-in)”, “Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k)” or</p>

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		<p>“Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in)” is applicable); or</p> <p>(ii) a “knock-out” barrier event (in which case the Final Terms will specify that “Redemption Barrier(knock-out)”, “Redemption Barrier(knock-out)(k)” or “Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-out)” is applicable).</p> <p>If the Redemption Barrier Event is a “knock-in” barrier event, then the Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the level of the index (in the case of “Redemption Barrier(knock-in)”), the level of an index comprised in the basket (in the case of “Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k)”) or the Basket Level (in the case of “Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in)”) is “less than” or “less than or equal to” (as specified in the Final Terms) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) or the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in), as the case may be.</p> <p>If the Redemption Barrier Event is a “knock-out” barrier event, then the Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the level of the index (in the case of “Redemption Barrier(knock-out)”), the level of an index comprised in the basket (in the case of “Redemption Barrier(knock-out)(k)”) or the Basket Level (in the case of “Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-out)”) is “greater than” or “greater than or equal to” (as specified in the Final Terms) the Redemption Barrier(knock-out), the Redemption Barrier(knock-out)(k) or the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-out), as the case may be.</p> <p>For the purposes of determining whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the Final Terms will specify whether either “Final Monitoring” or “Continuous Monitoring” will apply.</p> <p>Where “Final Monitoring” applies, the determination as to whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, or not occurred, will be based on observation of the relevant index level, index levels or Basket Level on a specified date (or dates).</p> <p>Where “Continuous Monitoring” applies, the determination as to whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, or not occurred, will be based on observation of the relevant index level, index levels or Basket Level over a specified observation period.</p> <p>Participation/Participation Call/Participation Put</p> <p>In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance may be multiplied by the Participation, Participation Call or Participation Put (as the case may be). The Participation, Participation Call or Participation Put (as the case may be) will be specified in the Final Terms. If the Participation, Participation Call or Participation Put (as the case may be) is higher than 100 per cent. this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>Conversely, if the Participation, Participation Call or Participation Put (as the case may be) is lower than 100 per cent. this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>Leverage Put</p> <p>In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance may be multiplied by the Leverage Put. The Leverage Put will be specified in the Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent. this will magnify the effect</p>

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		<p>of changes in the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>Conversely, if the Leverage Put is lower than 100 per cent. this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance.</p> <p><i>Flexo</i></p> <p>If the Final Terms specify that “Flexo” is applicable then the Final Redemption Amount that would otherwise be paid to Noteholders (if Flexo had not applied) will be adjusted by the Performance XRate. The Performance XRate reflects the change in exchange rate between two specified currencies between two specified fixing dates.</p> <p><i>Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) the Protection Level specified in the Final Terms and (b) the product of the Participation and the higher of zero and the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>The Notes therefore are capital protected to the extent of the percentage specified as the “Protection Level” in the Final Terms. In addition, if the Relevant Performance is positive, Noteholders will be entitled to receive, as part of the Final Redemption Amount, a percentage (being the Participation specified in the Final Terms) of the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount as the right of the Noteholders to receive any amount in excess of the Protection Level by way of Final Redemption Amount depends upon the Relevant Performance being positive. If the Relevant Performance is negative, Noteholders will still be entitled to receive the Protection Level. However, if the Protection Level is less than 100 per cent., the Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or (if the Protection Level is zero) all of their investment in the Notes.</p> <p><i>Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) the Protection Level specified in the Final Terms and (b) the product of (x) the Participation specified in the Final Terms and (y) the lower of (A) the Cap specified in the Final Terms and (B) the higher of zero and the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>The Notes therefore are capital protected to the extent of the percentage specified as the “Protection Level” in the Final Terms. In addition, if the Relevant Performance is positive, Noteholders will be entitled to receive, as part of the Final Redemption Amount, a percentage (being the Participation specified in the Final Terms) of the</p>

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		<p>Relevant Performance to the extent that the Relevant Performance does not exceed the Cap.</p> <p>In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount as the right of the Noteholders to receive any amount in excess of the Protection Level by way of Final Redemption Amount depends upon the Relevant Performance being positive. If the Relevant Performance is positive, Noteholders will only be able to benefit from the Relevant Performance to the extent that it does not exceed the Cap (and any excess above the Cap will not be reflected in the Final Redemption Amount). If the Relevant Performance is negative, Noteholders will still be entitled to receive the Protection Level. However, if the Protection Level is lower than 100 per cent., the Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or (if the Protection Level is zero) all of their investment in the Notes.</p> <p><i>(Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are (Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the index.</p> <p>A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the level of the index is “greater than or equal to” or “greater than” a specified level on a specified day or at any time during a specified period (all as specified in the Final Terms and the Conditions).</p> <p>If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) the Protection Level specified in the Final Terms and (b) the product of the Participation and the higher of zero and the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) the Protection Level specified in the Final Terms and (b) the Rebate.</p> <p>The Notes therefore are capital protected to the extent of the percentage specified as the “Protection Level” in the Final Terms. In addition, if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Relevant Performance is positive, Noteholders will be entitled to receive, as part of the Final Redemption Amount, a percentage (being the Participation specified in the Final Terms) of the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>Where no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the Final Terms.</p>

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		<p>The levels of the indices will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because (i) such levels will determine whether or not a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred (which will determine which formula is used to calculate the Final Redemption Amount) and (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the right of the Noteholders to receive any amount in excess of the Protection Level by way of Final Redemption Amount depends upon the Relevant Performance being positive. If the Relevant Performance is negative, Noteholders will still be entitled to receive the Protection Level. However, if the Protection Level is lower than 100 per cent., the Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or (if the Protection Level is zero) all of their investment in the Notes.</p> <p><i>(Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are (Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the Protection Level specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p>The Notes therefore are capital protected to the extent of the percentage specified as the “Protection Level” in the Final Terms.</p> <p>If the Protection Level is lower than 100 per cent., the Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or (if the Protection Level is zero) all of their investment in the Notes.</p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount is not linked to any index or basket of indices. (Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption Notes will also be Index Linked Interest Notes.</p> <p><i>Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes where “Worst Of” is not applicable) or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes where “Worst Of” is applicable).</p> <p>If the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes), the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes where “Worst Of” is not applicable) or the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes where “Worst Of” is applicable) the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) 100 per cent.</p> <p>Otherwise, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms, (ii) the CA Factor and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of (I) the Leverage Put and (II) the Relevant Performance.</p>

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		<p>Noteholders will therefore only receive back the principal amount of their investment if the relevant criterion is met. If the relevant criterion is not met, Noteholders will be exposed to the negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because such levels will determine (i) which formula is used to calculate the Final Redemption Amount and (ii) if the relevant criterion is not met, the amount of the Final Redemption Amount.</p> <p><i>Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; and (2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes where “Worst Of” is not applicable) or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes where “Worst Of” is applicable). <p>If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) 100 per cent.</p> <p>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred then the Final Redemption Amount will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes where “Worst Of” is not applicable) or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes where “Worst Of” is applicable). If the relevant criterion is met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) 100 per cent.</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is not met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of (I) the Leverage Put and (II) the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>Noteholders will therefore only receive back the principal amount of their investment if either (1) no Redemption Barrier Event occurs or (2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the relevant criterion is met. If the relevant criterion is not met, Noteholders will be exposed to the negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p>

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		<p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because such levels will determine (i) which formula is used to calculate the Final Redemption Amount and (ii) if the relevant criterion is not met, the amount of the Final Redemption Amount.</p> <p><i>Capped Outperformance Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Capped Outperformance Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion with (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>If the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes), the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of the Participation and the lower of the Cap and the Relevant Performance. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is not met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of (I) the Leverage Put and (II) the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>Noteholders will therefore be exposed to any negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because: (i) in all scenarios the Final Redemption Amount will depend on the Relevant Performance; (ii) the levels will determine whether the relevant criterion is met; (iii) if the relevant criterion is met, the Relevant Performance (subject to the Cap) will be multiplied by the Participation in calculating the Final Redemption Amount; and (iv) if the relevant criterion is not met, the Relevant Performance will be multiplied by the Leverage Put in calculating the Final Redemption Amount .</p> <p><i>Capped Bonus Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Capped Bonus Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; and (2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket

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		<p>Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the higher of (x) the Bonus specified in the Final Terms and (y) the lower of the Cap and the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Final Index Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the lower of the Cap and the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is not met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>Noteholders will be exposed to the negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because: (i) in all scenarios the Final Redemption Amount will depend on the Relevant Performance; (ii) the levels will determine whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; (iii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has not occurred, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the higher of (x) the Bonus and (y) the lower of the Relevant Performance and the Cap; and (iv) if a Redemption Barrier has occurred, such levels will determine whether the relevant criterion is met.</p> <p><i>Express Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Express Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; and (2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes). <p>If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the</p>

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		<p>Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) 100 per cent.</p> <p>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Final Index Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) 100 per cent.</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is not met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of (I) the Leverage Put specified in the applicable Final Terms and (II) the Relevant Performance. In this case, Noteholders will be exposed to the negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because: (i) the levels will determine whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has not occurred, or if a Redemption Barrier has occurred but the relevant criterion is met, investors will be entitled to the return of 100 per cent. of the principal amount of their Notes but will have no entitlement to participate in any Relevant Performance; and (iii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and if the relevant criterion is not met, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the product of the Leverage Put and any positive or negative Relevant Performance (meaning that, if the Relevant Performance is positive, investors will be entitled to receive back more than the initial principal amount of their Notes, but, if the Relevant Performance is negative, investors may lose some or all of their investment).</p> <p><i>Tracker Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Tracker Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of the Participation and the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount payable on Tracker Redemption Notes therefore has a direct relationship to the Relevant Performance. Noteholders will be exposed to the negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p><i>Outperformance Redemption Notes</i></p>

Element	Title	
		<p>If the Notes are Outperformance Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>If the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes), the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent (b) the product of the Participation and the Relevant Performance(1).</p> <p>In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is not met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the Relevant Performance(2). Noteholders will therefore be exposed to any negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because: (i) in all scenarios the Final Redemption Amount will depend on the Relevant Performance(1) or the Relevant Performance(2); (ii) the levels will determine whether the relevant criterion is met; and (iii) if the relevant criterion is met, the Relevant Performance(1) will be multiplied by the Participation in calculating the Final Redemption Amount.</p> <p><i>Bonus Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Bonus Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; and (2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes). <p>If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the higher of (x) the Bonus specified in the Final Terms and (y) the Relevant Performance(1).</p> <p>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the Relevant Performance(1).</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is not met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of (I) the Leverage Put and (II) the Relevant Performance(2).</p> <p>Noteholders will therefore be exposed to the negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because: (i) in all scenarios, the Final Redemption Amount will depend on the Relevant Performance(1) or Relevant Performance(2); (ii) the levels will determine whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; (iii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has not occurred, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the higher of (x) the Bonus and (y) the Relevant Performance(1); (iv) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the relevant criterion is met, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the Relevant Performance(1); and (v) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the relevant criterion is not met, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the product of the Leverage Put and the Relevant Performance(2).</p> <p><i>Outperformance Bonus Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Outperformance Bonus Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; and (2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes). <p>If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the higher of (x) the Bonus specified in the Final Terms and (y) the product of the Participation and the Relevant Performance(1).</p> <p>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of the Participation and the Relevant Performance(1).</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is not met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of (I) the Leverage Put and (II) the Relevant Performance(2).</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because: (i) in all scenarios, the Final Redemption Amount will depend on the Relevant Performance(1) or the Relevant Performance(2); (ii) the levels will determine whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; (iii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has not occurred, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the higher of (x) the Bonus and (y) the product of the Participation and the Relevant Performance(1); (iv) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the relevant criterion is met, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the Relevant Performance(1); and (v) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the relevant criterion is not met, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the product of the Leverage Put and the Relevant Performance(2).</p> <p><i>Twin-Win Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Twin-Win Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; and (2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has not occurred, whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes). <p><i>If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:</i></p> <p>If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of the Participation Call and the lower of the Cap and the Relevant Performance(1).</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is not met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of the Participation Put specified in the Final Terms and the absolute value of the Relevant Performance(2).</p> <p><i>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:</i></p> <p>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; and (ii) the sum of (a) 100% and (b) the Relevant Performance(2). Noteholders will be exposed to the negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p><i>Relationship with the value of the index or basket:</i></p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because: (i) in all scenarios, the Final Redemption Amount will depend on the Relevant Performance(1) or the Relevant Performance(2); (ii) the levels will determine whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; (iii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and the relevant criterion is met, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the product of the Participation Call and the lower of (x) the Cap and (y) the Relevant Performance(1); (iv) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and the relevant criterion is not met, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the product of the Participation Put and the absolute value of the Relevant Performance(2); and (v) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the amount that will be returned to Noteholders will be directly related to the Relevant Performance(2).</p> <p><i>Warrant Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Warrant Redemption Notes, the Final Terms will specify whether the Warrant Type is “Call” or “Put”.</p> <p>If the Warrant Type is “Call” then the Relevant Performance is calculated in the manner described in the section “Performance and Basket Performance” above.</p> <p>If the Warrant Type is “Put” then the Relevant Performance is calculated in the inverse manner to that described in the section “Performance and Basket Performance” above.</p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on Warrant Redemption Notes will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the product of the Participation and the higher of zero and the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount payable on Warrant Redemption Notes therefore has</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>a direct relationship to the Relevant Performance. Noteholders will therefore be exposed to the negative performance (in the case of a “Call” Warrant) or positive performance (in the case of a “Put” Warrant) of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p><i>Spread Warrant Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Spread Warrant Redemption Notes, the Final Terms will specify whether the Warrant Type is “Call” or “Put”.</p> <p>If the Warrant Type is “Call” then the Relevant Performance is calculated in the manner described in the section “Performance and Basket Performance” above.</p> <p>If the Warrant Type is “Put” then the Relevant Performance is calculated in the inverse manner to that described in the section “Performance and Basket Performance” above.</p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on Spread Warrant Redemption Notes will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the product of the Participation and the higher of (x) zero and (y) the lower of the Spread (or the Basket Spread) and Relevant Performance.</p> <p>The “Spread” (or “Basket Spread”) represents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) in the case of Spread Warrant Redemption Notes where the Warrant Type is specified to be “Call”, the value equal to (i) the product of the percentage specified in the Final Terms to be the “Spread Percentage” and the level of the index on the Strike Date (or, in the case of the Basket Spread, the Basket Initial Level) less (ii) the Strike Level (or, in the case of the Basket Spread, the Basket Strike Level); or (ii) in the case of Spread Warrant Redemption Notes where the Warrant Type is specified to be “Put”, the value equal to (i) the Strike Level (or in the case of the Basket Spread, the Basket Strike Level); less (ii) the product of the percentage specified in the Final Terms to be the “Spread Percentage” and the level of the index on the Strike Date (or, in the case of the Basket Spread, the Basket Initial Level). <p>The Final Redemption Amount payable on Spread Warrant Redemption Notes therefore has a direct relationship to the Relevant Performance to the extent that the Relevant Performance does not exceed the Spread or the Basket Spread, as the case may be. Noteholders will therefore be exposed to the negative performance (in the case of a “Call” Warrant) or positive performance (in the case of a “Put” Warrant) of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p>In calculating the return on the Notes, no account will be taken of the Relevant Performance to the extent it exceeds the Spread or the Basket Spread (as the case</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>may be).</p> <p><i>Knock-Out Warrant Redemption Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Knock-Out Warrant Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred.</p> <p>If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the product of the Participation and the higher of zero and the Relevant Performance. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance (to the extent it does not exceed the Cap) is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the Final Terms.</p> <p>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the Final Terms, (ii) the CA Factor and (iii) the Rebate. If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the amount that will be returned to Noteholders will be the fixed percentage specified in the Final Terms as the Rebate.</p> <p>Noteholders will therefore be exposed to the negative performance (in the case of a “Call” Warrant) or positive performance (in the case of a “Put” Warrant) of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because (i) the levels will determine whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has not occurred, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the product of the Participation and the higher of (x) zero and (y) the Relevant Performance.</p>
C.19	Final reference level of the underlying	<p>The amount (if any) payable on redemption of the Notes may or may not be linked to (i) the level of an index or basket of indices, or (ii) the level of an inflation index as specified in the Final Terms. The final reference level of the index or basket of indices will be determined by the Calculation Agent by reference to a publicly available source on a specified date or dates, and the final level of the inflation index will be determined by the Calculation Agent as the inflation index published by the relevant index sponsor with respect to a specified month.</p>
C.20	A description of the type of the underlying and where information on the underlying can be found	<p>The return on, and value of, the Notes may be linked to the level of a specified index or basket of indices, the level of a specified inflation index and/or the exchange rate between two specified currencies.</p> <p>Information on the underlying may be found at the information source specified in the Final Terms and the relevant issue specific summary.</p>

Element	Title	
C.21	Indication of the market where the Notes will be traded and for which prospectus has been prepared	Please see C.11 above.

Section D – Risks

Element	Title	
D.2	Key information on key risks that are specific to the Issuer or its industry	<p>Because the Global Issuer is part of a financial services company conducting business on a global basis, the revenues and earnings of the Global Issuer are affected by the volatility and strength of the economic, business and capital markets environments specific to the geographic regions in which it conducts business. The ongoing turbulence and volatility of such factors have adversely affected, and may continue to adversely affect, the profitability and solvency of the Global Issuer. The Global Issuer has identified a number of specific factors which could adversely affect its business and ability to make payments due under the Notes. These factors include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • adverse capital and credit market conditions • the default of a major market participant • unforeseeable and/or catastrophic events • adverse changes or increases in financial services laws and/or regulations • continued turbulence and volatility in the financial markets and the economy generally • inability to increase or maintain market share • inability of counterparties to meet their financial obligations • market conditions and increased risk of loan impairments • interest rate volatility and other interest rate changes • failures of banks falling under the scope of state compensation schemes • inability to manage risks successfully through derivatives • inability to retain key personnel • inability to protect intellectual property and possibility to be subject to infringement claims • deficiencies in assumptions used to model client behaviour for market risk calculations • liabilities incurred in respect of defined benefit retirement plans • inadequacy of risk management policies and guidelines • regulatory risks

Element	Title	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • claims in respect of new financial products • ratings downgrades or potential downgrades • sustained increase in inflation • inherent operational risks • adverse publicity, regulatory actions or litigation • implementation of ING's Restructuring Plan • EC imposed limitations on ING • competitive and other disadvantages resulting from the Restructuring Plan • failure to achieve intended reductions in costs, risk and leverage under the Restructuring Plan • ING's agreements with the Dutch State • potential imposition of additional behavioural constraints by the EC in respect of remaining Core Tier 1 securities
D.3	Key information on the key risks that are specific to the Notes	<p>The following key risks may arise in relation to the Index Linked Notes:</p> <p>(a) the value of the Notes and any interest or principal repayment in relation to them may be affected by, but may not necessarily correlate to, movements and fluctuations in market interest rates, the performance of any inflation index and/or the level of an underlying index or component in an underlying basket of indices; (b) the Global Issuer may enter into activities that present conflicts of interest and adversely affect the value of the Notes; (c) Notes connected to emerging market indices or indices comprised of emerging market securities are likely to be particularly volatile; (d) the timing of changes in index levels may impact the yield on the Notes; and (e) the Global Issuer may have the option to redeem the Notes early, which may affect their value in the secondary market.</p> <p>In addition, the following key risks may arise which may adversely affect the interest amount and/or redemption amount payable or deliverable in relation to the Notes (as applicable): (a) specified interest rate or periodic increase in the interest rate may not keep pace with prevailing market rates; (b) application of a multiplier or participation factor may magnify the impact of any element having a negative effect, or reduce the impact of any element having a positive effect, on the applicable interest rate and/or redemption amount; (c) interest amounts and redemption amounts may be capped; (d) the Notes may not be principal protected; and (e) any amortised yield may be lower than the market rate (f) the Issuer may convert the applicable interest rate from floating to fixed or vice versa and (g) any element that negatively impacts an interest rate applicable on one date may be reflected in subsequent interest rates determined by reference to such interest rate.</p> <p>Furthermore, the terms of the Notes may provide that: (a) interest may only be payable in respect of the number of days in an interest period on which a specified precondition or preconditions have been met; (b) the interest amount or redemption amount may be determined by reference to specified preconditions; and (c) redemption amounts may be linked to the performance of the worst performing</p>

Element	Title	
		component of any underlying basket of indices.
D.6	Risk warning that investors may lose value of entire investment or part of it	<p>The following shall apply to any Notes that are Inflation Indexed Redemption Notes, Inflation Indexed with Floor Redemption Notes, Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes, Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes, Capped Outperformance Redemption Notes, Capped Bonus Redemption Notes, Express Redemption Notes, Tracker Redemption Notes, Outperformance Redemption Notes, Bonus Redemption Notes, Outperformance Bonus Redemption Notes, Twin-Win Redemption Notes, Warrant Redemption Notes, Spread Warrant Redemption Notes, Knock-Out Warrant Redemption Notes and (in the case where the Protection Level is specified to be below 100 per cent.) any Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes, Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes, (Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Redemption Notes and (Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption Notes:</p> <p>The capital invested in the Notes may be at risk. Consequently, the amount a prospective investor may receive on redemption of its Notes may be less than the amount invested by it and may be zero.</p> <p>The following applies to all Notes:</p> <p>Investors may lose up to the entire value of their investment if: (a) the investor sells their Notes prior to the scheduled redemption in the secondary market at an amount that is less than the initial purchase price; (b) the Global Issuer is subject to insolvency or bankruptcy proceedings or some other event which negatively affects the Global Issuer's ability to repay amounts due under the Notes; (c) the Notes are redeemed early for reasons beyond the control of the Global Issuer (such as a change of applicable law or market event in relation to the underlying asset(s)), and the amount paid or delivered is less than the initial purchase price; and/or (d) the Notes are subject to certain adjustments or alternative valuations following certain disruptive market events that result in the amount to be paid or delivered being reduced to an amount or value that is less than the initial purchase price.</p>

Section E – Offer

Element	Title	
E.2b	Reasons for the offer and the use of proceeds when different from making profit and/or hedging risk	Unless specified otherwise in the Final Terms, the net proceeds from each issue of Notes will be applied by the Global Issuer for its general corporate purposes.
E.3	Terms and conditions of the offer	The terms and conditions of each offer of Notes will be determined by agreement between the Global Issuer and the relevant Dealers at the time of issue and specified in the Final Terms. An investor intending to acquire or acquiring any Notes in a Public Offer from an Authorised Offeror other than the Global Issuer will do so, and offers and sales of such Notes to an investor by such Authorised Offeror will be made in accordance with any terms and other arrangements in place between such

Element	Title	
		<p>Authorised Offeror and such investor, including as to price, allocations, expenses and settlement arrangements. The investor must look to the relevant Authorised Offeror for the provision of such information and the Authorised Offeror will be responsible for such information. The Global Issuer has no responsibility or liability to an investor in respect of such information.</p> <p>Investors may not be allocated all of the Notes for which they apply.</p> <p>The offering may, at the discretion of the Issuer, be cancelled at any time prior to the issue date.</p>
E.4	Interest of natural and legal persons involved in the issue/offer	<p>Save for any fees payable to any relevant Dealers, so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the issue of the Notes will have an interest material to the offer. The Dealers and their affiliates may also have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking and/or commercial banking transactions with, and may perform other services for, the Issuer and its affiliates in the ordinary course of business.</p>
E.7	Estimated expenses charged to the investor by the Issuer or the offeror	<p>There are no expenses charged to the investor by the Global Issuer or any Authorised Offeror with respect to the Programme generally; however, such expenses may be charged in connection with a specific issue of Notes. If so, details will be included in the issue specific summary attached to the Final Terms.</p>

RISK FACTORS

General Risk Factors

Introduction

This Base Prospectus identifies in a general way the information that a prospective investor should consider prior to making an investment in the Notes. However, a prospective investor should conduct its own thorough analysis (including its own accounting, legal and tax analysis) prior to deciding whether to invest in the Notes as any evaluation of the suitability for an investor of an investment in the Notes depends upon a prospective investor's particular financial and other circumstances, as well as on specific terms of the Notes. This Base Prospectus is not, and does not purport to be, investment advice or an investment recommendation to purchase the Notes. Each Issuer, including its branches and any group company, is acting solely in the capacity of an arm's length contractual counterparty and not as a purchaser's financial adviser or fiduciary in any transaction unless such Issuer has agreed to do so in writing. If a prospective investor does not have experience in financial, business and investment matters sufficient to permit it to make such a determination, the investor should consult with its financial adviser prior to deciding to make an investment on the suitability of the Notes. Investors risk losing their entire investment or part of it.

Each prospective investor of Notes must determine, based on its own independent review and such professional advice as it deems appropriate under the circumstances, that its acquisition of the Notes (i) is fully consistent with its (or, if it is acquiring the Notes in a fiduciary capacity, the beneficiary's) financial needs, objectives and condition, (ii) complies and is fully consistent with any investment policies, guidelines and restrictions applicable to it (whether acquiring the Notes as principal or in a fiduciary capacity) and (iii) is a fit, proper and suitable investment for it (or, if it is acquiring the Notes in a fiduciary capacity, for the beneficiary). In particular, investment activities of certain investors are subject to investment laws and regulations, or review or regulation by certain authorities. Each prospective investor should therefore consult its legal advisers to determine whether and to what extent (i) the Notes are legal investments for it, (ii) the Notes can be used as underlying securities for various types of borrowing and (iii) other restrictions apply to its purchase or pledge of any Notes.

Financial institutions should consult their legal advisers or the appropriate regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of Notes under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules.

Each prospective investor in Notes should refer to the section headed "Risk Factors" in the relevant Registration Document for a description of those factors which could affect the financial performance of the Issuers and thereby affect the Issuers' ability to fulfil their obligations in respect of Notes issued under this Base Prospectus.

The Notes may not be a suitable investment for all investors

Each potential investor in the Notes must determine the suitability of that investment in light of its own circumstances. In particular, each potential investor should:

- (i) have sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the Notes, the merits and risks of investing in the Notes and the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus any applicable supplement or Final Terms;

- (ii) have access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of its particular financial situation, an investment in the Notes and the impact the Notes will have on its overall investment portfolio;
- (iii) have sufficient financial resources and liquidity to bear all of the risks of an investment in the Notes, including Notes with principal or interest payable in one or more currencies, or where the currency for principal or interest payments is different from the potential investor's currency;
- (iv) understand thoroughly the terms of the Notes and be familiar with the behaviour of any relevant indices and/or financial markets; and
- (v) be able to evaluate (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) possible scenarios for economic, interest rate, inflation, equity price and other factors that may affect its investment and its ability to bear the applicable risks.

Notes can be relatively complex financial instruments. Sophisticated institutional investors generally do not purchase financial instruments of this nature as stand-alone investments. They purchase them as a way to reduce risk or enhance yield with an understood, measured, appropriate addition of risk to their overall portfolios. A potential investor should not invest in such Notes unless it has the expertise (either alone or with a financial adviser) to evaluate how the Notes will perform under changing conditions, the resulting effects on the value of the Notes and the impact this investment will have on the potential investor's overall investment portfolio.

Limited liquidity of the Notes

Even if application is made to list Notes on a stock exchange, there can be no assurance that a secondary market for any of the Notes will develop, or, if a secondary market does develop, that it will provide the holders of the Notes with liquidity or that it will continue for the life of the Notes. A decrease in the liquidity of an issue of Notes may cause, in turn, an increase in the volatility associated with the price of such issue of Notes. Any investor in the Notes must be prepared to hold such Notes for an indefinite period of time or until redemption of the Notes. If any person begins making a market for the Notes, it is under no obligation to continue to do so and may stop making a market at any time. Illiquidity may have a severely adverse effect on the market value of Notes.

Counterparty risk exposure

The ability of the relevant Issuer or the Guarantor to make payments under the Notes is subject to general credit risks, including credit risks of borrowers. Third parties that owe the relevant Issuer or the Guarantor money, securities or other assets may fail to pay or perform under their obligations. These parties include borrowers under loans granted, trading counterparties, counterparties under swaps and credit and other derivative contracts, agents and other financial intermediaries. These parties may default on their obligations to the relevant Issuer or the Guarantor due to bankruptcy, lack of liquidity, downturns in the economy or real estate values, operational failure or other reasons.

Credit ratings may not reflect all risks

The Global Issuer has a senior debt rating from Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch and the Americas Issuer has a senior debt rating from Moody's, details of which are contained in the relevant Registration Document.

Tranches of Notes issued under this Base Prospectus may be rated or unrated and one or more independent credit rating agencies may assign additional credit ratings to the Notes or the Issuers or the Guarantor. Where a Tranche of Notes is rated, such rating will not necessarily be the same as the ratings assigned to the relevant Issuer, the Programme or any Notes already issued.

The ratings may not reflect the potential impact of all risks related to structure, market, additional factors discussed above and other factors that may affect the value of the Notes and the ability of an Issuer or the Guarantor to make payments under the Notes (including, but not limited to, market conditions and funding-related and operational risks inherent to the business of each Issuer and the Guarantor). A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities. There is no assurance that a rating will remain for any given period of time or that a rating will not be suspended, lowered or withdrawn by the relevant rating agency if, in its judgement, circumstances in the future so warrant.

In the event that a rating assigned to the Notes or an Issuer or the Guarantor is subsequently suspended, lowered or withdrawn for any reason, no person or entity is obliged to provide any additional support or credit enhancement with respect to the Notes, the relevant Issuer or the Guarantor may be adversely affected, the market value of the Notes is likely to be adversely affected and the ability of the relevant Issuer or the Guarantor to make payments under the Notes may be adversely affected.

In addition, the Global Issuer's bank assets are risk weighted. Downgrades of these assets could result in a higher risk weighting which may result in higher capital requirements and thus a need to deleverage. This may impact net earnings and the return on capital, and may have an adverse impact on the Issuer's or the Guarantor's financial position and ability to make payments under the Notes.

Actions taken by the Calculation Agent may affect the value of Notes

The Calculation Agent for an issue of Notes is the agent of the relevant Issuer and not the agent of the holders of the Notes. The Calculation Agent is not acting as a fiduciary to any Noteholder. It is possible that the relevant Issuer or ING Bank N.V. (as Guarantor) will itself be the Calculation Agent for certain issues of Notes. The Calculation Agent will make such determinations and adjustments as it deems appropriate, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the specific issue of Notes. In making its determinations and adjustments, the Calculation Agent will be entitled to exercise substantial discretion and may be subject to conflicts of interest in exercising this discretion.

Certain considerations regarding hedging

Prospective purchasers intending to purchase Notes to hedge against the market risk associated with investing in an index (or basket of indices) should recognise the complexities of utilising Notes in this manner. For example, the value of the Notes may not exactly correlate with the value of the index (or basket of indices). Due to fluctuating supply and demand for the Notes, there is no assurance that their value will correlate with movements of the index (or basket of indices).

Over-issuance

As part of its issuing, market-making and/or trading arrangements, the relevant Issuer may issue more Notes than those which are to be subscribed or purchased by third party investors. The relevant Issuer (or any of its affiliates) may hold such Notes for the purpose of meeting any investor interest in the future. Prospective investors in the Notes should therefore not regard the issue size of any Series as indicative of the depth or liquidity of the market for such Series, or of the demand for such Series.

The return on an investment in Notes will be affected by charges incurred by investors

An investor's total return on an investment in Notes will be affected by the level of fees charged to the investor, including fees charged to the investor as a result of the Notes being held in a clearing system. Such fees may include charges for opening accounts, transfers of securities, custody services and fees for payment of principal, interest or other sums due under the terms of the Notes. Investors should carefully investigate these fees before making their investment decision.

Potential conflicts of interest; information and past performance

The Issuer has no fiduciary duties to Noteholders and may take such action or make such determinations under the Notes as it determines appropriate. The Issuer is not under any obligation to hedge its obligations under the Notes or to hedge itself in any particular manner. If the Issuer does decide to hedge its obligations under the Notes, it is not required to hedge itself in a manner that would (or may be expected to) result in the lowest unwind costs, losses and expenses. For the avoidance of doubt, the Issuer is not obliged at any time to hold any constituent securities of an index to which the Notes may be linked. With respect to any hedging arrangement entered into by the Issuer (or by any affiliate of the Issuer on its behalf), the Issuer will act as principal for its own account and the Issuer's obligations in respect of the Notes exist regardless of the existence or amount of the Issuer's and/or any of its affiliates' exposure to or receipt of any return on any index (or its constituent securities) to which the Notes may be linked. Each Issuer and its affiliates may engage in trading activities (including hedging activities) related to any index (or its constituent securities) underlying any Notes and other instruments or derivative products based on or related to any index (or its constituent securities) underlying any Notes for their proprietary accounts or for other accounts under their management. Each Issuer and its affiliates may also issue other derivative instruments in respect of any index (or its constituent securities) underlying any Notes. Each Issuer and its affiliates may also act as underwriter in connection with future offerings of securities comprised in an index related to an issue of Notes or may act as financial adviser to companies whose securities impact the return on Notes. Such activities could present certain conflicts of interest, could influence the levels of such indices or prices of their constituent securities and could adversely affect the value of such Notes.

Each Issuer may have acquired, or during the term of Notes may acquire, non-public information with respect to an index or its constituent securities (or their issuers) underlying Notes which will not be provided to holders of such Notes. The Issuers make no representation or warranty about, and give no guarantee of, the performance of an index (or its constituent securities) underlying Notes. Past performance of an index (or its constituent securities) cannot be considered to be a guarantee of, or guide to, future performance.

Tax risk

This Base Prospectus includes general summaries of certain Austrian, Belgian, Dutch, Finnish, French, German, Italian, Luxembourg, Norwegian, Portuguese, Spanish, Swedish and United Kingdom tax considerations relating to an investment in the Notes issued by the Global Issuer and of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations relating to an investment in the Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer (see "Taxation"). This Base Prospectus also includes a general summary of the Dutch tax considerations relating to an investment in the Notes issued by the Americas Issuer (see "Taxation"). Such summaries may not apply to a particular holder of Notes or to a particular issue and do not cover all possible tax considerations. In addition, the tax treatment may change before the maturity, exercise or termination date of Notes. Any potential investor should consult its own independent tax adviser for more information about the tax consequences of acquiring, owning and disposing of Notes in its particular circumstances.

Risk factor relating to FATCA

Whilst the Notes are in global form and held within Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. and Clearstream Banking, société anonyme (together, the ICSDs), in all but the most remote circumstances, it is not expected that FATCA (as defined in “Taxation FATCA Withholding”) will affect the amount of any payment received by the ICSDs (see “Taxation FATCA Withholding”). However, FATCA may affect payments made to custodians or intermediaries in the subsequent payment chain leading to the ultimate investor if any such custodian or intermediary generally is unable to receive payments free of FATCA withholding. It also may affect payment to any ultimate investor that is a financial institution that is not entitled to receive payments free of withholding under FATCA, or an ultimate investor that fails to provide its broker (or other custodian or intermediary from which it receives payment) with any information, forms, other documentation or consents that may be necessary for the payments to be made free of FATCA withholding. Investors should choose the custodians or intermediaries with care (to ensure each is compliant with FATCA or other laws or agreements related to FATCA), provide each custodian or intermediary with any information, forms, other documentation or consents that may be necessary for such custodian or intermediary to make a payment free of FATCA withholding. Investors should consult their own tax adviser to obtain a more detailed explanation of FATCA and how FATCA may affect them. The Issuer’s obligations under the Notes are discharged once it has paid the common depositary or common safekeeper for the ICSDs (as bearer or registered holder of the Notes) and the Issuer has therefore no responsibility for any amount thereafter transmitted through hands of the ICSDs and custodians or intermediaries. Please see “Taxation – FATCA Withholding” for more information on this legislation.

U.S. withholding on Dividend Equivalent Payments

Due to U.S. legislation enacted in 2010, payments on any Note that are, in whole or in part, directly or indirectly contingent upon, or determined by reference to, the payment of a dividend from a U.S. entity (a “**Dividend Equivalent Payment**”) may become subject to a 30 per cent. U.S. withholding tax when made to Non-U.S. Holders (as defined below under “Taxation – United States Taxation”). The imposition of this U.S. withholding tax will reduce the amounts received by Non-U.S. Holders. If a Non-U.S. Holder becomes subject to this withholding tax, the Non-U.S. Holder may be able to claim any exemptions under its applicable double tax treaty. The application and interpretation of the rules governing U.S. withholding tax on Dividend Equivalent Payments is subject to change.

The proposed financial transactions tax ("FTT")

The European Commission has published a proposal for a Directive for a common FTT in Belgium, Germany, Estonia, Greece, Spain, France, Italy, Austria, Portugal, Slovenia and Slovakia (the “**participating Member States**”).

The proposed FTT has very broad scope and could, if introduced in its current form, apply to certain dealings in the Notes (including secondary market transactions) in certain circumstances. The issuance and subscription of Notes should, however, be exempt.

Under current proposals the FTT could apply in certain circumstances to persons both within and outside of the participating Member States. Generally, it would apply to certain dealings in the Notes where at least one party is a financial institution, and at least one party is established in a participating Member State. A financial institution may be, or be deemed to be, "established" in a participating Member State in a broad range of circumstances, including (a) by transacting with a person established in a participating Member State or (b) where the financial instrument which is subject to the dealings is issued in a participating Member State.

The FTT proposal remains subject to negotiation between the participating Member States and is the subject of legal challenge. It may therefore be altered prior to any implementation, the timing of which remains unclear. Additional Member States may decide to participate. Prospective holders of the Notes are advised to seek their own professional advice in relation to the FTT.

Insolvency risk

In the event that an Issuer becomes insolvent, insolvency proceedings will be generally governed by the insolvency laws of that Issuer's place of incorporation. The insolvency laws of the Issuer's place of incorporation may be different from the insolvency laws of an investor's home jurisdiction and the treatment and ranking of holders of Notes issued by that Issuer and that Issuer's other creditors and shareholders under the insolvency laws of that Issuer's place of incorporation may be different from the treatment and ranking of holders of those Notes and that Issuer's other creditors and shareholders if that Issuer was subject to the insolvency laws of the investor's home jurisdiction.

Changes in law

The conditions of the Notes and the ratings which may be assigned to them are based on the law of the jurisdiction governing such Notes in effect as at the date of this Base Prospectus. No assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible judicial decision or change to the law in such jurisdiction or administrative practice in such jurisdiction after the date of this Base Prospectus.

Risk Factors relating to the Notes

In addition to the risks identified in "Risk Factors - General Risk Factors" above and the relevant Registration Document, potential investors in Notes should consider the following:

Risks relating to the structure of a particular issue of Notes

A wide range of Notes may be issued under this Base Prospectus. A number of these Notes may have features which contain particular risks for potential investors. Set out below is a description of the most common such features:

Notes subject to optional redemption by the Issuer

An optional redemption feature in any Notes may negatively impact their market value. During any period when the relevant Issuer may elect to redeem Notes, the market value of those Notes generally will not rise substantially above the price at which they can be redeemed. This also may be true prior to any redemption period.

The relevant Issuer may be expected to redeem Notes when its cost of borrowing is lower than the interest rate on the Notes. At those times, an investor generally would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the Notes being redeemed and may only be able to do so at a significantly lower rate. Potential investors should consider reinvestment risk in light of other investments available at that time.

General risks relating to the Index Linked Notes

Principal and/or interest on the Notes will be determined by reference to the level of a particular index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of indices in a basket of indices (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes). Potential investors should be aware of the following risks:

1. *Volatility*

The market price of the Notes may be very volatile. The market price of the Notes at any time is likely to be affected primarily by changes in the level of the Index to which the Notes are linked. It is impossible to predict how the level of the Index will vary over time.

2. *Interest rate risks*

The Notes may also involve interest rate risk, including the risk of Noteholders receiving no interest.

3. *Currency and time expectation*

Payment of principal or interest may occur at a different time or in a different currency than expected.

4. *Loss of principal*

Investors may lose all or a substantial portion of their principal.

5. *Non-correlation*

The level of an Index may be subject to significant fluctuations that may not correlate with changes in interest rates, currencies or other securities, indices or funds, resulting in principal or interest payable that also may not correlate with such changes.

6. *Emerging Markets*

An Index connected to emerging markets may be subject to significant fluctuations attributable to, among other things, nationalisation, expropriation or taxation, currency devaluation, foreign exchange control, political, social or diplomatic instability or governmental restrictions. The capital markets in emerging market countries have substantially less volume, and are generally less liquid and more volatile, than those in more developed markets. As a result, an investor in Notes with an Index connected to emerging markets should be prepared to hold such Notes for an indefinite period and to experience potentially sharp changes in the value of such Notes throughout that period. Disclosure and regulatory requirements could be less stringent than in other markets, with a low level of monitoring and limited and uneven enforcement of existing regulations. An investor in Notes with an Index connected to emerging markets may therefore experience a decrease in the value of such Notes as a result of market or other developments that are less likely in more stringently regulated markets.

7. *Multipliers and leverage factors*

If the level of an Index is applied to Notes in conjunction with a multiplier greater than one or contains some other leverage factor, the effect of changes in the level of an Index on principal or interest payable likely will be magnified.

8. *Impact of changes in yield*

The timing of changes in the level of an Index may affect the actual yield to investors, even if the average level is consistent with their expectations. In general, the earlier the change in the level of an Index, the greater the effect on yield.

9. *Limited maturity*

Notes are of limited maturity and, unlike direct investments in the securities comprised in an index, investors are not able to hold them beyond the Maturity Date in the expectation of a recovery in the level of the underlying.

10. Discount to market value

The level at which an investor will be able to sell Notes prior to the Maturity Date may be at a substantial discount to the market value of the Notes at the time they are issued depending on the performance of the Index.

11. Market Risks

There are market risks associated with an actual investment in the constituents of an index and though the Notes do not create an actual interest in such constituents, the return on the Notes generally involve many of the same associated risks as an actual investment in such constituents. Potential investors in the Notes should understand that the Issuers have not purported and do not purport to be a source of information concerning the market risks associated with such constituents.

12. Conflicts of Interest

The Issuers may invest in the constituents of an index for its own account, and may exercise its discretion in respect of matters concerning its holdings of such interests as it sees fit, without regard to the interests of any investor in the Notes.

13. Factors affecting the performance of Indices may adversely affect the value of the Notes

Indices are comprised of a synthetic portfolio of shares or other assets, and as such, the performance of an Index is dependent upon the macroeconomic factors relating to the shares or other components that comprise such Index, which may include interest and price levels on the capital markets, currency developments, political factors and (in the case of shares) company-specific factors such as earnings position, market position, risk situation, ability to innovate, ability to retain key personnel, shareholder structure and dividend distribution policy.

14. Actions by the sponsor of an Index may adversely affect the Notes

The sponsor of an Index will have no involvement in the offer and sale of the Notes and will have no obligation to any purchaser of such Notes. The sponsor of an Index may take any actions in respect of such Index without regard to the interests of the purchasers of the Notes, and any of these actions could adversely affect the market value of the Notes.

15. Returns on Notes will not be the same as a direct investment in futures or options on the Index or in the underlying components of the Index

An investment in the Notes is not the same as a direct investment in futures or option contracts on the Index nor any or all of the constituents included in each Index. In particular, investors may not benefit directly from any positive movements in an Index nor will investors benefit from any profits made as a direct result of an investment in the components of an Index. Accordingly, changes in the performance of an Index may not result in comparable changes in the market value of the Notes. Further, Noteholders may not receive dividends issued by companies included in an Index.

16. Loss of return of dividends in respect of Notes linked to Indices

The rules of an Index might stipulate that dividends distributed on its components do not lead to a rise in the index level, for example, if it is a "price" index. As a result, Noteholders of Notes linked to such Index would lose the benefit of any dividends paid by the components of the Index and would underperform a position where they invested directly in such components or where they invested in a "total return" version of such Index. Even if the rules of the relevant underlying Index provide that distributed dividends or other distributions of the components are reinvested in the Index and therefore result in raising its level, in some circumstances the dividends or other distributions may not be fully reinvested in such Index (for example, where the relevant Index is calculated based on the maximum withholding tax rates applicable to dividends received by institutional investors who are not resident in the same country as the remitting company and who do not benefit from double taxation treaties).

17.A change in the composition or discontinuance of an Index could have a negative impact on the value of the Notes

The sponsor of an Index can add, delete or substitute the components of such Index or make other methodological changes that could change the level of one or more components. The changing of the components of an Index may affect the level of such Index as a newly added component may perform significantly worse or better than the component it replaces, which in turn may adversely affect the value of the Notes. The sponsor of an Index may also alter, discontinue or suspend calculation or dissemination of such Index. The sponsor of an Index will have no involvement in the offer and sale of the Notes and will have no obligation to any investor in such Notes. The sponsor of an Index may take any actions in respect of such Index without regard to the interests of the investor in the Notes, and any of these actions could have an adverse effect on the value of the Notes.

18. Occurrence of Index adjustment events

Upon the Calculation Agent determining that one or more adjustment events has occurred in relation to an Index, the Issuer has the discretion to make certain determinations and adjustments to account for such event including to (a) make adjustments to the terms of the Notes, and/or (b) cause an early termination of the Notes, any of which determinations may have an adverse effect on the value of the Notes.

Variable Interest Rate Notes with a multiplier or other leverage factor

The Issuers may issue Notes with variable interest rates. Such Notes can be volatile investments. If they are structured to include multipliers or other leverage factors, or caps or floors, or any combination of those features, their market values may be even more volatile than those for securities that do not include those features.

Fixed Rate Notes

The Issuers may issue Fixed Rate Notes. Such Notes will bear interest at a fixed Rate of Interest, which remains constant during the life of the Notes. Any investors holding these Notes will be subject to the risk that any subsequent increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the real return on the Notes (and the value of the Notes).

Floating Rate Notes

The Issuers may issue Floating Rate Notes. Such Notes will bear interest at a floating Rate of Interest, which will be subject to market fluctuations in interest rates. In addition, the floating Rate of Interest at any time may be lower than the rates on other Notes.

Zero Coupon Notes

The Issuers may issue Zero Coupon Notes. Such Notes will bear no interest and an investor will receive no return on the Notes until redemption. Any investors holding these Notes will be subject to the risk that the amortised yield in respect of the Notes may be less than market rates.

Tailor-Made Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Tailor-Made Interest Notes. Such Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest based upon an Underlying Rate(t), which will be subject to market fluctuations, and an Underlying Margin(t) as set out in the applicable Final Terms, which may be less favourable than the margin on floating rate securities issued by the Issuers that are linked to the same reference rate as the Underlying Rate(t).

In calculating the Rate of Interest payable, a Multiplier(t) is applied to the Underlying Rate(t). The Multiplier(t) will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Multiplier(t) is higher than 100 per cent., the investor will participate disproportionately in any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t), but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Multiplier(t) is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t).

Following negative performance of the Underlying Rate(t), it is possible that investors will only receive a Rate of Interest equal to the Floor(t) (to the extent that a Floor is applicable).

Finally, the Rate of Interest will be capped at the Cap(t), which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent the sum of (i) the product of (1) the Multiplier(t) and (2) the Underlying Rate(t) and (ii) the Underlying Margin(t) is greater than the Cap(t), investors may not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t) as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

Step-Up Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Step-Up Interest Notes. If “Fixed Rate Period” is specified to apply in the applicable Final Terms, such Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate of interest (being Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)) during any Interest Period(t) falling within the Fixed Rate Interest Period. During such Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

The Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest during any Variable Rate Interest Period, which increases periodically during the life of the Notes by the Step-Up(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms (other than if such Variable Rate Interest Period is the first Interest Period, for which the Notes will bear interest at a fixed Rate of Interest). Any investors holding these Notes will be subject to the risk that any periodic increases in the Rate of Interest for the Notes may not keep pace with any increase in market interest rates, with the consequence that the real return on the Notes (and the value of the Notes) will fall.

Floater Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Floater Interest Notes. If “Fixed Rate Period” is specified to apply in the applicable Final Terms, such Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate of interest (being Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)) during any Interest Period(t) falling within the Fixed Rate Interest Period. During such Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

The Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest during any Variable Rate Interest Period, based upon an Underlying Rate(t), which will be subject to market fluctuations, and an Underlying Margin(t), as set out in the applicable Final Terms, which may be less favourable than the margin on floating rate securities issued by the Issuers that are linked to the same reference rate as the Underlying Rate(t).

In calculating the Rate of Interest in respect of any Variable Rate Interest Period, a Multiplier(t) is applied to the Underlying Rate(t). The Multiplier(t) will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Multiplier(t) is higher than 100 per cent., the investor will participate disproportionately in any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t), but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Multiplier(t) is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t).

Following negative performance of the Underlying Rate(t), it is possible that investors will only receive a Rate of Interest equal to the Floor(t) (to the extent that a Floor is applicable).

Finally, the Rate of Interest in respect of any Variable Rate Interest Period will be capped at the Cap(t), which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent the sum of (i) the product of (1) the Multiplier(t) and (2) the Underlying Rate(t) and (ii) the Underlying Margin(t) is greater than the Cap(t), investors may not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t) as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

Floater with Lock-In Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Floater with Lock-In Interest Notes. If “Fixed Rate Period” is specified to apply in the applicable Final Terms, such Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate of interest (being Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)) during any Interest Period(t) falling within the Fixed Rate Interest Period. During such Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

The Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest during any Variable Rate Interest Period, based (subject to the Underlying Rate(t) for an Interest Payment Date(t) meeting the Lock-In Criterion with respect to the Lock-In(t)) upon an Underlying Rate(t), which will be subject to market fluctuations, and an Underlying Margin(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms, which may be less favourable than the margin on floating rate securities issued by the Issuers that are linked to the same reference rate as the Underlying Rate(t).

In calculating the Rate of Interest in respect of any Variable Rate Interest Period (i) in respect of which the Underlying Rate(t) does not meet the Lock-In Criterion with respect to the Lock-In(t) (each as specified in the applicable Final Terms) and (ii) where no previous Underlying Rate(t) has met the Lock-In Criterion with respect to the Lock-In(t), a Multiplier(t) is applied to the Underlying Rate(t) and such Rate of Interest is capped at the Cap(t). Both the Multiplier(t) and the Cap(t) will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Multiplier(t) is higher than 100 per cent., the investor may participate disproportionately in any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t), but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Multiplier(t) is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t). To the extent the sum of (i) the product of (1) the Multiplier(t) and (2) the Underlying Rate(t) and (ii) the Underlying Margin(t) is greater than the Cap(t), investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t) as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

Following negative performance of the Underlying Rate(t), it is possible that investors will only receive a Rate of Interest equal to the Floor(t) (to the extent that a Floor is applicable).

If the Underlying Rate(t) meets the Lock-In Criterion with respect to the Lock-In(t), then the Rate of Interest payable in respect of such Interest Payment Date(t) and all subsequent Interest Payment Dates, regardless of the Underlying Rate(t) on such subsequent Interest Payment Dates, will be the Rate of Interest(Lock-In)(t), as set out in the applicable Final Terms. Such Rate of Interest(Lock-In)(t) may be less than the rate that would have been payable in respect of the Notes had the Underlying Rate(t) not met the Lock-In Criterion.

Reverse Floater Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Reverse Floater Interest Notes. If “Fixed Rate Period” is specified to apply in the applicable Final Terms, such Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate of interest (being Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)) during any Interest Period(t) falling within the Fixed Rate Interest Period. During such Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

The Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest during any Variable Rate Interest Period, equal to the Fix(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms, minus the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier(t) specified in the applicable Final Terms), which will be subject to market fluctuations. The market values of those Notes typically are more volatile than market values of other conventional floating rate debt securities based on the same reference rate (and with otherwise comparable terms) as the Underlying Rate(t). Reverse Floater Interest Notes are more volatile because an increase in the Underlying Rate(t) not only decreases the interest rate of the Notes, but may also reflect an increase in prevailing interest rates, which further adversely affects the market value of these Notes.

As a Multiplier(t) is applied to the Underlying Rate(t), if the Multiplier(t) is higher than 100 per cent., the positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t) will be magnified, thereby reducing the interest rate of the Notes even further. If the Multiplier(t) is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance of the Underlying Rate(t) will be scaled down.

Following positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t), it is possible that investors will only receive a Rate of Interest equal to the Floor(t) (to the extent that a Floor is applicable).

Finally, the Rate of Interest in respect of any Variable Rate Interest Period will be capped at the Cap(t), which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent the difference when the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by the Multiplier(t)) is subtracted from the Fix(t) is greater than the Cap(t), investors may not benefit from the full extent of any negative performance of the Underlying Rate(t) as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

Ratchet Floater Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Ratchet Floater Interest Notes. If “Fixed Rate Period” is specified to apply in the applicable Final Terms, such Notes will bear interest at a fixed Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t) during any Interest Period(t) falling within the Fixed Rate Interest Period. During such Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

“Ratchet Floor without Cap”

If the Final Terms specify that “Ratchet Floor without Cap” will be applicable, the Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest during any Variable Rate Interest Period. The Rate of Interest in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) will be the greater of (i) the sum of (1) the product of (a) the Multiplier1(t) and (b) the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date(t) and (2) the Ratchet(t) (each as specified in the applicable Final Terms) and (ii) the sum of (1) the

product of (a) the Multiplier2(t) and (b) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin(t) (each as specified in the applicable Final Terms).

If the Multiplier1(t) is less than 100 per cent., the Rate of Interest payable on the Notes in respect of any Interest Period could be lower than the Rate of Interest payable on the Notes in the previous Interest Period. This will be the case where the amount of the Ratchet in the current Interest Period is less than the product of (x) 100 per cent. minus Multiplier1(t) and (y) the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date(t) and the Underlying Rate and/or the Underlying Margin has fallen. Multiplier1(t) may even be zero.

If the Multiplier2(t) is higher than 100 per cent., the investor may participate disproportionately in any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t), but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Multiplier2(t) is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t). Multiplier2(t) may even be zero.

In addition, the Underlying Margin(t) may be less favourable than the margin on floating rate securities issued by the Issuers that are linked to the same reference rate as the Underlying Rate(t).

Any investors holding these Notes will be subject to the risk that any periodic increases in the Rate of Interest for the Notes may not keep pace with any increase in market interest rates, with the consequence that the real return on the Notes (and the value of the Notes) will fall.

“Ratchet Floor with Cap”

If the Final Terms specify that “Ratchet Floor with Cap” will be applicable, the Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest during any Variable Rate Interest Period. The Rate of Interest in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) will be the greater of (i) the sum of (1) the product of (a) the Multiplier1(t) and (b) the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date(t) and (2) the Ratchet(t) (each as specified in the applicable Final Terms) and (ii) the sum of (1) the product of (a) the Multiplier2(t) and (b) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin(t) (each as specified in the applicable Final Terms). Such variable Rate of Interest will be capped at the Cap(t), which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent that (i) or (ii) above is greater than the Cap(t), investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t).

If the Multiplier1(t) is less than 100 per cent., the Rate of Interest payable on the Notes in respect of any Interest Period could be lower than the Rate of Interest payable on the Notes in the previous Interest Period. This will be the case where the amount of the Ratchet in the current Interest Period is less than the product of (x) 100 per cent. minus the Multiplier1(t) and (y) the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date(t) and the Underlying Rate and/or the Underlying Margin has fallen. Multiplier1(t) may even be zero.

If the Multiplier2(t) is higher than 100 per cent., the investor may participate disproportionately in any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t), but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Multiplier2(t) is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t). Multiplier2(t) may even be zero.

In addition, the Underlying Margin(t) may be less favourable than the margin on floating rate securities issued by the Issuers that are linked to the same reference rate as the Underlying Rate(t).

Any investors holding these Notes will be subject to the risk that any periodic increases in the Rate of Interest for the Notes may not keep pace with any increase in market interest rates, with the consequence that the real return on the Notes (and the value of the Notes) will fall.

Finally, the Rate of Interest in respect of any Variable Rate Interest Period will be capped at the Cap(t), which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. Investors may therefore not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance in the Underlying Rate(t) as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

“Ratchet Cap without Floor”

If the Final Terms specify that “Ratchet Cap without Floor” will be applicable, the Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest during any Variable Rate Interest Period.

The Rate of Interest in respect of the first Interest Payment Date(t) will be based upon an Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier2(t) specified in the applicable Final Terms), which will be subject to market fluctuations, and an Underlying Margin(t), as set out in the applicable Final Terms, which may be less favourable than the margin on floating rate securities issued by the Issuers that are linked to the same reference rate as the Underlying Rate(t).

The Rate of Interest in respect of all subsequent Interest Payment Dates will be the lesser of (i) the sum of (1) the product of (a) the Multiplier1(t) and (b) the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date(t) and (2) the Ratchet(t) (each as specified in the applicable Final Terms) and (ii) the sum of (1) the product of (a) the Multiplier2(t) and (b) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin(t) (each as specified in the applicable Final Terms). As a result, the Rate of Interest in respect of the second and all subsequent Variable Rate Interest Periods will be capped at the sum of (i) the product of (1) the Multiplier1(t) and (2) the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date(t) and (ii) the Ratchet(t).

Investors will therefore not benefit from any increase in the Underlying Rate (as multiplied by the Multiplier2(t)) and the Underlying Margin to the extent that these exceed the sum of (1) the product of (a) Multiplier1(t) and (b) the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date(t) and (2) the Ratchet(t).

If the Multiplier1(t) is less than 100 per cent., the Rate of Interest payable on the Notes in respect of any Interest Period could be lower than the Rate of Interest payable on the Notes in the previous Interest Period. This will be the case where the amount of the Ratchet in the current Interest Period is less than the product of (x) 100 per cent. minus the Multiplier1(t) and (y) the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date(t) or where the value of the Underlying Rate (as multiplied by the Multiplier2(t)) and the Underlying Margin(t) has fallen as compared with the previous Interest Period. Multiplier1(t) may even be zero.

If the Multiplier2(t) is higher than 100 per cent., the investor may participate disproportionately in any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t), but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Multiplier2(t) is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t). Multiplier2(t) may even be zero.

In addition, the Underlying Margin(t) may be less favourable than the margin on floating rate securities issued by the Issuers that are linked to the same reference rate as the Underlying Rate(t).

Any investors holding these Notes will be subject to the risk that any periodic increases in the Rate of Interest for the Notes may not keep pace with any increase in market interest rates, with the consequence that the real return on the Notes (and the value of the Notes) will fall.

“Ratchet Cap with Floor”

If the Final Terms specify that “Ratchet Cap with Floor” will be applicable, the Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest during any Variable Rate Interest Period.

The Rate of Interest in respect of the first Interest Payment Date(t) will be based upon an Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier2(t) specified in the applicable Final Terms), which will be subject to market fluctuations, and an Underlying Margin(t), as set out in the applicable Final Terms, which may be less favourable than the margin on floating rate securities issued by the Issuers that are linked to the same reference rate as the Underlying Rate(t).

The Rate of Interest in respect of all subsequent Interest Payment Date(t) will be the lesser of (i) the sum of (1) the product of (a) the Multiplier1(t) and (b) the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date(t) and (2) the Ratchet(t) (each as specified in the applicable Final Terms) and (ii) the sum of (1) the product of (a) the Multiplier2(t) and (b) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin(t) (each as specified in the applicable Final Terms). As a result, the Rate of Interest in respect of the second and all subsequent Variable Rate Interest Periods will be capped at the sum of (i) the product of (1) the Multiplier1(t) and (2) the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date(t) and (ii) the Ratchet(t).

Investors will therefore not benefit from any increase in the Underlying Rate (as multiplied by Multiplier2(t)) and the Underlying Margin to the extent that these exceed the sum of (1) the product of (a) the Multiplier1(t) and (b) the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date(t) and (2) the Ratchet(t).

If the Multiplier1(t) is less than 100 per cent., the Rate of Interest payable on the Notes in respect of any Interest Period could be lower than the Rate of Interest payable on the Notes in the previous Interest Period. This will be the case where the amount of the Ratchet in the current Interest Period is less than the product of (x) 100 per cent. minus the Multiplier1(t) and (y) the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date(t) or where the value of the Underlying Rate (as multiplied by the Multiplier2(t)) and the Underlying Margin(t) has fallen as compared with the previous Interest Period. Multiplier1(t) may even be zero.

If the Multiplier2(t) is higher than 100 per cent., the investor may participate disproportionately in any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t), but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Multiplier2(t) is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t). Multiplier2(t) may even be zero.

In addition, the Underlying Margin(t) may be less favourable than the margin on floating rate securities issued by the Issuers that are linked to the same reference rate as the Underlying Rate(t).

Any investors holding these Notes will be subject to the risk that any periodic increases in the Rate of Interest for the Notes may not keep pace with any increase in market interest rates, with the consequence that the real return on the Notes (and the value of the Notes) will fall.

Following negative performance of the Underlying Rate(t), it is possible that investors will only receive a Rate of Interest equal to the Floor(t) (to the extent that a Floor is applicable).

Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest Notes. Such Notes may bear interest at a rate that the relevant Issuer may elect to convert from a fixed rate to a floating rate. The relevant Issuer’s ability to convert the interest rate will affect the secondary market trading and the

market value generally of the Notes, since the relevant Issuer may be expected to convert the rate when it is likely to produce a lower overall cost of borrowing. If the relevant Issuer converts from a fixed rate to a floating rate, the margin on the Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest Notes may be less favourable than then prevailing margins on comparable Floating Rate Notes tied to the same reference rate. In addition, the new floating rate at any time may be lower than the rates on other Notes.

Where the Issuer has elected to convert from a fixed rate to a floating rate, the Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest(Floating)(t) in respect of any Interest Period commencing on and including the Interest Payment Date specified in the election notice or, if no date is specified, in respect of the Interest Period commencing on and including the Interest Payment Date following the exercise by the Issuer of such election, and for each subsequent Interest Period thereafter up to and including the Interest Period ending on (but excluding) the final Interest Payment Date. During such Variable Rate Interest Period, the Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest(Floating)(t) based upon an Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier(t) specified in the applicable Final Terms), which will be subject to market fluctuations, and an Underlying Margin(t), as set out in the applicable Final Terms, which may be less favourable than the margin on floating rate securities issued by the Issuers that are linked to the same reference rate as the Underlying Rate(t).

Where the Issuer has not elected to convert from a fixed rate to a floating rate, the Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate of interest (being Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)). During such Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

If the Multiplier(t) is higher than 100 per cent., the investor will participate disproportionately in any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t), but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Multiplier(t) is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t).

Following negative performance of the Underlying Rate(t), it is possible that investors will only receive a Rate of Interest equal to the Floor(t) (to the extent that a Floor is applicable).

Finally, the Rate of Interest in respect of any Variable Rate Interest Period will be capped at the Cap(t), which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent the product of the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by the Multiplier(t)) and the Underlying Margin(t) is greater than the Cap(t), investors may not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t) as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest Notes. Such Notes may bear interest at a rate that the relevant Issuer may elect to convert from a floating rate to a fixed rate. The relevant Issuer's ability to convert the interest rate will affect the secondary market trading and the market value generally of the Notes, since the relevant Issuer may be expected to convert the rate when it is likely to produce a lower overall cost of borrowing. If the relevant Issuer converts from a floating rate to a fixed rate, the fixed rate may be lower than then prevailing market rates.

Where the Issuer has elected to convert from a floating rate to a fixed rate, the Notes will bear interest at a fixed Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t) in respect of any Interest Period commencing on and including the Interest Payment Date specified in the election notice or, if no date is specified, in respect of the Interest Period commencing on and including the Interest Payment Date following the exercise by the Issuer of such election, and for each subsequent Interest Period thereafter up to and including the Interest Period ending on (but excluding) the final Interest Payment Date. During such

Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

Where the Issuer has not elected to convert from a floating rate to a fixed rate, the Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest(Floating)(t). The Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest(Floating)(t), during any Variable Rate Interest Period, based upon an Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier(t) specified in the applicable Final Terms), which will be subject to market fluctuations, and an Underlying Margin(t), as set out in the applicable Final Terms, which may be less favourable than the margin on floating rate securities issued by the Issuers that are linked to the same reference rate as the Underlying Rate(t).

If the Multiplier(t) is higher than 100 per cent., the investor will participate disproportionately in any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t), but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Multiplier(t) is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t).

Finally, the Rate of Interest(Floating)(t) in respect of any Variable Rate Interest Period will be capped at the Cap(t), which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent the product of the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by the Multiplier(t)) and the Underlying Margin(t) is greater than the Cap(t), investors may not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t) as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

Steeper Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Steeper Interest Notes. If “Fixed Rate Period” is specified to apply in the applicable Final Terms, such Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate of interest (being Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)) during any Interest Period(t) falling within the Fixed Rate Interest Period. During such Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

The Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest during any Variable Rate Interest Period, based upon a Spread(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier(t) specified in the applicable Final Terms), which is calculated as the difference when the Underlying Rate2(t) is subtracted from the Underlying Rate1(t). As the Rate of Interest is determined by reference to a spread, such Rate of Interest may not reflect increases in market interest rates.

In the case of a positive performance by both Underlying Rate2(t) and Underlying Rate1(t), the Spread(t) will decrease between Interest Payment Dates if Underlying Rate2(t) performs more favourably than Underlying Rate1(t). If there is a positive performance by Underlying Rate2(t) and a negative performance by Underlying Rate1(t), then such decrease in the Spread(t) will be more pronounced and not simply proportionate to any negative performance of Underlying Rate1(t).

If the Multiplier(t) is higher than 100 per cent., the investor may participate disproportionately in any increase in the Spread(t), but any decrease in the Spread(t) will also be magnified. If the Multiplier(t) is less than 100 per cent., any decrease in the Spread(t) will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any increase in the Spread(t). Following negative performance of the Underlying Rate1(t) compared to Underlying Rate2(t), it is possible that investors will only receive a Rate of Interest equal to the Floor(t).

Finally, the Rate of Interest calculated in accordance with the above will be capped at the Cap(t). To the extent the product of the Multiplier(t) and the Spread(t) is greater than the Cap(t),

investors may not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate1(t) compared to Underlying Rate2(t) as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

Steeper with Lock-In Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Steeper Interest Notes. If “Fixed Rate Period” is specified to apply in the applicable Final Terms, such Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate of interest (being Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)) during any Interest Period(t) falling within the Fixed Rate Interest Period. During such Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

The Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest during any Variable Rate Interest Period, at the Reference Rate(t) (subject to the Reference Rate(t) for an Interest Payment Date(t) meeting the Lock-In Criterion with respect to the Lock-In(t)). The Reference Rate(t) is based upon a Spread(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier(t) specified in the applicable Final Terms), calculated as the difference when the Underlying Rate2(t) is subtracted from the Underlying Rate1(t). As the Rate of Interest is determined by reference to a spread, such Rate of Interest may not reflect increases in market interest rates. In the case of a positive performance by both Underlying Rate2(t) and Underlying Rate1(t), the Spread(t) will decrease between Interest Payment Dates if Underlying Rate2(t) performs more favourably than Underlying Rate1(t). If there is a positive performance by Underlying Rate2(t) and a negative performance by Underlying Rate1(t), then such decrease in the Spread(t) will be more pronounced and not simply proportionate to any negative performance of Underlying Rate1(t).

In calculating the Rate of Interest in respect of any Variable Rate Interest Period (i) in respect of which the Reference Rate(t) does not meet the Lock-In Criterion with respect to the Lock-In(t) (each as specified in the applicable Final Terms) and (ii) where no previous Reference Rate(t) has met the Lock-In Criterion with respect to the Lock-In(t), a Multiplier(t) is applied to the Spread(t). If the Multiplier(t) is higher than 100 per cent., the investor will participate disproportionately in any increase in the Spread(t), but any decrease in the Spread(t) will also be magnified. If the Multiplier(t) is less than 100 per cent., any decrease in the Spread(t) will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any increase in the Spread(t). Following negative performance of the Underlying Rate1(t) compared to Underlying Rate2(t), it is possible that investors will only receive a Rate of Interest equal to the Floor(t).

The Rate of Interest calculated in accordance with the above will be capped at the Cap(t). To the extent the product of the Multiplier(t) and the Spread(t) is greater than the Cap(t), investors may not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate1(t) compared to Underlying Rate2(t) as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

If the Reference Rate(t) meets the Lock-In Criterion with respect to the Lock-In(t), then the Rate of Interest payable in respect of such Interest Payment Date(t) and all subsequent Interest Payment Dates, regardless of the Underlying Rate1(t) and Underlying Rate2(t) on such subsequent Interest Payment Dates, will be the Rate of Interest(Lock-In)(t), as set out in the applicable Final Terms. Such Rate of Interest(Lock-In)(t) may be less than the rate that would have been payable in respect of the Notes, had the Reference Rate(t) not met the Lock-In Criterion.

Range Accrual(Rates) Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Range Accrual(Rates) Interest Notes. If “Fixed Rate Period” is specified to apply in the applicable Final Terms, such Notes will bear interest at a fixed Rate of Interest during any Interest Period(t) falling within the Fixed Rate Interest Period. During such Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

The Rate of Interest applicable to the Notes during any Variable Rate Interest Period is linked to the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period on which the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) meets the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Floor(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) and meets the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms). Such number of Range Accrual Observation Dates is divided by the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period and the resultant figure is multiplied by a rate calculated as the sum of (i) the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier1(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms), and (ii) an Underlying Margin1(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms. The resultant rate is referred to here as the “Range Accrual Rate”.

The total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period on which the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) does not meet the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Floor(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) or does not meet the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) is then divided by the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period and the resultant figure is multiplied by a rate calculated as the sum of (i) the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier2(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms), and (ii) an Underlying Margin2(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms. The resultant rate is referred to here as the “Inverse Range Accrual Rate”.

The Rate of Interest applicable to any Variable Rate Interest Period will be the sum of the Range Accrual Rate and the Inverse Range Accrual Rate.

The Underlying Rate(t) and the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) will be subject to market fluctuations. The Underlying Margin1(t) and Underlying Margin2(t) may be less favourable than the margin on floating rate securities issued by the Issuers that are linked to the same reference rate as the Underlying Rate(t).

If the relevant multiplier (being either “Multiplier1(t)” or “Multiplier2(t)”) is higher than 100 per cent., the investor may participate disproportionately in any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t), but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the relevant multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t). The relevant multiplier may even be zero.

Finally, the Rate of Interest in respect of any Variable Rate Interest Period will be capped at the Cap(t), which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent the sum of Range Accrual Rate and the Inverse Range Accrual Rate is greater than the Cap(t), investors may not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t) as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

Range Accrual(Spread) Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Range Accrual(Spread) Interest Notes. If “Fixed Rate Period” is specified to apply in the applicable Final Terms, such Notes will bear interest at a fixed Rate of Interest during any Interest Period(t) falling within the Fixed Rate Interest Period. During such Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

The Rate of Interest applicable to the Notes during any Variable Rate Interest Period is linked to the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period on which the Range Accrual Reference Spread(t) meets the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the

Range Accrual Floor(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) and meets the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms). Such number of Range Accrual Observation Dates is divided by the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period and the resultant figure is multiplied by a rate calculated as the sum of (i) the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier1(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms), and (ii) an Underlying Margin1(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms. The resultant rate is referred to here as the “Range Accrual Rate”.

The Range Accrual Reference Spread(t) is calculated as the difference when the Range Accrual Reference Rate2(t) is subtracted from Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t).

The total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period on which the Range Accrual Reference Spread(t) does not meet the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Floor(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) or does not meet the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) is then divided by the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period and the resultant figure is multiplied by a rate calculated as the sum of (i) the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier2(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms), and (ii) an Underlying Margin2(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms. The resultant rate is referred to here as the “Inverse Range Accrual Rate”.

The Rate of Interest applicable to any Variable Rate Interest Period will be the sum of the Range Accrual Rate and the Inverse Range Accrual Rate.

As the Rate of Interest is determined by reference to a spread, such Rate of Interest may not reflect increases in market interest rates.

In the case of a positive performance by both Range Accrual Reference Rate2(t) and Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t), the Range Accrual Reference Spread(t) will decrease between Interest Payment Dates if Range Accrual Reference Rate2(t) performs more favourably than Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t). If there is a positive performance by Range Accrual Reference Rate2(t) and a negative performance by Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t), then such decrease in the Range Accrual Reference Spread(t) will be more pronounced and not simply proportionate to any negative performance of Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t). As a result, the Range Accrual Reference Spread(t) may not meet the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Floor(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms). Conversely, if there is a positive performance by Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t) and a negative performance by Range Accrual Reference Rate2(t), then such increase in the Range Accrual Reference Spread(t) will be more pronounced and not simply proportionate to any positive performance of Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t), resulting in the Range Accrual Reference Spread(t) not meeting the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms).

The Underlying Rate(t), Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t) and Range Accrual Reference Rate2(t) will be subject to market fluctuations. The Underlying Margin1(t) and Underlying Margin2(t) may be less favourable than the margin on floating rate securities issued by the Issuers that are linked to the same reference rate as the Underlying Rate(t).

If the relevant multiplier (being either “Multiplier1(t)” or “Multiplier2(t)”) is higher than 100 per cent., the investor may participate disproportionately in any positive performance of the

Underlying Rate(t), but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the relevant multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t). The relevant multiplier may even be zero.

Finally, the Rate of Interest in respect of any Variable Rate Interest Period will be capped at the Cap(t), which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent the sum of that Range Accrual Rate and the Inverse Range Accrual Rate is greater than the Cap(t), investors may not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t) as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

Inverse Range Accrual Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Inverse Range Accrual Interest Notes. If “Fixed Rate Period” is specified to apply in the applicable Final Terms, such Notes will bear interest at a fixed Rate of Interest during any Interest Period(t) falling within the Fixed Rate Interest Period. During such Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

The Rate of Interest applicable to the Notes during any Variable Rate Interest Period is linked to the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period on which the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) does not meet the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Floor(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) or does not meet the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms). Such number of Range Accrual Observation Dates is divided by the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period and the resultant figure is multiplied by a rate calculated as the sum of (i) the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier1(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms), and (ii) an Underlying Margin1(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms. The resultant rate is referred to here as the “Inverse Range Accrual Rate”.

The total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period on which the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) meets the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Floor(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) and meets the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) is then divided by the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period and the resultant figure is multiplied by a rate calculated as the sum of (i) the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier2(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms), and (ii) an Underlying Margin2(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms. The resultant rate is referred to here as the “Range Accrual Rate”.

The Rate of Interest applicable to any Variable Rate Interest Period will be the sum of the Inverse Range Accrual Rate and the Range Accrual Rate.

The Underlying Rate(t) and the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) will be subject to market fluctuations. The Underlying Margin1(t) and Underlying Margin2(t) may be less favourable than the margin on floating rate securities issued by the Issuers that are linked to the same reference rate as the Underlying Rate(t).

If the relevant multiplier (being either Multiplier1(t) or Multiplier2(t)) is higher than 100 per cent., the investor may participate disproportionately in any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t), but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the relevant multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full

extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t). The relevant multiplier may even be zero.

Finally, the Rate of Interest in respect of any Variable Rate Interest Period will be capped at the Cap(t), which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent the sum of the Inverse Range Accrual Rate and the Range Accrual Rate is greater than the Cap(t), investors may not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t) as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

KO Range Accrual Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue KO Range Accrual Interest Notes. If “Fixed Rate Period” is specified to apply in the applicable Final Terms, such Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate of interest (being Rate of Interest) during any Interest Period(t) falling within the Fixed Rate Interest Period. During such Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

The Rate of Interest applicable to the Notes during any Variable Rate Interest Period depends on whether the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) met the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Floor(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) and met the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) on every Range Accrual Observation Date during the Range Accrual Observation Period.

Where on all the Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) met the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Floor(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) and met the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms), the Rate of Interest applicable to the Notes during the relevant Variable Rate Interest Period will be the sum of (i) the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier1(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms), and (ii) an Underlying Margin1(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) does not fall within the designated range on all days in the relevant Range Accrual Observation Period, the Range Accrual Rate for the relevant Interest Period will be zero.

If the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) does not meet the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Floor(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) or does not meet the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms), on every Range Accrual Observation Date during the Range Accrual Observation Period, the Rate of Interest applicable to the Notes during the relevant Variable Rate Interest Period will be the sum of (i) the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier2(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms), and (ii) an Underlying Margin2(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms. The resultant rate is referred to here as the “Inverse Range Accrual Rate”.

The Underlying Rate(t) and the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) will be subject to market fluctuations. The Underlying Margin1(t) and Underlying Margin2(t) may be less favourable than the margin on floating rate securities issued by the Issuers that are linked to the same reference rate as the Underlying Rate(t).

If the relevant multiplier (being either Multiplier1(t) or Multiplier2(t)) is higher than 100 per cent., the investor may participate disproportionately in any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t), but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the relevant multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t). The relevant multiplier may even be zero.

Finally, the Rate of Interest in respect of any Variable Rate Interest Period will be capped at the Cap(t), which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent the applicable Rate of Interest (being either the Range Accrual Rate or the Inverse Range Accrual Rate) is greater than the Cap(t), investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t) as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

Dual Range Accrual Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Dual Range Accrual Interest Notes. If “Fixed Rate Period” is specified to apply in the applicable Final Terms, such Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate of interest (being Rate of Interest) during any Interest Period(t) falling within the Fixed Rate Interest Period. During such Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

The Rate of Interest applicable to the Notes during any Variable Rate Interest Period is linked to the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period on which (i) the Range Accrual Reference Factor1(t) meets the Range Accrual Floor Criterion1 with respect to the Range Accrual Floor1(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor1(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) and meets the Range Accrual Cap Criterion1 with respect to the Range Accrual Cap1(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap1(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) and (ii) Range Accrual Reference Factor2(t) meets the Range Accrual Floor Criterion2 with respect to the Range Accrual Floor2(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor 2(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) and meets the Range Accrual Cap Criterion2 with respect to the Range Accrual Cap2(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap2(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms). Such number of Range Accrual Observation Dates is divided by the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period and the resultant figure is multiplied by a rate calculated as the sum of (i) the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier1(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms), and (ii) an Underlying Margin1(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms. The resultant rate is referred to here as the “Range Accrual Rate”.

The total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period on which (i) the Range Accrual Reference Factor1(t) does not meet the Range Accrual Floor Criterion1 with respect to the Range Accrual Floor1(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor1(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) and does not meet the Range Accrual Cap Criterion1 with respect to the Range Accrual Cap1(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap1(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) or (ii) Range Accrual Reference Factor2(t) does not meet the Range Accrual Floor Criterion2 with respect to the Range Accrual Floor2(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor2(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) and does not meet the Range Accrual Cap Criterion2 with respect to the Range Accrual Cap2(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap2(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) is then divided by the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period and the resultant figure is multiplied by a rate calculated as the sum of (i) the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier2(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms), and (ii) an Underlying Margin2(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms. The resultant rate is referred to here as the “Inverse Range Accrual Rate”.

The Rate of Interest applicable to any Variable Rate Interest Period will be the sum of the Range Accrual Rate and the Inverse Range Accrual Rate.

The Range Accrual Reference Factor1(t) will be the Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t) or the Range Accrual Reference Spread1(t) (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), where the Range Accrual Reference Spread1(t) is calculated as the difference when the Range Accrual Reference RateB(t) is subtracted from the Range Accrual Reference RateA(t). The Range Accrual Reference Factor2(t) will be either the Range Accrual Reference Rate2(t) or the Range Accrual Reference Spread2(t) (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), where the Range Accrual Reference Spread2(t) is calculated as the difference when the Range Accrual Reference RateD(t) is subtracted from the Range Accrual Reference RateC(t).

Where the Rate of Interest is determined by reference to a spread, such Rate of Interest may not reflect increases in market interest rates.

Where the Range Accrual Reference Factor1(t) is the Range Accrual Reference Spread1(t), in the case of a positive performance by both Range Accrual Reference RateB(t) and Range Accrual Reference RateA(t), the Range Accrual Reference Spread1(t) will decrease between Interest Payment Dates if Range Accrual Reference RateB(t) performs more favourably than Range Accrual Reference RateA(t). If there is a positive performance by Range Accrual Reference RateB(t) and a negative performance by Range Accrual Reference RateA(t), then such decrease in the Range Accrual Reference Spread1(t) will be more pronounced and not simply proportionate to any negative performance of Range Accrual Reference RateA(t). As a result, the Range Accrual Reference Spread1(t) may not meet the Range Accrual Floor Criterion1 with respect to the Range Accrual Floor1(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor1(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms). Conversely, if there is a positive performance by Range Accrual Reference RateA(t) and a negative performance by Range Accrual Reference RateB(t), then such increase in the Range Accrual Reference Spread1(t) will be more pronounced and not simply proportionate to any positive performance of Range Accrual Reference RateA(t), resulting in the Range Accrual Reference Spread1(t) not meeting the Range Accrual Cap Criterion1 with respect to the Range Accrual Cap1(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap1(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms).

Where the Range Accrual Reference Factor2(t) is the Range Accrual Reference Spread2(t), in the case of a positive performance by both Range Accrual Reference RateD(t) and Range Accrual Reference RateC(t), the Range Accrual Reference Spread2(t) will decrease between Interest Payment Dates if Range Accrual Reference RateD(t) performs more favourably than Range Accrual Reference RateC(t). If there is a positive performance by Range Accrual Reference RateD(t) and a negative performance by Range Accrual Reference RateC(t), then such decrease in the Range Accrual Reference Spread2(t) will be more pronounced and not simply proportionate to any negative performance of Range Accrual Reference RateC(t). As a result, the Range Accrual Reference Spread2(t) may not meet the Range Accrual Floor Criterion2 with respect to the Range Accrual Floor2(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor2(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms). Conversely, if there is a positive performance by Range Accrual Reference RateC(t) and a negative performance by Range Accrual Reference RateD(t), then such increase in the Range Accrual Reference Spread2(t) will be more pronounced and not simply proportionate to any positive performance of Range Accrual Reference RateC(t), resulting in the Range Accrual Reference Spread2(t) not meeting the Range Accrual Cap Criterion2 with respect to the Range Accrual Cap2(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap2(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms).

The Underlying Rate(t), Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t), Range Accrual Reference Rate2(t), Range Accrual Reference RateA(t), Range Accrual Reference RateB(t), Range Accrual Reference

RateC(t) and Range Accrual Reference RateD(t) will be subject to market fluctuations. The Underlying Margin1(t) and Underlying Margin2(t) may be less favourable than the margin on floating rate securities issued by the Issuers that are linked to the same reference rate as the Underlying Rate(t).

If the relevant multiplier (being either “Multiplier1(t)” or “Multiplier2(t)”) is higher than 100 per cent., the investor may participate disproportionately in any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t), but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the relevant multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t). The relevant multiplier may even be zero.

Finally, the Rate of Interest in respect of any Variable Rate Interest Period will be capped at the Cap(t), which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent the sum of the Range Accrual Rate and the Inverse Range Accrual Rate is greater than the Cap(t), investors may not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t) as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

Snowball Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Snowball Interest Notes. If “Fixed Rate Period” is specified to apply in the applicable Final Terms, or if there is no Fixed Rate Period, in the case of the first Interest Period such Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate of interest (being Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)). During any Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

The Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest during any Variable Rate Interest Period, equal to the sum of (i) the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier1(t) specified in the applicable Final Terms) and (ii) the difference when the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier2(t) specified in the applicable Final Terms) is subtracted from the Fix(t) (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (other than if such Variable Rate Interest Period is the first Interest Period, for which the Notes will bear interest at a fixed Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)). The Underlying Rate(t) will be subject to market fluctuations. The market values of those Notes typically are more volatile than market values of other conventional floating rate debt securities based on the same reference rate (and with otherwise comparable terms) as the Underlying Rate(t). Snowball Interest Notes are more volatile because an increase in the Underlying Rate(t) not only decreases the interest rate of the Notes, but may also reflect an increase in prevailing interest rates, which further adversely affects the market value of these Notes.

If the Multiplier1(t) is less than 100 per cent., the Rate of Interest payable on the Notes in respect of any Interest Period could be lower than the Rate of Interest payable on the Notes in the previous Interest Period.

As Multiplier2(t) is applied to the Underlying Rate(t), if the Multiplier2(t) is higher than 100 per cent., the positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t) will be magnified, thereby reducing the interest rate of the Notes even further. If the Multiplier2(t) is less than 100 per cent., any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t) will be scaled down. In addition, as the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes is also dependent on the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date, a positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t) in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) will be reflected inversely in the Rate of Interest in respect of each subsequent Interest Payment Date.

Following positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t), it is possible that investors will only receive a Rate of Interest equal to the Floor(t).

Finally, the Rate of Interest in respect of any Variable Rate Interest Period will be capped at the Cap(t), which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent the sum of (i) the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date(t) (multiplied by the Multiplier1(t)) and (ii) the difference when the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by the Multiplier2(t)) is subtracted from the Fix(t) is greater than the Cap(t), investors may not benefit from the full extent of any negative performance of the Underlying Rate(t) as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

SnowRanger Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue SnowRanger Interest Notes. If “Fixed Rate Period” is specified to apply in the applicable Final Terms, such Notes will bear interest at a fixed Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t) during any Interest Period(t) falling within the Fixed Rate Interest Period. During such Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

The Rate of Interest applicable to the Notes during any Variable Rate Interest Period is linked to the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period on which the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) meets the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Floor(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) and meets the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms). Such number of Range Accrual Observation Dates (“n”) is divided by the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period (“N”) and the resultant figure is multiplied (i) if such Variable Rate Interest Period is the first Interest Period, by a rate based upon the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier1(t)) and an Underlying Margin(t), each as set out in the applicable Final Terms or (ii) if such Variable Rate Interest Period is an Interest Period(t) other than the first Interest Period, a rate based on the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date (multiplied by the Multiplier2(t) specified in the applicable Final Terms) and an Underlying Margin(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier1(t)), each as set out in the applicable Final Terms.

The Underlying Rate(t) and the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) will be subject to market fluctuations. Market fluctuations during the Range Accrual Observation Period will affect the value of “n” used in the aforementioned calculations. If the first Interest Period(t) is a Variable Rate Interest Period, then the Underlying Rate(t) in respect of the first Interest Payment Date(t) will determine the Rate of Interest payable on such date. Furthermore, as the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes is also dependent on the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date, a negative performance of the Underlying Rate(t) in respect of the first Interest Payment Date(t) (if the related Variable Rate Interest Period is the first Interest Period) and any negative performance of the Underlying Rate(t) over each Range Accrual Period will be reflected in the Rate of Interest in respect of each subsequent Interest Payment Date.

The Rate of Interest in respect of any Variable Rate Interest Period will be capped at the Cap(t), which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent that (i) if the relevant Variable Rate Interest Period is the first Interest Period, the sum of the Underlying Rate(t) (multiplied by a Multiplier1(t)) and the Underlying Margin(t) or (ii) if the relevant Variable Rate Interest Period is not the first Interest Period, the Rate of Interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date(t) (multiplied by the Multiplier2(t)) and the Underlying Margin(t) and, in each case, as multiplied by the quotient of n divided by N, is greater than the Cap(t), investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t) as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

If the Multiplier1(t) is higher than 100 per cent., the investor will participate disproportionately in any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t), but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Multiplier1(t) is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled

down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t).

If the Multiplier2(t) is less than 100 per cent., the Rate of Interest payable on the Notes in respect of any Interest Period could be lower than the Rate of Interest payable on the Notes in the previous Interest Period.

If the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) does not meet the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Floor(t) (if “Range Accrual Floor(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) or does not meet the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap(t) (if “Range Accrual Cap(t)” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) on enough days during the Range Accrual Observation Period, investors will only receive a Rate of Interest equal to the Floor(t) in respect of the relevant Variable Rate Interest Period.

Barrier(Rates) Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Barrier(Rates) Interest Notes. If “Fixed Rate Period” is specified to apply in the applicable Final Terms, such Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate of interest (being Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)) during any Interest Period(t) falling within the Fixed Rate Interest Period. During such Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

The Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest during any Variable Rate Interest Period, based upon an Underlying Rate(t), which will be subject to market fluctuations, and a margin (being either Underlying Margin1(t), Underlying Margin2(t) or Underlying Margin3(t)), which may be less favourable than the margin on floating rate securities issued by the Issuers that are linked to the same reference rate as the Underlying Rate(t). The applicable margin will depend on the Underlying Rate(t). If the Underlying Rate(t) does not meet the Upper Barrier Criterion with respect to the Upper Barrier(t), such margin will be the Underlying Margin1(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Underlying Rate(t) (i) meets the Upper Barrier Criterion with respect to the Upper Barrier(t) and (ii) meets the Lower Barrier Criterion with respect to the Lower Barrier(t), such margin will be the Underlying Margin2(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms. Finally, if the Underlying Rate(t) does not meet the Lower Barrier Criterion with respect to the Lower Barrier(t), such margin will be the Underlying Margin3(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

In calculating the Rate of Interest in respect of any Variable Rate Interest Period, a multiplier is applied to the Underlying Rate(t). The applicable multiplier will depend on the Underlying Rate(t). If the Underlying Rate(t) does not meet the Upper Barrier Criterion with respect to the Upper Barrier(t), such multiplier will be the Multiplier(Upper Barrier)(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Underlying Rate(t) (i) meets the Upper Barrier Criterion with respect to the Upper Barrier(t) and (ii) meets the Lower Barrier Criterion with respect to the Lower Barrier(t), such multiplier will be the Multiplier(Barrier)(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms. Finally, if the Underlying Rate(t) does not meet the Lower Barrier Criterion with respect to the Lower Barrier(t), such multiplier will be the Multiplier(Lower Barrier)(t), as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If the relevant multiplier is higher than 100 per cent., the investor may participate disproportionately in any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t), but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the relevant multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Underlying Rate(t).

Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest Notes. If “Fixed Rate Period” is specified to apply in the applicable Final Terms, such Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate of interest (being Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)) during any Interest Period(t) falling within the Fixed Rate Interest Period. During such Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

The Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest during any Variable Rate Interest Period, based on the sum of (i) the product of (1) the percentage change in the level of the inflation index (the “**Inflation Index**”) between the level of the Inflation Index in respect of Reference Month (t-1) (or if the Interest Period(t) is the first Interest Period, the Initial Reference Month) and the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the Reference Month(t) and (2) the Participation(t), (ii) the Underlying Margin1(t) and (iii) the Underlying Margin2(t), each as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

As the variable Rate of Interest during any Variable Rate Interest Period depends on the performance of the Inflation Index, a fall in the level of the Inflation Index may result in investors only receiving a Rate of Interest equal to the Floor(t) (to the extent that a Floor is applicable) plus the Underlying Margin2(t).

If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., the investor will participate disproportionately in any positive performance of the Inflation Index, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Inflation Index.

Finally, the Rate of Interest will be capped at the Cap(t) plus the Underlying Margin2(t), which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent the sum of (i) the product of (1) the percentage change in the level of the Inflation Index between the level of the Inflation Index in respect of Reference Month (t-1) (or if the Interest Period(t) is the first Interest Period, the Initial Reference Month) and the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the Reference Month(t) and (2) the Participation(t), and (ii) the Underlying Margin1(t) is greater than the Cap(t), investors may not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Inflation Index as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

Reference Item(Inflation) Indexed Interest Notes

The Issuers may issue Reference Item(Inflation) Indexed Interest Notes. If “Fixed Rate Period” is specified to apply in the applicable Final Terms, such Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate of interest (being Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)) during any Interest Period(t) falling within the Fixed Rate Interest Period. During such Fixed Rate Interest Period, any increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Notes.

The Notes will bear interest at a variable Rate of Interest during any Variable Rate Interest Period, based on a fixed Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t) which is adjusted to take into account changes in the level of the Inflation Index between the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the Initial Reference Month and the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the Reference Month(t), each as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

As the variable Rate of Interest during any Variable Rate Interest Period depends on the performance of the Inflation Index, a fall in the level of the Inflation Index may result in investors only receiving a Rate of Interest equal to the Floor(t) (to the extent that a Floor is applicable).

Finally, the Rate of Interest will be capped at the Cap(t), which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t), adjusted to take into account changes in the level of the Inflation Index between the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the Initial Reference Month and the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the Reference Month(t), is greater than the Cap(t), investors may not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Inflation Index as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

Step-Up Barrier Interest Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Step-Up Barrier Interest Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date will depend on (i) whether the relevant Observation Index Level(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion and (ii) the Step-Up.

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) the Observation Index Level(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion, then the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Payment Date(t) will be equal to the product of (1) the Step-Up and (2) the number of Interest Payment Date(t)s from and including the date of issue to and including such Interest Payment Date(t) (unless such Interest Payment Date(t) is the first Interest Payment Date, in which case the Rate of Interest will be the Rate of Interest(1)). If, however, in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) the Observation Index Level(t) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion, no interest will be payable on the Notes on such Interest Payment Date(t).

Basket Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Step-Up Barrier Interest Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date will depend on (i) if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply, whether the relevant Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Basket Component meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion, (ii) if “Basket Level Determination” applies, whether the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion and (iii) the Step-Up.

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) the Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Basket Component meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion (if “Basket Level Determination” applies), then the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Payment Date(t) will be equal to the product of (1) the Step-Up and (2) the number of Interest Payment Date(t)s from and including the date of issue to and including such Interest Payment Date(t) (unless such Interest Payment Date(t) is the first Interest Payment Date, in which case the Rate of Interest will be the Rate of Interest(1)). If, however, in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) the Observation Index Level(k,t) of one or more Basket Component does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion (if “Basket Level Determination” applies), no interest will be payable on the Notes on such Interest Payment Date(t).

Memory Interest Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Memory Interest Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date will depend on (i) whether the relevant Observation Index Level(t) meets the Coupon Barrier

Criterion, (ii) the Rate of Interest in respect of each previous Interest Payment Date (or, if such Interest Payment Date is the first Interest Payment Date, the Rate of Interest(1)) and (iii) the Memory.

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date the relevant Observation Index Level(t) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion, no interest will be payable on the Notes on such Interest Payment Date.

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) the relevant Observation Index Level(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion, then the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Payment Date(t) will be equal to the product of (1) the Memory and (2) the number of Interest Payment Dates from the Issue Date to such Interest Payment Date, less the sum of the Rates of Interest in respect of each previous Interest Payment Date (unless such Interest Payment Date is the first Interest Payment Date, in which case the Rate of Interest will be the Rate of Interest(1)).

Furthermore, if in respect of every Interest Payment Date(t) the Observation Index Level(t) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion, the investor will receive no interest on the Notes.

Basket Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Memory Interest Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date will depend on (i) if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply, whether the relevant Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Basket Component meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion, (ii) if “Basket Level Determination” applies, whether the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion, (iii) the Rate of Interest in respect of each previous Interest Payment Date (or, if such Interest Payment Date is the first Interest Payment Date, the Rate of Interest(1)) and (iv) the Memory.

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) the Observation Index Level(k,t) of one or more Basket Component does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion (if “Basket Level Determination” applies), no interest will be payable on the Notes on such Interest Payment Date(t).

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) the relevant Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Basket Component meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion (if “Basket Level Determination” applies), then the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Payment Date(t) will be equal to the product of (1) the Memory and (2) the number of Interest Payment Dates from the Issue Date to such Interest Payment Date(t), less the sum of the Rates of Interest in respect of each previous Interest Payment Date (unless such Interest Payment Date is the first Interest Payment Date, in which case the Rate of Interest will be the Rate of Interest(1)).

Furthermore, if in respect of every Interest Payment Date(t) the Observation Index Level(k,t) of one or more Basket Component (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or the Basket Level(t) in respect of every Coupon Observation Date(t) (if “Basket Level Determination” applies) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion, the investor will receive no interest on the Notes.

One Touch Memory Interest Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “One Touch Memory Interest Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date will depend on (i) whether a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant

Coupon Barrier Observation Period, (ii) the Rate of Interest in respect of each previous Interest Payment Date (or, if such Interest Payment Date is the first Interest Payment Date, the Rate of Interest(1)) and (iii) the Memory.

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, no interest will be payable on the Notes on such Interest Payment Date(t).

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, then the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Payment Date(t) will be equal to the product of (1) the Memory and (2) the number of Interest Payment Date(t)s from and including the date of issue to and including such Interest Payment Date; less the sum of the Rates of Interest in respect of each previous Interest Payment Date (unless such Interest Payment Date(t) is the first Interest Payment Date, in which case the Rate of Interest will be the Rate of Interest(1)).

Furthermore, if in respect of every Interest Payment Date(t) no Coupon Barrier Event occurs during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, the investor will receive no interest on the Notes.

Basket Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “One Touch Memory Interest Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date will depend on (i) if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply, whether a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, (ii) if “Basket Level Determination” applies, whether a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, (iii) the Rate of Interest in respect of each previous Interest Payment Date (or, if such Interest Payment Date is the first Interest Payment Date, the Rate of Interest(1)) and (iv) the Memory.

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred in respect of every Basket Component (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or the Basket (if “Basket Level Determination” applies) during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, no interest will be payable on the Notes on such Interest Payment Date(t).

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or the Basket (if “Basket Level Determination” applies) during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, then the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Payment Date(t) will be equal to the product of (1) the Memory and (2) the number of Interest Payment Date(t)s from and including the date of issue to and including such Interest Payment Date; less the sum of the Rates of Interest in respect of each previous Interest Payment Date (unless such Interest Payment Date(t) is the first Interest Payment Date, in which case the Rate of Interest will be the Rate of Interest(1)).

Furthermore, if in respect of every Interest Payment Date(t) no Coupon Barrier Event occurs during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, the investor will receive no interest on the Notes.

Range Accrual(Index) Interest Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Range Accrual(Index) Interest Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date will depend on (i) the Coupon Valuation Level over a series of Range Accrual Observation Dates and (ii) the Rate of Interest(Range Accrual).

The Rate of Interest applicable to the Notes on an Interest Payment Date is linked to the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period that the Coupon Valuation Level met the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Floor (if “Range Accrual Floor” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) and met the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap (if “Range Accrual Cap” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms). Such number of Range Accrual Observation Dates (n) is divided by the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period (N) and the resultant figure is multiplied by the Rate of Interest(Range Accrual) to give the Rate of Interest.

If the Coupon Valuation Level did not meet the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Floor (if “Range Accrual Floor” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) or did not meet the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap (if “Range Accrual Cap” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) on each Range Accrual Observation Date during the Range Accrual Observation Period, n will be zero. Consequently, the Interest Amount for that Interest Payment Date will be zero.

Basket Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Range Accrual(Index) Interest Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date will depend on (i) if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply, the Coupon Valuation Level(k) of the Basket Component over a series of Range Accrual Observation Dates, (ii) if “Basket Level Determination” applies, the Basket Level(t) over a series of Range Accrual Observation Dates and (iii) the Rate of Interest(Range Accrual).

The Rate of Interest applicable to the Notes on an Interest Payment Date is linked to the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period that the Coupon Valuation Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or Basket Level(t) (if “Basket Level Determination” applies) met the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Floor (if “Range Accrual Floor” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) and met the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap (if “Range Accrual Cap” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms). Such number of Range Accrual Observation Dates (n) is divided by the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period (N) and the resultant figure is multiplied by the Rate of Interest(Range Accrual) to give the Rate of Interest.

If the Coupon Valuation Level(k) of one or more Basket Component (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or Basket Level(t) (if “Basket Level Determination” applies) does not meet the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Floor (if “Range Accrual Floor” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) and does not meet the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap (if “Range Accrual Cap” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) on each Range Accrual Observation Date during the Range

Accrual Observation Period, n will be zero. Consequently, the Interest Amount for that Interest Payment Date will be zero.

Barrier(Index) Interest Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Barrier(Index) Interest Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date will depend on (i) whether the relevant Observation Index Level(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion and (ii) the Rate of Interest(1).

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) the Observation Index Level(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion, then the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Payment Date(t) will be the Rate of Interest(1).

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) the Observation Index Level(t) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion, no interest will be payable on the Notes on such Interest Payment Date(t).

Furthermore, even if the Observation Index Level(t) in respect of each Interest Payment Date meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion, any investors holding the Notes will be subject to the risk that subsequent changes in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Barrier(Index) Interest Notes.

Basket Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Barrier(Index) Interest Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date will depend on (i) if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply, whether the relevant Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Basket Component meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion, (ii) if “Basket Level Determination” applies, whether the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion and (iii) the Rate of Interest(1).

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) the Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Basket Component (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) (if “Basket Level Determination” applies) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion, then the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Payment Date(t) will be the Rate of Interest(1).

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) the Observation Index Level(k,t) of one or more Basket Component (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) (if “Basket Level Determination” applies) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion, no interest will be payable on the Notes on such Interest Payment Date(t).

Furthermore, even if the Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Basket Component (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or the Basket Level(t) on each relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) (if “Basket Level Determination” applies) in respect of each Interest Payment Date meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion, any investors holding the Notes will be subject to the risk that subsequent changes in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Barrier(Index) Interest Notes.

One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date will depend on (i) whether a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period and (ii) the Rate of Interest(1).

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, then the Rate of Interest will be the Rate of Interest(1)).

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) a Coupon Barrier Event has not occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, no interest will be payable on the Notes on such Interest Payment Date(t).

Furthermore, even if a Coupon Barrier Event occurs during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, any investors holding the Notes will be subject to the risk that subsequent changes in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest Notes.

Basket Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date will depend on (i) if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply, whether a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, (ii) if “Basket Level Determination” applies, whether a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period and (iii) the Rate of Interest(1).

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or the Basket (if “Basket Level Determination” applies) during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, then the Rate of Interest will be the Rate of Interest(1)).

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred in respect of every Basket Component (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or the Basket (if “Basket Level Determination” applies) during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, no interest will be payable on the Notes on such Interest Payment Date(t).

Furthermore, even if a Coupon Barrier Event occurs in respect of each and every Basket Component (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or the Basket (if “Basket Level Determination” applies) during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, any investors holding the Notes will be subject to the risk that subsequent changes in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest Notes.

Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Interest Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Interest Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date will depend on the Reference Rate(t), which is determined by reference to the performance of the Index.

How the value of the Interest Amount is calculated depends upon whether in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) the Reference Rate(t) (i) does not meet the Reference Cap Criterion with respect to the Reference Cap(t), (ii) (1) meets the Reference Cap Criterion with respect to the Reference Cap(t) and (2) meets the Reference Floor Criterion with respect to the Reference Floor(t) or (iii) does not meet the Reference Floor Criterion with respect to the Reference Floor(t).

The Reference Rate(t) in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) will be the higher of (i) Min Coupon(t) and (ii) Performance(t).

Min Coupon(t) will be: (i) if “Memory Coupon” does not apply, the Min Reference Rate; or (ii) if “Memory Coupon” applies, for the first Interest Payment Date(t), the Rate of Interest(1) and for all subsequent Interest Payment Date(t)s, the higher of (1) the rate of interest payable on the Notes in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date(t) and (2) the Rate of Interest(1).

If “ICAP” applies, Performance(t) will reflect the performance of the Index over the period from the Strike Date to the Coupon Observation Date(t), capped at the Coupon Index Cap (if applicable) and floored at the Coupon Index Floor. Consequently, in calculating the Reference Rate(t) the effects of any negative performance of the Index will be limited by the Coupon Index Floor but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Index as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

If “MAGNET” applies, then Performance(t) will depend on the performance of the Index over the period from the Strike Date to the Coupon Observation Date(t). If the performance of the Index during such period is equal to or greater than zero, then Performance(t) will be the higher of the Coupon Index Floor and the Coupon Index Cap. Consequently, if the performance of the Index is greater than the Coupon Index Cap, investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Index. If the performance of the Index during such period is less than zero, then Performance(t) will reflect the performance of the Index during such period, capped at zero and floored at the Coupon Index Floor.

If the Reference Rate(t) does not meet the Reference Floor Criterion with respect to the Reference Floor(t), the Rate of Interest(t) in respect of Interest Payment Date(t) will be the Reference Rate(Floor)(t). If the Reference Rate(Floor)(t) is greater than zero per cent., then investors will receive a Rate of Interest of at least the Reference Rate(Floor)(t) throughout the life of the Notes.

If the Reference Rate(t) (i) meets the Reference Cap Criterion with respect to the Reference Cap(t) and (ii) meets the Reference Floor Criterion with respect to the Reference Floor(t), the Rate of Interest(t) in respect of Interest Payment Date(t) will be the Reference Rate(t).

If the Reference Rate(t) does not meet the Reference Cap Criterion with respect to the Reference Cap(t), the Rate of Interest(t) in respect of Interest Payment Date(t) will be the Reference Rate(Cap)(t). To the extent the Performance(t) of the Index is greater than the Cap, investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Index as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

Basket Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Reference Item(Index) Interest Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date will depend on the Reference Rate(t), which is determined by reference to the performance of the Basket Component.

How the value of the Interest Amount is calculated depends upon whether in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) the Reference Rate(t) (i) does not meet the Reference Cap Criterion with respect to the Reference Cap(t), (ii) (1) meets the Reference Cap Criterion with respect to the Reference Cap(t) and (2) meets the Reference Floor Criterion with respect to the Reference Floor(t) or (iii) does not meet the Reference Floor Criterion with respect to the Reference Floor(t).

The Reference Rate(t) in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) will be: (i) if “FIXED BEST” does not apply, the higher of (a) Min Coupon(t) and (b) the arithmetic average of the Performance(k,t) of each Basket Component; or (ii) if “FIXED BEST” applies, the higher of (a) Min Coupon(t) and (b) the lower of the Coupon Index Cap and the Fixed Best Basket Performance.

Min Coupon(t) will be: (i) if “Memory Coupon” does not apply, the Min Reference Rate; or (ii) if “Memory Coupon” applies, for the first Interest Payment Date(t), the Rate of Interest(1) and for all subsequent Interest Payment Date(t)s, the higher of (1) the rate of interest payable on the Notes in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date(t) and (2) the Rate of Interest(1).

If “ICAP” applies, the Performance(k,t) of a Basket Component is a measure of its performance over the period from the Strike Date to the Coupon Observation Date(t), capped at the Coupon Index Cap (if applicable) and floored at the Coupon Index Floor. Consequently, in calculating the Reference Rate(t) the effects of any negative performance of individual Basket Components will be limited by the Coupon Index Floor but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Basket Components as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

If “MAGNET” applies, then Performance(k,t) will depend on the performance of each Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date to the Coupon Observation Date(t). If the performance of any Basket Component during such period is equal to or greater than zero, then Performance(k,t) in respect of such Basket Component will be the higher of (i) the Coupon Index Floor and (ii) the Coupon Index Cap. Consequently, if the performance of such Basket Component is greater than the Coupon Index Cap, investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of such Basket Component. If the performance of any Basket Component during such period is less than zero, then Performance(k,t) in respect of such Basket Component will reflect the performance of such Basket Component during such period, capped at zero and floored at the Coupon Index Floor. If “FIXED BEST” applies, then Performance(k,t) will depend on the performance of each Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date to the Coupon Observation Date(t) floored at the Coupon Index Floor.

If the Reference Rate(t) does not meet the Reference Floor Criterion with respect to the Reference Floor(t), the Rate of Interest(t) in respect of Interest Payment Date(t) will be the Reference Rate(Floor)(t). If the Reference Rate(Floor)(t) is greater than zero per cent., then investors will receive a Rate of Interest of at least the Reference Rate(Floor)(t) throughout the life of the Notes.

If the Reference Rate(t) (i) meets the Reference Cap Criterion with respect to the Reference Cap(t) and (ii) meets the Reference Floor Criterion with respect to the Reference Cap(t), the Rate of Interest(t) in respect of Interest Payment Date(t) will be the Reference Rate(t).

If the Reference Rate(t) does not meet the Reference Cap Criterion with respect to the Reference Cap(t), the Rate of Interest(t) in respect of Interest Payment Date(t) will be the Reference Rate(Cap)(t). To the extent the Performance(t) of the Index is greater than the Cap, investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Basket Components as the Rate of Interest will be capped.

Best Of Interest Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Best Of Interest Note Provisions” apply, the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date will depend on (i) if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply, whether the relevant Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Basket Component meets the Best Of Coupon Barrier Criterion, (ii) if “Basket Level Determination” applies, whether the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) meets the Best Of Coupon Barrier Criterion, (iii) the Rate of Interest(1)(t) and (iv) the Basket Performance.

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) the Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Basket Component (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) (if “Basket Level Determination” applies) meets the Best Of Coupon Barrier Criterion, then the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Payment Date(t) will be equal to the higher of (a) the Rate of Interest(1)(t) and (b) the Basket Performance.

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) the Observation Index Level(k,t) of one or more Basket Component (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) (if “Basket Level Determination” applies) does not meet the Best Of Coupon Barrier Criterion, no interest will be payable on the Notes on such Interest Payment Date(t).

Furthermore, if the Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Basket Component (if “Basket Level Determination” does not apply) or the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) (if “Basket Level Determination” applies) in respect of each Interest Payment Date meets the Best Of Coupon Barrier Criterion, any investors holding the Notes will be subject to the risk that subsequent changes in market interest rates and the market in respect of each Basket Component may adversely affect the value of the Best Of Interest Notes.

One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date will depend on (i) whether a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, (ii) the Lock-In(t) and (iii) the Performance(t).

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, then the Rate of Interest will be the higher of the Lock-In(t) and the Performance(t).

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) a Coupon Barrier Event has not occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, then the Rate of Interest will be the higher of zero per cent. and the Performance(t).

Performance(t) will depend on the performance of the Index over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Index Level of the Index is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level in respect of such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor)) to the Coupon Observation Date(t), capped at the Coupon Index Cap and floored at the Coupon Index Floor. Consequently, if the performance of the Index is greater than the Coupon Index Cap, investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Index.

Basket Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Rate of Interest in respect of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date will depend on (i) whether a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, (ii) the Lock-In(t) and (iii) the Basket Performance(t).

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, then the Rate of Interest will be the higher of the Lock-In(t) and the Basket Performance(t).

If in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred in respect of every Basket Component during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, then the Rate of Interest will be the higher of zero per cent. and the Basket Performance(t).

Basket Performance(t) will depend on the performance of the Basket over the period from the Strike Date to the Coupon Observation Date(t), capped at the Coupon Index Cap and floored at the Coupon Index Floor. Consequently, if the performance of the Basket is greater than the Coupon Index Cap, investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Basket.

Inflation Indexed Redemption Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Inflation Indexed Redemption Note Provisions” apply, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on the percentage change in the level of the Inflation Index between the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the Initial Reference Month and the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the Final Reference Month, each as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If the level of the Inflation Index has fallen, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will be lower than the denomination of the Notes and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Inflation Indexed with Floor Redemption Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Inflation Indexed with Floor Redemption Note Provisions” apply, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on the (i) the percentage change in the level of the Inflation Index between the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the Initial Reference Month and the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the Final Reference Month, (ii) the Inflation Cap, (iii) the Inflation Floor, (iv) the Redemption Margin1 and (v) the Redemption Margin2, each as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If the level of the Inflation Index has fallen, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will be equal to the denomination of the Notes multiplied by the sum of (i) 100%, (ii) the Inflation Floor and (iii) the Redemption Margin2. An investor’s investment in the Notes will therefore only be protected to the extent that the sum of the Inflation Floor and the Redemption Margin2 is at least zero.

Moreover, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will be subject to a cap equal to the denomination of the Notes multiplied by the sum of (i) 100%, (ii) the Inflation Cap and (iii) the Redemption Margin2. Accordingly, investors will not benefit from any percentage increase in the level of the Inflation Index to the extent that such increase (together with Redemption Margin1) exceeds the Inflation Cap.

Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the Protection Level, (ii) the performance of the Index and (iii) the Participation.

The Protection Level will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Protection Level is lower than 100 per cent., the Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or (if the Protection Level is zero) all of their investment in the Notes.

The right of an investor to receive any amount in excess of the Protection Level by way of Final Redemption Amount depends upon the Performance of the Index over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Index Level of the Index is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level in respect of such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies).

If the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level) of the Index and the Strike Level and (b) the Initial Index Level is less than or equal to zero, investors will only receive the Protection Level by way of redemption amount and will not be entitled to any amount in excess of the Protection Level. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a participation factor is applied to the Performance of the Index. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Best Of”, “Fixed Best” and “Worst Of”: “Not Applicable”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the Protection Level, (ii) the performance of the Basket and (iii) the Participation.

The Protection Level will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Protection Level is lower than 100 per cent., the Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or (if the Protection Level is zero) all of their investment in the Notes.

The right of an investor to receive any amount in excess of the Protection Level by way of Final Redemption Amount depends upon the Basket Performance over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the

Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of the Basket is the lowest (with the Basket Initial Level in respect of the Basket on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Basket Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies). If the quotient of (a) the difference between the Basket Final Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Basket Performance or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Basket Performance) and the Basket Strike Level and (b) the Basket Initial Level is less than or equal to zero, investors will only receive the Protection Level by way of redemption amount and will not be entitled to any amount in excess of the Protection Level.

In calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a participation factor is applied to the Basket Performance. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Fixed Best”: “Applicable”; “Best Of” and “Worst Of”: “Not Applicable”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the Protection Level, (ii) the performance of a specified number of Basket Components that have the lowest performance amongst all the Basket Components in the Basket, (iii) the Fixed Return and (iv) the Participation.

The Protection Level will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Protection Level is lower than 100 per cent., the Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or (if the Protection Level is zero) all of their investment in the Notes.

The right of an investor to receive any amount in excess of the Protection Level by way of Final Redemption Amount depends upon: (a) weighted average of the Performance(k) of a specified number of Basket Components that have the lowest Performance(k) amongst all the Basket Components in the Basket over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, in respect of each Basket Component, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of such Basket Component is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor(k))) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies) and (b) a weighted average of a Fixed Return percentage in respect of each Basket Component other than the specified number of Basket Components that have the lowest Performance(k) amongst all the Basket Components in the Basket. The Performance(k) for each Basket Component comprising the specified number of Basket Components that have the lowest Performance(k) amongst all the Basket Components in the Basket will be a negative value if the Basket Level of such Basket Component on the Valuation Date (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the

Average Index Level(k) of the Basket Component or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level(k) of the Basket Component) is lower than the Strike Level(k). If the sum of (a) the weighted average of the Performance(k) of the specified number of Basket Components that have the lowest Performance(k) amongst all the Basket Components in the Basket and (b) the weighted average of the Fixed Return percentage in respect of each Basket Component other than the specified number of Basket Components that have the lowest performance amongst all the Basket Components in the Basket is less than or equal to zero, investors will only receive the Protection Level by way of redemption amount and will not be entitled to any amount in excess of the Protection Level.

In calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a participation factor is applied to the Basket Performance of the Basket. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Worst Of”: Applicable; “Best Of” and “Fixed Best”: “Not Applicable”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the Protection Level, (ii) the performance of the worst performing Basket Component within the Basket and (iii) the Participation.

The Protection Level will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Protection Level is lower than 100 per cent., the Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or (if the Protection Level is zero) all of their investment in the Notes.

The right of an investor to receive any amount in excess of the Protection Level by way of Final Redemption Amount depends upon the Performance(k) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of such Basket Component is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor(k))) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies). If the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level(k) (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level(k) or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level(k)) of the worst performing Basket Component and the Strike Level(k) and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) of the worst performing Basket Component is less than or equal to zero, investors will only receive the Protection Level by way of redemption amount and will not be entitled to any amount in excess of the Protection Level.

In calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a participation factor is applied to the Basket Performance. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance,

but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Best Of”: Applicable; “Worst Of” and “Fixed Best”: “Not Applicable”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the Protection Level, (ii) the performance of the best performing Basket Component within the Basket and (iii) the Participation.

The Protection Level will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Protection Level is lower than 100 per cent., the Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or (if the Protection Level is zero) all of their investment in the Notes.

The right of an investor to receive any amount in excess of the Protection Level by way of Final Redemption Amount depends upon the Performance(k) of the best performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of such Basket Component is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor(k))) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies). If the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level(k) (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level(k) or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level(k)) of the best performing Basket Component and the Strike Level(k) and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) of the best performing Basket Component is less than or equal to zero, investors will only receive the Protection Level by way of redemption amount and will not be entitled to any amount in excess of the Protection Level.

In calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a participation factor is applied to the Basket Performance. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the Protection Level, (ii) the performance of the Index, (iii) the Participation and (iv) the Cap.

The Protection Level will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Protection Level is lower than 100 per cent., the Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or (if the Protection Level is zero) all of their investment in the Notes.

The right of an investor to receive any amount in excess of the Protection Level by way of Final Redemption Amount depends upon the Performance of the Index over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Index Level of the Index is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level in respect of such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies). If the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level) of the Index and the Strike Level and (b) the Initial Index Level is less than or equal to zero, investors will only receive the Protection Level by way of redemption amount and will not be entitled to any amount in excess of the Protection Level.

In calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a participation factor is applied to the Performance of the Index. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

For the purposes of calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Performance of the Index will be capped at a percentage equal to the Cap, which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent the Performance of the Index is greater than the Cap, investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Index as the Final Redemption Amount will be capped.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Basket Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the Protection Level, (ii) the performance of the Basket, (iii) the Participation and (iv) the Cap.

The Protection Level will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Protection Level is lower than 100 per cent., the Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or (if the Protection Level is zero) all of their investment in the Notes.

The right of an investor to receive any amount in excess of the Protection Level by way of Final Redemption Amount depends upon the Basket Performance over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of the Basket is the lowest (with the Basket Initial Level in respect of the Basket on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Basket Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies). If the quotient of (a) the difference between the Basket Final Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Basket Performance or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Basket Performance) of the Basket and the Basket Strike Level and (b) the Basket Initial Level is less than or equal to zero, investors will only receive the Protection Level by way of redemption amount and will not be entitled to any amount in excess of the Protection Level.

In calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a participation factor is applied to the Basket Performance. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

For the purposes of calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Basket Performance will be capped at a percentage equal to the Cap, which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent the Basket Performance is greater than the Cap, investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance of the Basket as the Final Redemption Amount will be capped.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

(Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Redemption Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “(Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-out Redemption Note Provisions” apply, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the Protection Level, (ii) the performance of the Index and (iii)(a) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the Rebate or (b) if a Redemption Barrier Event has not occurred, the Participation.

The Protection Level will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Protection Level is lower than 100 per cent., the Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or (if the Protection Level is zero) all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of any amount in excess of the Protection Level payable to an investor by way of Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the

applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-out), which is determined by multiplying the Initial Index Level of the Index by the Redemption Barrier(knock-out) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has not occurred, the excess payable above the Protection Level will be an amount equal to the Performance of the Index over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Index Level of the Index is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level in respect of such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging-Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies). If the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level (or, if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level) of the Index and the Strike Level and (b) the Initial Index Level is less than or equal to zero, investors will only receive the Protection Level by way of redemption amount and will not be entitled to any amount in excess of the Protection Level.

In calculating the Final Redemption Amount when a Redemption Barrier Event has not occurred, a participation factor is applied to the Performance of the Index. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the excess payable above the Protection Level will be the Rebate specified in the applicable Final Terms.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

(Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “(Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption Note Provisions” apply, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on the Protection Level.

The Protection Level will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Protection Level is lower than 100 per cent., the Notes are not principal protected and investors will lose some or (if the Protection Level is zero) all of their investment in the Notes.

As the Final Redemption Amount is not calculated by reference to the performance of the Index, investors will not be disadvantaged by any negative performance of the Index on redemption but also will not benefit from any positive performance.

Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Reverse Convertible Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Index and (ii) the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

If the Final Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance of the Index over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Performance of the Index will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level of the Index and the Strike Level and (b) the Initial Index Level being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Furthermore, where the Final Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, a leverage factor (being the Leverage Put) is applied to the Performance of the Index in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If the Final Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date meets the Strike Level Criterion, investors will only receive 100 per cent. of the specified denomination of the Notes. Investors will not receive any amount in excess of the specified denomination of the Notes reflecting the positive performance of the Index.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Worst Of”: “Not Applicable”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Reverse Convertible Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes but “Worst Of” does not apply, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Basket and (ii) the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

If the Basket Final Level of the Basket on the Valuation Date does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, investors will only receive a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Basket Performance over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Basket Performance will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Basket Final Level and the Basket Strike Level and (b) the Basket Initial Level being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Furthermore, if the Basket Final Level of the Basket on the Valuation Date does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, a leverage factor (being the Leverage Put) is applied to the Basket Performance in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If the Basket Final Level of the Basket on the Valuation Date meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion, investors will only receive a return of 100 per cent. of the specified denomination of the Notes. Investors will not receive any amount in excess of the specified denomination of the Notes reflecting the positive Basket Performance.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Worst Of”: “Applicable”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Reverse Convertible Redemption Note Provisions” apply, the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Worst Of” applies, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the worst performing Basket Component and (ii) the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes. If the Final Index Level(k) of one or more of the Basket Components on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(k) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Performance(k) of the worst performing Basket Component will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level(k) and the Strike Level(k) and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) of the worst performing Basket Component being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Furthermore, where the Final Index Level(k) of one or more of the Basket Components on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, a leverage factor (being the Leverage Put) is applied to the Performance(k) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If the Final Index Level(k) of one or more of the Basket Components on the Valuation Date meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will only receive 100 per cent. of the specified denomination of the Notes. Investors will not receive any amount in excess of the specified denomination of the Notes reflecting the positive performance of the Basket Components.

Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Index and (ii) the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in), which is determined by multiplying the Initial Index Level by the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance of the Index over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Performance of the Index will be a negative value (due

to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level of the Index and the Strike Level and (b) the Initial Index Level being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Furthermore, where a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, a leverage factor (being the Leverage Put) is applied to the Performance of the Index in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If either (i) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred or (ii) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred but the Final Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date meets the Strike Level Criterion, investors will only receive 100 per cent. of the specified denomination of the Notes. Investors will not receive any amount in excess of the specified denomination of the Notes reflecting the positive performance of the Index.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Worst Of”: “Not Applicable”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes but “Worst Of” does not apply, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Basket and (ii) the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of the Basket if the Basket Level(t) on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in), which is determined by multiplying the Basket Initial Level by the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket and the Basket Final Level of the Basket on the Valuation Date does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, investors will only receive a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Basket Performance over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Basket Performance will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Basket Final Level and the Basket Strike Level and (b) the Basket Initial Level being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Furthermore, where a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket and the Basket Final Level of the Basket on the Valuation Date does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, a leverage factor (being the Leverage Put) is applied to the Basket Performance in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If either (i) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket or (ii) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket but the Basket Final Level of the Basket on the Valuation Date meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion, investors will only receive 100

per cent. of the specified denomination of the Notes. Investors will not receive any amount in excess of the specified denomination of the Notes reflecting the positive Basket Performance.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Worst Of”: “Applicable”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Reverse Convertible Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Worst Of” applies, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the worst performing Basket Component and (ii) the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of a Basket Component if the Basket Level of such Basket Component on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k), which is determined by multiplying the Initial Index Level(k) by the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) of one or more of the Basket Component on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(k) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Performance(k) of the worst performing Basket Component will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level(k) and the Strike Level(k) and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) of the worst performing Basket Component being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Furthermore, where a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) of one or more Basket Component on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, a leverage factor (being the Leverage Put) is applied to the Performance(k) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If either (i) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component or (ii) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component but the Final Index Level(k) of one or more of the Basket Components on the Valuation Date meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will only receive 100 per cent. of the specified denomination of the Notes. Investors will not receive any amount in excess of the specified denomination of the Notes reflecting the positive performance of the Basket Components.

Capped Outperformance Redemption Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Capped Outperformance Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Index, (ii) where the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion, (1) the Participation and (2) the Cap and (iii) where the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion with respect to the Strike Level, the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

If the Final Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance of the Index over the period from the Strike Date (or, (a) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (b) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Index Level of the Index is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level in respect of such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Performance of the Index will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level of the Index and the Strike Level and (b) the Initial Index Level being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes. Furthermore, where the Final Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, a leverage factor (being the Leverage Put) is applied to the Performance of the Index in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion with respect to the Strike Level, a participation factor is applied to the Performance of the Index in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent. investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent. any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Finally, where the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion, the Performance will be capped at the Cap, which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent that the Performance of the Index is greater than the Cap, investors will not benefit from any positive performance of the Index in excess of the Cap.

Basket Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Capped Outperformance Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Basket, (ii) where the Basket Final Level of the Basket meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion, (1) the Participation and (2) the Cap and (iii) where the Basket Final Level of the Basket does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

If the Basket Final Level of the Basket on the Valuation Date does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Basket Performance over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of the Basket is the lowest (with the Basket Initial Level in respect of the Basket on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Basket Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Basket Performance will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Basket Final Level and the Basket Strike Level and (b) the Basket Initial Level being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes. Furthermore, where the Basket Final Level of the Basket on the Valuation Date does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, a leverage factor (being the Leverage Put) is applied to the Basket Performance in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If the Basket Final Level of the Basket meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion, a participation factor is applied to the Basket Performance in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Finally, where the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion, the Basket Performance will be capped at the Cap, which is specified in the applicable Final Terms. To the extent that the Basket Performance of the Basket is greater than the Cap, investors will not benefit from any positive performance of the Basket in excess of the Cap.

Capped Bonus Redemption Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Capped Bonus Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Index, (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the Bonus and (iii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred or a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred but the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion, the Cap.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) (which is determined by multiplying the Initial Index Level by the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms).

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the

Performance of the Index over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Performance of the Index will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level of the Index and the Strike Level and (b) the Initial Index Level being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated on the basis of the Performance of the Index over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date (subject to the Cap specified in the applicable Final Terms).

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, investors will receive a redemption amount equal to the specified denomination of the Notes multiplied by the sum of (i) 100 per cent. and (ii) the greater of (1) the Bonus and (2) the Performance of the Index (subject to the Cap specified in the applicable Final Terms). Where a Cap is applied to the Performance of the Index, to the extent that the Performance of the Index is greater than the Cap, investors will not benefit from any positive performance of the Index in excess of the Cap.

Basket Index Linked Notes –: “Upside Redemption” specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” specified as “Worst of basis”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Capped Bonus Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of each Basket Component, (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component, the Bonus and (iii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component or if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) of each and every Basket Component meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, the Cap.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component.

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of a Basket Component if the Basket Level of such Basket Component on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k), which in respect of such Basket Component is determined by multiplying the Initial Index Level(k) of such Basket Component by the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) of one or more Basket Component does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(k) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Performance(k) of such of the worst performing Basket Component will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level(k) of such Basket Component and the Strike Level(k) and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) of each and every Basket Component meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated on the basis of the Basket Performance over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date (subject to the Cap specified in the applicable Final Terms).

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of any Basket Component, investors will receive a redemption amount equal to the denomination of the Notes multiplied by the sum of (i) 100 per cent. and (ii) the greater of (1) the Bonus and (2) the Basket Performance (subject to the Cap specified in the applicable Final Terms).

Where a Cap is applied to the Basket Performance, to the extent that the Basket Performance is greater than the Cap, investors will not benefit from any positive performance of the Basket in excess of the Cap.

Basket Index Linked Notes –: “Upside Redemption” specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” specified as “Basket level basis”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Capped Bonus Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Basket, (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, the Bonus and (iii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket or if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket and the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion, the Cap.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of the Basket if the Basket Level(t) on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in), which is determined by multiplying the Basket Initial Level by the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket and the Basket Final Level of the Basket on the Valuation Date does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, investors will only receive a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Basket Performance over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Basket Performance will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Basket Final Level and the Basket Strike Level and (b) the Basket Initial Level being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket but the Basket Final Level of the Basket on the Valuation Date meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion, investors will receive a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Basket Performance over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date (subject to the Cap specified in the applicable Final Terms).

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, investors will receive a redemption amount equal to the denomination of the Notes multiplied by the sum of (i) 100 per cent. and (ii) the greater of (1) the Bonus and (2) the Basket Performance (subject to the Cap specified in the applicable Final Terms).

Where a Cap is applied to the Basket Performance, to the extent that the Basket Performance is greater than the Cap, investors will not benefit from any positive performance of the Basket in excess of the Cap.

Basket Index Linked Notes –: “Upside Redemption” specified as “Worst of basis” and “Downside Redemption” specified as “Worst of basis”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Capped Bonus Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the worst performing Basket Component within the Basket, (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the Bonus and (iii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component or if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) of each and every Basket Component meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, the Cap.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of a Basket Component if the Basket Level of such Basket Component on the Valuation Date is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k), which in respect of such Basket Component is determined by multiplying the Initial Index Level(k) of such Basket Component by the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) of one or more Basket Component does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(k) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Performance(k) of the worst performing Basket Component will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level(k) of the worst performing Basket Component and the Strike Level(k) and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) of each and every Basket Component meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated on the basis of the Performance(k) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date (subject to the Cap specified in the applicable Final Terms).

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of any Basket Component, investors will receive a redemption amount equal to the denomination of the Notes multiplied by the sum of (i) 100 per cent. and (ii) the greater of (1) the Bonus and (2) Performance(k) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date (subject to the Cap specified in the applicable Final Terms).

Where a Cap is applied to the Basket Performance, to the extent that the Basket Performance is greater than the Cap, investors will not benefit from any positive performance of the worst performing Basket Component in excess of the Cap.

Express Redemption

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Express Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Index and (ii) the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in), which is determined by multiplying the Initial Index Level by the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance of the Index over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Performance of the Index will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level of the Index and the Strike Level and (b) the Initial Index Level being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Furthermore, where a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level Criterion with respect to the Strike Level, a leverage factor (being the Leverage Put) is applied to the Performance of the Index in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If either (i) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred or (ii) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred but the Final Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date meets the Strike Level Criterion with respect to the Strike Level, investors will only receive 100 per cent. of the specified denomination of the Notes. Investors will not receive any amount in excess of the specified denomination of the Notes reflecting any positive performance of the Index.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Worst Of”: “Not Applicable”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Express Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes but “Worst Of” does not apply, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Basket and (ii) the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of the Basket if the Basket Level(t) on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Basket

Redemption Barrier(knock-in), which is determined by multiplying the Basket Initial Level by the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket and the Basket Final Level of the Basket on the Valuation Date does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, investors will only receive a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Basket Performance over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Basket Performance will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Basket Final Level and the Basket Strike Level and (b) the Basket Initial Level being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Furthermore, where a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket and the Basket Final Level of the Basket on the Valuation Date does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, a leverage factor (being the Leverage Put) is applied to the Basket Performance in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If either (i) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket or (ii) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket but the Basket Final Level of the Basket on the Valuation Date meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion, investors will only receive 100 per cent. of the specified denomination of the Notes. Investors will not receive any amount in excess of the specified denomination of the Notes reflecting any positive Basket Performance.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Worst Of”: “Applicable”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Express Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Worst Of” applies, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the worst performing Basket Component and (ii) the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of a Basket Component if the Basket Level of such Basket Component on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k), which is determined by multiplying the Initial Index Level(k) by the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) of one or more Basket Component on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(k) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Performance(k) of the worst performing Basket Component will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level(k) and the Strike Level(k) and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) of the worst performing Basket Component being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Furthermore, where a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) of one or more Basket Component on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, a leverage factor (being the Leverage Put) is applied to the Performance(k) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date to the Valuation Date in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If either (i) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component or (ii) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component but the Final Index Level(k) of each and every Basket Component on the Valuation Date meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will only receive 100 per cent. of the specified denomination of the Notes. Investors will not receive any amount in excess of the specified denomination of the Notes reflecting any positive performance of the Basket Components.

Tracker Redemption Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Tracker Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Index and (ii) the Participation.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Investors will only be entitled to a return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance of the Index over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Index Level of the Index is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level in respect of such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies).

If the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level) of the Index and the Strike Level and (b) the Initial Index Level is equal to or less than zero, investors will receive less than 100 per cent. of the specified denomination of the Notes and may lose all of their investment in the Notes.

In calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a participation factor is applied to the Performance of the Index. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Basket Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Tracker Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Basket and (ii) the Participation.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Investors will only be entitled to a return that is calculated on the basis of the Basket Performance over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of the Basket is the lowest (with the Basket Initial Level in respect of the Basket on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Basket Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies).

If the quotient of (a) the difference between the Basket Final Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Basket Performance or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Basket Performance) of the Basket and the Basket Strike Level and (b) the Basket Initial Level is equal to or less than zero, investors will receive less than 100 per cent. of the specified denomination of the Notes and may lose all of their investment in the Notes.

In calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a participation factor is applied to the Performance of the Index. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Outperformance Redemption

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Outperformance Redemption Note Provisions” apply, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Index and (ii) where the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion, the Participation.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

If the Final Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance⁽²⁾ of the Index over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Index Level of the Index is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level⁽²⁾ in respect of such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies). If the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level) of the Index and the Strike Level⁽²⁾ and (b) the Initial Index Level is equal to or less than zero, investors will receive less than 100 per cent. of the specified denomination of the Notes and may lose all of their investment in the Notes.

If the Final Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date meets the Strike Level Criterion, a participation factor is applied to the Performance⁽¹⁾ of the Index in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any

negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, where the Final Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date meets the Strike Level Criterion in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Basket Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Outperformance Redemption Note Provisions” apply, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Basket and (ii) where the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion, the Participation.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

If the Basket Final Level of the Basket on the Valuation Date does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a return that is calculated on the basis of the Basket Performance⁽²⁾ if over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of the Basket is the lowest (with the Basket Initial Level in respect of such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Basket Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies). If the quotient of (a) the difference between the Basket Final Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Basket Performance or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Basket Performance) of the Basket and the Basket Strike Level⁽²⁾ and (b) the Basket Initial Level is equal to or less than zero, investors will receive less than 100 per cent. of the specified denomination of the Notes and may lose all of their investment in the Notes.

If the Basket Final Level of the Basket on the Valuation Date meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion, a participation factor is applied to the Basket Performance⁽¹⁾ in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, where the Basket Final Level of the Basket on the Valuation Date meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Bonus Redemption Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Bonus Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Index, (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the Bonus and (iii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in), which is determined by multiplying the Initial Index Level by the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(2) of the Index over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Index Level of the Index is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level in respect of such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies). In such circumstances, the Performance(2) of the Index will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level) of the Index and the Strike Level(2) and (b) the Initial Index Level being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Furthermore, where a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, a leverage factor (being the Leverage Put) is applied to the Performance(2) of the Index in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level on the Valuation Date meets the Strike Level Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(1) of the Index over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Index Level of the Index is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level in respect of such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies).

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, investors will receive a redemption amount equal to the specified denomination of the Notes multiplied by the sum of (i) 100 per cent. and (ii) the greater of (1) the Bonus and (2) the Performance(1) of the Index.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Upside Redemption” specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” specified as “Worst of basis”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Bonus Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of each Basket Component, (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the Bonus and (iii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of a Basket Component if the Basket Level of such Basket Component on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k), which is determined by multiplying the Initial Index Level(k) by the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) in respect of one or more Basket Component on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, in respect of each Basket Component, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of such Basket Component is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor(k))) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies). In such circumstances, the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level(k) (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level(k) or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level(k)) and the Strike Level(k)(2) and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) of the worst performing Basket Component being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Furthermore, where a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) in respect of one or more Basket Component on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, a leverage factor is applied to the Performance(k)(2) of such worst performing Basket Component in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) in respect each and every Basket Component on the Valuation Date meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis

of the Basket Performance(1) over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of the Basket is the lowest (with the Basket Initial Level in respect of the Basket on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Basket Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies).

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component on the Valuation Date, investors will receive a redemption amount equal to the specified denomination of the Notes multiplied by the sum of (i) 100 per cent. and (ii) the greater of (1) the Bonus and (2) the Basket Performance(1).

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Upside Redemption” specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” specified as “Basket level basis”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Bonus Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Basket, (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the Bonus and (iii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of the Basket if the Basket Level(t) on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in), which is determined by multiplying the Basket Strike Level by the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket and the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the Basket Performance(2) over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of the Basket is the lowest (with the Basket Initial Level in respect of the Basket on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Basket Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies). In such circumstances, the Basket Performance(2) will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Basket Final Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Basket Performance or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Basket Performance) and the Basket Strike Level(2) and (b) the Basket Initial Level being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Furthermore, where a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket and the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, a leverage factor (being the Leverage Put) is applied to the Basket Performance(2) in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket and the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Basket Performance(1) over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of the Basket is the lowest (with the Basket Initial Level in respect of the Basket on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Basket Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies).

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component on the Valuation Date, investors will receive a redemption amount equal to the specified denomination of the Notes multiplied by the sum of (i) 100 per cent. and (ii) the greater of (1) the Bonus and (2) the Basket Performance(1).

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Upside Redemption” specified as “Worst of basis” and “Downside Redemption” specified as “Worst of basis”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Bonus Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the worst performing Basket Component, (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the Bonus and (iii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level(k) Criterion does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of a Basket Component if the Basket Level of such Basket Component on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k), which is determined by multiplying the Initial Index Level(k) by the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) in respect of one or more Basket Component on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, in respect of each Basket Component, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of such Basket Component is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor(k))) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies). In such circumstances, the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level(k) (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level(k) or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level(k)) and the Strike Level(k)(2) and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) of the worst performing Basket Component being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Furthermore, where a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, a leverage factor (being the Leverage Put) is applied to the Performance(k)(2) of such worst performing Basket Component in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each and every Basket Component on the Valuation Date meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(k)(1) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, in respect of each Basket Component, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of such Basket Component is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor(k))) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies).

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of any Basket Component, investors will receive a redemption amount equal to the specified denomination of the Notes multiplied by the sum of (i) 100 per cent. and (ii) the greater of (1) the Bonus and (2) the Performance(k)(1) of the worst performing Basket Component.

Outperformance Bonus Redemption Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Outperformance Bonus Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Index, (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, (1) the Bonus and (2) the Participation and (iii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in), which is determined by multiplying the Initial Index Level by the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(2) of the Index over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Index Level of the Index is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level in respect of such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out”

applies). In such circumstances, the Performance(2) of the Index will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level) of the Index and the Strike Level(2) and (b) the Initial Index Level being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Furthermore, where a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, a leverage factor is applied to the Performance(2) of the Index in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(1) of the Index over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Index Level of the Index is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level in respect of such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies), as multiplied by the Participation.

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, investors will receive a redemption amount equal to the specified denomination of the Notes multiplied by the sum of (i) 100 per cent. and (ii) the higher of (1) the Bonus and (2) the product of (a) the Performance(1) of the Index and (b) the Participation.

The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance may also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance may be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred or a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred but the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Upside Redemption” specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” specified as “Worst of basis”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Bonus Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of each Basket Component, (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, (1) the Participation and (2) the Bonus and (iii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component. A Redemption

Barrier Event will occur in respect of a Basket Component if the Basket Level of such Basket Component on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k), which is determined by multiplying the Initial Index Level(k) by the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) in respect of one or more Basket Component on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, in respect of each Basket Component, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of such Basket Component is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor(k))) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies). In such circumstances, the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level(k) (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level(k) or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level(k)) and the Strike Level(k)(2) and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) of the worst performing Basket Component being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Furthermore, where a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, a leverage factor (being the Leverage Put) is applied to the Performance(k)(2) of such worst performing Basket Component in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each and every Basket Component on the Valuation Date meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Basket Performance(1) over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of the Basket is the lowest (with the Basket Initial Level in respect of the Basket on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Basket Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies), as multiplied by the Participation.

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component, investors will receive a redemption amount equal to the specified denomination of the Notes multiplied by the sum of (i) 100 per cent. and (ii) the greater of (1) the Bonus and (2) the product of the Basket Performance(1) and the Participation.

The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance may also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance may be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, where no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Upside Redemption” specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” specified as “Basket level basis”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Bonus Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Basket, (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, (1) the Participation and (2) the Bonus and (iii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of the Basket if the Basket Level(t) on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in), which is determined by multiplying the Basket Initial Level by the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket and the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the Basket Performance(2) over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of the Basket is the lowest (with the Basket Initial Level in respect of the Basket on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Basket Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies). In such circumstances, the Basket Performance(2) will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Basket Final Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Basket Performance or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Basket Performance) and the Basket Strike Level(2) and (b) the Basket Initial Level being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Furthermore, where a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket and the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, a leverage factor (being the Leverage Put) is applied to the Basket Performance(2) in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket and the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the Basket Performance(1) over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of the Basket is the lowest (with the Basket Initial Level in respect of

the Basket on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Basket Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies), as multiplied by the Participation.

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, investors will receive a redemption amount equal to the specified denomination of the Notes multiplied by the sum of (i) 100 per cent. and (ii) the greater of (1) the Bonus and (2) the product of the Basket Performance(1) and the Participation.

The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance may also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance may be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, where no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Upside Redemption” specified as “Worst of basis” and “Downside Redemption” specified as “Worst of basis”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Bonus Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the worst performing Basket Component, (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, (1) the Participation and (2) the Bonus and (iii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, the Leverage Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of a Basket Component if the Basket Level of such Basket Component on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k), which is determined by multiplying the Initial Index Level(k) by the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) in respect of one or more Basket Component on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, in respect of each Basket Component, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of such Basket Component is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor(k))) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out

Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies). In such circumstances, the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level(k) (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level(k) or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level(k)) and the Strike Level(k)(2) and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) of the worst performing Basket Component being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

Furthermore, where a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, a leverage factor (being the Leverage Put) is applied to Performance(k)(2) of such worst performing Basket Component in calculating the Final Redemption Amount. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be magnified. If the Leverage Put is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each and every Basket Component on the Valuation Date meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(k)(1) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, in respect of each and every Basket Component, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of such Basket Component is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor(k))) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies), as multiplied by the Participation.

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component, investors will receive a redemption amount equal to the specified denomination of the Notes multiplied by the sum of (i) 100 per cent. and (ii) the greater of (1) the Bonus (2) the product of (a) the Performance(k)(1) of the worst performing Basket Component and (b) the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance may also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance may be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, where no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Twin-Win Redemption Notes

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Twin-Win Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Index, (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion, (1) the Participation Call and (2) the Cap and (iii) if no

Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, the Participation Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in), which is determined by multiplying the Initial Index Level by the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(2) of the Index over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Index Level of the Index is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level in respect of such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Performance(2) of the Index will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level of the Index and the Strike Level(2) and (b) the Initial Index Level being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion, investors will receive a return on the Notes calculated on the basis of the Performance(1) of the Index, subject to a Cap (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) and as multiplied by the Participation Call. The Participation Call will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation Call is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance or negative performance but if the Participation Call is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative performance will be scaled down. If Performance(1) is greater than the Cap, investors will not benefit from any positive performance of the Index in excess of the Cap.

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, investors will receive a return on the Notes calculated on the basis of the absolute Performance(2) of the Index, as multiplied by the Participation Put. The Participation Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation Put is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any performance but if the Participation Put is less than 100 per cent., any performance will be scaled down. As an absolute value of the Performance(1) is used, an investor will receive the least by way of redemption amount when the Final Index Level is at or around the Strike Level(1). An investor will receive a greater redemption amount if there is a negative performance of the Index and the Final Index Level is less than the Strike Level(1) but only just greater than the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) than where there is (1) a less pronounced negative performance of the Index and the differential between the Final Index Level and the Strike Level(1) is not as great, (2) a neutral performance of the Index when the Final Index Level is equal to the Strike Level(1) or (3) a less pronounced positive performance of the Index and the Final Index Level is greater than or equal to the Strike Level(1) but the differential between the Final Index Level and the Strike Level(1) is not as great.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, where no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency

exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Basket Index Linked Notes - “Upside Redemption” specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption specified as “Worst of basis”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Twin-Win Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of each Basket Component, (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion, (1) the Participation Call and (2) the Cap and (iii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Basket Final Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion, the Participation Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of a Basket Component if the Basket Level of such Basket Component on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k), which in respect of such Basket Component is determined by multiplying the Initial Index Level(k) of such Basket Component by the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, in respect of each Basket Component, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of such Basket Component is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor(k))) to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Performance(k) of the worst performing Basket Component will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level(k) and the Strike Level(k)(2) and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) of the worst performing Basket Component being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each and every Basket Component on the Valuation Date meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will receive a return on the Notes calculated on the basis of the Basket Performance(1), subject to a Cap and as multiplied by the Participation Call. The Participation Call will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation Call is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance or negative performance but if the Participation Call is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative performance will be scaled down. If the Basket Performance(1) is greater than the Cap, investors will not benefit from any positive or negative performance of the Basket in excess of the Cap.

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) in respect of one or more Basket Component on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will receive a return on the Notes calculated on the basis

of the absolute value of the Basket Performance⁽²⁾, as multiplied by the Participation Put. The Participation Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation Put is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any performance but if the Participation Put is less than 100 per cent., any performance will be scaled down. As an absolute value of the Basket Performance is used an investor will receive least by way of redemption amount when the Basket Final Level is at or around the Basket Strike Level⁽²⁾. An investor will therefore receive a greater redemption amount if there is a negative performance of the Basket and Basket Final Level is less than the Basket Strike Level⁽²⁾ but only just greater than the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) than where there is (1) a less pronounced negative performance of the Basket and the differential between the Basket Final Level and the Basket Strike Level⁽²⁾ is not as great, (2) a neutral performance of the Basket when the Basket Final Level is equal to the Basket Strike Level⁽²⁾ (or when the Basket Performance is zero) or (3) a less pronounced positive performance of the Basket and the Basket Final Level is greater than or equal to the Basket Strike Level⁽²⁾ but the differential between the Basket Final Level and the Basket Strike Level is not as great.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, where no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Upside Redemption” specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” specified as “Basket level basis”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Twin-Win Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Basket, (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion, (1) the Participation Call and (2) the Cap and (iii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, the Participation Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of the Basket if the Basket Level(t) on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in), which is determined by multiplying the Basket Strike Level by the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis Basket Performance⁽²⁾ over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, in respect of the Basket Component, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which Basket Level(t) of the Basket is the lowest (with the Basket Initial Level in respect of such Basket Component on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Basket Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Basket Performance⁽²⁾ will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Basket Final Level and the Basket Strike Level⁽²⁾ and (b) the Basket Initial

Level being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket and the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion, investors will receive a return on the Notes calculated on the basis of the Basket Performance(1), as multiplied by the Participation Call. The Participation Call will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation Call is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance or negative performance but if the Participation Call is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative performance will be scaled down. If the Basket Performance(1) is greater than the Cap, investors will not benefit from any positive or negative performance of the Basket in excess of the Cap.

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket and the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion, investors will receive a return on the Notes calculated on the basis of the absolute value of the Basket Performance(2), as multiplied by the Participation Put. The Participation Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation Put is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any performance but if the Participation Put is less than 100 per cent., any performance will be scaled down. As an absolute value of the Basket Performance(2) is used an investor will receive least by way of redemption amount when the Basket Final Level is at or around the Basket Strike Level(2). An investor will therefore receive a greater redemption amount if there is a negative performance of the Basket and Basket Final Level is less than the Basket Strike Level(2) but only just greater than the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) than where there is (1) a less pronounced negative performance of the Basket and the differential between the Basket Final Level and the Basket Strike Level(2) is not as great, (2) a neutral performance of the Basket when the Basket Final Level is equal to the Basket Strike Level(2) (or when the Basket Performance(2) is zero) or (3) a less pronounced positive performance of the Basket and the Basket Final Level is greater than or equal to the Basket Strike Level(2) but the differential between the Basket Final Level and the Basket Strike Level(2) is not as great.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, where no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Upside Redemption” specified as “Worst of basis” and “Downside Redemption” specified as “Worst of basis”

If the Final Terms specify that the “Twin-Win Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the worst performing Basket Component, (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level(k) meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, (1) the Participation Call and (2) the Cap and (iii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, the Participation Put.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component. A Redemption

Barrier Event will occur in respect of a Basket Component if the Basket Level of such Basket Component on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k), which in respect of such Basket Component is determined by multiplying the Initial Index Level(k) of such Basket Component by the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component, investors will only be entitled to a cash return that is calculated on the basis of the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, in respect of each Basket Component, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of such Basket Component is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor(k))) to the Valuation Date. In such circumstances, the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component will be a negative value (due to the quotient of (a) the difference between the Final Index Level(k) and the Strike Level(k)(2) and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) of the worst performing Basket Component being less than zero) and therefore investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each and every Basket Component on the Valuation Date meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will receive a return on the Notes calculated on the basis of the Performance(k)(1) of the worst performing Basket Component, subject to a Cap and as multiplied by the Participation Call. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation Call is higher than 100 per cent. investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance or negative performance but if the Participation Call is less than 100 per cent. any positive or negative performance will be scaled down. If the Performance(k)(1) of the worst performing Basket Component is greater than the Cap, investors will not benefit from any positive or negative performance of the Performance(k)(1) of the worst performing Basket Component in excess of the Cap.

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component and the Final Index Level(k) in respect of one or more Basket Component on the Valuation Date does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion, investors will receive a return on the Notes calculated on the basis of the absolute value of the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component, as multiplied by the Participation Put. The Participation Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation Put is higher than 100 per cent. investors may participate disproportionately in any performance but if the Participation Put is less than 100 per cent. any performance will be scaled down. As an absolute value of the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component is used an investor will receive least by way of redemption amount when the Basket Final Level is at or around the Strike Level(k)(2). An investor will therefore receive a greater redemption amount if there is a negative performance of the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component and Final Index Level(k) is less than the Strike Level(k)(2) but only just greater than the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) than where there is (1) a less pronounced negative performance of the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component and the differential between the Final Index Level(k) and the Strike Level(k)(2) is not as great, (2) a neutral performance of the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component when the Final Index Level(k) is equal to the Strike Level(k)(2) (or when the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component is zero) or (3) a less pronounced positive performance of the Performance(k)(2) of the worst performing Basket Component and the Final Index Level is greater than or equal to the Strike

Level(k)(2) but the differential between the Final Index Level and the Strike Level(k)(2) is not as great.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, where no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Warrant Redemption

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Warrant Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Index and (ii) the Participation. The method of determination of the value of the performance of the Index will depend on whether the Warrant Type is specified as “Call” or “Put”.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

An investor’s return will depend upon the Performance of the Index over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Index Level of the Index is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level in respect of such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies), as multiplied by the Participation.

Warrant Type: “Call”

If the Warrant Type is “Call”, then the Performance of the Index will be a positive value if the Final Index Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level) of the Index is greater than the Strike Level. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a participation factor is applied to the Performance of the Index. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Warrant Type is “Call” and the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Warrant Type: “Put”

If the Warrant Type is “Put”, then the Performance of the Index will represent an inverse performance and will be a negative value if the Final Index Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level) of the Index is greater than the Strike Level. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a participation factor is applied to the Performance of the Index. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Warrant Type is “Put” and the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any negative performance (resulting in an increased Final Redemption Amount), but any positive performance (resulting in a decreased Final Redemption Amount) will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any positive performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any negative performance.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Fixed Best”: Not Applicable

If the Final Terms specify that the “Warrant Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Basket and (ii) the Participation. The method of determination of the value of the performance of the Basket will depend on whether the Warrant Type is specified as “Call” or “Put”.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

An investor’s return will depend upon the Basket Performance over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of the Basket is the lowest (with the Basket Initial Level in respect of the Basket on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Basket Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date (the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies), as multiplied by the Participation.

Warrant Type: “Call”

If the Warrant Type is “Call”, then the Basket Performance will be a positive value if the Basket Final Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Basket Performance or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Basket Performance) on the Valuation Date is greater than the Basket Strike Level. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount a participation factor is applied to the Basket Performance. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Warrant Type is “Call” and the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Warrant Type: “Put”

If the Warrant Type is “Put”, then Basket Performance will represent an inverse performance and will be a negative value if the Basket Final Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Basket Performance or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Basket Performance) on the Valuation Date is greater than the Basket Strike Level. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount a participation factor is applied to Basket Performance. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Warrant Type is “Put” and the Participation is higher than 100 per cent. investors may participate disproportionately in any negative performance (resulting in a positive Basket Performance value), but any positive performance (resulting in a negative Basket value) will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any positive performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any negative performance.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final

Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Basket Index Linked Notes – “Fixed Best”: Applicable

If the Final Terms specify that the “Warrant Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Basket Components and (ii) the Participation. The method of determination of the value of the performance of the Basket Components will depend on whether the Warrant Type is specified as “Call” or “Put”.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

An investor’s return will depend upon the Fixed Best Basket Performance, which is calculated as the sum of (a) the weighted average of the Performance(k) of a specified number of Basket Components that have the lowest Performance(k) amongst all the Basket Components in the Basket over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, in respect of each Basket Component, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of such Basket Component is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor(k)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies) and (b) the weighted average of a Fixed Return percentage in respect of each Basket Component other than the specified number of Basket Components that have the lowest Performance(k) amongst all the Basket Components in the Basket, as multiplied by the Participation.

Warrant Type: “Call”

If the Warrant Type is “Call”, then the Performance(k) of a Basket Component will be a positive value if the Final Index Level of such Basket Component on the Valuation Date (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level(k) of the Basket Component or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level(k) of the Basket Component) is greater than the Strike Level(k). If the Fixed Best Basket Performance is less than or equal to zero, the Notes will redeem at zero.

In calculating the Final Redemption Amount a participation factor is applied to the Fixed Best Basket Performance. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Warrant Type is “Call” and the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Warrant Type: “Put”

If the Warrant Type is “Put”, then the Performance(k) of a Basket Component will represent an inverse performance and will be a negative value if the Final Index Level(k) on the Valuation Date (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level(k) of the Basket Component or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level(k) of the Basket Component) is greater than the Strike Level(k). In such circumstances, the Performance(k) will equate to 100 per cent. minus the percentage that the Final Index Level(k), Average Index Level(k) or Max Index Level(k), as the case may be, is of the Strike Level(k). If the Fixed Best Basket Performance is less than or equal to zero, the Notes will redeem at zero.

In calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a participation factor is applied to Fixed Best Basket Performance. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Warrant Type is “Put” and the Participation is higher than 100 per cent. investors may participate disproportionately in any negative performance (resulting in a positive Fixed Best Basket Performance value), but any positive performance (resulting in a negative Fixed Best Basket Performance value) will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any positive performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any negative performance.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Spread Warrant Redemption

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Spread Warrant Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the Spread, (ii) the performance of the Index and (iii) the Participation. The method of determination of the value of the performance of the Index (ii) will depend on whether the Warrant Type is specified as “Call” or “Put”.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

An investor’s return will depend upon the Performance of the Index over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Index Level of the Index is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level in respect of such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies), as multiplied by the Participation.

Warrant Type: “Call”

If the Warrant Type is “Call”, then the Performance of the Index will be a positive value if the Final Index Level (or, if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level) of the Index is greater than the Strike Level. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a participation factor is applied to the Performance of the Index. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Warrant Type is “Call” and the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

However, the Final Redemption Amount will be capped at the greater of (i) the Spread multiplied by the Participation and (ii) the Performance multiplied by the Participation. To the extent that the Performance of the Index is greater than or equal to the Spread, investors will not benefit from any positive Performance of the Index in excess of the Spread. The Spread will depend on the Spread Percentage, which will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Spread Percentage is less than 100 per cent., then the investor will receive no return on their investment.

Warrant Type: "Put"

If the Warrant Type is "Put", then the Performance of the Index will represent an inverse performance and will be a negative value if the Final Index Level (or, if "Asian-out" applies, the Average Index Level or (ii) if "Lookback-out" applies, the Max Index Level) of the Index is greater than the Strike Level. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a participation factor is applied to the Performance of the Index. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Warrant Type is "Put" and the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any negative performance (resulting in an increased Final Redemption Amount), but any positive performance (resulting in a decreased Final Redemption Amount) will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any positive performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any negative performance.

However, the Final Redemption Amount will be capped at the greater of (i) the Spread multiplied by the Participation and (ii) the Performance multiplied by the Participation. To the extent that the Performance of the Index (representing a negative performance of the Index) is greater than or equal to the Spread, investors will not benefit from any negative performance of the Index in excess of the Spread. The Spread will depend on the Spread Percentage, which will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Spread Percentage is greater than 100 per cent., then the investor will receive no return on their investment.

Furthermore, if "Flexo" applies, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Basket Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the "Spread Warrant Redemption Note Provisions" apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the Basket Spread, (ii) the performance of the Basket and (iii) the Participation. The method of determination of the value of the performance of the Basket (ii) will depend on whether the Warrant Type is specified as "Call" or "Put".

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

An investor's return will depend upon the Basket Performance over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if "Asian-in" applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if "Lookback-in" applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of the Basket is the lowest (with the Basket Initial Level in respect of the Basket on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Basket Lookback-in Floor) to the Valuation Date (or, (i) if "Asian-out" applies, the Average Basket Performance or (ii) if "Lookback-out" applies, the Max Basket Performance), as multiplied by the Participation.

Warrant Type: "Call"

If the Warrant Type is "Call", then the Basket Performance will be a positive value if the Basket Final Level (or, (i) if "Asian-out" applies, the Average Basket Performance or (ii) if "Lookback-out" applies, the Max Basket Performance) on the Valuation Date is greater than the Basket Strike Level. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a participation factor is applied to

the Basket Performance. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Warrant Type is “Call” and the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

However, the Final Redemption Amount will be capped at the greater of (i) the Basket Spread multiplied by the Participation and (ii) the Basket Performance multiplied by the Participation. To the extent that the Basket Performance is greater than or equal to the Basket Spread, investors will not benefit from any positive performance of the Basket in excess of the Basket Spread. The Basket Spread will depend on the Spread Percentage, which will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Spread Percentage is greater than 100 per cent. then the investor will receive no return on their investment.

Warrant Type: “Put”

If the Warrant Type is “Put”, then Basket Performance will represent an inverse performance and will be a negative value if the Basket Final Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Basket Performance or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Basket Performance) on the Valuation Date is greater than the Basket Strike Level. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount a participation factor is applied to Basket Performance. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Warrant Type is “Put” and the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any negative performance (resulting in an increased Final Redemption Amount), but any positive performance (resulting in a decreased Final Redemption Amount) will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent. any positive performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any negative performance.

However, the Final Redemption Amount will be capped at the greater of (i) the Basket Spread multiplied by the Participation and (ii) the Basket Performance multiplied by the Participation. To the extent that the Basket Performance, as multiplied by the Participation (representing a negative performance of the Basket), is greater than or equal to the Basket Spread, investors will not benefit from any negative performance of the Basket in excess of the Basket Spread. The Basket Spread will depend on the Spread Percentage, which will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Spread Percentage is greater than 100 per cent. then the investor will receive no return on their investment.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Knock-Out Warrant Redemption

Single Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Knock-Out Warrant Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Index and (ii) (1) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the Participation or (2), if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the Rebate.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the Index Level of the Index on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Redemption Barrier(knock-out), which is determined by multiplying the Strike Level by the Redemption Barrier(knock-out) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, investors will receive an amount calculated by reference to the Rebate specified in the applicable Final Terms by way of Final Redemption Amount.

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred investors will receive a return on the Notes that is calculated on the basis of the Performance of the Index over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Index Level of the Index is the lowest (with the Initial Index Level in respect of such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Lookback Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies).

Warrant Type: “Call”

If the Warrant Type is “Call”, then the Performance of the Index will be a positive value if the Final Index Level (or, if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level) of the Index is greater than the Strike Level. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount when no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, a participation factor is applied to the Performance of the Index. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Warrant Type is “Call” and the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Warrant Type: “Put”

If the Warrant Type is “Put”, then the Performance of the Index will represent an inverse performance and will be a negative value if the Final Index Level (or, if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Index Level or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Index Level) of the Index is greater than the Strike Level. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount when no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, a participation factor is applied to the Performance of the Index. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Warrant Type is “Put” and the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any negative performance (resulting in an increased Final Redemption Amount), but any positive performance (resulting in a decreased Final Redemption Amount) will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any positive performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any negative performance.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, where no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency

exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Basket Index Linked Notes

If the Final Terms specify that the “Knock-Out Warrant Redemption Note Provisions” apply and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will depend on (i) the performance of the Basket Components and (ii) (1) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the Participation or (2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the Rebate.

The Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or all of their investment in the Notes.

How the value of the Final Redemption Amount is calculated depends upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket. A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of the Basket if the Basket Level(t) on the Valuation Date (if “Final Monitoring” applies) or any day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period (if “Continuous Monitoring” applies) is less than, or less than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in), which is determined by multiplying the Basket Strike Level by the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, investors will receive an amount calculated by reference to the Rebate specified in the applicable Final Terms by way of Final Redemption Amount.

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, investors will receive a return on the Notes calculated on the basis of the Basket Performance over the period from the Strike Date (or, (i) if “Asian-in” applies, the Asian-in Averaging Dates or (ii) if “Lookback-in” applies, the Lookback-in Observation Date on which the Basket Level of the Basket is the lowest (with the Basket Initial Level in respect of the Basket on such Lookback-in Observation Date floored at the Basket Lookback-in Floor)) to the Valuation Date (or the Asian-out Averaging Dates if “Asian-out” applies or the Lookback-out Observation Dates if “Lookback-out” applies).

Warrant Type: “Call”

If the Warrant Type is “Call”, then the Basket Performance will be a positive value if the Basket Final Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Basket Performance or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Basket Performance) on the Valuation Date is greater than the Basket Strike Level. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount when no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, a participation factor is applied to the Basket Performance. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Warrant Type is “Call” and the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any positive performance, but any negative performance will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent., any negative performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any positive performance.

Warrant Type: “Put”

If the Warrant Type is “Put”, then Basket Performance will represent an inverse performance and will be a negative value if the Basket Final Level (or, (i) if “Asian-out” applies, the Average Basket Performance or (ii) if “Lookback-out” applies, the Max Basket Performance) on the Valuation Date is greater than the Basket Strike Level. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount when no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket a participation factor is applied to

Basket Performance. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Warrant Type is “Put” and the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., investors may participate disproportionately in any negative performance (resulting in an increased Final Redemption Amount), but any positive performance (resulting in a decreased Final Redemption Amount) will also be magnified. If the Participation is less than 100 per cent. any positive performance will be scaled down, but investors will not benefit from the full extent of any negative performance.

Furthermore, if “Flexo” applies, where no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, a currency exchange rate is applied. The currency exchange rate is determined as the quotient of (1) the Final XRate and (2) the Initial XRate. The Final XRate is a currency exchange rate as at the Valuation Date and the Initial XRate is a currency exchange rate as at an initial date specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Final XRate is lower than the Initial XRate, then investors will receive a lower redemption amount.

Inflation Linked Notes

The Global Issuer may issue Inflation Linked Notes with principal and/or interest determined by reference to a particular inflation index. Potential investors should be aware that:

1. the market price of such Inflation Linked Notes may be very volatile. The market price of the Inflation Linked Notes at any time is likely to be affected primarily by changes in the level of the inflation index to which the Inflation Linked Notes are linked. It is impossible to predict how the level of the inflation index will vary over time;
1. such Inflation Linked Notes may involve interest rate risk, including the risk of Noteholders receiving no interest;
2. payment of principal or interest may occur at a different time or in a different currency than expected;
3. they may lose all or a substantial portion of their principal;
4. an inflation index may be subject to significant fluctuations that may not correlate with changes in interest rates, currencies or other securities, indices or funds, resulting in principal or interest payable that also may not correlate with such changes;
5. an inflation index connected to emerging markets may be subject to significant fluctuations attributable to, among other things, nationalisation, expropriation or taxation, currency devaluation, foreign exchange control, political, social or diplomatic instability or governmental restrictions. The capital markets in emerging market countries have substantially less volume, and are generally less liquid and more volatile, than those in more developed markets. As a result, an investor in Inflation Linked Notes connected to emerging markets should be prepared to hold such Inflation Linked Notes for an indefinite period and to experience potentially sharp changes in the value of such Inflation Linked Notes throughout that period. Disclosure and regulatory requirements could be less stringent than in other markets, with a low level of monitoring and limited and uneven enforcement of existing regulations. An investor in Inflation Linked Notes connected to emerging markets may therefore experience a decrease in the value of such Inflation Linked Notes as a result of market or other developments that are less likely in more stringently regulated markets;
6. if the principal and/or interest payable in relation to Inflation Linked Notes contains a multiplier greater than one or contains some other leverage factor, the effect of changes in the inflation indices on principal or interest payable likely will be magnified;

7. the timing of changes in an inflation index may affect the actual yield to investors, even if the average level is consistent with their expectations. In general, the earlier the change in the inflation index, the greater the effect on yield;
8. Inflation Linked Notes are of limited maturity and, unlike direct investments in an inflation index investors are not able to hold them beyond the Maturity Date in the expectation of a recovery in the price of the underlying;
9. the price at which an investor will be able to sell Inflation Linked Notes prior to the Maturity Date may be at a substantial discount to the market value of the Inflation Linked Notes at the time they are issued depending on the performance of the inflation index;
10. there are market risks associated with an actual investment in the underlying inflation index and, although the Inflation Linked Notes do not create an actual interest in such underlying inflation index, the return on the Inflation Linked Notes generally involves the same associated risks as an actual investment in the underlying inflation index. Potential investors in Inflation Linked Notes should understand that the Issuers have not purported and do not purport to be a source of information concerning the market risks associated with such underlying inflation index;
11. the Issuer may invest in the underlying inflation index for its own account, and may exercise its discretion in respect of matters concerning its holdings of such interests as it sees fit, without regard to the interests of any investor in the Inflation Linked Notes;
12. inflation indices may not correlate with other indices and may not correlate perfectly with the rate of inflation experienced by purchasers of the Notes in such jurisdiction. The value of the Notes which are linked to an inflation index may be based on a calculation made by reference to such inflation index for a month which is several months prior to the date of payment on the Notes and therefore could be substantially different from the level of inflation at the time of the payment on the Notes; and
13. upon the occurrence of certain events in relation to an inflation index – e.g. the inflation index level has not been published or is discontinued or is corrected or such inflation index is rebased or materially modified – then, depending on the particular event, the Calculation Agent or the Issuers may have discretion to determine the level, substitute the original inflation index, adjust the terms and conditions of the Notes or redeem the Notes. Any such event and consequent exercise of discretion by the Calculation Agent or the Issuers may have an adverse effect on the value of the Notes.

Notes issued at a substantial discount or premium

The market values of Notes issued at a substantial discount (such as Zero Coupon Notes) or premium from their principal amount tend to fluctuate more in relation to general changes in interest rates than do prices for more conventional interest-bearing Notes. Generally, the longer the remaining term of such Notes, the greater the price volatility as compared to more conventional interest-bearing Notes with comparable maturities.

Exchange rates and exchange controls

The Issuers will pay principal and interest on the Notes in the Specified Currency. This presents certain risks relating to currency conversions if an investor's financial activities are denominated principally in a currency or currency unit (the "**Investor's Currency**") other than the Specified Currency. These include the risk that exchange rates may significantly change (including changes due to devaluation of the Specified Currency or revaluation of the Investor's Currency) and

the risk that authorities with jurisdiction over the Investor's Currency may impose or modify exchange controls. An appreciation in the value of the Investor's Currency relative to the Specified Currency would decrease (1) the Investor's Currency-equivalent yield on the Notes, (2) the Investor's Currency-equivalent value of the principal payable on the Notes and (3) the Investor's Currency-equivalent market value of the Notes.

The Issuers may also issue Notes where the amount of principal and/or interest payable is linked to the performance of one or more exchange rates. Movements in such exchange rates will impact the amount of principal and/or interest payable by the Issuers and may result in investors receiving less than they had expected.

Government and monetary authorities may impose (as some have done in the past) exchange controls that could adversely affect an applicable exchange rate and/or restrict the convertibility or transferability of currencies within and/or outside of a particular jurisdiction which in turn could adversely affect the ability of an Issuer to make payments in respect of the Notes. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected, or receive it later than expected or not at all.

No gross-up

All payments made by the Issuers in respect of the Notes, and by the Guarantor in respect of its guarantee in respect of the Guaranteed Americas Notes, shall be made subject to any tax, duty, withholding or other payment which may be required to be made, paid, withheld or deducted. Noteholders will not be entitled to receive grossed-up amounts to compensate for any such tax, duty, withholding or other payment and no event of default shall occur as a result of any such withholding or deduction. As a result, investors may receive less interest than expected and the return on their Notes could be significantly adversely affected. In addition, each of the Issuers shall have the right to redeem Notes issued by them if, on the occasion of the next payment due in respect of such Notes, the relevant Issuer would be required to withhold or account for tax in respect of such Notes.

Interest rate risks

An investment in Fixed Rate Notes involves the risk that subsequent changes in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Fixed Rate Notes.

Notes in New Global Note form

The New Global Note form has been introduced to allow for the possibility of notes being issued and held in a manner which will permit them to be recognised as eligible collateral for monetary policy of the central banking system for the euro (the "**Eurosystem**") and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life. However, in any particular case, such recognition will depend upon satisfaction of the Eurosystem eligibility criteria at the relevant time. Investors should make their own assessment as to whether the Notes meet such Eurosystem eligibility criteria.

Specified Denomination of €100,000 (or its equivalent) plus higher integral multiple

In relation to any issue of Notes which have a denomination consisting of €100,000 (or its equivalent) plus a higher integral multiple of another smaller amount, it is possible that the Notes may be traded in amounts in excess of €100,000 (or its equivalent) that are not integral multiples of €100,000 (or its equivalent). In such a case, a Noteholder who, as a result of trading such amounts, holds a principal amount of less than €100,000 (or its equivalent) may not receive a definitive Note in respect of such holding (should definitive Notes be printed) and would need to purchase a principal

amount of Notes such that its aggregate holding amounts to €100,000 (or its equivalent) in order to receive such a definitive Note.

Legal investment considerations may restrict certain investments

The investment activities of certain investors are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or review or regulation by certain authorities. Each potential investor should consult its legal advisers to determine whether and to what extent (1) Notes are legal investments for it, (2) Notes can be used as collateral for various types of borrowing and (3) other restrictions apply to its purchase or pledge of any Notes. Financial institutions should consult their legal advisers or the appropriate regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of Notes under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules.

Modification

The conditions of the Notes contain provisions for calling meetings of Noteholders to consider matters affecting their interests generally and to obtain resolutions in writing on matters relating to the Notes from the Noteholders without calling a meeting. These provisions permit defined majorities to bind all Noteholders, including Noteholders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting and Noteholders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority or, as the case may be, who did not sign a resolution in writing.

The Americas Issuer

The Americas Issuer has limited resources and limited business purpose. The net worth of the Americas Issuer as of the date of its formation was approximately €18,000. The net worth of the Americas Issuer has not increased, and is not expected to increase, materially. The ability of the Americas Issuer, with respect to each Series, to make timely payments on the Notes of such Series is entirely dependent on the Guarantor making the related payments in a timely manner. The Americas Issuer is a limited liability company formed on 16 May 2007 under the laws of The Netherlands, the primary business purpose of which is the issuance of Guaranteed Americas Notes and activities incidental thereto.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The following documents, which have previously been published or are published simultaneously with this Base Prospectus and have been approved by the AFM or filed with it, shall be deemed to be incorporated in, and to form part of, this Base Prospectus.

Level 1 Programme Prospectus

The Base Prospectus for the issuance of Medium Term Notes and Inflation Linked Notes in respect of the €40,000,000,000 Global Issuance Programme of ING Bank N.V., ING Bank N.V., Sydney Branch and ING Americas Issuance B.V. dated 28 June 2013, excluding the sections entitled “Summary of the Programme relating to Non-Exempt PD Notes”, “Risk Factors”, “Documents Incorporated by Reference”, “Overview of the Programme”, “Form of Final Terms of the Notes”, “Form of Final Terms of the Inflation Linked Notes”, “Taxation”, “ERISA and Certain Other U.S. Considerations”, “Subscription and Sale” and “Additional Australian and Canadian Information”.

The Global Issuer

In respect of Notes issued by the Global Issuer, this Base Prospectus should be read and construed in conjunction with the registration document of the Global Issuer dated 13 May 2013 prepared in accordance with Article 5 of the Prospectus Directive and approved by the AFM (the “**Global Issuer Registration Document**” or the “**ING Bank N.V. Registration Document**”), including, for the purpose of clarity, the following items incorporated by reference therein:

- (i) the Articles of Association (*statuten*) of the Global Issuer;
- (ii) the publicly available annual reports of the Global Issuer in respect of the years ended 31 December 2010, 2011 and 2012, including the audited financial statements and auditors’ reports in respect of such years;
- (iii) the press release published by ING on 19 November 2012 entitled “ING reaches agreement on amended EC Restructuring Plan”; and
- (iv) pages 11 and 13 to 28 (inclusive) of the unaudited ING Group 2013 quarterly report for the first quarter of 2013, as published by ING Group on 8 May 2013 (the “**Q1 Report**”). The Q1 Report contains, among other things, the consolidated unaudited interim results of ING Group as at, and for the three-month period ended, 31 March 2013, as well as information about recent developments during this period in the banking business of ING Group, which is conducted substantially through the Issuer and its consolidated group.

The Americas Issuer

In respect of Notes issued by the Americas Issuer, this Base Prospectus should be read and construed in conjunction with the registration document of the Americas Issuer dated 13 May 2013 prepared in accordance with Article 5 of the Prospectus Directive and approved by the AFM (together with the supplement thereto dated 28 June 2013, the “**Americas Issuer Registration Document**” and, together with the Global Issuer Registration Document, each a “**Registration Document**” and together the “**Registration Documents**”), including in respect of the Americas Issuer Registration Document, for the purpose of clarity, the following items incorporated by reference therein:

- (i) the Articles of Association (*statuten*) of the Americas Issuer;

- (ii) the publicly available audited financial statements of the Americas Issuer in respect of the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2012, including the independent auditors' reports in respect of such years which are contained in the financial reports of the Americas Issuer for the relevant periods; and
- (iii) the Global Issuer Registration Document.

Any statement contained in a document which is incorporated by reference herein shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for the purpose of this Base Prospectus to the extent that a statement contained herein modifies or supersedes such earlier statement (whether expressly, by implication or otherwise).

With respect to the Q1 Report, prospective investors should note that the Global Issuer's consolidated operations, while materially the same, are not identical with the reported financial and statistical information on a segment basis for the banking business of ING Group as described in the Q1 Report. ING Group is not responsible for the preparation of this Base Prospectus.

The Global Issuer will provide, without charge, to each person to whom a copy of this Base Prospectus has been delivered in accordance with applicable law, upon the request of such person, a copy of any document which is incorporated herein by reference. Requests for any such document should be directed to the Global Issuer at Foppingadreef 7, 1102 BD Amsterdam, The Netherlands (Tel.: +31 (0)20 501 3477). In addition, this Base Prospectus and any document which is incorporated herein by reference will be made available on the website of ING: <https://www.ingmarkets.com> under the section "Downloads". The Issuers will, in the event of a significant new factor, material mistake or inaccuracy relating to the information contained in this Base Prospectus which is capable of affecting the assessment of any Notes, prepare a supplement to this Base Prospectus or publish a new prospectus for use in connection with any subsequent issue of Notes to be admitted to trading on a regulated market in the European Economic Area or to be offered to the public in the European Economic Area or in Switzerland.

OVERVIEW OF THE PROGRAMME

PART 1: INTRODUCTION

This Base Prospectus replaces and supersedes the base prospectus relating to the Programme dated 28 June 2012 and any supplements thereto in connection with the issue of Index Linked Notes under the Programme. Any Notes issued under this Base Prospectus are issued subject to the provisions set out herein. This does not affect any Notes issued prior to the date hereof.

The Notes issued under this Base Prospectus by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer will comprise Notes which are issued pursuant to the “Terms and Conditions of Index Linked Notes” (“**Index Linked Notes**”). Such Notes may also constitute, among others, fixed rate notes (“**Fixed Rate Notes**”), floating rate notes (“**Floating Rate Notes**”), zero coupon notes (“**Zero Coupon Notes**”), tailor-made interest notes (“**Tailor-Made Interest Notes**”), step-up interest notes (“**Step-Up Interest Notes**”), floater interest notes (“**Floater Interest Notes**”), floater with lock-in interest notes (“**Floater with Lock-In Interest Notes**”), reverse floater interest notes (“**Reverse Floater Interest Notes**”), ratchet floater interest notes (“**Ratchet Floater Interest Notes**”), switchable (fixed to floating) interest notes (“**Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest Notes**”), switchable (floating to fixed) interest notes (“**Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest Notes**”), steepener interest notes (“**Steepener Interest Notes**”), steepener with lock-in interest notes (“**Steepener with Lock-In Interest Notes**”), range accrual(rates) interest notes (“**Range Accrual(Rates) Interest Notes**”), range accrual(spread) interest notes (“**Range Accrual(Spread) Interest Notes**”), inverse range accrual interest notes (“**Inverse Range Accrual Interest Notes**”), KO range accrual interest notes (“**KO Range Accrual Interest Notes**”), dual range accrual interest notes (“**Dual Range Accrual Interest Notes**”), snowball interest notes (“**Snowball Interest Notes**”), snowranger interest notes (“**SnowRanger Interest Notes**”), barrier(rates) interest notes (“**Barrier(Rates) Interest Notes**”), reference item(inflation) performance linked interest notes (“**Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest Notes**”), reference item(inflation) indexed interest notes (“**Reference Item(Inflation) Indexed Interest Notes**”), inflation indexed redemption notes (“**Inflation Indexed Redemption Notes**”), inflation indexed redemption with floor notes (“**Inflation Indexed Redemption with Floor Notes**”), step-up barrier interest notes (“**Step-Up Barrier Interest Notes**”), memory interest notes (“**Memory Interest Notes**”), one touch memory interest notes (“**One Touch Memory Interest Notes**”), range accrual(index) interest notes (“**Range Accrual(Index) Interest Notes**”), barrier(index) interest notes (“**Barrier(Index) Interest Notes**”), one touch barrier(index) interest notes (“**One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest Notes**”), reference item(index) performance linked interest notes (“**Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Interest Notes**”), best of interest notes (“**Best Of Interest Notes**”), one touch Lock-In(index) interest notes (“**One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest Notes**”), uncapped (partial) capital protection redemption notes (“**(Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes**”), (partial) capital protection redemption notes (“**(Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes**”), (partial) capital protection with knock-out redemption notes (“**(Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Redemption Notes**”), (partial) capital protection (Vanilla) Redemption Notes (“**(Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption Notes**”), reverse convertible redemption notes (“**Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes**”), barrier reverse convertible redemption notes (“**Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes**”), capped outperformance redemption notes (“**Capped Outperformance Redemption Notes**”), capped bonus redemption notes (“**Capped Bonus Redemption Notes**”), express redemption notes (“**Express Redemption Notes**”), tracker redemption notes (“**Tracker Redemption Notes**”), outperformance redemption notes (“**Outperformance Redemption Notes**”), bonus redemption notes (“**Bonus**”).

Redemption Notes”), outperformance bonus redemption notes (“**Outperformance Bonus Redemption Notes**”), twin-win redemption notes (“**Twin-Win Redemption Notes**”), warrant redemption notes (“**Warrant Redemption Notes**”), spread warrant redemption notes (“**Spread Warrant Redemption Notes**”), and knock-out warrant redemption (“**Knock-Out Warrant Redemption Notes**”). Notes issued under the Base Prospectus by the Americas Issuer are referred to as “**Guaranteed Americas Notes**”.

The Notes issued under the Base Prospectus by the Americas Issuer shall include guaranteed Medium Term Notes (“**Guaranteed Americas Notes**”).

Notes may be issued in unitised form (“**Units**”) and references in this Base Prospectus to Notes shall also include Units. Units shall have an individual issue price instead of a (specified) denomination and where reference in the Base Prospectus is made to a minimum (specified) denomination for Notes, such term shall be deemed to include references to a minimum issue price for Units.

Notes may be denominated in any currency determined by the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer (if any). References herein to an “**Issuer**” are to the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer, as the case may be, and references herein to the “**Issuers**” are to the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer together. References herein to “**Notes**” are to the Index Linked Notes which may be issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer under this Base Prospectus. References herein to “**Noteholders**” are to holders of Notes.

Subject as set out herein, the Notes will be subject to such minimum or maximum maturity as may be allowed or required from time to time by the relevant central bank (or equivalent body) or any laws or regulations applicable to the relevant Issuer or the relevant Specified Currency (as defined herein). The maximum aggregate nominal amount of all Notes and obligations from time to time outstanding under the Programme (including, but not limited to, Notes issued under this Base Prospectus) will not exceed €40,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies calculated as described herein).

None of the Notes will contain any provision that would oblige the Issuers or the Guarantor to gross up any amounts payable thereunder in the event of any withholding or deduction for or on account of taxes levied in any jurisdiction.

The Notes will be issued on a continuing basis by the relevant Issuer to the purchasers thereof, which may include any Dealers appointed under the Programme from time to time, which appointment may be for a specific issue or on an ongoing basis and which may include ING Bank N.V. acting in its capacity as a Dealer and separate from that as an Issuer (each a “**Dealer**” and together the “**Dealers**”). The Dealer or Dealers with whom the relevant Issuer agrees or proposes to agree on the issue of any Notes is or are referred to as the “**relevant Dealer**” in respect of those Notes.

The Global Issuer has a senior debt rating from Standard & Poor’s Credit Market Services Europe Limited (“**Standard & Poor’s**”), Moody’s Investors Services Ltd. (“**Moody’s**”) and Fitch France S.A.S. (“**Fitch**”) and the Americas Issuer has a senior debt rating from Moody’s, details of which are contained in the relevant Registration Document. Standard & Poor’s, Moody’s and Fitch are established in the European Union and are registered under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies (as amended from time to time, the “**CRA Regulation**”).

Tranches (as defined herein) of Notes issued under this Base Prospectus may be rated or unrated. Where a Tranche of Notes is to be rated, such rating will not necessarily be the same as any ratings assigned to the relevant Issuer, the Programme or any Notes already issued. A credit rating is

not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency.

The Issuers may decide to issue Notes in a form not contemplated by the various terms and conditions of the Notes, as the case may be, herein. In any such case a supplement to this Base Prospectus, if appropriate, will be made available which will describe the form of such Notes.

This Base Prospectus, when read together with the Level 1 Programme Prospectus and relevant Registration Document, comprises a base prospectus for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive (as implemented in the Dutch Financial Supervision Act (*Wet op het financieel toezicht*) and implementing regulations) for the purpose of giving information with regard to (i) the Global Issuer and the Notes to be issued by the Global Issuer, which, according to the particular nature of the Global Issuer and the Notes to be issued by the Global Issuer, is necessary to enable investors to make an informed assessment of the assets and liabilities, financial position, profit and losses and prospects of the Global Issuer and of the rights attached to the Notes to be issued by the Global Issuer and (ii) the Americas Issuer, the Guarantor and the Notes to be issued by the Americas Issuer, which, according to the particular nature of the Americas Issuer, the Guarantor and the Notes to be issued by the Americas Issuer, is necessary to enable investors to make an informed assessment of the assets and liabilities, financial position, profit and losses and prospects of the Americas Issuer, the Guarantor and of the rights attached to the Notes to be issued by the Americas Issuer.

Each Issuer accepts responsibility for the information contained in this Base Prospectus relating to it and the Guarantor accepts responsibility for the information contained in this Base Prospectus. To the best of the knowledge of each Issuer and the Guarantor (which have each taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case), the information contained in this Base Prospectus (in the case of each Issuer, as such information relates to it) is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information. The information in “DTC Information Registered Notes” issued by the Global Issuer has been obtained from DTC. The information has been accurately reproduced and, as far as the Issuers are aware and are able to ascertain from DTC, no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading. In relation to each separate issue of Notes, the issue price and the amount of such Notes will be determined, based on then prevailing market conditions at the time of the issue of the Notes, and will be set out in the applicable Final Terms (as defined below). The Final Terms will be provided to investors and filed with the relevant competent authority for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive (i) when any public offer of Notes is made in the European Economic Area as soon as practicable and in advance of the beginning of the offer and (ii) when admission to trading of Notes on a regulated market in the European Economic Area is sought as soon as practicable and if possible in advance of the admission to trading.

Notice of the aggregate nominal amount of Notes, interest (if any) payable in respect of Notes, the issue price of Notes and any other terms and conditions not contained herein which are applicable to each Tranche of Notes will be set forth in the final terms (the “**Final Terms**”) for the particular issue.

Notes may be issued in bearer form and registered form (see “Form of the Notes” in the Level 1 Programme Prospectus).

This Base Prospectus is to be read in conjunction with any supplement and any Final Terms hereto and with all documents which are deemed to be incorporated herein by reference (see “Documents Incorporated by Reference”). This Base Prospectus shall be read and construed on the basis that such documents are incorporated into, and form part of, this Base Prospectus.

To the fullest extent permitted by law, none of the Dealers (for the avoidance of doubt, excluding ING Bank N.V. acting in its capacity as an Issuer) accepts any responsibility for the contents of this Base Prospectus or for any other statement made or purported to be made by a Dealer or on its behalf in connection with the Issuers or the issue and offering of any Notes. Each Dealer (for the avoidance of doubt, excluding ING Bank N.V. acting in its capacity as an Issuer) accordingly disclaims all and any liability whether arising in tort or contract or otherwise (save as referred to above) which it might otherwise have in respect of this Base Prospectus or any such statement.

No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation not contained in or not consistent with this Base Prospectus or any other information supplied in connection with this Base Prospectus and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuers, the Guarantor or any of the Dealers appointed by an Issuer.

Neither this Base Prospectus nor any other information supplied in connection with this Base Prospectus (i) is intended to provide the basis of any credit or other evaluation or (ii) should be considered as a recommendation by the Issuers, the Guarantor or any of the Dealers or Arrangers that any recipient of this Base Prospectus or any other information supplied in connection with this Base Prospectus should purchase any Notes. Each investor contemplating purchasing any Notes should make its own independent investigation of the financial condition and affairs, and its own appraisal of the creditworthiness, of the relevant Issuer and the Guarantor. Neither this Base Prospectus nor any other information supplied in connection with this Base Prospectus or the issue of any Notes constitutes an offer or invitation by or on behalf of the Issuers, the Guarantor or any of the Dealers or Arrangers to any person to subscribe for or to purchase any Notes.

The Notes issued under this Base Prospectus are sophisticated instruments and can involve a high degree of risk and are intended for sale only to those investors capable of understanding the risk entailed in such instruments. Prospective purchasers of the Notes should ensure that they understand the nature of the Notes and the extent of their exposure to risk and that they understand the nature of the Notes as an investment in the light of their own circumstances and financial condition. Prospective purchasers of the Notes should conduct their own investigations and, in deciding whether or not to purchase Notes, should form their own views of the merits of an investment related to the Notes based upon such investigations and not in reliance upon any information given in this Base Prospectus and the applicable Final Terms. In particular, each investor contemplating purchasing any Notes should make its own appraisal of any index to which such Note may be linked (including the creditworthiness of the issuer of any share or debt or other security comprised in such index). If in doubt, potential investors are strongly recommended to consult with their independent financial advisers before making any investment decision.

Neither the delivery of this Base Prospectus nor the offering, sale or delivery of any Notes shall in any circumstances imply that the information contained herein concerning the Issuers or the Guarantor is correct at any time subsequent to the date hereof or that any other information supplied in connection with this Base Prospectus is correct as of any time subsequent to the date indicated in the document containing the same. The Dealers do not undertake to review the financial condition or affairs of the Issuers or the Guarantor during the life of this Base Prospectus. Investors should carefully review and evaluate, *inter alia*, the most recent financial statements of the Global Issuer when deciding whether or not to purchase any Notes.

Other than in (i) Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain and Sweden with respect to issues by the Global Issuer and (ii) The Netherlands and Luxembourg with respect to issues by the Americas Issuer, the Issuers, the

Guarantor, the Arranger and any Dealer do not represent that this Base Prospectus may be lawfully distributed, or that Notes may be lawfully offered, in compliance with any applicable registration or other requirements in any jurisdiction, or pursuant to an exemption available thereunder, or assume any responsibility for facilitating any such distribution or offering. In particular, no action has been taken by the Issuers, the Guarantor, the Arranger or any Dealer under the Programme which would permit a public offering of the Notes or distribution of this document in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required, other than (if so indicated in the applicable Final Terms), with respect to the Global Issuer, in certain Member States of the European Economic Area and Switzerland and, with respect to the Americas Issuer, The Netherlands and Luxembourg, provided that the Americas Issuer will not offer Notes to the public within a Member State of the European Economic Area in circumstances which would require the approval of a prospectus under the Prospectus Directive in relation to that offer. Accordingly, the Notes may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, and neither this Base Prospectus nor any advertisement or other offering material may be distributed or published in any jurisdiction where such offer, sale, distribution and/or publication would be prohibited and each Dealer will be required to represent that all offers and sales by it of Notes will be made on these terms. The Issuers may seek to have an expected issue of Notes admitted to trading on Euronext Amsterdam or, in the case of the Global Issuer, on Euronext Paris on an “as-if-and-when-issued” basis, generally starting three business days preceding the Issue Date until the Issue Date (both the first day of the as-if-and-when-issued-trading and the Issue Date will be specified in the applicable Final Terms). As-if-and-when-issued-trading makes it possible to trade in the Notes listed on Euronext Amsterdam or Euronext Paris before they have been issued. However, prospective investors in Notes should not rely on trading on this basis as a commitment by the relevant Issuer to accept an application to subscribe for Notes to refrain from withdrawing, cancelling or otherwise modifying an offer of Notes.

The distribution of this Base Prospectus and the offer or sale of Notes may be restricted by law in certain jurisdictions. Persons into whose possession this Base Prospectus or any Notes come must inform themselves about, and observe, any such restrictions. See “Subscription and Sale”.

Non-Exempt PD Notes may, subject as provided below, be offered in a Member State of the European Economic Area that has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each a “**Relevant Member State**”) in circumstances where there is no exemption from the obligation under the Prospectus Directive to publish a prospectus. Any such offer is referred to in this Base Prospectus as a “**Public Offer**”.

This Base Prospectus has been prepared on a basis that permits Public Offers of Non-Exempt PD Notes in Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain and Sweden (together the “**Public Offer Jurisdictions**”). Any person making or intending to make a Public Offer of Non-Exempt PD Notes in a Public Offer Jurisdiction on the basis of this Base Prospectus must do so only with the relevant Issuer’s consent (see “Consent to Use of this Base Prospectus – Consent given in accordance with Article 3.2 of the Prospectus Directive (Retail Cascades)”).

If the relevant Issuer intends to make or authorise any Public Offer of Non-Exempt PD Notes to be made in one or more Relevant Member States other than in a Public Offer Jurisdiction, it will prepare a supplement to this Base Prospectus specifying such Relevant Member State(s) and any additional information required by the Prospectus Directive in respect thereof. Such supplement will also set out provisions relating to the relevant Issuer’s consent to use this Base Prospectus in connection with any such Public Offer.

Neither the relevant Issuer nor any Dealer has authorised, nor do they authorise, the making of any Public Offer of Notes in circumstances in which an obligation arises for either the relevant Issuer or any Dealer to publish or supplement this Base Prospectus for such offer.

The Notes and the guarantee of the Guaranteed Americas Notes have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “**Securities Act**”) or with any securities regulatory authority of any state or other jurisdiction of the United States. Accordingly, the Notes may not be offered, sold, pledged or otherwise transferred within the United States or to or for the account or benefit of U.S. persons, except in accordance with Regulation S under the Securities Act or pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act and any applicable state securities laws. Registered Notes issued by the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer may be offered and sold in the United States exclusively to persons reasonably believed by the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) or the Dealers (if any), to be QIBs (as defined herein), who are also with respect to Notes issued by the Americas Issuer qualified purchasers, or placed privately with accredited investors as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act. Each U.S. purchaser of Registered Notes issued by the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer is hereby notified that the offer and sale of any Registered Notes to it may be being made in reliance upon the exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act provided by Rule 144A. To permit compliance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act in connection with the resales of Registered Notes issued by the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer, the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) is required to furnish, upon request of a holder of a Registered Note issued by the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) or a prospective purchaser designated by such holder, the information required to be delivered under Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act. Registered Notes issued by the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer are not transferable to other holders within the United States, except upon satisfaction of certain conditions as described under “Subscription and Sale”. Certain U.S. tax law requirements may also apply to U.S. holders of the Notes.

The Notes have not been approved or disapproved by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission in the United States or any other U.S. regulatory authority, nor have any of the foregoing authorities passed upon or endorsed the merits of the offering of the Notes or the accuracy or the adequacy of this Base Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offence in the United States.

TO NEW HAMPSHIRE RESIDENTS: NEITHER THE FACT THAT A REGISTRATION STATEMENT OR AN APPLICATION FOR A LICENCE HAS BEEN FILED UNDER CHAPTER 421-B OF THE NEW HAMPSHIRE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED (“RSA”) WITH THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE NOR THE FACT THAT A SECURITY IS EFFECTIVELY REGISTERED OR A PERSON IS LICENSED IN THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE CONSTITUTES A FINDING BY THE SECRETARY OF THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE THAT ANY DOCUMENT FILED UNDER RSA 421-B IS TRUE, COMPLETE AND NOT MISLEADING. NEITHER ANY SUCH FACT NOR THE FACT THAT AN EXEMPTION OR EXCEPTION IS AVAILABLE FOR A SECURITY OR A TRANSACTION MEANS THAT THE SECRETARY OF STATE HAS PASSED IN ANY WAY UPON THE MERITS OR QUALIFICATIONS OF, OR RECOMMENDED OR GIVEN APPROVAL TO, ANY PERSON, SECURITY OR TRANSACTION. IT IS UNLAWFUL TO MAKE, OR CAUSE TO BE MADE, TO ANY PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER, CUSTOMER OR CLIENT ANY REPRESENTATION INCONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PARAGRAPH.

No prospectus or other disclosure document (as defined in the Australian Corporations Act) in relation to this Base Prospectus or any Notes has been or will be lodged with ASIC. Each Dealer has represented and agreed and each further Dealer appointed under this Base Prospectus will be required to represent and agree that, unless the applicable Final Terms (or a supplement to this Base Prospectus) otherwise provides, it:

- (a) has not made or invited, and will not make or invite, an offer of the Notes for issue or sale in Australia (including an offer or invitation which is received by a person in Australia); and
- (b) has not distributed or published, and will not distribute or publish, any base prospectus or other offering material or advertisement relating to any Notes in Australia,

unless the offeree or invitee is a “wholesale client” (within the meaning of section 761G of the Australian Corporations Act) and (i) the aggregate consideration payable by each offeree is at least A\$500,000 (or its equivalent in an alternate currency) (disregarding moneys lent by the offeror or its associates) or the offer otherwise does not require disclosure to investors under either Part 6D.2 or Chapter 7 of the Australian Corporations Act, (ii) such action complies with applicable laws and directives (including, without limitation, the financial services licensing requirements of Chapter 7 of the Corporations Act) and (iii) such action does not require any document to be lodged with ASIC.

Section 708(19) of the Australian Corporations Act provides that an offer of debentures for issue or sale does not need disclosure to investors under Part 6D.2 of the Australian Corporations Act if the Issuer is an ADI.

In addition, each Dealer has agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under this Base Prospectus will be required to agree that, in relation to any Notes issued by an Issuer, it will comply with the directive issued by the Assistant Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Australia dated 23 September 1996 as contained in Banking (Exemption) Order No. 82 which may require all offers and transfers to be for a consideration of at least A\$500,000. Banking (Exemption) Order No. 82 does not apply to transfers which occur outside Australia.

This Base Prospectus includes general summaries of (i) the Austrian, Belgian, Dutch, Finnish, French, German, Italian, Luxembourg, Norwegian, Portuguese, Spanish, Swedish and United Kingdom tax considerations relating to an investment in the Notes issued by the Global Issuer, (ii) the U.S. federal income tax considerations relating to an investment in the Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer (see “Taxation”), and (iii) the Dutch tax considerations relating to an investment in the Notes issued by the Americas Issuer (see “Taxation”). Such summaries may not apply to a particular holder of Notes issued by any of the Issuers. Any potential investor should consult its own tax adviser for more information about the tax consequences of acquiring, owning and disposing of Notes issued by the Issuers in its particular circumstances.

All references in this Base Prospectus to “**U.S. dollars**”, “**dollar**”, “**U.S.\$**”, “**\$**”, “**USD**” and “**U.S. cent.**” refer to the lawful currency of the United States of America, those to “**Japanese Yen**”, “**Yen**”, “**JPY**” and “**¥**” refer to the lawful currency of Japan, those to “**euro**”, “**EUR**” and “**€**” refer to the lawful currency introduced at the start of the third stage of European economic and monetary union pursuant to the Treaty establishing the European Community as amended by the Treaty on European Union, those to “**Australian Dollar**”, “**AUD**”, “**AUS**” and “**A\$**” refer to the lawful currency of Australia, those to “**Brazilian Real**”, “**Brazilian Reals**” and “**BRL**” refer to the lawful currency of the Federative Republic of Brazil, those to “**Canadian Dollar**”, “**CAD**” and “**C\$**” refer to the lawful currency of Canada, those to “**Czech Koruna**” and “**CZK**” refer to the lawful currency of the Czech Republic, those to “**Danish Krone**”, “**DKr**” and “**DKK**” refer to the lawful currency of the Kingdom of Denmark, those to “**Hong Kong Dollar**”, “**HK\$**” and “**HKD**” refer to the lawful currency of Hong

Kong, those to “**Korean Won**” and “**KRW**” are to the lawful currency of the Republic of Korea, those to “**Mexican Peso**”, “**MXN**” and “**MXP**” refer to the lawful currency of the United Mexican States, those to “**New Zealand Dollar**”, “**NZ\$**” and “**NZD**” refer to the lawful currency of New Zealand, those to “**Norwegian Krone**”, “**NKr**” and “**NOK**” refer to the lawful currency of the Kingdom of Norway, those to “**Philippine Peso**” and “**PHP**” refer to the lawful currency of the Republic of the Philippines, those to “**Renminbi**”, “**CNY**” or “**RMB**” are to the single currency of the People's Republic of China, those to “**Russian Ruble**”, “**Russian Rouble**”, “**RUR**” and “**RUB**” refer to the lawful currency of the Russian Federation, those to “**Singapore Dollar**”, “**S\$**” and “**SGD**” refer to the lawful currency of the Republic of Singapore, those to “**Sterling**”, “**£**”, “**GBP**” and “**STG**” refer to the lawful currency of the United Kingdom, those to “**Swedish Krona**”, “**SKr**” and “**SEK**” refer to the lawful currency of the Kingdom of Sweden, those to “**Swiss Franc**”, “**Sfr**”, “**CHF**” and “**SWF**” refer to the lawful currency of Switzerland and those to “**Taiwanese Dollar**”, “**New Taiwanese Dollar**” and “**TWD**” refer to the lawful currency of the Republic of China.

In connection with the issue of any Tranche of Notes, the Issuers or one or more Dealers (in such capacity, the “Stabilising Manager(s)” (or any person acting on behalf of any Stabilising Manager(s)) may over-allot Notes or effect transactions with a view to supporting the market price of the Notes at a level higher than that which might otherwise prevail. However, there is no assurance that the Stabilising Manager(s) (or any person acting on behalf of any Stabilising Manager) will undertake stabilisation action. Any stabilisation action may begin on or after the date on which adequate public disclosure of the final terms (in the case of Notes convertible or exchangeable into shares or into other securities equivalent to shares) or terms (in all other cases) of the offer of the relevant Tranche of Notes is made and, if begun, may be ended at any time, but it must end no later than the earlier of 30 days after the issue date of the relevant Tranche of Notes and 60 days after the date of the allotment of the relevant Tranche of Notes. Any stabilisation action or over-allotment must be conducted by the relevant Stabilising Manager(s) (or any person acting on behalf of any Stabilising Manager(s)) in accordance with all applicable laws and rules.

This Base Prospectus includes or incorporates by reference “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “**Exchange Act**”). All statements other than statements of historical fact included or incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus, including, without limitation, those regarding an Issuer’s and/or the Guarantor’s financial position, business strategy, plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of an Issuer and/or the Guarantor, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are based on numerous assumptions regarding an Issuer’s and/or the Guarantor’s present and future business strategies and the environment in which the relevant Issuer and/or the Guarantor will operate in the future. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Base Prospectus or as of such earlier date at which such statements are expressed to be given. The Issuers and the Guarantor expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein to reflect any change in an Issuer’s and/or the Guarantor’s expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

PART 2: NOTES

The following section is qualified in its entirety by the remainder of this Base Prospectus.

- Programme:** Global Issuance Programme.
- Under this €40,000,000,000 Global Issuance Programme, the Issuers may from time to time issue Notes. These Notes may or may not be listed on a stock exchange.
- The applicable terms of any Notes will be determined by the relevant Issuer and, with respect to issues of Notes for which one or more Dealers are appointed, the relevant Dealer(s) prior to the issue of the Notes. Such terms will be set out in the General Terms and Conditions of the Notes and/or the Inflation Linked Conditions and/or the Index Linked Note Conditions, endorsed on, or incorporated by reference into, the Notes, as modified and supplemented by the applicable Final Terms attached to, or endorsed on, or applicable to such Notes, as more fully described in the “General Terms and Conditions of the Notes”, and/or the “Terms and Conditions of Inflation Linked Notes” section of the Level 1 Programme Prospectus and/or the “Terms and Conditions of the Index Linked Notes” section of this Base Prospectus, as applicable.
- Size:** Up to €40,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies calculated as described herein) aggregate nominal amount of Notes outstanding at any time. The Global Issuer may increase the amount of the Programme.
- Arranger:** ING Bank N.V.
- Dealers:** ING Bank N.V. has been appointed as Dealer under the Programme. One or more other Dealers may be appointed under the Programme in respect of issues of Notes in the future pursuant to the Programme Agreement (as defined in “Subscription and Sale”). The Issuers may also issue Notes directly to purchasers thereof.
- Ratings:** Tranches of Notes issued under the Programme may be rated or unrated. Where a Tranche of Notes is rated, such rating will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. Where a Tranche of Notes is rated, such rating will not necessarily be the same as the ratings assigned to the relevant Issuer, the Programme or any Notes already issued. A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency.
- Distribution:** The Global Issuer may from time to time issue PD Notes (which may be Non-Exempt PD Notes or Exempt PD Notes) and Exempt Notes. The Americas Issuer may from time to time issue Exempt PD Notes and Exempt Notes.

Notes may be issued directly by the Issuers or through one or more Dealers on a syndicated or non-syndicated basis. The method of distribution of each Tranche will be stated in the applicable Final Terms.

The Global Issuer shall act as Calculation Agent in respect of the Notes unless another entity is so specified in the applicable Final Terms.

Regulatory Matters:

Each issue of Notes denominated in a currency in respect of which particular laws, guidelines, regulations, restrictions or reporting requirements apply will only be issued in circumstances which comply with such laws, guidelines, regulations, restrictions or reporting requirements from time to time (see “Subscription and Sale”).

Selling and Transfer Restrictions:

There are selling and transfer restrictions in relation to issues of Notes as described in “Subscription and Sale” below.

Issuing and Principal Paying Agent for issues of Notes:

The Bank of New York Mellon, London Branch.

Registrar for issues of Finnish Notes:

Euroclear Finland

Registrar for issues of Norwegian Notes:

VPS AS

Registrar for issues of Swedish Notes:

Euroclear Sweden AB

Currencies:

Subject to any applicable legal or regulatory restrictions, any currency agreed between the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer (if any).

Maturities:

Such maturities as may be determined by the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer (if any), subject to such minimum or maximum maturity as may be allowed or required from time to time by the relevant central bank (or equivalent body) or any laws or regulations applicable to the relevant Issuer or the relevant Specified Currency. Save as provided above, the Notes are not subject to any maximum maturity.

Issue Price:

Notes may be issued at their nominal amount or at a discount or premium to their nominal amount.

Form of Notes:

The Notes will be issued in bearer or registered form. The forms of the Notes are described in further detail in “Form of the Notes” in the Level 1 Programme Prospectus.

Initial Delivery of Notes:

On or before the issue date for each Tranche of bearer Notes, if the relevant global Note is an NGN, the global Note will be delivered to a Common Safekeeper for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg. On or before the issue date for each Tranche of bearer Notes, if the relevant global Note is not an NGN, the global Note may (or, in the case of Notes listed on the market of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange appearing on the list of regulated markets issued by the European

Commission, shall) be deposited with a common depository for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg. Global Notes relating to Notes that are not listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange may also be deposited with any other clearing system or may be delivered outside any clearing system. Registered Notes that are to be credited to one or more clearing systems on issue will be registered in the name of nominees or a common nominee for such clearing systems.

Denomination of Notes:

Notes will be issued in such denominations as may be determined by the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer (if any) and as specified in the applicable Final Terms, save that (i) the minimum denomination of each Note will be such as may be allowed or required from time to time by the relevant central bank (or regulatory authority) or any laws or regulations applicable to the relevant Specified Currency and (ii) the Americas Issuer will not offer Notes to the public within a Member State of the European Economic Area in circumstances which would require the approval of a prospectus under the Prospectus Directive in relation to that offer.

Notes with a maturity of less than one year:

Notes having a maturity of less than one year will, if the proceeds of the issue are accepted in the United Kingdom, constitute deposits for the purposes of the prohibition on accepting deposits contained in section 19 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, unless they are issued to a limited class of professional investors and have a denomination of at least £100,000 or its equivalent. See “Subscription and Sale”.

Taxation:

This Base Prospectus includes general summaries of certain tax considerations relating to an investment in the Notes. See the “Taxation” section of this Base Prospectus. Such summary may not apply to a particular holder of Notes or to a particular issue and does not cover all possible tax considerations. In addition, the tax treatment may change before the maturity, exercise or termination date of Notes. Any potential investor should consult his own tax adviser for more information about the tax consequences of acquiring, owning and disposing of Notes in its particular circumstances.

The Notes will not contain any provision that would oblige any of the Issuers to gross up any amounts payable in respect of interest or principal in the event of any withholding or deduction for or on account of taxes levied in any jurisdiction. ING Bank N.V. will not have any obligation to gross up any amounts payable pursuant to its guarantee in respect of Notes issued by the Americas Issuer. Each of the Issuers may also elect to redeem Notes if they would be required, on the occasion of the next payment due in respect of the Notes, to withhold or account for tax in respect of the Notes.

ERISA Considerations:

Unless otherwise stated in the applicable Final Terms, Registered Notes issued pursuant to Rule 144A may be acquired by employee benefit plans that are subject to Title I of the U.S. Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (“ERISA”), by plans subject to Section 4975 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (the “Code”) and by any entities whose assets are treated as assets of any such plans; provided that such acquisition, holding and disposition of the Notes will not result in a non-exempt prohibited transaction under ERISA or the Code. Each purchaser and transferee of a Note will be deemed to have made certain representations as to its status under ERISA and the Code. See “Certain ERISA and Other U.S. Considerations”.

Cross-default of Notes:

No cross-default provision.

Negative Pledge:

No negative pledge provision.

Status of the Notes issued by the Global Issuer:

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Notes issued by the Global Issuer will constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Global Issuer and will rank *pari passu* among themselves and (subject as aforesaid and save for certain debts required to be preferred by law) equally with all other unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations, if any) of the Global Issuer from time to time outstanding.

Status of the Guaranteed Americas Notes issued by the Americas Issuer:

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Notes issued by the Americas Issuer will constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Americas Issuer and will rank *pari passu* among themselves and (save for certain debts required to be preferred by law) equally with all other unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations, if any) of the Americas Issuer from time to time outstanding. The Guaranteed Americas Notes do not constitute deposits or deposit-type liabilities of the Global Issuer.

Guarantee relating to Guaranteed Americas Notes:

The Guarantor will unconditionally and irrevocably guarantee the due payment of all sums expressed to be payable by the Americas Issuer under the Guaranteed Americas Notes. Its obligations in that respect are contained in the Americas Issuer Deed of Guarantee (as defined in the General Conditions).

Listing:

Notes may be (i) admitted to trading on Euronext Amsterdam; (ii) admitted to the Official List; (iii) admitted to trading on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange; (iv) (with respect to the Global Issuer only) admitted to trading on Euronext Paris; (v) (with respect to the Global Issuer only) admitted to trading on the Italian Stock Exchange; (vi) admitted to trading on another regulated market as defined under the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive; (vii) admitted to trading on an

unregulated market as defined under the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive; or (viii) unlisted and not admitted to trading on any market.

Governing Law:

The applicable Final Terms and the Notes issued by the Global Issuer will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, English law.

**DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES, KEY FEATURES OF THE NOTES AND AN
EXPLANATION OF HOW THE VALUE OF THE NOTES IS AFFECTED BY THE
VALUE OF THE REFERENCE ITEM(S)**

General	<p>The Notes that may be issued under this Base Prospectus will be Index Linked Notes.</p> <p>If the Notes are Index Linked Notes, then the amounts payable by the Issuer by way of interest or principal on the Notes will be linked to the performance of a single index or a basket of indices. Index Linked Notes that reference a single index are referred to as “Single Index Linked Notes”. Index Linked Notes that reference a basket of indices are referred to as “Basket Index Linked Notes”.</p>
Fixed Rate Notes	<p>Fixed Rate Notes will bear interest at the fixed rate specified in the applicable Final Terms. Interest will be payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date, and will be calculated on the basis of the Day Count Fraction, in each case specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p>The interest rate payable on Fixed Rate Notes remains constant throughout the life of the Notes and is not subject to variation.</p>
Floating Rate Notes	<p>Floating Rate Notes will bear interest either at a rate determined:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) on the same basis as the floating rate under a notional interest rate swap transaction in the relevant Specified Currency governed by an agreement incorporating the 2006 ISDA Definitions (as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc., and as amended and updated as at the issue date of the first Tranche of the Notes of the relevant Series); or (ii) on the basis of a reference rate appearing on the agreed screen page of a commercial quotation service. <p>The (positive or negative) margin (if any) relating to such floating rate will be specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p>Interest will be payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date and will be calculated on the basis of the Day Count Fraction, in each case specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
Zero Coupon Notes	<p>Zero Coupon Notes will be offered and sold at a discount to their nominal amount or at par. Zero Coupon Notes do not bear interest and an investor will not receive any return on the Notes until redemption.</p>
Tailor-Made Interest Notes	<p>Tailor-Made Interest Notes will bear interest at a floating rate of interest based on the underlying rate plus the (positive or negative) margin specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p>In calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes, a “multiplier” is applied to the underlying rate, meaning that the</p>

	<p>underlying rate is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the multiplier is 100 per cent. the effect of the multiplier will be to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate. If the multiplier is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be magnified, meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the percentage increase in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage increase in the underlying rate (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but, if the underlying rate decreases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage decrease in the underlying rate (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes). If the multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be scaled down, meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the percentage increase in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage increase in the underlying rate (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but, if the underlying rate decreases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage decrease in the underlying rate (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes).</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The margin, the multiplier, the cap (if applicable) and the floor (if applicable) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>Step-Up Interest Notes</p>	<p>Step-Up Interest Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate of interest which increases (or “steps-up”) periodically during the life of the Notes.</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a “Fixed Rate Period” then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period (and no “Step-Up” will apply).</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no “Fixed Rate Period” (or if the Fixed Rate Period has ended) then for the first interest period (or the first interest period after the Fixed Rate</p>

	<p>Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period (and no “Step-Up” will apply). Thereafter for each interest period the rate of interest payable on the Notes will increase by the “Step-Up” applicable to that interest period.</p> <p>The amount of the “Step-Up” may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>Floater Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a “Fixed Rate Period” then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period.</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no “Fixed Rate Period” (or if the Fixed Rate Period has ended) then for each interest period (or for each interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a floating rate of interest based on the underlying rate plus the (positive or negative) margin specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p>In calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes, a “multiplier” is applied to the underlying rate, meaning that the underlying rate is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the multiplier is 100 per cent. the effect of the multiplier will be to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate. If the multiplier is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be magnified, meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the percentage increase in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage increase in the underlying rate (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but if the underlying rate decreases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage decrease in the underlying rate (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes). If the multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be scaled down, meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the percentage increase in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage increase in the underlying rate (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but if the underlying rate decreases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage decrease in the underlying rate (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes).</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the</p>

	<p>cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer during any Fixed Rate Period, the margin, the multiplier, the cap (if applicable) and the floor (if applicable) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>Floater with Lock-In Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a “Fixed Rate Period” then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period.</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no “Fixed Rate Period” (or if the Fixed Rate Period has ended) then for each interest period (or for each interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a floating rate of interest based on the underlying rate plus the (positive or negative) margin specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p>In calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes, a “multiplier” is applied to the underlying rate, meaning that the underlying rate is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the multiplier is 100 per cent. the effect of the multiplier will be to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate. If the multiplier is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be magnified, meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the percentage increase in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage increase in the underlying rate (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but if the underlying rate decreases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage decrease in the underlying rate (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes). If the multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be scaled down, meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the percentage increase in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage increase in the underlying rate (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but if the underlying rate decreases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage decrease in the underlying rate (subject to any</p>

	<p>floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes).</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>Notwithstanding the above, if the Rate of Interest that would otherwise be payable by the Issuer on the Notes for any interest period exceeds, or equals or exceeds, (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) the rate of interest specified as the “Lock-In” for that interest period, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for that interest period and all subsequent interest periods will be the applicable “Rate of Interest(Lock-In)(t)”.</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer during any Fixed Rate Period, the margin, the multiplier, the cap (if applicable), the floor (if applicable) the Lock-In and Rate of Interest(Lock-In) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>Reverse Floater Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a “Fixed Rate Period” then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period.</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no “Fixed Rate Period” (or if the Fixed Rate Period has ended) then for each interest period (or for each interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest.</p> <p>The variable rate of interest is calculated by subtracting from a specified fixed rate_of interest (referred to as the “Fix”) the underlying rate specified in the applicable Final Terms. Consequently, there is an inverse relationship between the underlying rate and the rate of interest payable on the Notes (meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the rate of interest payable on the Notes decreases and if the underlying rate decreases, the rate of interest payable on the Notes increases, in each case subject to any cap or floor mentioned below).</p> <p>In calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes, a “multiplier” is applied to the underlying rate, meaning that the underlying rate is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the multiplier is 100 per cent. the effect of the multiplier will be to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the</p>

	<p>underlying rate. If the multiplier is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be magnified, meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage increase in the underlying rate (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes) but if the underlying rate decreases, the percentage increase in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage decrease in the underlying rate (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes). If the multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be scaled down, meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage increase in the underlying rate (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes) but if the underlying rate decreases, the percentage increase in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage decrease in the underlying rate (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes).</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer during any Fixed Rate Period, the Fix, the margin, the multiplier, the cap (if applicable) and the floor (if applicable) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>Ratchet Floater Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a “Fixed Rate Period” then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period.</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no “Fixed Rate Period” (or if the Fixed Rate Period has ended) then for each interest period (or for each interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest based on the underlying rate plus (or minus) the margin specified in the applicable Final Terms subject to a “ratchet” feature as described below.</p>

	<p><i>Ratchet Floor without Cap:</i></p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that “Ratchet Floor without Cap” applies then the variable rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for any interest period (other than the “Fixed Rate Period” referred to above) will be the higher of (1) the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the previous interest period (multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier1”) plus the “ratchet” percentage that applies to the current interest period and (2) the underlying rate (multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier2”) plus the (positive or negative) margin for the current interest period. Consequently, if the underlying rate falls from one interest period to the next, investors will still be entitled to receive a rate of interest on the Notes equal to the rate of interest payable in the previous interest period (multiplied by Multiplier1) plus the ratchet.</p> <p><i>Ratchet Floor with Cap:</i></p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that “Ratchet Floor with Cap” applies then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for any interest period will be the higher of (1) the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the previous interest period (multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier1”) plus the “ratchet” percentage that applies to the current interest period and (2) the underlying rate (multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier2”) plus the (positive or negative) margin for the current interest period, provided that the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for any interest period will not exceed the “Cap” applicable to that interest period. Consequently, if the underlying rate falls from one interest period to the next, investors will still be entitled to receive a rate of interest on the Notes equal to the rate of interest payable in the previous interest period (multiplied by Multiplier1) plus the ratchet (subject to the rate of interest for any interest period not exceeding the applicable Cap).</p> <p><i>Ratchet Cap without Floor:</i></p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that “Ratchet Cap without Floor” applies then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the first interest period (or for the first interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) will be equal to the underlying rate (multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier2”) plus the (positive or negative) margin for that interest period.</p> <p>For any subsequent interest period the rate of interest will be the lower of (1) the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the previous interest period (multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier1”) plus the “ratchet” percentage that applies to the current interest period and (2) the underlying rate (multiplied by Multiplier2) plus the (positive or</p>
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	<p>negative) margin for the current interest period. Consequently, if the underlying rate increases from one interest period to the next, investors may not receive the full benefit of this increase as the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be subject to a maximum of the rate of interest payable for the previous interest period (multiplied by Multiplier1) plus the ratchet.</p> <p><i>Ratchet Cap with Floor:</i></p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that “Ratchet Cap with Floor” applies then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the first interest period (or for the first interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) will be equal to the underlying rate (multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier2”) plus the (positive or negative) margin for that interest period, subject to a minimum of the “Floor”.</p> <p>For any subsequent interest period, the interest rate will be the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for any interest period will be the lower of (1) the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the previous interest period (multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier1”) plus the “ratchet” percentage that applies to the current interest period and (2) the underlying rate (multiplied by Multiplier2) plus the (positive or negative) margin for the current interest period, provided that the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for any interest period will not be lower than the “Floor” applicable to that interest period. Consequently, if the underlying rate increases from one interest period to the next, investors may not receive the full benefit of this increase as the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be subject to a maximum of the rate of interest payable for the previous interest period (multiplied by Multiplier1) plus the ratchet (subject to the rate of interest for any interest period not being lower than the applicable Floor).</p> <p>Where the rate of interest payable on the Notes is to be determined by reference to the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the previous interest period plus the ratchet, a Multiplier1 is applied to the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the previous interest period, meaning that the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the previous interest period is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the Multiplier1 is 100 per cent., the effect of the Multiplier1 will be (if the rate of interest payable on the Notes is to be determined by reference to the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the previous interest period plus the ratchet) to increase or decrease the rate of interest payable in respect of the current interest period.</p> <p>In calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes (regardless of whether “Ratchet Floor without Cap”, “Ratchet</p>
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	<p>Floor with Cap”, “Ratchet Cap without Floor” or “Ratchet Cap with Floor” is specified for the Notes), a Multiplier2 is applied to the underlying rate, meaning that the underlying rate is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the Multiplier2 is 100 per cent. the effect of the Multiplier2 will be to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate. If the Multiplier2 is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be magnified, meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the percentage increase in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage increase in the underlying rate (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but if the underlying rate decreases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage decrease in the underlying rate (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes). If the Multiplier2 is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be scaled down, meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the percentage increase in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage increase in the underlying rate (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but if the underlying rate decreases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage decrease in the underlying rate (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes).</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer during any Fixed Rate Period, the ratchet, the margin, the Multiplier1, the Multiplier2, the Cap (if applicable) and the Floor (if applicable) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest Notes then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest, but the Issuer has the option to switch the interest rate from the specified fixed rate to a floating rate for future interest periods upon giving Noteholders a minimum number of business days’ notice.</p> <p>If the Issuer exercises its option to switch the rate of interest from the fixed rate to the floating rate then on and after the effective date of the switch, the Notes will bear interest at a floating rate based on the underlying rate plus the (positive or negative) margin specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p>In calculating the floating rate of interest payable on the Notes, a “multiplier” is applied to the underlying rate, meaning that the</p>

	<p>underlying rate is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the multiplier is 100 per cent. the effect of the multiplier will be to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate. If the multiplier is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be magnified, meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the percentage increase in the floating rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage increase in the underlying rate (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but if the underlying rate decreases, the percentage decrease in the floating rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage decrease in the underlying rate (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes). If the multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be scaled down, meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the percentage increase in the floating rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage increase in the underlying rate (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but if the underlying rate decreases, the percentage decrease in the floating rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage decrease in the underlying rate (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes).</p> <p>The floating rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum floating rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The floating rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum floating rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest (payable before any exercise by the Issuer of its option to switch from fixed rate to floating rate), the margin, the multiplier, the cap (if applicable) and the floor (if applicable) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest Notes then the Notes will bear interest at a floating rate of interest based on the underlying rate plus the (positive or negative) margin specified in the applicable Final Terms., but the Issuer has the option to switch the interest rate from the floating rate of</p>

	<p>interest to a specified fixed rate of interest for future interest periods upon giving Noteholders a minimum number of business days' notice.</p> <p>If the Issuer exercises its option to switch the rate of interest from the floating rate of interest to the fixed rate of interest then on and after the effective date of the switch, the Notes will bear interest at the specified fixed rate of interest.</p> <p>In calculating the floating rate of interest payable on the Notes, a "multiplier" is applied to the underlying rate, meaning that the underlying rate is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the multiplier is 100 per cent. the effect of the multiplier will be to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate. If the multiplier is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be magnified, meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the percentage increase in the floating rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage increase in the underlying rate (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but if the underlying rate decreases, the percentage decrease in the floating rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage decrease in the underlying rate (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes). If the multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be scaled down, meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the percentage increase in the floating rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage increase in the underlying rate (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but if the underlying rate decreases, the percentage decrease in the floating rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage decrease in the underlying rate (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes).</p> <p>The floating rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum floating rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The floating rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum floating rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest (payable after any exercise by the</p>
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	<p>Issuer of its option to switch from floating rate to fixed rate), the margin, the multiplier, the cap (if applicable) and the floor (if applicable) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>Steeper Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a “Fixed Rate Period” then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period.</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no “Fixed Rate Period” (or if the Fixed Rate Period has ended) then for each interest period (or for each interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest based on the difference (referred to as the “Spread”) between two underlying rates (referred to as “Underlying Rate1” and “Underlying Rate2”) specified in the applicable Final Terms. If Underlying Rate1 exceeds Underlying Rate2 in relation to the relevant interest period, the Spread will be a positive figure. Conversely, if Underlying Rate1 is lower than Underlying Rate2 in relation to the relevant interest period, the Spread will be a negative figure.</p> <p>In calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes, a “multiplier” is applied to the Spread, meaning that the Spread is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the multiplier is 100 per cent. the effect of the multiplier will be to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the Spread. If the multiplier is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the Spread will be magnified, meaning that if the Spread is positive and increases the percentage increase in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage increase in the Spread (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but if the Spread is positive but decreases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage decrease in the Spread (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes). If the multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the Spread will be scaled down, meaning that if the Spread is positive and increases the percentage increase in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage increase in the Spread (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but if the Spread is positive but decreases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage decrease in the Spread (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes).</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also</p>

	<p>be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer during any Fixed Rate Period, the margin, the multiplier, the cap (if applicable) and the floor (if applicable) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>Steeper with Lock-In Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a “Fixed Rate Period” then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period.</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no “Fixed Rate Period” (or if the Fixed Rate Period has ended) then for each interest period (or for each interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest based on the difference (referred to as the “Spread”) between two underlying rates (referred to as “Underlying Rate1” and “Underlying Rate2”) specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p>If Underlying Rate1 exceeds Underlying Rate2 in relation to the relevant interest period, the Spread will be a positive figure. Conversely, if Underlying Rate1 is lower than Underlying Rate2 in relation to the relevant interest period, the Spread will be a negative figure.</p> <p>In calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes, a “multiplier” is applied to the Spread, meaning that the Spread is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the multiplier is 100 per cent. the effect of the multiplier will be to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the Spread. If the multiplier is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the Spread will be magnified, meaning that if the Spread is positive and increases the percentage increase in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage increase in the Spread (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but if the Spread is positive but decreases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage decrease in the Spread (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes). If the multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the Spread will be scaled down, meaning that if the Spread is positive and increases the percentage increase in the rate of</p>

	<p>interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage increase in the Spread (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but if the Spread is positive but decreases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage decrease in the Spread (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes).</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>Notwithstanding the above, if the Rate of Interest that would otherwise be payable by the Issuer on the Notes for any interest period exceeds, or equals or exceeds, (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) the rate of interest specified as the “Lock-In” for that interest period, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for that interest period and all subsequent interest periods will be the applicable “Rate of Interest(Lock-In)”.</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer during any Fixed Rate Period, the Lock-In, the margin, the multiplier, the cap (if applicable), the floor (if applicable) and the “Rate of Interest (Lock-In)” may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>Range Accrual(Rates) Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a “Fixed Rate Period” then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period.</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no “Fixed Rate Period” (or if the Fixed Rate Period has ended) then for each interest period (or for each interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest based on the number of range accrual observation days within the relevant range accrual observation period when the relevant range accrual reference rate was within a specified range.</p> <p>The variable rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period will be calculated as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. First, the number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period on which the range accrual reference rate was within the specified

	<p>range is calculated, and divided by the total number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period (the resulting fraction being the “Range Accrual Fraction”).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Secondly, the sum of (1) the underlying rate (as multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier1”) and the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin1” is multiplied by the Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting rate of interest is referred to here as the “Range Accrual Rate”. 3. Thirdly, the number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period on which the range accrual reference rate was outside the specified range is calculated and divided by the total number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period (the resulting fraction being the “Inverse Range Accrual Fraction”). 4. Fourthly, the sum of (1) the underlying rate (as multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier2”) and the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin2” is multiplied by the Inverse Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting rate of interest is referred to here as the “Inverse Range Accrual Rate”. 5. The rate of interest payable by the Issuer in respect of the relevant interest period is the sum of the Range Accrual Rate and the Inverse Range Accrual Rate. <p>In calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes, a “multiplier” (being either “Multiplier1” or “Multiplier2”) is applied to the underlying rate, meaning that the underlying rate is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the relevant multiplier is 100 per cent. the effect of the multiplier will be to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate. If the relevant multiplier is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be magnified. If the relevant multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be scaled down.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer during any Fixed</p>
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	<p>Rate Period, the Underlying Margin1, the Underlying Margin2, the Multiplier1, the Multiplier2, the cap (if applicable) and the floor (if applicable) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>Range Accrual(Spread) Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a “Fixed Rate Period” then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period.</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no “Fixed Rate Period” (or if the Fixed Rate Period has ended) then for each interest period (or for each interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest where the margin payable by the Issuer over the underlying rate is calculated based on the number of range accrual observation days within the relevant range accrual observation period when the relevant range accrual reference spread was within a specified range.</p> <p>The variable rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period will be calculated as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. First, the number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period on which the range accrual reference spread was within the specified range is calculated, and divided by the total number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period (the resulting fraction being the “Range Accrual Fraction”). 2. Secondly, the sum of (1) the underlying rate (as multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier1”) and (2) the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin1” is multiplied by the Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting rate of interest is referred to here as the “Range Accrual Rate”. 3. Thirdly, the number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period on which the range accrual reference spread was outside the specified range is calculated and divided by the total number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period (the resulting fraction being the “Inverse Range Accrual Fraction”). 4. Fourthly, the sum of (1) the underlying rate (as multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier2”) and (2) the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin2” is multiplied by the Inverse Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting rate of interest is referred to here as the “Inverse Range Accrual Rate”. 5. The rate of interest payable by the Issuer in respect of the relevant interest period is the sum of the Range

	<p style="text-align: center;">Accrual Rate and the Inverse Range Accrual Rate.</p> <p>The range accrual reference spread is calculated as the difference between two range accrual reference rates.</p> <p>In calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes, a “multiplier” (being either “Multiplier1” or “Multiplier2”) is applied to the underlying rate, meaning that the underlying rate is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the relevant multiplier is 100 per cent. the effect of the multiplier will be to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate. If the relevant multiplier is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be magnified. If the relevant multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be scaled down.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer during any Fixed Rate Period, the Underlying Margin1, the Underlying Margin2, the Multiplier1, the Multiplier2, the cap (if applicable) and the floor (if applicable) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>Inverse Range Accrual Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a “Fixed Rate Period” then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period.</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no “Fixed Rate Period” (or if the Fixed Rate Period has ended) then for each interest period (or for each interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest based on the number of range accrual observation days within the relevant range accrual observation period when the relevant range accrual reference rate was within a specified range.</p> <p>The variable rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period will be calculated as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. First, the number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period on which the range accrual reference rate was within the specified range is calculated, and divided by the total number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range

	<p>accrual observation period (the resulting fraction being the “Range Accrual Fraction”).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Secondly, the sum of (1) the underlying rate (as multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier1”) and the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin1” is multiplied by the Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting rate of interest is referred to here as the “Range Accrual Rate”. 3. Thirdly, the number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period on which the range accrual reference rate was outside the specified range is calculated and divided by the total number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period (the resulting fraction being the “Inverse Range Accrual Fraction”). 4. Fourthly, the sum of (1) the underlying rate (as multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier2”) and the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin2” is multiplied by the Inverse Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting rate of interest is referred to here as the “Inverse Range Accrual Rate”. 5. The rate of interest payable by the Issuer in respect of the relevant interest period is the sum of the Range Accrual Rate and the Inverse Range Accrual Rate. <p>In calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes, a “multiplier” (being either “Multiplier1” or “Multiplier2”) is applied to the underlying rate, meaning that the underlying rate is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the relevant multiplier is 100 per cent. the effect of the multiplier will be to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate. If the relevant multiplier is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be magnified. If the relevant multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be scaled down.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer during any Fixed Rate Period, the Underlying Margin1, the Underlying Margin2, the Multiplier1, the Multiplier2, the cap (if applicable) and the</p>
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	<p>floor (if applicable) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>KO Range Accrual Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a “Fixed Rate Period” then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period.</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no “Fixed Rate Period” (or if the Fixed Rate Period has ended) then for each interest period (or for each interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest. The variable rate of interest applicable to the Notes for any interest period will depend on whether the relevant range accrual reference rate was within a specified range on every range accrual observation day within the relevant range accrual observation period.</p> <p>If the relevant range accrual reference rate was within the specified range on every range accrual observation day within the relevant range accrual observation period, the Notes will bear interest for the relevant interest period at a rate equal to the sum of (1) the underlying rate (as multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier1”) and (2) the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin1”.</p> <p>If the relevant range accrual reference rate was not within the specified range on every range accrual observation day within the relevant range accrual observation period, the Notes will bear interest for the relevant interest period at a rate equal to the sum of (1) the underlying rate (as multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier2”) and (2) the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin2”.</p> <p>In calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes, a “multiplier” (being either “Multiplier1” or “Multiplier2”) is applied to the underlying rate, meaning that the underlying rate is multiplied by a specified percentage. The effect of the relevant multiplier is to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate. If the relevant multiplier is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be magnified. If the relevant multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be scaled down.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the</p>

	<p>Notes.</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer during any Fixed Rate Period, the Underlying Margin1, the Underlying Margin2, the Multiplier1, the Multiplier2, the cap (if applicable) and the floor (if applicable) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>Dual Range Accrual Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a “Fixed Rate Period” then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period.</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no “Fixed Rate Period” (or if the Fixed Rate Period has ended) then for each interest period (or for each interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest based on the number of range accrual observation days within the relevant range accrual observation period when both “Range Accrual Reference Factor1” and “Range Accrual Reference Factor2” were within a specified range.</p> <p>The Range Accrual Reference Factor1(t) will be the “Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t)” or the “Range Accrual Reference Spread1(t)”, where the Range Accrual Reference Spread1(t) is calculated as the difference when the “Range Accrual Reference RateB(t)” is subtracted from the “Range Accrual Reference RateA(t)”. The Range Accrual Reference Factor2(t) will be either the “Range Accrual Reference Rate2(t)” or the “Range Accrual Reference Spread2(t)” (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), where the Range Accrual Reference Spread2(t) is calculated as the difference when the “Range Accrual Reference RateD(t)” is subtracted from the “Range Accrual Reference RateC(t)”.</p> <p>The variable rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period will be calculated as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. First, the number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual period on which both of Range Accrual Reference Factor1 and Range Accrual Reference Factor2 were within the specified range is calculated, and divided by the total number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period (the resulting fraction being the “Range Accrual Fraction”). 2. Secondly, the sum of (1) the underlying rate (as multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier1”) and the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin1” is multiplied by the Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting rate of interest is referred to here as the “Range Accrual Rate”. 3. Thirdly, the number of range accrual observation dates

	<p>in the relevant range accrual observation period on which either or both of Range Accrual Reference Factor1 and Range Accrual Reference Factor2 were outside the specified range is calculated and divided by the total number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period (the resulting fraction being the “Inverse Range Accrual Fraction”).</p> <p>4. Fourthly, the sum of (1) the underlying rate (as multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier2”) and the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin2” is multiplied by the Inverse Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting rate of interest is referred to here as the “Inverse Range Accrual Rate”.</p> <p>5. The rate of interest payable by the Issuer in respect of the relevant interest period is the sum of the Range Accrual Rate and the Inverse Range Accrual Rate.</p> <p>In calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes, a “multiplier” (being either “Multiplier1” or “Multiplier2”) is applied to the underlying rate, meaning that the underlying rate is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the multiplier is 100 per cent. the effect of the multiplier will be to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate. If the relevant multiplier is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be magnified. If the relevant multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be scaled down.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer during any Fixed Rate Period, the Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t), the Range Accrual Reference Rate2(t), the Range Accrual Reference RateA(t), the Range Accrual Reference RateB(t), the Range Accrual Reference RateC(t), the Range Accrual Reference RateD(t), the Underlying Margin1, the Underlying Margin2, the Multiplier1, the Multiplier2, the cap (if applicable) and the floor (if applicable) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
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Snowball Interest Notes

If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a “Fixed Rate Period” then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period.

If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no “Fixed Rate Period” (or if the Fixed Rate Period has ended) then for the first interest period (or for the first interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest. For every subsequent interest period the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest calculated as the sum of (1) the rate of interest applicable to the Notes for the previous interest period (multiplied by the percentage specified as “Multiplier1”) plus (2) a rate equal to a specified fixed rate (referred to as “Fix”) minus the product of the percentage specified as “Multiplier2” and the underlying rate.

As the underlying rate (multiplied by the Multiplier2) is subtracted from Fix in calculating the variable rate of interest applicable to the Notes, there is an inverse relationship between changes in the underlying rate and the variable rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes.

In calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes, a Multiplier2 is applied to the underlying rate, meaning that the underlying rate is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the Multiplier2 is 100 per cent. the effect of the Multiplier2 will be to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate. If the Multiplier2 is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be magnified. If the Multiplier2 is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be scaled down.

In addition, in calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes, a Multiplier1 is applied to the rate of interest applicable to the Notes for the previous interest period, meaning that the rate of interest applicable to the Notes for the previous interest period is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the Multiplier1 is 100 per cent., the effect of the Multiplier1 will be to increase or decrease the rate of interest payable in respect of the current interest period.

The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.

The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.

The fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer during any Fixed

	<p>Rate Period, the margin, the multiplier, the cap (if applicable) and the floor (if applicable) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>SnowRanger Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a “Fixed Rate Period” then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period.</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no “Fixed Rate Period” (or if the Fixed Rate Period has ended) then for each interest period (or for each interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest based on the number of range accrual observation days within the relevant range accrual observation period when the relevant range accrual reference rate was within a specified range.</p> <p>The variable rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period will be calculated as follows:</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no Fixed Rate Period, then for the first interest period the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will equal the sum of (1) the underlying rate (as multiplied by the percentage specified as the “Multiplier1”) and (2) the (positive or negative) margin specified as “Underlying Margin”, with such sum multiplied by the Range Accrual Fraction.</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specifies that there is no Fixed Rate Period and the interest period is other than the first interest period, or if the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a Fixed Rate Period but the interest period is the first interest period after the end of the Fixed Rate Period, then the variable rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will equal the sum of (1) the rate of interest on the Notes for the previous interest period (as multiplied by the percentage specified as the “Multiplier2”) and (2) the (positive or negative) margin specified as the “Underlying Margin” (as multiplied by the percentage specified as the “Multiplier1”), with such sum multiplied by the Range Accrual Fraction.</p> <p>The Range Accrual Fraction is calculated by dividing the number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period on which the range accrual reference rate was within the specified range by the total number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period.</p> <p>If, in calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes, a “Multiplier1” is applied to the underlying rate, this means that the underlying rate is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the Multiplier1 is 100 per cent. the effect of the Multiplier1 will be to magnify or diminish any positive or</p>

	<p>negative changes in the underlying rate. If the Multiplier1 is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be magnified. If the Multiplier1 is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be scaled down.</p> <p>Where the rate of interest payable on the Notes is to be determined by reference to the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the previous interest period plus the Underlying Margin2, a Multiplier2 is applied to the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the previous interest period, meaning that the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the previous interest period is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the Multiplier2 is 100 per cent., the effect of the Multiplier2 will be (if the rate of interest payable on the Notes is to be determined by reference to the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes for the previous interest period plus the Underlying Margin2) to increase or decrease the rate of interest payable in respect of the current interest period.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer during any Fixed Rate Period, the Underlying Margin1, Underlying Margin2, the Multiplier1, the Multiplier2, the cap (if applicable) and the floor (if applicable) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>Barrier(Rates) Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a “Fixed Rate Period” then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period.</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no “Fixed Rate Period” (or if the Fixed Rate Period has ended) then for each interest period (or for each interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a floating rate of interest based on the underlying rate plus (or minus) the applicable margin.</p> <p>In calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes, a “multiplier” is applied to the underlying rate, meaning that the underlying rate is multiplied by a specified percentage.</p> <p>If the underlying rate does not meet the “Upper Barrier</p>

	<p>Criterion” specified in the applicable Final Terms, the multiplier to be applied will be the percentage specified to be the “Multiplier(Upper Barrier)”, and the (positive or negative) margin will be the percentage specified to be the “Underlying Margin1”.</p> <p>If the underlying rate meets both the “Upper Barrier Criterion” and the “Lower Barrier Criterion” specified in the applicable Final Terms, the multiplier to be applied will be the percentage specified to be the “Multiplier(Barrier)”, and the (positive or negative) margin will be the percentage specified to be the “Underlying Margin2”.</p> <p>If the underlying rate does not meet the “Lower Barrier Criterion” specified in the applicable Final Terms, the multiplier to be applied will be the percentage specified to be the “Multiplier(Lower Barrier)”, and the (positive or negative) margin will be the percentage specified to be the “Underlying Margin3”.</p> <p>Unless the multiplier is 100 per cent. the effect of the multiplier will be to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate. If the applicable multiplier is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be magnified, meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the percentage increase in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage increase in the underlying rate but if the underlying rate decreases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage decrease in the underlying rate. If the applicable multiplier is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the underlying rate will be scaled down, meaning that, if the underlying rate increases, the percentage increase in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage increase in the underlying rate but if the underlying rate decreases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage decrease in the underlying rate.</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer during any Fixed Rate Period, the Multiplier(Upper Barrier), the Multiplier(Barrier), the Multiplier(Lower Barrier) and the applicable margin may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a “Fixed Rate Period” then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period.</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no “Fixed Rate Period” (or if the Fixed Rate Period has ended) then for each interest period (or for each interest period after the Fixed Rate</p>

	<p>Period has ended) the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate of interest based on the percentage change in the level of the specified Inflation Index between the level of the Inflation Index in respect of Reference Month(t-1) (or, if the Interest Period(t) is the first Interest Period, the Initial Reference Month) and the level of the Inflation Index for the Reference Month specified as being Reference Month(t) for the relevant interest period and interest payment date, plus the (positive or negative) margins specified as “Underlying Margin1” and “Underlying Margin2”.</p> <p>In calculating the rate of interest payable on the Notes, a “participation” is applied to the performance of the inflation rate, meaning that the percentage change (the “inflation rate”) in the level of the Inflation Index between the Reference Month(t-1) and Reference Month(t) is multiplied by a specified percentage. Unless the multiplier is 100 per cent. the effect of the multiplier will be to magnify or diminish any positive or negative changes in the inflation rate. If the participation is greater than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the inflation rate will be magnified, meaning that if the inflation rate increases the percentage increase in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage increase in the inflation rate (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but if the inflation rate decreases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be greater than the percentage decrease in the inflation rate (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes). If the participation is less than 100 per cent., any positive or negative changes in the inflation rate will be scaled down, meaning that if the inflation rate increases the percentage increase in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage increase in the inflation rate (subject to any cap which will limit the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer pays on the Notes) but if the inflation rate decreases, the percentage decrease in the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be lesser than the percentage decrease in the inflation rate (subject to any floor which will require the Issuer to pay a minimum rate of interest on the Notes).</p> <p>The rate of interest (including for this purpose Underlying Margin1, but excluding Underlying Margin2) payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes (before adding (or subtracting) the Underlying Margin2).</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also</p>
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	<p>be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes (before adding (or subtracting) the Underlying Margin2).</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer during any Fixed Rate Period, the Underlying Margin1, the Underlying Margin2, the participation, the cap (if applicable) and the floor (if applicable) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>Reference Item(Inflation) Indexed Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is a “Fixed Rate Period” then the Notes will bear interest at a specified fixed rate of interest during that period.</p> <p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that there is no “Fixed Rate Period” (or if the Fixed Rate Period has ended) then for each interest period (or for each interest period after the Fixed Rate Period has ended) the Notes will continue to bear interest at a fixed rate of interest, but the fixed rate of interest will be adjusted to take into account changes in the level of the specified Inflation Index between the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the Reference Month specified in the applicable Final Terms as the Initial Reference Month and the level of the Inflation Index for the Reference Month specified as being Reference Month(t) for the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer during any Fixed Rate Period, the fixed rate of interest payable by the Issuer as part of the variable rate, the cap (if applicable) and the floor (if applicable) may change from interest period to interest period, and will be as specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p>
<p>Index Linked Interest Notes</p>	<p>Index Linked Interest Notes may take the form of any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Step-Up Barrier Interest Notes • Memory Interest Notes • One Touch Memory Interest Notes • Range Accrual(Index) Interest Notes • Barrier(Index) Interest Notes

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest Notes • Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Interest Notes • Best Of Interest Notes. • One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest Notes <p>Index Linked Interest Notes may also be Index Linked Redemption Notes, Inflation Linked Redemption Notes or otherwise have a Redemption Amount that is calculated in accordance with the Level 1 Programme Prospectus.</p>
<p>Step-Up Barrier Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Step-Up Barrier Interest Notes, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and related interest payment date will depend upon whether the level of the relevant index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on the observation date related to such interest period and interest payment date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the level specified as the “Coupon Barrier(t)” for the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or each and every index in the basket or the basket (as the case may be) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p><i>Single Index Linked Notes</i></p> <p>In the case of Step-Up Barrier Interest Notes that are Single Index Linked Notes, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of the first interest period and first interest payment date will be either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(1)” in the applicable Final Terms if the level of the index on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the first interest period and interest payment date; or (ii) zero if the level of the index on the relevant observation date is not greater than, or is not greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the first interest period and interest payment date. <p>In respect of subsequent interest periods and interest payment dates, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the product of the rate per annum specified in the Final Terms as the “Step-Up” and the number of interest payment dates that have occurred if the level of the index on the relevant observation date is greater than, or

	<p>greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to such interest period and interest payment date; or</p> <p>(ii) zero if the level of the index on the relevant observation date is not greater than, or is not greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to such interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of the index on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p><i>Basket Index Linked Notes</i></p> <p>In the case of Step-Up Barrier Interest Notes that are Basket Index Linked Notes, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of the first interest period and first interest payment date will be either:</p> <p>(i) the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(1)” in the applicable Final Terms if the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index or the basket (as the case may be) for the first interest period and interest payment date; or</p> <p>(ii) zero if the level of any index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is not greater than, or is not greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index or the basket (as the case may be) for the first interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p>In respect of subsequent interest periods and interest payment dates, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be either:</p> <p>(i) the product of the rate per annum specified in the Final Terms as the “Step-Up” and the number of interest payment dates that have occurred if the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index or the basket (as the case may be) for such interest period and interest</p>
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	<p>payment date; or</p> <p>(ii) zero if the level of any index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is not greater than, or is not greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index or the basket (as the case may be) for such interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the index or the basket (as the case may be) for the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p>
<p>Memory Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Memory Interest Notes, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and related interest payment date will depend upon whether the level of the relevant index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on the observation date related to such interest period and interest payment date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the level specified as the “Coupon Barrier(t)” for the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or each and every index in the basket or the basket (as the case may be) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p><i>Single Index Linked Notes</i></p> <p>In the case of Memory Interest Notes that are Single Index Linked Notes, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of the first interest period and first interest payment date will be either:</p> <p>(i) the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(1)” in the applicable Final Terms if the level of the index on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the first interest period and interest payment date; or</p> <p>(ii) zero if the level of the index on the relevant observation date is not greater than, or is not greater than or equal to, (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the first interest period and interest payment date.</p>

	<p>In respect of subsequent interest periods and interest payment dates, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) a rate of interest per annum calculated as (x) the product of the rate per annum specified in the Final Terms as the “Memory” and the number of interest payment dates up to and including the current interest payment date minus (y) the sum of the rates of interest used for the calculation of interest payable in respect of each preceding interest payment date if the level of the index on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to, (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to such interest period and interest payment date; or (ii) zero if the level of the index on the relevant observation date is not greater than, or is not greater than or equal to, (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to such interest period and interest payment date. <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of the index on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p><i>Basket Index Linked Notes</i></p> <p>In the case of Memory Interest Notes that are Basket Index Linked Notes, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of the first interest period and first interest payment date will be either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(1)” in the applicable Final Terms if the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index or the basket (as the case may be) for the first interest period and interest payment date; or (ii) zero if the level of any index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is not greater than, or is not greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index or the basket (as the case may be) for the first interest period and interest payment date. <p>In respect of subsequent interest periods and interest payment</p>
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	<p>dates, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be either:</p> <p>(i) a rate of interest per annum calculated as (x) the product of the rate per annum specified in the Final Terms as the “Memory” and the number of interest payment dates up to and including the current interest payment date minus (y) the sum of the rates of interest used for the calculation of interest payable in respect of each preceding interest payment date if the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index or the basket (as the case may be) for such interest period and interest payment date; or</p> <p>(ii) zero if the level of any index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is not greater than, or is not greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index or the basket (as the case may be) for such interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the index or the basket (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) for the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p>
<p>One Touch Memory Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are One Touch Memory Interest Notes, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and related interest payment date will depend upon whether the level of the relevant index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on any single day during the coupon barrier observation period related to such interest period and interest payment date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the level specified as the “Coupon Barrier(t)” for the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or each and every index in the basket or the basket (as the case may be) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) in the applicable Final Terms.</p>

Single Index Linked Notes

In the case of One Touch Memory Interest Notes that are Single Index Linked Notes, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of the first interest period and first interest payment date will be either:

- (i) the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(1)” in the applicable Final Terms if the level of the index on any single day during the coupon barrier observation period related to the first interest period and first interest payment date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the first interest period and interest payment date; or
- (ii) zero if the level of the index on each day during the coupon barrier observation period related to the first interest period and first interest payment date is not greater than, or not greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the first interest period and interest payment date.

In respect of subsequent interest periods and interest payment dates, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be either:

- (i) a rate of interest per annum calculated as (x) the product of the rate per annum specified in the Final Terms as the “Memory” and the number of interest payment dates up to and including the current interest payment date minus (y) the sum of the rates of interest used for the calculation of interest payable in respect of each preceding interest payment date if the level of the index on any single day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to such interest period and interest payment date; or
- (ii) zero if the level of the index on each day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is not greater than, or not greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to such interest period and interest payment date.

The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of the index on any single day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the relevant interest

	<p>period and interest payment date.</p> <p><i>Basket Index Linked Notes</i></p> <p>In the case of One Touch Memory Interest Notes that are Basket Index Linked Notes, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of the first interest period and first interest payment date will be either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(1)” in the applicable Final Terms if the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on any single day during the coupon barrier observation period related to the first interest period and first interest payment date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index or the basket (as the case may be) for the first interest period and interest payment date; or (ii) zero if the level of any index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on each day during the coupon barrier observation period related to the first interest period and first interest payment date is not greater than, or not greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index or the basket (as the case may be) for the first interest period and interest payment date. <p>In respect of subsequent interest periods and interest payment dates, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) a rate of interest per annum calculated as (x) the product of the rate per annum specified in the Final Terms as the “Memory” and the number of interest payment dates up to and including the current interest payment date minus (y) the sum of the rates of interest used for the calculation of interest payable in respect of each preceding interest payment date if the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on any single day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index or the basket (as the case may be) for such interest period and interest payment date; or (ii) zero if the level of any index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on each day during the relevant coupon barrier observation
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	<p>period is not greater than, or not greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index or the basket (as the case may be) for such interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on any single day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the index or the basket (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) for the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p>
<p>Range Accrual(Index) Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Range Accrual(Index) Interest Notes, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and interest payment date will be calculated by multiplying the rate of interest specified in the applicable Final Terms as the “Rate of Interest(Range Accrual)” by the Range Accrual Fraction.</p> <p>The Range Accrual Fraction is calculated by dividing the number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period on which the level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as the case may be) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) was within the specified range by the total number of range accrual observation dates in the relevant range accrual observation period.</p> <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore depend on the number of range accrual observation dates during the range accrual observation period on which the level of the index, each and every index in the basket or Basket Level, as the case may be, was within the specified range.</p>
<p>Barrier(Index) Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Barrier(Index) Interest Notes, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and related interest payment date will depend upon whether the level of the relevant index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on the observation date related to such interest period and interest payment date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the level specified as the “Coupon Barrier(t)” for the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or each and every index in the basket or the basket (as the case may be) (in the case of Basket Index Linked</p>

	<p>Notes) in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p><i>Single Index Linked Notes</i></p> <p>In the case of Barrier(Index) Interest Notes that are Single Index Linked Notes, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and interest payment date will be either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(1)” in the applicable Final Terms if the level of the index on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to such interest period and interest payment date; or (ii) zero if the level of the index on the relevant observation date is not greater than, or is not greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to such interest period and interest payment date. <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of the index on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p><i>Basket Index Linked Notes</i></p> <p>In the case of Barrier (Index) Interest Notes that are Basket Index Linked Notes, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and interest payment date will be either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(1)” in the applicable Final Terms if the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index or the basket (as the case may be) for such interest period and interest payment date; or (ii) zero if the level of any index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is not greater than, or is not greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index or the basket (as the case may be) for such interest period and interest payment date. <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon</p>
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	<p>whether the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the index or the basket (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) for the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p>
<p>One-Touch Barrier(Index) Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are One Touch Barrier (Index) Interest Notes, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and related interest payment date will depend upon whether the level of the relevant index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on any single day during the coupon barrier observation period related to such interest period and interest payment date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the level specified as the “Coupon Barrier(t)” for the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or each and every index in the basket or the basket (as the case may be) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p><i>Single Index Linked Notes</i></p> <p>In the case of One Touch Barrier (Index) Interest Notes that are Single Index Linked Notes, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and interest payment date will be either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(1)” in the applicable Final Terms if the level of the index on any single day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to such interest period and interest payment date; or (ii) zero if the level of the index on each day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is not greater than, or not greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to such interest period and interest payment date. <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of the index on any single day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p>

	<p><i>Basket Index Linked Notes</i></p> <p>In the case of One Touch Barrier (Index) Interest Notes that are Basket Index Linked Notes, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and interest payment date will be either:</p> <p>(i) the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(1)” in the applicable Final Terms if the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on any single day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index or the basket (as the case may be) for such interest period and interest payment date; or</p> <p>(ii) zero if the level of any index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on each day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period related to such interest period and interest payment date is not greater than, or not greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index or the basket (as the case may be) for such interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on any single day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the index or the basket (as the case may be) for the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p>
<p>Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Interest Notes, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and related interest payment date will depend upon the performance of the level of the relevant index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the performance of the level of each index comprised in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p><i>Single Index Linked Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and related interest payment date will be the higher of (i) Min Coupon and (ii) the Performance of the relevant index.</p>

	<p>“Min Coupon” means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) if the applicable Final Terms specify that “Memory Coupon” is not applicable, the percentage rate per annum specified in the applicable Final Terms as “Min Reference Rate”; or (ii) if the applicable Final Terms specify that “Memory Coupon” is applicable, then, for the first interest period and interest payment date, “Min Coupon” will be the percentage rate per annum specified in the applicable Final Terms as “Rate of Interest(1)” and for all subsequent interest periods and interest payment dates “Min Coupon” will mean the higher of (1) the rate of interest payable on the Notes in respect of the previous interest period and related interest payment date and (2) Rate of Interest(1). <p>“Performance” means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) if the applicable Final Terms specify that “ICAP” is applicable, the higher of (a) the Coupon Index Floor; and (b) the lower of Observation Performance multiplied by 100% and the Coupon Index Cap; or (ii) if the applicable Final Terms specify that “MAGNET” is applicable, then (i) if the Observation Performance is greater than or equal to zero, the higher of the Coupon Index Floor specified in the applicable Final Terms and the Coupon Index Cap specified in the applicable Final Terms or (ii) otherwise, the higher of (a) the Coupon Index Floor and (b) the lower of Observation Performance multiplied by 100 % and zero. <p>“Observation Performance” means the quotient of (i) the level of the index on the relevant coupon observation date minus the strike level and (ii) the initial index level.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a cap. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the cap as being not applicable, the cap represents the maximum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p>The rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes may also be subject to a floor. Unless the applicable Final Terms specify the floor as being not applicable, the floor represents the minimum rate of interest that the Issuer is required to pay on the Notes.</p> <p><i>Basket Index Linked Notes</i></p> <p>If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “FIXED BEST” is specified as not applicable in the applicable Final Terms, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and related interest payment date will be the higher of (i) Min Coupon and (ii) the weighted average</p>
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	<p>Performance(k) of each index comprised in the basket. If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “FIXED BEST” is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and related interest payment date will be the higher of (i) Min Coupon and (ii) the lower of the Coupon Index Cap and the Fixed Best Basket Performance.</p> <p>“Fixed Best Basket Performance” is calculated by substituting the Performance of a certain number of indices comprised in the basket that have the highest Performance with a fixed percentage (referred to as the “Fixed Return”). The Fixed Best Basket Performance will then be calculated as the sum of the weighted average of the Performance for the specified number of indices which have the lowest Performance and the weighted average of the Fixed Return for the remaining components of the basket that have the highest Performance.</p> <p>“Min Coupon” means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) if the applicable Final Terms specify that “Memory Coupon” is not applicable, the percentage rate per annum specified in the applicable Final Terms as “Min Reference Rate”; or (ii) if the applicable Final Terms specify that “Memory Coupon” is applicable, then, for the first interest period and interest payment date, “Min Coupon” will be the percentage rate per annum specified in the applicable Final Terms as “Rate of Interest(1)” and for all subsequent interest periods and interest payment dates “Min Coupon” will mean the higher of (1) the rate of interest payable on the Notes in respect of the previous interest period and interest payment date and (2) Rate of Interest(1). <p>“Performance” means in respect of any index comprised in the basket:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) if the applicable Final Terms specify that “ICAP” is applicable the higher of (a) the Coupon Index Floor; and (b) the lower of Observation Performance multiplied by 100% and the Coupon Index Cap; (ii) if the applicable Final Terms specify that “MAGNET” is applicable, then (i) if the Observation Performance is greater than or equal to zero, the higher of the Coupon Index Floor and the Coupon Index Cap or (ii) otherwise, the higher of (a) the Coupon Index Floor and (b) the lower of Observation Performance multiplied by 100 % and zero; or (iii) if the applicable Final Terms specify that “FIXED BEST” is applicable, the higher of the Coupon Index Floor and the Observation Performance multiplied by
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	<p>100%.</p> <p>“Observation Performance” means, in respect of any index comprised in the basket, the quotient of (i) the level of the index on the relevant coupon observation date minus the strike level and (ii) the initial index level.</p>
<p>Best Of Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Best Of Interest Notes, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and related interest payment date will depend upon whether the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the observation date related to such interest period and interest payment date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the initial index level for the relevant index in the basket or the basket initial level in respect of the basket (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p><i>Basket Index Linked Notes</i></p> <p>In the case of Best Of Interest Notes that are Basket Index Linked Notes, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and interest payment date will be either:</p> <p>(i) the higher of (i) the rate specified as “Rate of Interest(1)(t)” in the applicable Final Terms and (ii) the quotient of (a) the Basket Final Level minus the Basket Strike Level and (b) the Basket Initial Level, and then expressing the result as a percentage if the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the Final Terms), the initial index level for the relevant index in the basket or the basket initial level in respect of the basket (as the case may be) for such interest period and interest payment date; or</p> <p>(ii) zero if the level of any index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is not greater than, or is not greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the initial index level for the relevant index in the basket or the basket initial level in respect of the basket (as the case may be) for such interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p>“Basket Final Level” means the weighted average of the quotient of (i) the level of each index comprised in the basket on the date specified in the Final Terms to be the Valuation Date (as such date may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), in respect of such indices</p>

	<p>comprised in the basket.</p> <p>“Initial Index Level(k)” means, in respect of such indices comprised in the basket, the level of such index on the Strike Date.</p> <p>“Strike Date” means the date specified as such in the Final Terms as such date may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Basket Strike Level” means the product of (i) the Strike Level Percentage specified in the Final Terms and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.</p> <p>“Basket Initial Level” means one.</p> <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of each and every index in the basket or the Basket Level (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) on the relevant observation date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the initial index level for the relevant index in the basket or the basket initial level in respect of the basket (as the case may be) for the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p>
<p>One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest Notes, then the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and related interest payment date will depend upon whether the level of the relevant index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the level of each and every index in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) on any single day during the coupon barrier observation period related to such interest period and interest payment date is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the level specified as the “Coupon Barrier(t)” for the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or each and every index in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p><i>Single Index Linked Notes</i></p> <p>In the case of One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest Notes that are Single Index Linked Notes, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of any interest period and interest payment date will be either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the higher of the Lock-In(t) specified in the applicable Final Terms and the Performance if the level of the index on any single day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to such interest period and interest payment date; or (ii) the higher of zero and the Performance if the level of

	<p>the index on each day during the coupon barrier observation period is not greater than, or not greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to such interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of the index on any single day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p> <p>“Performance” means, in respect of any index comprised in the basket, the higher of (a) the Coupon Index Floor specified in the applicable Final Terms and (b) the lower of (1) the product of the Observation Performance and 100% and (2) the Coupon Index Cap specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p>“Observation Performance” means the quotient of (i) the level of the index on the relevant coupon observation date minus the strike level and (ii) the initial index level.</p> <p><i>Basket Index Linked Notes</i></p> <p>In the case of One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest Notes that are Basket Index Linked Notes, the rate of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes in respect of an interest period and interest payment date will be either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the higher of the Lock-In(t) specified in the applicable Final Terms and the Basket Performance if the level of each and every index in the basket on any single day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index for such interest period and interest payment date; or (ii) the higher of zero and the Basket Performance if the level of any index in the basket on each day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is not greater than, or not greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to that index for such interest period and interest payment date. <p>The amount of interest payable by the Issuer on the Notes on each interest payment date will therefore directly depend upon whether the level of each and every index in the basket on any single day during the relevant coupon barrier observation period is greater than, or greater than or equal to (as specified in the applicable Final Terms), the Coupon Barrier(t) applicable to the index for the relevant interest period and interest payment date.</p>
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	<p>“Basket Performance” means, in respect of the basket, the higher of (a) the Coupon Index Floor specified in the applicable Final Terms and (b) the lower of (1) the product of the Basket Observation Performance and 100% and (2) the Coupon Index Cap specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p>“Basket Observation Performance” means the weighted average of the quotient of (i) the level of each and every index in the basket on the relevant coupon observation date minus the strike level in respect of each and every index in the basket and (ii) the initial index level of each and every index in the basket.</p>
<p>Inflation Indexed Redemption Notes</p>	<p>The Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will be their denomination plus the percentage change (which may be positive or negative) in the level of the Inflation Index between the Reference Month specified in the applicable Final Terms as the Initial Reference Month and the Reference Month specified in the applicable Final Terms as the Final Reference Month.</p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount will therefore have a direct relationship with the percentage change in the level of the Inflation Index. If the level of the Inflation Index has risen then this will result in the Final Redemption Amount being higher than the denomination of the Notes. If the level of the Inflation Index has fallen then this will result in the Final Redemption Amount being lower than the denomination of the Notes (meaning that investors would lose some or all of their initial investment).</p>
<p>Inflation Indexed with Floor Redemption Notes</p>	<p>The Final Redemption Amount of the Notes will be based on the denomination of the Notes plus the sum of the percentage change (which may be positive or negative) in the level of the Inflation Index between the Reference Month specified in the applicable Final Terms as the Initial Reference Month and the Reference Month specified in the applicable Final Terms as the Final Reference Month and the margin specified as “Redemption Margin1” (the sum of such percentage change in the level of the Inflation Index and Redemption Margin1 being referred to here as the “inflation performance”). The inflation performance may be subject to a cap (referred to as the “Inflation Cap”) and/or a floor (referred to as the “Inflation Floor”). In addition, a margin (referred to as “Redemption Margin2”) will be added to the inflation performance (after the application of any Inflation Cap or Inflation Floor).</p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount will therefore have a direct relationship with the percentage change (the “inflation rate”) in the level of the Inflation Index (subject to any Inflation Cap and Inflation Floor). If the level of the Inflation Index has risen then this will result in the Final Redemption Amount being higher than the denomination of the Notes (subject to any Inflation Cap and the Redemption Margin1 and Redemption Margin2 being</p>

	<p>either zero or positive figures). If the level of the Inflation Index has fallen then the Notes will be principal protected to the extent of the Inflation Floor (provided Redemption Margin1 and Redemption Margin2 are either zero or positive figures).</p>
Index Linked Redemption Notes	<p>Index Linked Redemption Notes may take the form of any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1100) • Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1120) • (Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1130) • (Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1400) • Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1220) • Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1230) • Capped Outperformance Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1240) • Capped Bonus Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1250) • Express Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1260) • Tracker Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1300) • Outperformance Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1310) • Bonus Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1320) • Outperformance Bonus Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1330) • Twin-Win Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 1340) • Warrant Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 2100) • Spread Warrant Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 2110) • Knock-Out Warrant Redemption Notes (EUSIPA Code 2200)
Performance and Basket Performance	<p>With the exception of (Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption Notes, the Final Redemption Amount of each Index Linked Redemption Note is dependent upon the Performance of the relevant index (in the of the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the Basket Performance or the Performance of particular indices in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p><i>Single Index Linked Notes</i></p>

	<p>In the case of Index Linked Redemption Notes that are Single Index Linked Notes, the way the Performance is calculated will depend upon whether “Asian-out” or “Lookback-out” are specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p>If neither “Asian-out” nor “Lookback-out” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the “Performance” is calculated as the quotient of (i) the Final Index Level minus the Strike Level and (ii) the Initial Index Level and then expressing the result as a percentage.</p> <p>If “Asian-out” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the “Performance” is calculated as the quotient of (i) the Average Index Level minus the Strike Level and (ii) the Initial Index Level and then expressing the result as a percentage.</p> <p>If “Lookback-out” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the “Performance” is calculated as the quotient of (i) the Max Index Level minus the Strike Level and (ii) the Initial Index Level and then expressing the result as a percentage.</p> <p>“Final Index Level” means the level of the index on the date specified in the applicable Final Terms to be the Valuation Date (as such date may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Average Index Level” means the arithmetic mean of the levels of the index on each date specified in the applicable Final Terms to be an Asian-out Averaging Date (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Max Index Level” means the highest of the levels of the index on the dates specified in the applicable Final Terms to be Lookback-out Observation Dates (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Strike Level” means the product of (i) the Strike Level Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms and (ii) the Initial Index Level and determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Initial Index Level” means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) if neither “Asian-in” nor “Lookback-in” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the level of the index on the Strike Date; (ii) if “Asian-in” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the arithmetic mean of the levels of the index on each date specified in the applicable Final Terms to be an Asian-in Averaging Date
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	<p>or Asian-out Averaging Date (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions; and</p> <p>(iii) if “Lookback-in” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the higher of (i) the lowest of the levels of the index on the dates specified in the applicable Final Terms to be the Lookback-in Observation Dates (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions), (ii) the product of (x) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms and (y) the level of the index on the Strike Date,</p> <p>in each case determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Strike Date” means the date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms as such date may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Performance(1)” and “Performance(2)” are calculated using the same methodology as that used to calculate the “Performance”.</p> <p><i>Basket Index Linked Notes</i></p> <p><i>Basket Performance – Weighted Average</i></p> <p>In the case of Basket Index Linked Notes, the way the Basket Performance is calculated will depend upon whether “Asian-out” or “Lookback-out” are specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p>If neither “Asian-out” nor “Lookback-out” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the “Basket Performance” is calculated as the quotient of (i) the Basket Final Level minus the Basket Strike Level and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, and then expressing the result as a percentage.</p> <p>If “Asian-out” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the “Basket Performance” is calculated as the quotient of (i) the Average Basket Performance minus the Basket Strike Level and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, and then expressing the result as a percentage.</p> <p>If “Lookback-out” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the “Basket Performance” is calculated as the quotient of (i) the Max Basket Performance minus the Basket Strike Level and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, and then expressing the result as a percentage.</p> <p>“Basket Final Level” means the sum of the product, for each index comprised in the basket of (x) the quotient of (i) the level of such index on the date specified in the Final Terms to be the Valuation Date (as such date may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) for such</p>
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	<p>index and (y) the weighting assigned to such index.</p> <p>“Initial Index Level(k)” means, in respect of each index comprised in the basket:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) if neither “Asian-in” nor “Lookback-in” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the level of such index on the Strike Date; (ii) if “Asian-in” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the arithmetic mean of the levels of such index on each date specified in the applicable Final Terms to be an Asian-in Averaging Date (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions; and (iii) if “Lookback-in” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the higher of (i) the lowest of the levels of such index on the dates specified in the applicable Final Terms to be the Lookback-in Observation Dates (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions), (ii) the product of (x) the Lookback-in Floor(k) Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms and (y) the level of such index on the Strike Date, <p>in each case determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Average Basket Performance” means the arithmetic mean of the Basket Levels on each date specified in the applicable Final Terms to be an Asian-out Averaging Date (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Basket Level” means, on any relevant date, the sum of the product, for each index comprised in the basket of (x) the quotient of (i) the level of such index on such date (as such date may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) for such index and (y) the weighting assigned to such index.</p> <p>“Max Basket Performance” means the highest of the Basket Levels on the dates specified in the applicable Final Terms to be the Lookback-out Observation Dates (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Basket Strike Level” means the product of (i) the Strike Level Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.</p> <p>“Basket Initial Level” means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) if neither “Asian-in” nor “Lookback-in” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, 1;
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	<p>(ii) if “Asian-in” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the arithmetic average of the Basket Level on each date specified in the applicable Final Terms to be an Asian-in Averaging Date (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and determined in accordance with the Conditions; and</p> <p>(iii) if “Lookback-in” is specified to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the higher of (i) the lowest of the Basket Levels on the dates specified in the applicable Final Terms to be the Lookback-in Observation Dates (as such dates may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions) and (ii) the product of (x) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms and (y) the Basket Level on the Strike Date and determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>and determined in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Strike Date” means the date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms as such date may be subject to adjustment in accordance with the Conditions.</p> <p>“Basket Performance(1)” and “Basket Performance(2)” are calculated using the same methodology as that used to calculate the “Basket Performance”.</p> <p><i>“Best Performing Index”</i></p> <p>The applicable Final Terms may specify that “Best Of” applies, in which case the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated using the “Performance(Best Performing Index)”. “Performance(Best Performing Index)” represents the Performance(k) of the index comprised in the basket that has the highest value for Performance(k). Performance(k) is calculated using a similar methodology to that used to calculate the “Performance” for Single Index Linked Notes.</p> <p><i>“Worst Performing Index”</i></p> <p>The applicable Final Terms may specify that “Worst Of” applies, in which case the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated using the “Performance(Worst Performing Index)”. “Performance(Worst Performing Index)” represents the Performance(k) of the index comprised in the basket that has the lowest value for Performance(k). Performance(k) is calculated using a similar methodology to that used to calculate the “Performance” for Single Index Linked Notes.</p> <p>“Performance(Worst Performing Index)(1)” and “Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2)” are calculated using the same methodology as that used to calculate the “Performance(Worst Performing Index)” but are instead calculated on the basis of Performance(k)(1) and</p>
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	<p>Performance(k)(2) respectively. Performance(k)(1) and Performance(k)(2) are calculated using the same methodology as that used to calculate the Performance(k).</p> <p><i>“Fixed Best Basket Performance”</i></p> <p>The applicable Final Terms may specify that “Fixed Best” applies, in which case the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated using “Fixed Best Basket Performance”. “Fixed Best Basket Performance” is calculated by substituting the Performance(k) of a certain number of indices comprised in the basket that have the highest Performance(k) with a fixed percentage (referred to as the “Fixed Return”). The Fixed Best Basket Performance will then be calculated as the sum of the weighted average of Performance(k) for the specified number of indices which have the lowest Performance(k) and the weighted average of the Fixed Return for the remaining components of the basket that have the highest Performance(k). Performance(k) will be calculated using a similar methodology to that used to calculate the “Performance” for Single Index Linked Notes.</p> <p><i>Relevant Performance</i></p> <p>In the following sections of this Overview, “Relevant Performance” means the “Performance” (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the “Basket Performance”, “Performance(Best Performing Index)”, “Performance(Worst Performing Index)” or “Fixed Best Basket Performance”, as may be specified in the applicable Final Terms (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) for the relevant purpose.</p> <p><i>Relevant Performance(1)</i></p> <p>In the following sections of this Overview, “Relevant Performance(1)” means the “Performance(1)” (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the “Basket Performance(1)” or “Performance(Worst Performing Index)(1)”, as may be specified in the applicable Final Terms (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) for the relevant purpose.</p> <p><i>Relevant Performance(2)</i></p> <p>In the following sections of this Overview, “Relevant Performance(2)” means the “Performance(2)” (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the “Basket Performance(2)” or “Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2)”, as may be specified in the applicable Final Terms (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) for the relevant purpose.</p> <p>Relevant Performance(2) will be relevant to the calculation of the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes only if the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes), the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion or the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion (as the</p>
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	case may be) (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).
<p>Redemption Barrier Events; “Final Monitoring” and “Continuous Monitoring”</p>	<p>Where the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes is subject to the occurrence, or non-occurrence, of a Redemption Barrier Event, the Redemption Barrier Event may be either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) a “knock-in” barrier event (in which case the applicable Final Terms will specify that “Redemption Barrier(knock-in)”, “Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k)” or “Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in)” is applicable); or (ii) a “knock-out” barrier event (in which case the applicable Final Terms will specify that “Redemption Barrier(knock-out)”, “Redemption Barrier(knock-out)(k)” or “Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-out)” is applicable). <p>If the Redemption Barrier Event is a “knock-in” barrier event, then the Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the level of the index (in the case of “Redemption Barrier(knock-in)”), the level of an index comprised in the basket (in the case of “Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k)”) or the Basket Level (in the case of “Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in)”) is “less than” or “less than or equal to” (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in), the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) or the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in), as the case may be.</p> <p>If the Redemption Barrier Event is a “knock-out” barrier event, then the Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the level of the index (in the case of “Redemption Barrier(knock-out)”), the level of an index comprised in the basket (in the case of “Redemption Barrier(knock-out)(k)”) or the Basket Level (in the case of “Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-out)”) is “greater than” or “greater than or equal to” (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) the Redemption Barrier(knock-out), the Redemption Barrier(knock-out)(k) or the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-out), as the case may be.</p> <p>For the purposes of determining whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the applicable Final Terms will specify whether either “Final Monitoring” or “Continuous Monitoring” will apply.</p> <p>Where “Final Monitoring” applies, the determination as to whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, or not occurred, will be based on observation of the relevant index level, index levels or Basket Level on a specified date (or dates).</p> <p>Where “Continuous Monitoring” applies, the determination as to whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, or not occurred, will be based on observation of the relevant index</p>

	level, index levels or Basket Level over a specified observation period.
Participation/Participation Call/Participation Put	<p>In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance may be multiplied by the Participation, Participation Call or Participation Put (as the case may be). The Participation, Participation Call or Participation Put (as the case may be) will be specified in the Final Terms. If the Participation, Participation Call or Participation Put (as the case may be) is higher than 100 per cent. this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>Conversely, if the Participation, Participation Call or Participation Put (as the case may be) is lower than 100 per cent. this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance.</p>
Leverage Put	<p>In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance may be multiplied by the Leverage Put. The Leverage Put will be specified in the Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent. this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>Conversely, if the Leverage Put is lower than 100 per cent. this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance.</p>
Flexo	<p>If the applicable Final Terms specify that “Flexo” is applicable, then the Final Redemption Amount that would otherwise be paid to Noteholders (if Flexo had not applied) will be adjusted by the Performance XRate. The Performance XRate reflects the change in exchange rate between two specified currencies between two specified fixing dates.</p>
Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes	<p>If the Notes are Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be calculated as the product of (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms, (ii) the CA Factor and (iii) the sum of (a) the Protection Level specified in the applicable Final Terms and (b) the product of the Participation and the higher of zero and the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>The Notes therefore are capital protected to the extent of the percentage specified as the “Protection Level” in the applicable Final Terms. In addition, if the Relevant Performance is positive, Noteholders will be entitled to receive, as part of the Final Redemption Amount, a percentage (being the Participation specified in the applicable Final Terms) of the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent. this will magnify the</p>

	<p>effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a greater percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Participation is lower than 100 per cent., this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes.</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount as the right of the Noteholders to receive any amount in excess of the Protection Level by way of Final Redemption Amount depends upon the Relevant Performance being positive. If the Relevant Performance is negative, Noteholders will still be entitled to receive the Protection Level. However, if the Protection Level is lower than 100 per cent., the Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or (if the Protection Level is zero) all of their investment in the Notes.</p>
<p>Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be calculated as the product of (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms, (ii) the CA Factor and (iii) the sum of (a) the Protection Level specified in the applicable Final Terms and (b) the product of (x) the Participation specified in the applicable Final Terms and (y) the lower of (A) the Cap specified in the applicable Final Terms and (B) the higher of zero and the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>The Notes therefore are capital protected to the extent of the percentage specified as the “Protection Level” in the applicable Final Terms. In addition, if the Relevant Performance is positive, Noteholders will be entitled to receive, as part of the Final Redemption Amount, a percentage (being the Participation specified in the applicable Final Terms) of the Relevant Performance to the extent that the Relevant Performance does not exceed the Cap.</p> <p>In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a greater percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Participation is lower than 100 per cent. this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the</p>

	<p>Relevant Performance will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes.</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount as the right of the Noteholders to receive any amount in excess of the Protection Level by way of Final Redemption Amount depends upon the Relevant Performance being positive. If the Relevant Performance is positive, Noteholders will only be able to benefit from the Relevant Performance to the extent that it does not exceed the Cap (and any excess above the Cap will not be reflected in the Final Redemption Amount). If the Relevant Performance is negative, Noteholders will still be entitled to receive the Protection Level. However, if the Protection Level is lower than 100 per cent., the Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or (if the Protection Level is zero) all of their investment in the Notes.</p>
<p>(Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Redemption Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are (Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred.</p> <p>A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the level of the index is “greater than or equal to” or “greater than” a specified level on a specified day or at any time during a specified period (all as specified in the applicable Final Terms and the Conditions).</p> <p>If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms, (ii) the CA Factor and (iii) the sum of (a) the Protection Level specified in the Final Terms and (b) the product of the Participation and the higher of zero and the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms, (ii) the CA Factor and (iii) the sum of (a) the Protection Level specified in the applicable Final Terms and (b) the Rebate.</p> <p>The Notes therefore are capital protected to the extent of the percentage specified as the “Protection Level” in the applicable Final Terms. In addition, if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the Relevant Performance is positive, Noteholders will be entitled to receive, as part of the Final Redemption Amount, a percentage (being the Participation specified in the applicable Final Terms) of the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>Where no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount, the Relevant Performance is</p>

	<p>multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a greater percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Participation is lower than 100 per cent. this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes.</p> <p>The levels of the index will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because (i) such levels will determine whether or not a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred (which will determine which formula is used to calculate the Final Redemption Amount) and (ii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the right of the Noteholders to receive any amount in excess of the Protection Level by way of Final Redemption Amount depends upon the Relevant Performance being positive. If the Relevant Performance is negative, Noteholders will still be entitled to receive the Protection Level. However, if the Protection Level is lower than 100 per cent., the Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or (if the Protection Level is zero) all of their investment in the Notes.</p>
<p>(Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are (Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be calculated as the product of (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms, (ii) the CA Factor and (iii) the Protection Level specified in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p>The Notes therefore are capital protected to the extent of the percentage specified as the “Protection Level” in the applicable Final Terms.</p> <p>If the Protection Level is lower than 100 per cent., the Notes are not principal protected and investors may therefore lose some or (if the Protection Level is zero) all of their investment in the Notes.</p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount is not linked to any index or basket of indices. (Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption Notes will also be Index Linked Interest Notes.</p>
<p>Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes where “Worst Of” is not applicable) or whether the Final Index</p>

	<p>Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes where “Worst Of” is applicable).</p> <p>If the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes), the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes where “Worst Of” is not applicable) or the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes where “Worst Of” is applicable) the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms, (ii) the CA Factor and (iii) 100 per cent.</p> <p>Otherwise, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms, (ii) the CA Factor and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of (I) the Leverage Put and (II) the Relevant Performance. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Leverage Put. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent. this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a greater percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Leverage Put is lower than 100 per cent. this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes.</p> <p>Noteholders will therefore only receive back the principal amount of their investment if the relevant criterion is met. If the relevant criterion is not met, Noteholders will be exposed to the negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because such levels will determine (i) which formula is used to calculate the Final Redemption Amount and (ii) if the relevant criterion is not met, the amount of the Final Redemption Amount.</p>
<p>Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon:</p> <p>(1) whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; and</p>

	<p>(2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes where “Worst Of” is not applicable) or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes where “Worst Of” is applicable).</p> <p>If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) 100 per cent.</p> <p>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes where “Worst Of” is not applicable) or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes where “Worst Of” is applicable). If the relevant criterion is met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) 100 per cent.</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is not met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of (I) the Leverage Put and (II) the Relevant Performance. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Leverage Put. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent., this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a greater percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Leverage Put is lower than 100 per cent., this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes.</p> <p>Noteholders will therefore only receive back the principal amount of their investment if either (1) no Redemption Barrier Event occurs or (2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the relevant criterion is met. If the relevant criterion is not met,</p>
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	<p>Noteholders will be exposed to the negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because such levels will determine (i) which formula is used to calculate the Final Redemption Amount and (ii) if the relevant criterion is not met, the amount of the Final Redemption Amount.</p>
<p>Capped Outperformance Redemption Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Capped Outperformance Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>If the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes), the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of the Participation and the lower of the Cap and the Relevant Performance. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a greater percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Participation is lower than 100 per cent., this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes.</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is not met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of (I) the Leverage Put specified in the applicable Final Terms and (II) the Relevant Performance. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Leverage Put. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent. this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant</p>

	<p>Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a greater percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Leverage Put is lower than 100 per cent. this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes.</p> <p>Noteholders will therefore be exposed to any negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because: (i) in all scenarios the Final Redemption Amount will depend on the Relevant Performance; (ii) the levels will determine whether the relevant criterion is met; (iii) if the relevant criterion is met, the Relevant Performance (subject to the Cap) will be multiplied by the Participation in calculating the Final Redemption Amount; and (iv) if the relevant criterion is not met, the Relevant Performance will be multiplied by the Leverage Put in calculating the Final Redemption Amount.</p>
<p>Capped Bonus Redemption Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Capped Bonus Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; and (2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable, (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes). <p>If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the higher of (x) the Bonus specified in the applicable Final Terms and (y) the lower of the Cap and the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred then the Final Redemption Amount will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index</p>

	<p>Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the lower of the Cap and the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is not met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms, (ii) the CA Factor and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>Noteholders will be exposed to the negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because (i) in all scenarios the Final Redemption Amount will depend on the Relevant Performance; (ii) the levels will determine whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; (iii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has not occurred, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the higher of (x) the Bonus and (y) the lower of the Relevant Performance and the Cap; and (iv) if a Redemption Barrier has occurred, such levels will determine whether the relevant criterion is met.</p>
<p>Express Redemption Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Express Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; and (2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes). <p>If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) 100 per cent.</p>

	<p>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) 100 per cent.</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is not met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of (I) the Leverage Put specified in the applicable Final Terms and (II) the Relevant Performance. In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Leverage Put. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent. this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a greater percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Leverage Put is lower than 100 per cent. this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. In this case, Noteholders will be exposed to the negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because: (i) the levels will determine whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has not occurred, or if a Redemption Barrier has occurred but the relevant criterion is met, investors will be entitled to the return of 100 per cent. of the principal amount of their Notes but will have no entitlement to participate in any Relevant Performance; and (iii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and if the relevant criterion is not met, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the product of the Leverage Put and any positive or negative Relevant</p>
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	<p>Performance (meaning that, if the Relevant Performance is positive, investors will be entitled to receive back more than the initial principal amount of their Notes, but, if the Relevant Performance is negative, investors may lose some or all of their investment).</p>
<p>Tracker Redemption Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Tracker Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of the Participation and the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount payable on Tracker Redemption Notes therefore has a direct relationship to the Relevant Performance. Noteholders will be exposed to the negative performance of the Index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a greater percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Participation is lower than 100 per cent., this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes.</p>
<p>Outperformance Redemption Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Outperformance Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>If the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes), the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent (b) the product of the Participation and the Relevant Performance(1).</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is not met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the Relevant</p>

	<p>Performance(2). Noteholders will therefore be exposed to any negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because: (i) in all scenarios, the Final Redemption Amount will depend on the Relevant Performance(1) or the Relevant Performance(2); (ii) the levels will determine whether the relevant criterion is met; and (iii) if the relevant criterion is met, the Relevant Performance(1) will be multiplied by the Participation in calculating the Final Redemption Amount.</p>
<p>Bonus Redemption Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Bonus Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; and (2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes). <p>If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the higher of (x) the Bonus specified in the applicable Final Terms and (y) the Relevant Performance(1).</p> <p>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the Relevant Performance(1).</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is not met, the Final Redemption</p>

	<p>Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of (I) the Leverage Put and (II) the Relevant Performance(2).</p> <p>Noteholders will therefore be exposed to the negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is not met, in calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance(2) is multiplied by the Leverage Put. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent. this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance(2), meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance(2) will result in a greater percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Leverage Put is lower than 100 per cent. this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance(2), meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance(2) will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes.</p> <p>Noteholders will therefore be exposed to the negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because: (i) in all scenarios, the Final Redemption Amount will depend on the Relevant Performance(1) or Relevant Performance(2); (ii) the levels will determine whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; (iii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has not occurred, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the higher of (x) the Bonus and (y) the Relevant Performance(1); (iv) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the relevant criterion is met, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the Relevant Performance(1); and (v) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the relevant criterion is not met, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the product of the Leverage Put and the Relevant Performance(2).</p>
<p>Outperformance Bonus Redemption Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Outperformance Bonus Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon :</p>

	<p>(1) whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; and</p> <p>(2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the higher of (x) the Bonus specified in the applicable Final Terms and (y) the product of the Participation and the Relevant Performance(1).</p> <p>In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance(1) is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance(1), meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance(1) will result in a greater percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Participation is lower than 100 per cent., this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance(1), meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance(1) will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes.</p> <p>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of the Participation and the Relevant Performance(1). In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance(1) is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance(1), meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance(1) will result in a greater</p>
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	<p>percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Participation is lower than 100 per cent., this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance(1), meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance(1) will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes.</p> <p>If the relevant criterion is not met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of (I) the Leverage Put and (II) the Relevant Performance(2). In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance(2) is multiplied by the Leverage Put. The Leverage Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Leverage Put is higher than 100 per cent. this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance(2), meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance(2) will result in a greater percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Leverage Put is lower than 100 per cent. this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance(2), meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance(2) will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes.</p> <p>Noteholders will therefore be exposed to the negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because: (i) in all scenarios, the Final Redemption Amount will depend on the Relevant Performance(1) or the Relevant Performance(2); (ii) the levels will determine whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; (iii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has not occurred, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the higher of (x) the Bonus and (y) the product of the Participation and the Relevant Performance(1); (iv) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the relevant criterion is met, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the Relevant Performance(1); and (v) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred and the relevant criterion is not met, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the product of the Leverage Put and the Relevant Performance(2).</p>
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Twin-Win Redemption Notes

If the Notes are Twin-Win Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon:

- (1) whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; and
- (2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has not occurred, whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will depend upon whether the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or whether the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion or whether the Final Index Level(k) of each and every index in the basket meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion, as applicable (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).

If the relevant criterion is met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of the Participation Call and the lower of the Cap and the Relevant Performance(1). In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance(1) (to the extent that it does not exceed the Cap) is multiplied by the Participation Call. The Participation Call will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation Call is higher than 100 per cent., this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance(1), meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance(1) (up to the Cap) will result in a greater percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Participation Call is lower than 100 per cent., this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance(1), meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance(1) will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes.

If the relevant criterion is not met, the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100 per cent. and (b) the product of the Participation Put specified in the Final Terms and the absolute value of the Relevant Performance(2). In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the absolute value of the Relevant

	<p>Performance(2) is multiplied by the Participation Put. The Participation Put will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation Put is higher than 100 per cent., this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance(1), meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance(2) will result in a greater percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Participation Put is lower than 100 per cent., this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance(2), meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance(2) will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes.</p> <p><i>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:</i></p> <p>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; and (ii) the sum of (a) 100% and (b) the Relevant Performance(2). Noteholders will be exposed to the negative performance of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p><i>Relationship with the value of the index or basket:</i></p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because: (i) in all scenarios, the Final Redemption Amount will depend on the Relevant Performance(1) or the Relevant Performance(2); (ii) the levels will determine whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; (iii) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and the relevant criterion is met, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the product of the Participation Call and the lower of (x) the Cap and (y) the Relevant Performance(1); (iv) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and the relevant criterion is not met, in addition to 100 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the product of the Participation Put and the absolute value of the Relevant Performance(2); and (v) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the amount that will be returned to Noteholders will be directly related to the Relevant Performance(2).</p>
<p>Warrant Redemption Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Warrant Redemption Notes, the applicable Final Terms will specify whether the Warrant Type is “Call” or “Put”.</p> <p>If the Warrant Type is “Call” then the Relevant Performance is calculated in the manner described in the section “Performance and Basket Performance” above.</p>

	<p>If the Warrant Type is “Put” then the Relevant Performance is calculated in the inverse manner to that described in the section “Performance and Basket Performance” above.</p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on Warrant Redemption Notes will be calculated as the product of (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the product of the Participation and the higher of zero and the Relevant Performance.</p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount payable on Warrant Redemption Notes therefore has a direct relationship to the Relevant Performance. Noteholders will therefore be exposed to the negative performance (in the case of a “Call” Warrant) or positive performance (in the case of a “Put” Warrant) of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a greater percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Participation is lower than 100 per cent. this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes.</p>
<p>Spread Warrant Redemption Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Warrant Redemption Notes, the applicable Final Terms will specify whether the Warrant Type is “Call” or “Put”.</p> <p>If the Warrant Type is “Call”, then the Relevant Performance is calculated in the manner described in the section “Performance and Basket Performance” above.</p> <p>If the Warrant Type is “Put”, then the Relevant Performance is calculated in the inverse manner to that described in the section “Performance and Basket Performance” above.</p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on Spread Warrant Redemption Notes will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the product of the Participation and the higher of (x) zero and (y) the lower of the Spread (or the Basket Spread) and Relevant Performance.</p> <p>The “Spread” (or “Basket Spread”) represents:</p> <p>(i) in the case of Spread Warrant Redemption Notes where the Warrant Type is specified to be “Call”, the value equal to (i) the product of the percentage specified in the</p>

	<p>applicable Final Terms to be the “Spread Percentage” and the level of the indices on the Strike Date (or in the case of the Basket Spread, the Basket Initial Level) less (ii) the Strike Level (or in the case of the Basket Spread, the Basket Strike Level); or</p> <p>(ii) in the case of Spread Warrant Redemption Notes where the Warrant Type is specified to be “Put”, the value equal to (i) the Strike Level (or in the case of the Basket Spread, the Basket Strike Level); less (ii) the product of the percentage specified in the applicable Final Terms to be the “Spread Percentage” and the level of the indices on the Strike Date (or, in the case of the Basket Spread, the Basket Initial Level).</p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount payable on Spread Warrant Redemption Notes therefore has a direct relationship to the Relevant Performance to the extent that the Relevant Performance does not exceed the Spread or the Basket Spread, as the case may be. Noteholders will therefore be exposed to the negative performance (in the case of a “Call” Warrant) or positive performance (in the case of a “Put” Warrant) of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>In calculating the Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is higher than 100 per cent., this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a greater percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Participation is lower than 100 per cent., this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes.</p> <p>In calculating the return on the Notes, no account will be taken of the Relevant Performance to the extent it exceeds the Spread or the Basket Spread (as the case may be).</p>
<p>Knock-Out Warrant Redemption Notes</p>	<p>If the Notes are Knock-Out Warrant Redemption Notes, then the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on the Notes will depend upon whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred.</p> <p>If no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the product of the Participation and the higher of zero and the Relevant Performance. In calculating the</p>

	<p>Final Redemption Amount the Relevant Performance (to the extent it does not exceed the Cap) is multiplied by the Participation. The Participation will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Participation is greater than 100 per cent., this will magnify the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a greater percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes. Conversely, if the Participation is less than 100 per cent., this will diminish the effect of changes in the Relevant Performance, meaning that any change in the value of the Relevant Performance will result in a lesser percentage change in the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes.</p> <p>If a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, then the Final Redemption Amount will be calculated as the product of (i) the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms; (ii) the CA Factor and (iii) the Rebate.</p> <p>Noteholders will therefore be exposed to the negative performance (in the case of a “Call” Warrant) or positive performance (in the case of a “Put” Warrant) of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes).</p> <p>The level of the index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or the levels of the indices comprised in the basket (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes) will therefore affect the Final Redemption Amount because (i) the levels will determine whether a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred; and (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has not occurred, Noteholders will be entitled to a return equal to the product of the Participation and the higher of (x) zero and (y) the Relevant Performance.</p>
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CONSENT TO USE OF THIS BASE PROSPECTUS

Consent given in accordance with Article 3.2 of the Prospectus Directive (Retail Cascades)

In the context of any Public Offer of Non-Exempt PD Notes in a Public Offer Jurisdiction, the relevant Issuer accepts responsibility, in a Public Offer Jurisdiction, for the content of this Base Prospectus under Article 6 of the Prospectus Directive in relation to any person (an “**Investor**”) to whom an offer of any Non-Exempt PD Notes is made by any financial intermediary to whom the Issuer has given its consent to use this Base Prospectus (an “**Authorised Offeror**”), where the offer is made in compliance with all conditions attached to the giving of the consent. Such consent and conditions are described below under “*Consent*” and “*Common conditions to consent*”. Neither the relevant Issuer nor any Dealer has any responsibility for any of the actions of any Authorised Offeror, including compliance by an Authorised Offeror with applicable conduct of business rules or other local regulatory requirements or other securities law requirements in relation to such Public Offer.

Save as provided below, neither the relevant Issuer nor any Dealer has authorised the making of any Public Offer and the relevant Issuer has not consented to the use of this Base Prospectus by any other person in connection with any Public Offer of Non-Exempt PD Notes. Any Public Offer made without the consent of the relevant Issuer is unauthorised and neither the relevant Issuer nor any Dealer accepts any responsibility or liability for the actions of the persons making any such unauthorised offer. If, in the context of a Public Offer, an Investor is offered Non-Exempt PD Notes by a person which is not an Authorised Offeror, the Investor should check with such person whether anyone is responsible for this Base Prospectus for the purposes of Article 6 of the Prospectus Directive in the context of the Public Offer and, if so, who that person is. If the Investor is in any doubt about whether it can rely on this Base Prospectus and/or who is responsible for its contents, it should take legal advice.

Consent

Subject to the conditions set out below under “*Common conditions to consent*”:

- (A) the relevant Issuer consents to the use of this Base Prospectus (as supplemented as at the relevant time, if applicable) in connection with a Public Offer of Non-Exempt PD Notes in a Public Offer Jurisdiction by the relevant Dealer and by:
 - (i) any financial intermediary named as an Initial Authorised Offeror in the applicable Final Terms; and
 - (ii) any financial intermediary appointed after the date of the applicable Final Terms and whose name is published on the relevant Issuer’s website (<https://www.ingmarkets.com/en-nl/ing-markets>) and identified as an Authorised Offeror in respect of the relevant Public Offer; and
- (B) if (and only if) Part B of the applicable Final Terms specifies “*General Consent*” as “*Applicable*”, the relevant Issuer hereby offers to grant its consent to the use of this Base Prospectus (as supplemented as at the relevant time, if applicable) in connection with a Public Offer of Non-Exempt PD Notes in a Public Offer Jurisdiction by any financial intermediary which satisfies the following conditions:

- (i) it is authorised to make such offers under the applicable legislation implementing the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive; and
- (ii) it accepts such offer by publishing on its website the following statement (with the information in square brackets completed with the relevant information):

“We, [insert legal name of financial intermediary], refer to the [insert title of relevant Non-Exempt PD Notes] (the “Notes”) described in the Final Terms dated [insert date] (the “Final Terms”) published by [ING Bank N.V.] (the “Issuer”). We hereby accept the offer by the Issuer of its consent to our use of the Base Prospectus (as defined in the Final Terms) in connection with the offer of the Notes in [Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain and Sweden] (the “Public Offer”) in accordance with the Authorised Offeror Terms and subject to the conditions to such consent, each as specified in the Base Prospectus, and we are using the Base Prospectus in connection with the Public Offer accordingly.”

The “**Authorised Offeror Terms**” are that the relevant financial intermediary:

- (I) will, and it agrees, represents, warrants and undertakes for the benefit of the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer that it will, at all times in connection with the relevant Public Offer:
 - (a) act in accordance with, and be solely responsible for complying with, all applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidance of any applicable regulatory bodies (the “**Rules**”) from time to time, including, without limitation, Rules relating to both the appropriateness or suitability of any investment in the Non-Exempt PD Notes by any person and disclosure to any potential Investor, and will immediately inform the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer if at any time such financial intermediary becomes aware or suspects that it is or may be in violation of any Rules and takes all appropriate steps to remedy such violation and comply with such Rules in all respects;
 - (b) comply with the restrictions set out under “*Subscription and Sale*” in this Base Prospectus which would apply as if it were a Dealer;
 - (c) ensure that any fee (and any other commissions or benefits of any kind) received or paid by that financial intermediary in relation to the offer or sale of the Non-Exempt PD Notes does not violate the Rules and, to the extent required by the Rules, is fully and clearly disclosed to Investors or potential Investors;
 - (d) hold all licences, consents, approvals and permissions required in connection with solicitation of interest in, or offers or sales of, the Non-Exempt PD Notes under the Rules;
 - (e) comply with applicable anti-money laundering, anti-bribery, anti-corruption and “know your client” Rules (including, without limitation, taking appropriate steps, in compliance with such Rules, to establish and document the identity of each potential Investor prior to initial investment in any Non-Exempt PD Notes by the Investor), and will not permit any application for Non-Exempt PD Notes in circumstances where the financial intermediary has any suspicions as to the source of the application monies;
 - (f) retain Investor identification records for at least the minimum period required under applicable Rules, and shall, if so requested, make such records available to the relevant Dealer and the relevant Issuer or directly to the appropriate authorities with jurisdiction over the relevant Issuer and/or the relevant Dealer in order to enable the relevant Issuer

and/or the relevant Dealer to comply with anti-money laundering, anti-bribery, anti-corruption and “know your client” Rules applying to the relevant Issuer and/or the relevant Dealer;

- (g) ensure that no holder of Non-Exempt PD Notes or potential Investor in Non-Exempt PD Notes shall become an indirect or direct client of the relevant Issuer or the relevant Dealer for the purposes of any applicable Rules from time to time, and to the extent that any client obligations are created by the relevant financial intermediary under any applicable Rules, then such financial intermediary shall perform any such obligations so arising;
- (h) co-operate with the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer in providing such information (including, without limitation, documents and records maintained pursuant to paragraph (f) above) upon written request from the relevant Issuer or the relevant Dealer as is available to such financial intermediary or which is within its power and control from time to time, together with such further assistance as is reasonably requested by the relevant Issuer or the relevant Dealer;
- (i) in connection with any request or investigation by the AFM or any relevant regulator in relation to the Non-Exempt PD Notes, the relevant Issuer or the relevant Dealer;
 - (i) in connection with any complaints received by the relevant Issuer and/or the relevant Dealer relating to the relevant Issuer and/or the relevant Dealer or another Authorised Offeror, including, without limitation, complaints as defined in rules published by the AFM and/or any relevant regulator of competent jurisdiction from time to time; and/or
 - (ii) which the relevant Issuer or the relevant Dealer may reasonably require from time to time in relation to the Non-Exempt PD Notes and/or as to allow the relevant Issuer or the relevant Dealer fully to comply within its own legal, tax and regulatory requirements,

in each case, as soon as is reasonably practicable and, in any event, within any time frame set by any such regulator or regulatory process;

- (j) during the primary distribution period of the Non-Exempt PD Notes: (i) not sell the Non-Exempt PD Notes at any price other than the Issue Price specified in the applicable Final Terms (unless otherwise agreed with the relevant Dealer); (ii) not sell the Non-Exempt PD Notes otherwise than for settlement on the Issue Date specified in the applicable Final Terms; (iii) not appoint any sub-distributors (unless otherwise agreed with the relevant Dealer); (iv) not pay any fee or remuneration or commissions or benefits to any third parties in relation to the offering or sale of the Non-Exempt PD Notes (unless otherwise agreed with the relevant Dealer); and (v) comply with such other rules of conduct as may be reasonably required and specified by the relevant Dealer;
- (k) either (i) obtain from each potential Investor an executed application for the Non-Exempt PD Notes or (ii) keep a record of all requests such financial intermediary (x) makes for its discretionary management clients, (y) receives from its advisory clients and (z) receives from its execution-only clients, in each case prior to making any order for the Non-Exempt PD Notes on their behalf, and in each case maintain the same on its files for so long as is required by any applicable Rules;

- (l) ensure that it does not, directly or indirectly, cause the relevant Issuer or the relevant Dealer to breach any Rule or subject the relevant Issuer or the relevant Dealer to any requirement to obtain or make any filing, authorisation or consent in any jurisdiction;
 - (m) comply with the conditions to the consent referred to under “*Common conditions to consent*” below and any further requirements relevant to the Public Offer as specified in the applicable Final Terms;
 - (n) make available to each potential Investor in the Non-Exempt PD Notes the Base Prospectus (as supplemented as at the relevant time, if applicable), the applicable Final Terms and any applicable information booklet provided by the relevant Issuer for such purpose, and not convey or publish any information that is not contained in or entirely consistent with this Base Prospectus; and
 - (o) if it conveys or publishes any communication (other than this Base Prospectus or any other materials provided to such financial intermediary by or on behalf of the relevant Issuer for the purposes of the relevant Public Offer) in connection with the relevant Public Offer, it will ensure that such communication (A) is fair, clear and not misleading and complies with the Rules, (B) states that such financial intermediary has provided such communication independently of the relevant Issuer, that such financial intermediary is solely responsible for such communication and that none of the relevant Issuer nor the relevant Dealer accepts any responsibility for such communication and (C) does not, without the prior written consent of the relevant Issuer or the relevant Dealer (as applicable), use the legal or publicity names of the relevant Issuer or the relevant Dealer or any other name, brand or logo registered by an entity within their respective groups or any material over which any such entity retains a proprietary interest, except to describe the relevant Issuer as issuer of the relevant Non-Exempt PD Notes on the basis set out in this Base Prospectus;
- (II) agrees and undertakes to indemnify each of the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer (in each case on behalf of such entity and its respective directors, officers, employees, agents, affiliates and controlling persons) against any losses, liabilities, costs, claims, charges, expenses, actions or demands (including reasonable costs of investigation and any defence raised thereto and counsel’s fees and disbursements associated with any such investigation or defence) which any of them may incur or which may be made against any of them arising out of or in relation to, or in connection with, any breach of any of the foregoing agreements, representations, warranties or undertakings by such financial intermediary, including (without limitation) any unauthorised action by such financial intermediary or failure by such financial intermediary to observe any of the above restrictions or requirements or the making by such financial intermediary of any unauthorised representation or the giving or use by it of any information which has not been authorised for such purposes by the relevant Issuer or the relevant Dealer; and
- (III) agrees and accepts that:
- (a) the contract between the relevant Issuer and the financial intermediary formed upon acceptance by the financial intermediary of the relevant Issuer’s offer to use this Base Prospectus with its consent in connection with the relevant Public Offer (the “**Authorised Offeror Contract**”), and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with the Authorised Offeror Contract, shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, English law; and

- (b) the courts of England are to have jurisdiction to settle any disputes which may arise out of or in connection with the Authorised Offeror Contract (including a dispute relating to any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with the Authorised Offeror Contract), and accordingly submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of such courts.

Any financial intermediary falling within sub-paragraph (B) above who wishes to use this Base Prospectus in connection with a Public Offer is required, for the duration of the relevant Offer Period, to publish on its website the statement (duly completed) specified at paragraph (B)(ii) above.

Common conditions to consent

The conditions to the relevant Issuer's consent are (in addition to the conditions described in paragraph (B) above if Part B of the applicable Final Terms specifies "*General Consent*" as "*Applicable*") that such consent:

- (a) is only valid in respect of the relevant Tranche of Non-Exempt PD Notes;
- (b) is only valid during the Offer Period specified in the applicable Final Terms; and
- (c) only extends to the use of this Base Prospectus to make Public Offers of the relevant Tranche of Non-Exempt PD Notes in one or more of Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain and Sweden, as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

ARRANGEMENTS BETWEEN INVESTORS AND AUTHORISED OFFERORS

AN INVESTOR INTENDING TO ACQUIRE OR ACQUIRING ANY NON-EXEMPT PD NOTES IN A PUBLIC OFFER FROM AN AUTHORISED OFFEROR OTHER THAN THE RELEVANT ISSUER WILL DO SO, AND OFFERS AND SALES OF SUCH NON-EXEMPT PD NOTES TO AN INVESTOR BY SUCH AUTHORISED OFFEROR WILL BE MADE, IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANY TERMS AND OTHER ARRANGEMENTS IN PLACE BETWEEN SUCH AUTHORISED OFFEROR AND SUCH INVESTOR, INCLUDING AS TO PRICE, ALLOCATIONS, EXPENSES AND SETTLEMENT ARRANGEMENTS. THE ISSUER WILL NOT BE A PARTY TO ANY SUCH ARRANGEMENTS WITH SUCH INVESTORS IN CONNECTION WITH THE PUBLIC OFFER OR SALE OF THE NON-EXEMPT PD NOTES CONCERNED AND, ACCORDINGLY, THIS BASE PROSPECTUS AND ANY FINAL TERMS WILL NOT CONTAIN SUCH INFORMATION. THE INVESTOR MUST LOOK TO THE RELEVANT AUTHORISED OFFEROR AT THE TIME OF SUCH OFFER FOR THE PROVISION OF SUCH INFORMATION AND THE AUTHORISED OFFEROR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SUCH INFORMATION. NEITHER THE RELEVANT ISSUER NOR ANY DEALER (EXCEPT WHERE SUCH DEALER IS THE RELEVANT AUTHORISED OFFEROR) HAS ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY TO AN INVESTOR IN RESPECT OF SUCH INFORMATION.

Public Offers: Issue Price and Offer Price

Non-Exempt PD Notes to be offered pursuant to a Public Offer will be issued by the relevant Issuer at the Issue Price specified in the applicable Final Terms. The Issue Price will be determined by the relevant Issuer in consultation with the relevant Dealer at the time of the relevant Public Offer and will depend, amongst other things, on the interest rate applicable to the Non-Exempt PD Notes and prevailing market conditions at that time. The offer price of such Non-Exempt PD Notes will be the

Issue Price or such other price as may be agreed between an Investor and the Authorised Offeror making the offer of the Non-Exempt PD Notes to such Investor. The relevant Issuer will not be party to arrangements between an Investor and an Authorised Offeror, and the Investor will need to look to the relevant Authorised Offeror to confirm the price at which such Authorised Offeror is offering the Non-Exempt PD Notes to such Investor.

NOMINAL AMOUNT OF THE PROGRAMME

This Base Prospectus and any supplement will only be valid for the issue of Notes in an aggregate nominal amount, which, when added to the aggregate nominal amount then outstanding of all Notes previously or simultaneously issued under the Programme, does not exceed €40,000,000,000 or its equivalent in other currencies. For the purpose of calculating the aggregate amount of Notes issued under the Programme from time to time:

- (a) the euro equivalent of Notes denominated in another Specified Currency (as specified in the applicable Final Terms in relation to the Notes) shall be determined, at the discretion of the Global Issuer, as of the date of agreement to issue such Notes (the “**Agreement Date**”) or on the preceding day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets are open for business in London, in each case on the basis of the spot rate for the sale of the euro against the purchase of such Specified Currency in the London foreign exchange market quoted by any leading bank selected by the Global Issuer on such date;
- (b) the amount (or, where applicable, the euro equivalent) of Index Linked Notes and Inflation Linked Notes (each as specified in the applicable Final Terms in relation to the Notes) shall be calculated (in the case of Notes not denominated in euro, in the manner specified above) by reference to the original nominal amount of such Notes, as the case may be; and
- (c) the amount (or, where applicable, the euro equivalent) of Zero Coupon Notes (as specified in the applicable Final Terms in relation to the Notes) and other Notes issued at a discount or premium shall be calculated (in the case of Notes not denominated in euro, in the manner specified above) by reference to the net proceeds received by the relevant Issuer for the relevant issue.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF INDEX LINKED NOTES

The terms and conditions applicable to Notes linked to a single index or linked to a basket of indices issued by (i) the Global Issuer and (ii) the Americas Issuer and (in the case of Notes issued by the Americas Issuer) guaranteed by the Guarantor shall comprise (1) the “General Terms and Conditions” set out in the Base Prospectus for the issuance of Medium Term Notes and Inflation Linked Notes in respect of the €40,000,000,000 Global Issuance Programme of the Global Issuer, the Australian Issuer and the Americas Issuer dated 28 June 2013 (the “**Level 1 Programme Prospectus**”) (the “**General Conditions**”), (2) if the Notes are Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest Notes, Reference Item(Inflation) Indexed Interest Notes, Inflation Indexed Redemption Notes or Inflation Indexed with Floor Redemption Notes, the “Terms and Conditions of Inflation Linked Notes” set out in the Level 1 Programme Prospectus (the “**Inflation Linked Notes Conditions**”) and (3) the additional terms and conditions set out below (the “**Index Linked Notes Conditions**”), in each case subject to completion and/or supplement in the applicable Final Terms. In the event of any inconsistency between the General Conditions and the Index Linked Notes Conditions, the Index Linked Notes Conditions set out below shall prevail. In the event of any inconsistency between (i) the General Conditions and/or the Index Linked Notes Conditions and (ii) the Final Terms, the Final Terms shall prevail.

References herein to the “Notes” shall also include Notes issued in unitised form (“**Units**”) and the Calculation Amount and Specified Denomination of a Unit shall be the Aggregate Nominal Amount of the Unit as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

1 Interest

Notes may be issued as Fixed Rate Notes, Floating Rate Notes, Tailor-Made Interest Notes, Step-Up Interest Notes, Floater Interest Notes, Floater with Lock-In Interest Notes, Reverse Floater Interest Notes, Ratchet Floater Interest Notes, Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest Notes, Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest Notes, Steepener Interest Notes, Steepener with Lock-In Interest Notes, Range Accrual(Rates) Interest Notes, Range Accrual(Spread) Interest Notes, Inverse Range Accrual Interest Notes, KO Range Accrual Interest Notes, Dual Range Accrual Interest Notes, Snowball Interest Notes, SnowRanger Interest Notes and Barrier(Rates) Interest Notes (in each case with interest payable in accordance with the terms of Condition 3 (*Interest*) and Condition 4 (*Rate of Interest for Variable Interest Rate Notes*) of the General Conditions); Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest Notes and Reference Item(Inflation) Indexed Interest Notes (with interest payable in accordance with Condition 1 (*Interest*) of the Inflation Linked Notes Conditions); Zero Coupon Notes, or as any of the other forms of Variable Interest Rate Notes specified in this Index Linked Notes Condition 1 (and in such cases with interest payable in accordance with the terms herein).

The following terms (the “**Additional Variable Interest Rate Payouts**”) each relate to a different method of calculating the interest payable on each Interest Payment Date (as may be specified in the applicable Final Terms) and shall be deemed to be Variable Interest Rate Payouts and the terms of Condition 3 (*Interest*) and Condition 4 (*Rate of Interest for Variable Interest Rate Notes*) of the General Conditions shall apply accordingly to these Additional Variable Interest Rate Payouts:

- 1.1 Step-Up Barrier Interest
- 1.2 Memory Interest
- 1.3 One Touch Memory Interest

- 1.4 Range Accrual(Index) Interest
- 1.5 Barrier(Index) Interest
- 1.6 One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest
- 1.7 Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Interest
- 1.8 Best Of Interest
- 1.9 One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest

These Additional Variable Interest Rate Payouts are only relevant to Notes for which the relevant Final Terms specifies any of the above Additional Variable Interest Rate Payouts to be applicable. Only the Interest Payout specified to be applicable in the relevant Final Terms will apply to a particular series of Notes.

1.1 Step-Up Barrier Interest

(a) *Rate of Interest*

The Rate of Interest in respect of each Interest Period(t) ending on, but excluding, an Interest Payment Date (“**Interest Payment Date(t)**”) shall be the relevant Rate of Interest (the “**Rate of Interest(t)**”), calculated in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, and:
 - (A) If $t = 1$, and:
 - (1) if the Observation Index Level(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

Rate of Interest(1)
 - (2) if the Observation Index Level(t) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

0%
 - (B) If t is greater than 1, and:
 - (1) if the Observation Index Level(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

Step - Up $\times t$
 - (2) if the Observation Index Level(t) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

0%
- (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:
 - (A) If $t = 1$, and:
 - (1) if the Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Index(k) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

Rate of Interest(1)

- (2) if the Observation Index Level(k,t) of one or more Index(k) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):
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 - (B) If t is greater than 1, and:
 - (1) if the Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Index(k) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):
Step - Up × t
 - (2) if the Observation Index Level(k,t) of one or more Index(k) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):
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- (iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:
 - (A) If t = 1, and:
 - (1) if the Basket Level(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):
Rate of Interest(1)
 - (2) if the Basket Level(t) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):
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 - (B) If t is greater than 1, and:
 - (1) if the Basket Level(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):
Step - Up × t
 - (2) if the Basket Level(t) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):
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(b) Interest Amount

The Interest Amount shall be calculated in accordance with Condition 3(c) (*Interest on Variable Interest Rate Notes*) of the General Conditions.

1.2 Memory Interest

(a) Rate of Interest

The Rate of Interest in respect of each Interest Period(t) ending on, but excluding, an Interest Payment Date (“**Interest Payment Date(t)**”) shall be the relevant Rate of Interest (the “**Rate of Interest(t)**”), calculated in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, and:
 - (A) if t = 1, and:

- (1) if the Observation Index Level(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

Rate of Interest(1)

- (2) if the Observation Index Level(t) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

0%

- (B) if t is greater than 1, and:

- (1) if the Observation Index Level(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

$$Memory \times t - \sum_{i=1}^{t-1} Rate\ of\ Interest(i)$$

“Rate of Interest” means the actual Rate of Interest payable in respect of any Interest Payment Date, and “i” is an ascending series of unique positive integers starting from and including 1 (one) up to and including t-1, each denoting one Interest Payment Date in chronological order.

- (2) if the Observation Index Level(t) does not meet Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

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- (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

- (A) If t = 1, and:

- (1) if the Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Index(k) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

Rate of Interest(1)

- (2) if the Observation Index Level(k,t) of one or more Index(k) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

0%

- (B) If t is greater than 1, and:

- (1) if the Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Index(k) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

$$Memory \times t - \sum_{i=1}^{t-1} Rate\ of\ Interest(i)$$

“Rate of Interest” means the actual Rate of Interest payable in respect of any Interest Payment Date, and “i” is an ascending series of unique positive integers starting from and including 1(one) up to and including t-1, each denoting one Interest Payment Date in chronological order.

- (2) if the Observation Index Level(k,t) of one or more Index(k) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

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- (iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

(A) If $t = 1$, and:

- (1) if the Basket Level(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

Rate of Interest(1)

- (2) if the Basket Level(t) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

0%

(B) If t is greater than 1, and:

- (1) if the Basket Level(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

$$\text{Memory} \times t - \sum_{i=1}^{t-1} \text{Rate of Interest}(i)$$

“Rate of Interest” means the actual Rate of Interest payable in respect of any Interest Payment Date, and “ i ” is an ascending series of unique positive integers starting from and including 1(one) up to and including $t-1$, each denoting one Interest Payment Date in chronological order.

- (2) if the Basket Level(t) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

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(b) Interest Amount

The Interest Amount shall be calculated in accordance with Condition 3(c) (*Interest on Variable Interest Rate Notes*) of the General Conditions.

1.3 One Touch Memory Interest

(a) Rate of Interest

The Rate of Interest in respect of each Interest Period(t) ending on, but excluding, an Interest Payment Date (“**Interest Payment Date(t)**”) shall be the relevant Rate of Interest (the “**Rate of Interest(t)**”), calculated in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, and:

(A) if $t = 1$, and:

- (1) if a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

Rate of Interest(1)

- (2) if no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

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(B) if t is greater than 1, and:

(1) if a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

$$\text{Memory} \times t - \sum_{i=1}^{t-1} \text{Rate of Interest}(i)$$

“Rate of Interest” means the actual Rate of Interest payable in respect of any Interest Payment Date, and “i” is an ascending series of unique positive integers starting from and including 1 (one) up to and including t-1, each denoting one Interest Payment Date in chronological order.

(2) if no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

0%

(ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

(A) if t = 1, and:

(1) if a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

Rate of Interest(1)

(2) if no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

0%

(B) if t is greater than 1, and:

(1) if a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

$$\text{Memory} \times t - \sum_{i=1}^{t-1} \text{Rate of Interest}(i)$$

“Rate of Interest” means the actual Rate of Interest payable in respect of any Interest Payment Date, and “i” is an ascending series of unique positive integers starting from and including 1(one) up to and including t-1, each denoting one Interest Payment Date in chronological order.

(2) if no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

0%

(iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

- (A) if $t = 1$, and:
- (1) if a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:
Rate of Interest(1)
 - (2) if no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:
0%
- (B) if t is greater than 1, and:
- (1) if a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:
$$Memory \times t - \sum_{i=1}^{t-1} Rate\ of\ Interest(i)$$

“Rate of Interest” means the actual Rate of Interest payable in respect of any Interest Payment Date, and “i” is an ascending series of unique positive integers starting from and including 1(one) up to and including $t-1$, each denoting one Interest Payment Date in chronological order.
 - (2) if no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:
0%

1.4 Range Accrual(Index) Interest

(a) *Rate of Interest*

The Rate of Interest in respect of each Interest Period(t) ending on, but excluding, an Interest Payment Date (“**Interest Payment Date(t)**”) shall be the relevant Rate of Interest (the “**Rate of Interest(t)**”), calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$\frac{n}{N} \times Rate\ of\ Interest(Range\ Accrual)$$

Where:

“**n**” means, in respect of the relevant Range Accrual Observation Period, the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in such Range Accrual Observation Period on which (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Coupon Valuation Level, (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the Coupon Valuation Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component or (iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the Basket Level(t), meets the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Floor and meets the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap; provided that:

- (i) if the applicable Final Terms specify that Range Accrual Floor Criterion is “Not Applicable”, then “**n**” means, in respect of the relevant Range Accrual Observation Period, the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in such Range Accrual Observation Period on which (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Coupon

Valuation Level, (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the Coupon Valuation Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, or (iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the Basket Level(t), meets the Range Accrual Cap Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Cap only; or

- (ii) if the applicable Final Terms specify that Range Accrual Cap Criterion is “Not Applicable”, then “n” means, in respect of the relevant Range Accrual Observation Period, the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in such Range Accrual Observation Period on which (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Coupon Valuation Level, (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the Coupon Valuation Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, or (iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the Basket Level(t), meets the Range Accrual Floor Criterion with respect to the Range Accrual Floor only.

“N” means, in respect of a Range Accrual Observation Period, the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in such Range Accrual Observation Period.

(b) Interest Amount

The Interest Amount shall be calculated in accordance with Condition 3(c) (*Interest on Variable Interest Rate Notes*) of the General Conditions.

(c) Additional Range Accrual Disruption Provisions

- (i) Where the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, if the Calculation Agent determines that any Range Accrual Observation Date is a Disrupted Day, then that Range Accrual Observation Date shall be deemed to be the first preceding Scheduled Trading Day immediately prior to the Scheduled Range Accrual Observation Date that is not a Disrupted Day.
- (ii) Where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Range Accrual Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall not be applicable, if the Calculation Agent determines that any Range Accrual Observation Date is a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component, then:
 - (A) the Range Accrual Observation Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the Scheduled Range Accrual Observation Date is not a Disrupted Day shall be the Scheduled Range Accrual Observation Date; and
 - (B) the Range Accrual Observation Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the Scheduled Range Accrual Observation Date is a Disrupted Day (each an “**Affected Basket Component**”) shall be deemed to be the first preceding Scheduled Trading Day immediately prior to the Scheduled Range Accrual Observation Date that is not a Disrupted Day for such Affected Basket Component.
- (iii) Where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Range Accrual Common Scheduled Trading Days” and “Range Accrual Individual Disrupted Days” shall both be applicable, if the Calculation Agent

determines that any Range Accrual Observation Date is a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component, then:

- (A) the Range Accrual Observation Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the Scheduled Range Accrual Observation Date is not a Disrupted Day shall be the Scheduled Range Accrual Observation Date; and
 - (B) the Range Accrual Observation Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the Scheduled Range Accrual Observation Date is a Disrupted Day (each an “**Affected Basket Component**”) shall be deemed to be the first preceding Scheduled Trading Day immediately prior to the Scheduled Range Accrual Observation Date that is not a Disrupted Day for such Affected Basket Component (notwithstanding the fact that such day may not be a Common Scheduled Trading Day).
- (iv) Where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Range Accrual Common Scheduled Trading Days” and “Range Accrual Common Disrupted Days” shall both be applicable, if the Calculation Agent determines that any Range Accrual Observation Date is a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component, then the Range Accrual Observation Date for each Basket Component shall be deemed to be the first preceding Common Scheduled Trading Day immediately prior to the Scheduled Range Accrual Observation Date that is not a Disrupted Day for any Basket Component.

1.5 Barrier(Index) Interest

(a) Rate of Interest

The Rate of Interest in respect of each Interest Period(t) ending on, but excluding, an Interest Payment Date (“**Interest Payment Date(t)**”) shall be the relevant Rate of Interest (the “**Rate of Interest(t)**”), calculated in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, and:
 - (A) if the Observation Index Level(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):
$$\text{Rate of Interest}(1)$$
 - (B) if the Observation Index Level(t) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):
$$0\%$$
- (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:
 - (A) if the Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Index(k) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):
$$\text{Rate of Interest}(1)$$
 - (B) if the Observation Index Level(k,t) of one or more Index(k) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):
$$0\%$$

(iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

(A) if the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) meets the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

Rate of Interest(1)

(B) if the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) does not meet the Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Coupon Barrier(t):

0%

(b) Interest Amount

The Interest Amount shall be calculated in accordance with Condition 3(c) (*Interest on Variable Interest Rate Notes*) of the General Conditions.

1.6 One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest

(a) Rate of Interest

The Rate of Interest in respect of each Interest Period(t) ending on, but excluding, an Interest Payment Date (“**Interest Payment Date(t)**”) shall be the relevant Rate of Interest (the “**Rate of Interest(t)**”), calculated in accordance with the following formula:

(i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, and:

(A) if a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

Rate of Interest(1)

(B) if no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

0%

(ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

(A) if a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

Rate of Interest(1)

(B) if no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

0%

(iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

- (A) if a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

Rate of Interest(1)

- (B) if no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

0%

(b) Interest Amount

The Interest Amount shall be calculated in accordance with Condition 3(c) (*Interest on Variable Interest Rate Notes*) of the General Conditions.

1.7 Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Interest

(a) Rate of Interest

The Rate of Interest in respect of each Interest Period(t) ending on, but excluding, an Interest Payment Date (“**Interest Payment Date(t)**”) shall be the relevant Rate of Interest (the “**Rate of Interest(t)**”), calculated in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Reference Rate(t) does not meet the Reference Cap Criterion with respect to the Reference Cap(t):

Reference Rate(Cap)(t)

- (ii) if the Reference Rate(t) (A) meets the Reference Cap Criterion with respect to the Reference Cap(t) and (B) meets the Reference Floor Criterion with respect to the Reference Floor(t):

Reference Rate(t)

- (iii) if the Reference Rate(t) does not meet Reference Floor Criterion with respect to the Reference Floor(t):

Reference Rate(Floor)(t)

(b) Interest Amount

The Interest Amount shall be calculated in accordance with Condition 3(c) (*Interest on Variable Interest Rate Notes*) of the General Conditions.

(c) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of the these Reference Item(Index) Linked Performance Interest provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these Reference Item(Index) Linked Performance Interest provisions only.

“**Fixed Best Basket Performance**” means the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

Lowest Basket Components Performance + Fixed Performance

“**Fixed Performance**” means the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\sum_{k=1}^N \text{Fixed Return} \times \text{Weighting}(k)$$

Where:

“k” has the meaning given to it in the definition of “Index(k)”.

“N” means a number equal to the total number of Basket Components minus the Specified Number of Lowest Performing Basket Components.

“**Fixed Return**” means the percentage specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Lowest Basket Components Performance**” means, in respect of the Lowest Performing Basket Components, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\sum_{k=1}^N \text{Performance}(k, t) \times \text{Weighting}(k)$$

Where:

“k” has the meaning given to it in the definition of “Index(k)”.

“N” means the number of Basket Components comprising such Lowest Performing Basket Components.

“**Lowest Performing Basket Components**” means the Specified Number of Basket Components which have the lowest Performance(k) amongst all the Basket Components.

“**Observation Performance(k)(t)**” means, in respect of an Index(k) and an Interest Payment Date(t), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Observation Index Level}(k, t) - \text{Strike Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)}$$

“**Observation Performance(t)**” means, in respect of the Index and an Interest Payment Date(t), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Observation Index Level}(t) - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}}$$

“**Min Coupon(t)**” means:

- (i) if “Memory Coupon” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

Min Reference Rate

- (ii) if “Memory Coupon” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

(A) If t=1

Rate of Interest(1)

(B) If t is greater than 1

Max [Rate of Interest(t – 1); Rate of Interest(1)]

“**Min Reference Rate**” means the percentage specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Performance(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(k,t)**” means, in respect of an Index(k) and an Interest Payment Date(t), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “ICAP” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\text{Max} [\text{Coupon Index Floor}; \text{Min} [\text{Observation Performance}(k)(t) \times 100\%; \text{Coupon Index Cap}]]$$

- (ii) if “MAGNET” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

- (A) if the Observation Performance(k)(t) is greater than or equal to 0 (zero):

$$\text{Max} [\text{Coupon Index Floor}; \text{Coupon Index Cap}]$$

- (B) if the Observation Performance(k)(t) is not greater than or equal to 0 (zero):

$$\text{Max} [\text{Coupon Index Floor}; \text{Min} [\text{Observation Performance}(k)(t) \times 100\%; 0]]$$

- (iii) if “FIXED BEST” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\text{Max} [\text{Coupon Index Floor}; \text{Observation Performance}(k)(t) \times 100\%]$$

“**Performance(t)**” means, in respect of the Index and an Interest Payment Date(t), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “ICAP” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\text{Max} [\text{Coupon Index Floor}; \text{Min} [\text{Observation Performance}(t) \times 100\%; \text{Coupon Index Cap}]]$$

- (ii) if “MAGNET” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

- (A) if the Observation Performance(t) is greater than or equal to 0 (zero):

$$\text{Max} [\text{Coupon Index Floor}; \text{Coupon Index Cap}]$$

- (B) if the Observation Performance(t) is not greater than or equal to 0 (zero):

$$\text{Max} [\text{Coupon Index Floor}; \text{Min} [\text{Observation Performance}(t) \times 100\%; 0]]$$

“**Reference Rate(t)**” means, in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t), the rate determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes:

$$\text{Max} [\text{Min Coupon}(t); \text{Performance}(t)]$$

- (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes:

- (A) if “FIXED BEST” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\text{Max} \left[\text{Min Coupon}(t); \sum_{k=1}^N \text{Performance}(k, t) \times \text{Weighting}(k) \right]$$

where:

“**k**” has the meaning given to it in the definition of “Index(k)”.

“**N**” means, in respect of a Basket, the number of Basket Components comprising such Basket.

“**Weighting(k)**” means, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in respect of such Basket Component in the applicable Final Terms.

(B) if “FIXED BEST” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\text{Max}[\text{MinCoupon}(t); \text{Min}[\text{Coupon Index Cap}; \text{Fixed Best Basket Performance}]]$$

1.8 Best Of Interest

(a) Rate of Interest

The Rate of Interest in respect of each Interest Period(t) ending on, but excluding, an Interest Payment Date (“**Interest Payment Date(t)**”) shall be the relevant Rate of Interest (the “**Rate of Interest(t)**”), calculated in accordance with the following formula:

(i) If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

(A) if the Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Index(k) meets the Best Of Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Initial Index Level(k):

$$\text{Max}[\text{Rate of Interest}(1)(t); \text{Basket Performance}]$$

(B) if the Observation Index Level(k,t) of one or more Index(k) does not meet the Best Of Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Initial Index Level(k):

0%

(ii) If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

(A) if the Basket Level(t) meets the Best Of Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Basket Initial Level:

$$\text{Max}[\text{Rate of Interest}(1)(t); \text{Basket Performance}]$$

(B) if the Basket Level(t) does not meet the Best Of Coupon Barrier Criterion with respect to the Basket Initial Level:

0%

(b) Interest Amount

The Interest Amount shall be calculated in accordance with Condition 3(c) (*Interest on Variable Interest Rate Notes*) of the General Conditions.

(c) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of the these Best Of Interest provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these Best Of Interest provisions only.

“**Basket Performance**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Final Level} - \text{Basket Strike Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Best Of Coupon Barrier Criterion**” means:

- (i) if “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:
 - (A) if “Excess” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Observation Index Level(k,t) is greater than the Initial Index Level(k); or
 - (B) if “Excess/Equal” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Observation Index Level(k,t) is greater than or equal to the Initial Index Level(k).
- (ii) if “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:
 - (A) if “Excess” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Basket Level(t) is greater than the Basket Initial Level; or
 - (B) if “Excess/Equal” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Basket Level(t) is greater than or equal to the Basket Initial Level.

“**Rate of Interest(1)(t)**” means, in respect of any Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t) specified under the heading “Rate of Interest(1) Schedule” in the table in the applicable Final Terms, the rate specified under the heading “Rate of Interest(1)(t)” in such table adjacent to the relevant Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t).

1.9 One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest

(a) Rate of Interest

The Rate of Interest in respect of each Interest Period(t) ending on, but excluding, an Interest Payment Date (“**Interest Payment Date(t)**”) shall be the relevant Rate of Interest (the “**Rate of Interest(t)**”), calculated in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, and:
 - (A) if a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

$$\text{Max}[\text{Lock-In}(t); \text{Performance}(t)]$$
 - (B) if no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

$$\text{Max}[0\%; \text{Performance}(t)]$$
- (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes:
 - (A) if a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

$$\text{Max}[\text{Lockin}(t); \text{Basket Performance}(t)]$$
 - (B) if no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period:

$$\text{Max}[0\%; \text{Basket Performance}(t)]$$

(b) Interest Amount

The Interest Amount shall be calculated in accordance with Condition 3(c) (*Interest on Variable Interest Rate Notes*) of the General Conditions.

(c) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of the these One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest provisions only.

“**Basket Observation Performance(t)**” means, in respect of the Basket and an Interest Payment Date(t), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\sum_{k=1}^N \text{Weighting} \times \frac{\text{Observation Index Level}(k, t) - \text{Strike Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)}$$

where:

“**k**” has the meaning given to it in the definition of “Index(k)”.

“**N**” means, in respect of a Basket, the number of Basket Components comprising such Basket.

“**Basket Performance(t)**” means, in respect of the Basket and an Interest Payment Date(t), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\text{Max} [\text{Coupon Index Floor}; \text{Min} [\text{Basket Observation Performance}(t) \times 100\%; \text{Coupon Index Cap}]]$$

“**Observation Performance(t)**” means, in respect of the Index and an Interest Payment Date(t), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Observation Index Level}(t) - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}}$$

“**Lock-In(t)**” means, in respect of any Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t) specified under the heading “Lock-In Schedule” in the table in the applicable Final Terms, the number specified under the heading “Lock-In(t)” in such table adjacent to the relevant Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t).

“**Performance(t)**” means, in respect of the Index and an Interest Payment Date(t), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\text{Max} [\text{Coupon Index Floor}; \text{Min}[\text{Observation Performance}(t) \times 100\%; \text{Coupon Index Cap}]]$$

2 Redemption

Subject to any applicable automatic redemption and/or early redemption and/or exercise of put options and/or exercise of call options set forth in the Final Terms not having occurred prior to any applicable date specified therein, on the Maturity Date (subject to the provisions of Condition 7(j) (*Disrupted Days*) and 7(k) (*Adjustment*) of the General Conditions), the Issuer shall (i) pay the Final Redemption Amount, which shall be an amount payable per Note in the Specified Currency determined by the Calculation Agent as set forth in the accordance with the terms of the Redemption Payouts set out in this Condition 2 and specified as being applicable in the Final Terms and/or (ii) pay the Final Redemption Amount, which shall be an amount payable per Note in the Specified Currency determined by the Calculation Agent as set forth in accordance with the terms of the Inflation Linked Redemption Payouts specified in Condition 2 (*Redemption*) of the Inflation Linked Notes Conditions and specified as being applicable in the Final Terms.

The following terms (the “**Redemption Payouts**”) each relate to a different method of calculating the Final Redemption Amount (as may be specified in the applicable Final Terms):

- 2.1 Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption (EUSIPA Code 1100)
- 2.2 Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption (EUSIPA Code 1120)
- 2.3 (Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Redemption (EUSIPA Code 1130)
- 2.4 (Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption (EUSIPA Code 1400)
- 2.5 Reverse Convertible Redemption (EUSIPA Code 1220)
- 2.6 Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption (EUSIPA Code 1230)
- 2.7 Capped Outperformance Redemption (EUSIPA Code 1240)
- 2.8 Capped Bonus Redemption (EUSIPA Code 1250)
- 2.9 Express Redemption (EUSIPA Code 1260)
- 2.10 Tracker Redemption (EUSIPA Code 1300)
- 2.11 Outperformance Redemption (EUSIPA Code 1310)
- 2.12 Bonus Redemption (EUSIPA Code 1320)
- 2.13 Outperformance Bonus Redemption (EUSIPA Code 1330)
- 2.14 Twin-Win Redemption (EUSIPA Code 1340)
- 2.15 Warrant Redemption (EUSIPA Code 2100)
- 2.16 Spread Warrant Redemption (EUSIPA Code 2110)
- 2.17 Knock-Out Warrant Redemption (EUSIPA Code 2200)

The Redemption Payouts are only relevant to Notes for which the relevant Final Terms specify any of the below Redemption Payouts to be applicable. Only the Redemption Payout specified to be applicable in the relevant Final Terms will be applicable to a particular series of Notes.

2.1 Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption

(a) Final Redemption Amount

The Final Redemption Amount per Note shall be an amount in the Specified Currency calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Protection \text{ Level} + Participation \times Max [0\%; Performance]]$$

- (ii) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Protection \text{ Level} + Participation \times Max [0\%; Performance] \times Performance \text{ XRate}]$$

- (iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Best Of”, “Fixed Best”, “Flexo” and “Worst Of” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Protection \text{ Level} + Participation \times Max [0\%; Basket \text{ Performance}]]$$

- (iv) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Best Of”, “Fixed Best” and “Worst Of” are specified as “Not Applicable” and “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Protection \text{ Level} + Participation \times Max [0\%; Basket \text{ Performance}] \times Performance \text{ XRate}]$$

- (v) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Fixed Best” is specified as “Applicable” and “Best Of”, “Flexo” and “Worst Of” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Protection \text{ Level} + Participation \times Max [0\%; Fixed \text{ Best Basket Performance}]]$$

- (vi) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Fixed Best” and “Flexo” are specified as “Applicable” and “Best Of” and “Worst Of” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Protection \text{ Level} + Participation \times Max [0\%; Fixed \text{ Best Basket Performance}] \times Performance \text{ XRate}]$$

- (vii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Best Of”, “Fixed Best” and “Flexo” are specified as “Not Applicable” and “Worst Of” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Protection \text{ Level} + Participation \times Max [0\%; Performance(Worst \text{ Performing Index})]]$$

- (viii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Best Of” and “Fixed Best” are specified as “Not Applicable” and “Worst Of” and “Flexo” are specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Protection \text{ Level} + Participation \times Max [0\%; Performance(Worst \text{ Performing Index})] \times Performance \text{ XRate}]$$

- (ix) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Fixed Best”, “Flexo” and “Worst Of” are specified as “Not Applicable” and “Best Of” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Protection \text{ Level} + Participation \times Max [0\%; Performance(Best \text{ Performing Index})]]$$

- (x) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Fixed Best” and “Worst Of” are specified as “Not Applicable” and “Best Of” and “Flexo” are specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Protection \text{ Level} + Participation \times Max [0\%; Performance(Best \text{ Performing Index})] \times Performance \text{ XRate}]$$

(b) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of these Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption provisions only.

“**Basket Performance**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Basket \text{ Final Level} - Basket \text{ Strike Level}}{Basket \text{ Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

2.2 Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption

(a) Final Redemption Amount

The Final Redemption Amount per Note shall be an amount in the Specified Currency calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [\text{Protection Level} + \text{Participation} \times \text{Min}[\text{Cap}; \text{Max} [0\%; \text{Performance}]]]$$

- (ii) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Protection \text{ Level} + Participation \times \text{Min}[Cap; \text{Max}[0\%; Performance]] \times Performance \text{ XRate}]$$

- (iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Protection \text{ Level} + Participation \times \text{Min}[Cap; \text{Max}[0\%; Basket \text{ Performance}]]]$$

- (iv) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Protection \text{ Level} + Participation \times \text{Min}[Cap; \text{Max}[0\%; Basket \text{ Performance}]] \times Performance \text{ XRate}]$$

(b) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of these Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption provisions only.

“**Basket Performance**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Basket \text{ Final Level} - Basket \text{ Strike Level}}{Basket \text{ Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Average \text{ Basket Performance} - Basket \text{ Strike Level}}{Basket \text{ Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Max \text{ Basket Performance} - Basket \text{ Strike Level}}{Basket \text{ Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Final \text{ Index Level} - Strike \text{ Level}}{Initial \text{ Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Average \text{ Index Level} - Strike \text{ Level}}{Initial \text{ Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Max \text{ Index Level} - Strike \text{ Level}}{Initial \text{ Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

2.3 (Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Redemption

(a) Final Redemption Amount

The Final Redemption Amount per Note shall be an amount in the Specified Currency calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Flexo” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
- (A) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:
- $$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Protection \text{ Level} + Participation \times Max [0\%; Performance]]$$
- (B) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:
- $$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Protection \text{ Level} + Rebate]$$
- (ii) if “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
- (A) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:
- $$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Protection \text{ Level} + Participation \times Max [0\%; Performance] \times Performance \text{ XRate}]$$
- (B) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:
- $$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Protection \text{ Level} + Rebate \times Performance \text{ XRate}]$$

(b) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of these (Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Redemption provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these (Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Redemption provisions only.

“**Performance**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:
- $$\left[\frac{Final \text{ Index Level} - Strike \text{ Level}}{Initial \text{ Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:
- $$\left[\frac{Average \text{ Index Level} - Strike \text{ Level}}{Initial \text{ Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:
- $$\left[\frac{Max \text{ Index Level} - Strike \text{ Level}}{Initial \text{ Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

2.4 (Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption

Final Redemption Amount

The Final Redemption Amount per Note shall be an amount in the Specified Currency calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times Protection \text{ Level}$$

2.5 Reverse Convertible Redemption

(a) Final Redemption Amount

The Final Redemption Amount per Note shall be an amount in the Specified Currency calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, and:
 - (A) if the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion:
$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times 100\%$$
 - (B) if the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion:
$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Leverage \text{ Put} \times Performance]$$
- (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Worst Of” is specified as “Not Applicable” and,
 - (A) if in respect of the Basket the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion:
$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times 100\%$$
 - (B) if in respect of the Basket the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion:
$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Leverage \text{ Put} \times Basket \text{ Performance}]$$
- (iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Worst Of” is specified as “Applicable” and:
 - (A) if in respect of each and every Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion:
$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times 100\%$$
 - (B) if in respect of one or more Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion:
$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Leverage \text{ Put} \times Performance(Worst \text{ Performing Index})]$$

(b) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of these Reverse Convertible Redemption provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these Reverse Convertible Redemption provisions only.

“**Basket Performance**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\left[\frac{Basket \text{ Final Level} - Basket \text{ Strike Level}}{Basket \text{ Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\left[\frac{Final \text{ Index Level} - Strike \text{ Level}}{Initial \text{ Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

2.6 Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption

(a) Final Redemption Amount

The Final Redemption Amount per Note shall be an amount in the Specified Currency calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, and:
 - (A) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times 100\%$$
 - (B) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:
 - (1) if the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times 100\%$$
 - (2) if the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Leverage Put} \times \text{Performance}]$$
- (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Worst OF” is specified as “Not Applicable” and:
 - (A) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times 100\%$$
 - (B) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, and:
 - (1) if in respect of the Basket the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times 100\%$$
 - (2) if in respect of the Basket the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Leverage Put} \times \text{Basket Performance}]$$
- (iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Worst OF” is specified as “Applicable” and:
 - (A) if in respect of each and every Index(k) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times 100\%$$
 - (B) if in respect of one or more Index(k) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:
 - (1) if in respect of each and every Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times 100\%$$

- (2) if in respect of one or more Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Leverage Put} \times \text{Performance (Worst Performing Index)}]$$

(b) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of these Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption provisions only.

“**Basket Performance**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Final Index} - \text{Basket Strike Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

2.7 Capped Outperformance Redemption

(a) Final Redemption Amount

The Final Redemption Amount per Note shall be an amount in the Specified Currency calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, and:

- (A) if the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation} \times \text{Min} [\text{Cap}; \text{Performance}]]$$

- (B) if the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Leverage Put} \times \text{Performance}]$$

- (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, and:

- (A) if the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation} \times \text{Min} [\text{Cap}; \text{Basket Performance}]]$$

- (B) if the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Leverage Put} \times \text{Basket Performance}]$$

(b) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of these Capped Outperformance Redemption provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions

and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these Capped Outperformance Redemption provisions only.

“**Basket Performance**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Final Level} - \text{Basket Strike Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance**” means the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

2.8 Capped Bonus Redemption

(a) Final Redemption Amount

The Final Redemption Amount per Note shall be an amount in the Specified Currency calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, and:
 - (A) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times \left[100\% + \text{Max} [\text{Bonus}; \text{Min} [\text{Cap}; \text{Performance}]] \right]$$
 - (B) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:
 - (1) if the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} [100\% + \text{Min} [\text{Cap}; \text{Performance}]]$$
 - (2) if the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} [100\% + \text{Performance}]$$
- (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, and:
 - (A) if “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis”, and:
 - (1) if in respect of each and every Index(k) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times \left[100\% + \text{Max} [\text{Bonus}; \text{Min} [\text{Cap}; \text{Basket Performance}]] \right]$$
 - (2) if in respect of one or more Index(k) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:
 - (x) if in respect of each and every Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Min} [\text{Cap}; \text{Basket Performance}]]$$
 - (y) if in respect of one or more Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Performance}(\text{Worst Performing Index})]$$

(B) If “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Basket level basis”, and:

(1) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Max} [\text{Bonus}; \text{Min} [\text{Cap}; \text{Basket Performance}]]]$$

(2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, and:

(x) if in respect of the Basket the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Min} [\text{Cap}; \text{Basket Performance}]]$$

(y) if in respect of the Basket the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Basket Performance}]$$

(C) If “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis”, and:

(1) if in respect of each and every Index(k) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Max} [\text{Bonus}; \text{Min} [\text{Cap}; \text{Performance}(\text{Worst Performing Index})]]]$$

(2) if in respect of one or more Index(k) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:

(x) if in respect of each and every Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Min} [\text{Cap}; \text{Performance}(\text{Worst Performing Index})]]$$

(y) if in respect of one or more Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Performance}(\text{Worst Performing Index})]$$

(b) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of these Capped Bonus Redemption provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these Capped Bonus Redemption provisions only.

“**Basket Performance**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

(i) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Final Level} - \text{Basket Strike Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

(ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(k)**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

2.9 Express Redemption

(a) Final Redemption Amount

The Final Redemption Amount per Note shall be an amount in the Specified Currency calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, and:

- (A) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times 100\%$$

- (B) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:

- (1) if the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times 100\%$$

- (2) if the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Leverage Put} \times \text{Performance}]$$

- (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Worst Of” is specified as “Not Applicable”, and:

- (A) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times 100\%$$

- (B) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, and:

- (1) if in respect of the Basket the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times 100\%$$

- (2) if in respect of the Basket the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Leverage Put} \times \text{Basket Performance}]$$

- (iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Worst Of” is specified as “Applicable”:

- (A) if in respect of each and every Index(k) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times 100\%$$

- (B) if in respect of one or more Index(k) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:

- (1) if in respect of each and every Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times 100\%$$

- (2) if in respect of one or more Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Leverage Put} \times \text{Performance(Worst Performing Index)}]$$

(b) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of these Express Redemption provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these Express Redemption provisions only.

“**Basket Performance**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Final Level} - \text{Basket Strike Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

2.10 Tracker Redemption

(a) Final Redemption Amount

The Final Redemption Amount per Note shall be an amount in the Specified Currency calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation} \times \text{Performance}]$$

- (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Participation \times Basket \text{ Performance}]$$

(b) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of these Tracker Redemption provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these Tracker Redemption provisions only.

“**Basket Performance**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Basket \text{ Final Level} - Basket \text{ Strike Level}}{Basket \text{ Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Average \text{ Basket Performance} - Basket \text{ Strike Level}}{Basket \text{ Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Max \text{ Basket Performance} - Basket \text{ Strike Level}}{Basket \text{ Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Final \text{ Index Level} - Strike \text{ Level}}{Initial \text{ Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Average \text{ Index Level} - Strike \text{ Level}}{Initial \text{ Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Max \text{ Index Level} - Strike \text{ Level}}{Initial \text{ Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

2.11 Outperformance Redemption

(a) Final Redemption Amount

The Final Redemption Amount per Note shall be an amount in the Specified Currency calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified at “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

- (A) if the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Participation \times Performance(1)]$$

- (B) if the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Performance}(2)]$$
- (ii) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
- (A) if the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation} \times \text{Performance}(1) \times \text{Performance XRate}]$$
- (B) if the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Performance}(2)]$$
- (iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
- (A) if the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation} \times \text{Basket Performance}(1)]$$
- (B) if the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Basket Performance}(2)]$$
- (iv) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
- (A) if the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation} \times \text{Basket Performance}(1) \times \text{Performance XRate}]$$
- (B) if the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Basket Performance}(2)]$$

(b) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of these Outperformance Redemption provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these Outperformance Redemption provisions only.

“**Basket Performance(1)**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Final Level} - \text{Basket Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Basket Performance(2)**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Final Level} - \text{Basket Strike Level(2)}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level(2)}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level(2)}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(1)**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level} - \text{Strike Level(1)}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level} - \text{Strike Level(1)}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level} - \text{Strike Level(1)}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(2)**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level} - \text{Strike Level(2)}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level} - \text{Strike Level(2)}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level} - \text{Strike Level(2)}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

2.12 Bonus Redemption

(a) Final Redemption Amount

The Final Redemption Amount per Note shall be an amount in the Specified Currency calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, and:
 - (A) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Max} [\text{Bonus}; \text{Performance}(1)]]$$
 - (B) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:
 - (1) if the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Performance}(1)]$$
 - (2) if the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Leverage Put} \times \text{Performance}(2)]$$
- (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked, and:
 - (A) if “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
 - (1) if in respect of each and every Index(k) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Max} [\text{Bonus}; \text{Basket Performance}(1)]]$$
 - (2) if in respect of one or more Index(k) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:
 - (I) if in respect of each and every Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Basket Performance}(1)]$$
 - (II) if in respect of one or more Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Leverage Put} \times \text{Performance}(\text{Worst Performing Index})(2)]$$
 - (B) if “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Basket level basis” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
 - (1) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Max} [\text{Bonus}; \text{Basket Performance}(1)]]$$
 - (2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, and:
 - (I) if the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Basket Performance}(1)]$$
 - (II) if the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Leverage Put} \times \text{Basket Performance}(2)]$$
 - (C) if “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

- (1) if in respect of each and every Index(k) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Max} [\text{Bonus}; \text{Performance}(\text{Worst Performing Index})(1)]]$$

- (2) if in respect of one or more Index(k) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:

- (I) if in respect of each and every Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Performance}(\text{Worst Performing Index})(1)]$$

- (II) if in respect of one or more Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Leverage Put} \times \text{Performance}(\text{Worst Performing Index})(2)]$$

(b) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of these Bonus Redemption provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these Bonus Redemption provisions.

“**Basket Performance(1)**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Final Level} - \text{Basket Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Basket Performance(2)**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Final Level} - \text{Basket Strike Level}(2)}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}(2)}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}(2)}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(1)**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(2)**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(k)(1)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(k)(2)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(Worst Performing Index)(1)**” means, in respect of a Basket, the Performance(k)(1) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k)(1) of all of the Basket Components of such Basket.

“**Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2)**” means, in respect of a Basket, the Performance(k)(2) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k)(2) of all of the Basket Components of such Basket.

2.13 Outperformance Bonus Redemption

(a) Final Redemption Amount

The Final Redemption Amount per Note shall be an amount in the Specified Currency calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

- (A) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Max}[\text{Bonus}; \text{Participation} \times \text{Performance}(1)]]$$

- (B) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:

- (1) if the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation} \times \text{Performance}(1)]$$

- (2) if the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Leverage Put} \times \text{Performance}(2)]$$

- (ii) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

- (A) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Max}[\text{Bonus}; \text{Participation} \times \text{Performance}(1)] \times \text{Performance XRate}]$$

- (B) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:

- (1) if the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation} \times \text{Performance}(1) \times \text{Performance XRate}]$$

- (2) if the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Leverage Put} \times \text{Performance}(2)]$$

(iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

(A) if “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

(1) if in respect of each and every Index(k) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Max}[\text{Bonus}; \text{Participation} \times \text{Basket Performance}(1)]]$$

(2) if in respect of one or more Index(k) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:

(I) if in respect of each and every Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation} \times \text{Basket Performance}(1)]$$

(II) if in respect of one or more Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Leverage Put} \times \text{Performance}(\text{Worst Performing Index})(2)]$$

(B) if “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Basket level basis” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

(1) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Max}[\text{Bonus}; \text{Basket Performance}(1) \times \text{Participation}]]$$

(2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, and:

(I) if the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation} \times \text{Basket Performance}(1)]$$

(II) if the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Leverage Put} \times \text{Basket Performance}(2)]$$

(C) if “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis” in the applicable Final terms, and:

(1) if in respect of each and every Index(k) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Max}[\text{Bonus}; \text{Participation} \times \text{Performance}(\text{Worst Performing Index})(1)]]$$

(2) if in respect of one or more Index(k) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:

(I) if in respect of each and every Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation} \times \text{Performance}(\text{Worst Performing Index})(1)]$$

- (II) if in respect of one or more Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Leverage \text{ Put} \times Performance(Worst \text{ Performing Index})(2)]$$

- (iv) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

- (A) if “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

- (1) if in respect of each and every Index(k) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Max[Bonus; Participation \times Basket \text{ Performance}(1)] \times Performance \text{ XRate}]$$

- (2) if in respect of one or more Index(k) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:

- (I) if in respect of each and every Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Participation \times Basket \text{ Performance}(1) \times Performance \text{ XRate}]$$

- (II) if in respect of one or more Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Leverage \text{ Put} \times Performance(Worst \text{ Performing Index})(2)]$$

- (B) if “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Basket Level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Basket level basis” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

- (1) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Max[Bonus; Participation \times Basket \text{ Performance}(1)] \times Performance \text{ XRate}]$$

- (2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, and:

- (I) if the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Participation \times Basket \text{ Performance}(1) \times Performance \text{ XRate}]$$

- (II) if the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Leverage \text{ Put} \times Basket \text{ Performance}(2)]$$

- (C) if “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis” in the applicable Final terms, and:

- (1) if in respect of each and every Index(k) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times \left[100\% + Max \left[Bonus; Participation \times \frac{Performance}{(Worst \text{ Performing Index})(1)} \right] \times Performance \text{ XRate} \right]$$

- (2) if in respect of one or more Index(k) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:

- (I) if in respect of each and every Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Participation \times Performance(Worst Performing Index)(1) \times Performance XRate]$$

- (II) if in respect of one or more Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Leverage Put \times Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2)]$$

(b) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of these Outperformance Bonus Redemption provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these Outperformance Bonus Redemption provisions only.

“**Basket Performance(1)**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Basket \text{ Final Level} - Basket \text{ Strike Level}(1)}{Basket \text{ Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Average \text{ Basket Performance} - Basket \text{ Strike Level}(1)}{Basket \text{ Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Max \text{ Basket Performance} - Basket \text{ Strike Level}(1)}{Basket \text{ Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Basket Performance(2)**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Basket \text{ Final Level} - Basket \text{ Strike Level}(2)}{Basket \text{ Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Average \text{ Basket Performance} - Basket \text{ Strike Level}(2)}{Basket \text{ Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{Max \text{ Basket Performance} - Basket \text{ Strike Level}(2)}{Basket \text{ Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(1)**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(2)**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(k)(1)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(k)(2)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(Worst Performing Index)(1)**” means, in respect of a Basket, the Performance(k)(1) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k)(1) of all of the Basket Components of such Basket.

“**Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2)**” means, in respect of a Basket, the Performance(k)(2) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k)(2) of all of the Basket Components of such Basket.

2.14 Twin-Win Redemption

(a) Final Redemption Amount

The Final Redemption Amount per Note shall be an amount in the Specified Currency calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

- (A) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:

- (1) if the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation Call} \times \text{Min}[\text{Cap}; \text{Performance}(1)]]$$

- (2) if the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation Put} \times |\text{Performance}(2)|]$$

- (B) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Performance}(2)]$$

- (ii) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

- (A) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:

- (1) if the Final Index Level meets the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation Call} \times \text{Min}[\text{Cap}; \text{Performance}(1)] \times \text{Performance XRate}]$$

- (2) if the Final Index Level does not meet the Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation Put} \times |\text{Performance}(2)| \times \text{Performance XRate}]$$

- (B) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Performance}(2)]$$

(iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

(A) if “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

(1) if in respect of each and every Index(k) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:

(I) if in respect of each and every Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Participation \text{ Call} \times Min[Cap; Basket \text{ Performance}(1)]]$$

(II) if in respect of one or more Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Participation \text{ Put} \times |Basket \text{ Performance}(2)|]$$

(2) if in respect of one or more Index(k) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Performance(Worst \text{ Performing Index})(2)]$$

(B) if “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Basket level basis” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

(1) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, and:

(I) if the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Participation \text{ Call} \times Min[Cap; Basket \text{ Performance}(1)]]$$

(II) if the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Participation \text{ Put} \times |Basket \text{ Performance}(2)|]$$

(2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Basket \text{ Performance}(2)]$$

(C) if “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis” in the applicable Final terms, and:

(1) if in respect of each and every Index(k) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:

(I) if in respect of each and every Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Participation \text{ Call} \times Min[Cap; Performance(Worst \text{ Performing Index})(1)]]$$

(II) if in respect of one or more Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + Participation \text{ Put} \times |Performance(Worst \text{ Performing Index})(2)|]$$

(2) if in respect of one or more Index(k) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Performance}(\text{Worst Performing Index})(2)]$$

(iv) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

(A) if “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

(1) if in respect of each and every Index(k) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:

(I) if in respect of each and every Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation Call} \times \text{Min}[\text{Cap}; \text{Basket Performance}(1)] \times \text{Performance XRate}]$$

(II) if in respect of one or more Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation Put} \times |\text{Basket Performance}(2)| \times \text{Performance XRate}]$$

(2) if in respect of one or more Index(k) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Performance Worst Performing Index}(2)]$$

(B) if “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Basket Level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Basket level basis” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

(1) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, and:

(I) if the Basket Final Level meets the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation Call} \times \text{Min}[\text{Cap}; \text{Basket Performance}(1)] \times \text{Performance XRate}]$$

(II) if the Basket Final Level does not meet the Basket Strike Level Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation Put} \times |\text{Basket Performance}(2)| \times \text{Performance XRate}]$$

(2) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Basket Performance}(2)]$$

(C) if “Upside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis” and “Downside Redemption” is specified as “Worst of basis” in the applicable Final terms, and:

(1) if in respect of each and every Index(k) no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, and:

(I) if in respect of each and every Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) meets the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation Call} \times \text{Min}[\text{Cap}; \text{Performance}(\text{Worst Performing Index})(1)] \times \text{Performance XRate}]$$

(II) if in respect of one or more Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) does not meet the Strike Level(k) Criterion:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Participation Put} \times |\text{Performance}(\text{Worst Performing Index})(2)| \times \text{Performance XRate}]$$

- (2) if in respect of one or more Index(k) a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [100\% + \text{Performance (Worst Performing Index)}(2)]$$

(b) Definitions and interpretation of formulae

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of these Twin-Win Redemption provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these Twin-Win Redemption provisions only.

“**Basket Performance(1)**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Final Level} - \text{Basket Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Basket Performance(2)**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Final Level} - \text{Basket Strike Level}(2)}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}(2)}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}(2)}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(1)**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(2)**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(k)(1)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(1)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(k)(2)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

(iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)(2)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(Worst Performing Index)(1)**” means, in respect of a Basket, the Performance(k)(1) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k)(1) of all of the Basket Components of such Basket.

“**Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2)**” means, in respect of a Basket, the Performance(k)(2) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k)(2) of all of the Basket Components of such Basket.

In addition, for the purpose of calculating the Final Redemption Amount, where any amount within a formula is expressed as being between two vertical bars, the absolute value of such amount shall be used in determining the Final Redemption Amount (i.e. where a formula contains “ $|x|$ ” and x is a negative value, the Final Redemption Amount shall be calculated using the absolute value of x).

2.15 Warrant Redemption

(a) Final Redemption Amount

The Final Redemption Amount per Note shall be an amount in the Specified Currency calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

(i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Participation \times \text{Max}[0\%; Performance]]$$

(ii) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Participation \times \text{Max}[0\%; Performance] \times Performance \text{ XRate}]$$

(iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Fixed Best” is specified as “Not Applicable”, and:

(A) “Flexo” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Participation \times \text{Max}[0\%; Basket Performance]]$$

(B) “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable” in the Applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Participation \times \text{Max}[0\%; Basket Performance] \times Performance \text{ XRate}]$$

(iv) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Fixed Best” is specified as “Applicable”, and:

(A) “Flexo” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Participation \times \text{Max}[0\%; Fixed Best Basket Performance]]$$

(B) “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Participation \times \text{Max}[0\%; Fixed Best Basket Performance] \times Performance \text{ XRate}]$$

(b) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of these Warrant Redemption provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these Warrant Redemption provisions only.

“**Basket Performance**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

- (A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Final Level} - \text{Basket Strike Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Strike Level} - \text{Basket Final Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

- (A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Strike Level} - \text{Average Basket Performance}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

- (A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Strike Level} - \text{Max Basket Performance}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

- (A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Strike Level} - \text{Final Index Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
- (A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:
- $$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:
- $$\left[\frac{\text{Strike Level} - \text{Average Index Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:
- (A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:
- $$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:
- $$\left[\frac{\text{Strike Level} - \text{Max Index Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
- (A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:
- $$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:
- $$\left[\frac{\text{Strike Level}(k) - \text{Final Index Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
- (A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:
- $$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:
- $$\left[\frac{\text{Strike Level}(k) - \text{Average Index Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:
- (A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:
- $$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:
- $$\left[\frac{\text{Strike Level}(k) - \text{Max Index Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

2.16 Spread Warrant Redemption

(a) Final Redemption Amount

The Final Redemption Amount per Note shall be an amount in the Specified Currency calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times \left[Participation \times \text{Max}[0\%; \text{Min}[\text{Spread}; \text{Performance}]] \right]$$

- (ii) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times \left[Participation \times \text{Max}[0\%; \text{Min}[\text{Spread}; \text{Performance}]] \times \text{Performance XRate} \right]$$

- (iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times \left[Participation \times \text{Max}[0\%; \text{Min}[\text{Basket Spread}; \text{Basket Performance}]] \right]$$

- (iv) If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times \left[Participation \times \text{Max}[0\%; \text{Min}[\text{Basket Spread}; \text{Basket Performance}]] \times \text{Performance XRate} \right]$$

(b) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of these Spread Warrant Redemption provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these Spread Warrant Redemption provisions only.

“**Basket Performance**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

- (A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Final Level} - \text{Basket Strike Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Strike Level} - \text{Basket Final Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

- (A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

- (B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Strike Level} - \text{Average Basket Performance}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

(iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

(A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

(B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Strike Level} - \text{Max Basket Performance}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

(i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

(A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

(B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Strike Level} - \text{Final Index Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

(ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

(A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

(B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Strike Level} - \text{Average Index Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

(iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

(A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

(B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Strike Level} - \text{Max Index Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

(i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

(A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

(B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Strike Level}(k) - \text{Final Index Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

(ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

(A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

(B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Strike Level}(k) - \text{Average Index Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

(iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:

(A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level}(k) - \text{Strike Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

(B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Strike Level}(k) - \text{Max Index Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times 100\%$$

2.17 Knock-Out Warrant Redemption

(a) Final Redemption Amount

The Final Redemption Amount per Note shall be an amount in the Specified Currency calculated by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following formula:

(i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Not Applicable”, and:

(A) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [\text{Participation} \times \text{Max}[0\%; \text{Performance}]]$$

(B) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times \text{Rebate}$$

(ii) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable”, and

(A) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [\text{Participation} \times \text{Max}[0\%; \text{Performance}] \times \text{Performance XRate}]$$

(B) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times \text{Rebate}$$

(iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Not Applicable”, and:

(A) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket:

$$CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [\text{Participation} \times \text{Max}[0\%; \text{Basket Performance}]]$$

- (B) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket:
 $CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times Rebate$
- (iv) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable”, and:
- (A) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket:
 $CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times [Participation \times \text{Max}[0\%; \text{Basket Performance}] \times \text{Performance XRate}]$
- (B) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket:
 $CA \times CA \text{ Factor} \times Rebate$

(b) Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of these Knock-Out Warrant Redemption provisions only. In the case of any inconsistency between the following definitions and the Definitions, the following definitions will prevail for the purpose of these Knock-Out Warrant Redemption provisions only.

“**Basket Performance**” means, in respect of the Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
- (A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Final Level} - \text{Basket Strike Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Strike Level} - \text{Basket Final Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
- (A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Strike Level} - \text{Average Basket Performance}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:
- (A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Basket Performance} - \text{Basket Strike Index Level}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Basket Strike Level} - \text{Max Basket Performance}}{\text{Basket Initial Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

“**Performance**” means, in respect of the Index, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

- (i) if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
 - (A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$
 - (B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Strike Level} - \text{Final Index Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (ii) if “Asian-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
 - (A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Average Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$
 - (B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Strike Level} - \text{Average Index Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$
- (iii) if “Lookback-out” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:
 - (A) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Max Index Level} - \text{Strike Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$
 - (B) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put” in the applicable Final Terms:

$$\left[\frac{\text{Strike Level} - \text{Max Index Level}}{\text{Initial Index Level}} \right] \times 100\%$$

3 Disrupted Days

For the purposes of the Notes, Condition 7 (*Redemption and Purchase*) of the General Conditions shall be amended by the addition of a new Condition 7(j) as follows:

“(j) *Disrupted Days*

- (i) Consequences of Disrupted Days: Reference Dates
 - (a) Where the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, if the Calculation Agent determines that any Scheduled Reference Date is a Disrupted Day, then the Reference Date shall be the earlier of (i) the first Scheduled Trading Day following the Scheduled Reference Date that is not a Disrupted Day and (ii) the Reference Cut-Off Date.
 - (b) Where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Not Applicable”, if the Calculation Agent determines that any Scheduled Reference Date is a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component, then:
 - (I) the Reference Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the Scheduled Reference Date is not a Disrupted Day shall be the Scheduled Reference Date for such Basket Component; and

- (II) the Reference Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the Scheduled Reference Date is a Disrupted Day (each an “**Affected Basket Component**”) shall be the earlier of (A) the first Scheduled Trading Day following the relevant Scheduled Reference Date that is not a Disrupted Day in respect of such Affected Basket Component and (B) the Reference Cut-Off Date for such Affected Basket Component.
- (c) Where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” and “Individual Disrupted Days” shall both be “Applicable”, if the Calculation Agent determines that any Scheduled Reference Date is a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component, then:
 - (I) the Reference Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the Scheduled Reference Date is not a Disrupted Day shall be the Scheduled Reference Date for such Basket Component; and
 - (II) the Reference Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the Scheduled Reference Date is a Disrupted Day (each, an “**Affected Basket Component**”) shall be the earlier of (A) the first succeeding Scheduled Trading Day following the relevant Scheduled Reference Date that is not a Disrupted Day in respect of such Affected Basket Component and (B) the Reference Cut-Off Date for such Affected Basket Component (notwithstanding that such day may not be a Common Scheduled Trading Day).
- (d) Where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” and “Common Disrupted Days” shall both be “Applicable”, if the Calculation Agent determines that any Scheduled Reference Date is a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component, then the Reference Date for each Basket Component shall be the earlier of (i) the first Common Scheduled Trading Day following the Scheduled Reference Date that is not a Disrupted Day for any Basket Component and (ii) the Reference Cut-Off Date (notwithstanding that such day may not be a Common Scheduled Trading Day).
- (e) If, in respect of the Index or a Basket Component, a Reference Date falls on the relevant Reference Cut-Off Date pursuant to Conditions 7(j)(i)(a) to (d) above:
 - (I) if such Reference Cut-Off Date is not a Disrupted Day for the Index or Basket Component, the Calculation Agent shall determine the Index Level of the Index or Basket Component, as the case may be, at the Valuation Time on such Reference Cut-Off Date; and/or
 - (II) if such Reference Cut-Off Date is a Disrupted Day for the Index or Basket Component, the Calculation Agent shall determine the Index Level of the Index, or Affected Basket Component, as the case may be, at the Valuation Time on the Reference Cut-Off Date in accordance with the formula for the method of calculating the Index Level of such Index, or Affected Basket Component, as the case may be, last in effect prior to the occurrence of the first Disrupted Day using the Exchange traded or quoted values as the Valuation Time on the Reference Cut-Off Date of each security comprised in such Index, or Affected Basket Company, as the case may be (or if the

Calculation Agent determines that an event giving rise to a Disrupted Day has occurred in respect of the relevant security on the Reference Cut-Off Date, its good faith estimate of the value of the relevant security as of the Valuation Time on the Reference Cut-Off Date) and, in relation to the Italian Bonds and to the Italian Certificates which are admitted to trading, or for which an application for admission to trading has been made or will be made, on an Italian Market, taking into account the relevant event and in order to preserve the economic equivalent of the obligations of the Issuer under such Italian Bonds or Italian Certificates; and/or

- (III) the Issuer may make any adjustment or adjustments to the Final Redemption Amount, Early Redemption Amount, the Initial Index Level, the Final Index Level, the Strike Level and/or any other relevant term of the Notes (including the amount of interest payable, if any) as it deems necessary or, in relation to the Italian Bonds and to the Italian Certificates which are admitted to trading, or for which an application for admission to trading has been made or will be made, on an Italian Market, as determined by the Calculation Agent in good faith and in accordance with reasonable market practice taking into account the relevant event and in order to preserve the economic equivalent of the obligations of the Issuer under such Italian Bonds or Italian Certificates.
- (f) The Calculation Agent shall give notice as soon as practicable to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 8 (*Notices*) of the General Conditions of the occurrence of a Disrupted Day on any day that, but for the occurrence of a Disrupted Day, would have been a Reference Date. Without limiting the obligation of the Calculation Agent to give notice to the Noteholders as set forth in the preceding sentence, failure by the Calculation Agent to notify the Noteholders of the occurrence of a Disrupted Day shall not affect the validity of the occurrence and effect of such Disrupted Day.
- (ii) Consequences of Disrupted Days: Averaging Reference Dates
- (a) Where the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, if the Calculation Agent determines that any Scheduled Averaging Reference Date in respect of a Reference Date is a Disrupted Day, then:
 - (I) if “**Omission**” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, such date shall be deemed not to be an Averaging Reference Date in respect of such Reference Date, provided that, if through the operation of this provision there would not be any Averaging Reference Date in respect of such Reference Date, then the sole Averaging Reference Date shall be the earlier of (A) the first Scheduled Trading Day following the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date that is not a Disrupted Day and (B) the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date;
 - (II) if “**Postponement**” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Averaging Reference Date shall be the earlier of (A) the first Scheduled Trading Day following the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date that is not a Disrupted Day and (B) the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date. Any day (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date) determined to be an Averaging Reference Date as a result of the operation of this

Condition 7(j)(ii)(a)(II) shall be an Averaging Reference Date, irrespective of whether it falls on a day that already is or is deemed to be an Averaging Reference Date; or

- (III) if “**Modified Postponement**” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Averaging Reference Date shall be the earlier of (A) the first Valid Date following the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date and (B) the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date, irrespective of whether the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date falls on a day that already is or is deemed to be an Averaging Reference Date.
- (b) Where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Not Applicable”, if the Calculation Agent determines that any Scheduled Averaging Reference Date in respect of a Reference Date is a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component, then:
- (I) if “**Omission**” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, such date shall be deemed not to be an Averaging Reference Date in respect of any Basket Component in respect of such Reference Date, provided that, if through the operation of this provision there would not be any Averaging Reference Date in respect of such Reference Date, then:
 - (A) the sole Averaging Reference Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the final Scheduled Averaging Reference Date is not a Disrupted Day shall be the final Scheduled Averaging Reference Date; and
 - (B) the sole Averaging Reference Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the final Scheduled Averaging Reference Date is a Disrupted Day (each such Basket Component an “**Affected Basket Component**”) shall be the earlier of (I) the first Scheduled Trading Day following the final Scheduled Averaging Reference Date that is not a Disrupted Day in respect of such Affected Basket Component and (II) the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date for such Affected Basket Component;
 - (II) if “**Postponement**” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, then:
 - (A) the Averaging Reference Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the Scheduled Averaging Date is not a Disrupted Day shall be the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date; and
 - (B) the Averaging Reference Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date is a Disrupted Day (each such Basket Component, an “**Affected Basket Component**”) shall be the earlier of (I) the first Scheduled Trading Day following the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date that is not a Disrupted Day in respect of such Affected Basket Component and (II) the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date for such Affected Basket Component. Any day (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date) determined to be an Averaging

Reference Date as a result of the operation of this Condition 7(j)(ii)(b)(II)(B) shall be an Averaging Reference Date, irrespective of whether it falls on a day that already is or is deemed to be an Averaging Reference Date; or

- (III) if “**Modified Postponement**” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, then:
 - (A) the Averaging Reference Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the Scheduled Averaging Date is not a Disrupted Day shall be the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date; and
 - (B) the Averaging Reference Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date is a Disrupted Day (each such Basket Component an “**Affected Basket Component**”) shall be the earlier of (I) the first Valid Date following the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date in respect of such Affected Basket Component and (II) the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date for such Affected Basket Component, irrespective of whether the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date falls on a day that is already deemed to be an Averaging Reference Date.
- (c) Where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” and “Individual Disrupted Days” shall both be “Applicable”, if the Calculation Agent determines that any Scheduled Averaging Reference Date in respect of a Reference Date is a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component, then:
 - (I) if “**Omission**” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, such date shall be deemed not to be an Averaging Reference Date in respect of any Basket Component in respect of such Reference Date, provided that, if through the operation of this provision there would not be any Averaging Reference Date in respect of such Reference Date, then:
 - (A) the sole Averaging Reference Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the final Scheduled Averaging Reference Date is not a Disrupted Day shall be the final Scheduled Averaging Reference Date; and
 - (B) the sole Averaging Reference Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the final Scheduled Averaging Reference Date is a Disrupted Day (each such Basket Component an “**Affected Basket Component**”) shall be the earlier of (I) the first Scheduled Trading Day following the final Scheduled Averaging Reference Date that is not a Disrupted Day in respect of such Affected Basket Component and (II) the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date for such Affected Basket Component (notwithstanding the fact that such day may not be a Common Scheduled Trading Day);
 - (II) if “**Postponement**” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, then:

- (A) the Averaging Reference Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the Scheduled Averaging Date is not a Disrupted Day shall be the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date; and
 - (B) the Averaging Reference Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date is a Disrupted Day (each such Basket Component an “**Affected Basket Component**”) shall be the earlier of (I) the first Scheduled Trading Day immediately following the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date that is not a Disrupted Day in respect of such Affected Basket Component and (II) the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date for such Affected Basket Component (notwithstanding the fact that such day may not be a Common Scheduled Trading Day). Any day (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date) determined to be an Averaging Reference Date as a result of the operation of this Condition 7(j)(ii)(c)(II)(B) shall be an Averaging Reference Date, irrespective of whether it falls on a day that already is or is deemed to be an Averaging Reference Date; or
- (III) if “**Modified Postponement**” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, then:
- (A) the Averaging Reference Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date is not a Disrupted Day shall be the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date; and
 - (B) the Averaging Reference Date for each Basket Component in respect of which the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date is a Disrupted Day (each such Basket Component an “**Affected Basket Component**”) shall be the earlier of (I) the first Valid Date following the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date in respect of such Affected Basket Component and (II) the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date for such Affected Basket Component, irrespective of whether the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date falls on a day that already is or is deemed to be an Averaging Reference Date.
- (d) Where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” and “Common Disrupted Days” shall both be “Applicable”, if the Calculation Agent determines that any Scheduled Averaging Reference Date in respect of a Reference Date is a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component, then:
- (I) if “**Omission**” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, such date shall be deemed not to be an Averaging Reference Date in respect of any Basket Component in respect of such Reference Date, provided that, if through the operation of this provision there would be no Averaging Reference Date in respect of such Reference Date, then the sole Averaging Reference Date for each Basket Component shall be the earlier of (A) the first Common Scheduled Trading Day following the final Scheduled Averaging Reference Date that is not a Disrupted Day for any Basket Component and (B) the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date (notwithstanding the fact that such

Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date may not be a Common Scheduled Trading Day);

- (II) if “**Postponement**” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, then the Averaging Reference Date shall be the earlier of (A) the first Common Scheduled Trading Day following the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date that is not a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component and (B) the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date (notwithstanding the fact that such Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date may not be a Common Scheduled Trading Day). Any day (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date) determined to be an Averaging Reference Date as a result of the operation of this Condition 7(j)(ii)(d)(II)(B) shall be an Averaging Reference Date, irrespective of whether it falls on a day that already is or is deemed to be an Averaging Reference Date; or
 - (III) if “**Modified Postponement**” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, then the Averaging Reference Date for each Basket Component shall be the earlier of (A) the first Common Valid Date following the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date and (B) the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date (notwithstanding the fact that such Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date may not be a Common Scheduled Trading Day), irrespective of whether the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date falls on a day that already is or is deemed to be an Averaging Reference Date.
- (e) If, in respect of any Index or Basket Component, an Averaging Reference Date falls on the relevant Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date pursuant to Condition 7(j)(ii)(a) to (d) above:
- (I) if such Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date is not a Disrupted Day for the Index or Basket Component, the Calculation Agent shall determine the Index Level of the Index or Basket Component, as the case may be, at the Valuation Time on such Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date; and/or
 - (II) if such Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date is a Disrupted Day for the Index or Basket Component, the Calculation Agent shall determine the Index Level of the Index or the Affected Basket Component, as the case may be, at the Valuation Time on the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date in accordance with the formula for the method of calculating the Index Level of such Index, or Affected Basket Component, as the case may be, last in effect prior to the occurrence of the first Disrupted Day using the Exchange traded or quoted value as of the Valuation Time on the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date of each security comprised in such Index, or Affected Basket Component, as the case may be (or if the Calculation Agent determines that an event giving rise to a Disrupted Day has occurred in respect of the relevant security on the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date, its good faith estimate of the value of the relevant security as of the Valuation Time on the Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date) and, in relation to the Italian Bonds and to the Italian Certificates which are admitted to trading, or for which an application for admission to trading has been made or will be made, on an Italian Market, taking into account the relevant event and in order to

preserve the economic equivalent of the obligations of the Issuer under such Italian Bonds or Italian Certificates; and/or

- (III) the Issuer may make any adjustment or adjustments to the Final Redemption Amount, Early Redemption Amount, the Initial Index Level, the Final Index Level, the Strike Level and/or any other relevant term of the Notes (including the amount of interest payable, if any) as it deems necessary or, in relation to the Italian Bonds and to the Italian Certificates which are admitted to trading, or for which an application for admission to trading has been made or will be made, on an Italian Market, as determined by the Calculation Agent in good faith and in accordance with reasonable market practice taking into account the relevant event and in order to preserve the economic equivalent of the obligations of the Issuer under such Italian Bonds or Italian Certificates.
- (f) The Calculation Agent shall give notice as soon as practicable to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 8 (*Notices*) of the General Conditions of the occurrence of a Disrupted Day on any day that, but for the occurrence of a Disrupted Day, would have been an Averaging Reference Date. Without limiting the obligation of the Calculation Agent to give notice to the Noteholders as set forth in the preceding sentence, failure by the Calculation Agent to notify the Noteholders of the occurrence of a Disrupted Day shall not affect the validity of the occurrence and effect of such Disrupted Day.

If the Final Terms specify both “Asian-in Averaging Dates” and “Asian-out Averaging Dates”, then the provisions of this Condition 7(j)(ii) (*Consequences of Disrupted Days: Averaging Reference Dates*) shall apply separately to the Asian-in Averaging Dates and the Asian-out Averaging Dates (so that references to “Averaging Reference Dates” shall be read and construed as references to “Asian-in Averaging Dates” or “Asian-out Averaging Dates”, as the case may be).”

4 Date Extensions

4.1 Maturity Date Extension

If “Maturity Date Extension” is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “Applicable”, the Maturity Date shall be the later of (i) the date specified as the Maturity Date in the applicable Final Terms (the “**Scheduled Maturity Date**”) and (ii) the day falling the Number of Extension Business Days after (a) in the case of Single Index Linked Notes, the final Reference Date or final Averaging Reference Date, as the case may be, or (b) in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes, the final Basket Reference Date or final Basket Averaging Reference Date, as the case may be, in respect of which the Final Redemption Amount is determined. If any amount is payable on the redemption of a Note to which Maturity Date Extension applies, and the relevant Maturity Date is postponed pursuant to a Maturity Date Extension, such amount will be due on the relevant date as so postponed without any interest or other sum payable in respect of the postponement of the payment of such amount.

4.2 Interest Payment Date Extension

If “Interest Payment Date Extension” is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “Applicable”, each Interest Payment Date shall be the later of (i) the date specified as such Interest Payment Date in the applicable Final Terms (the “**Scheduled Interest Payment Date**”) and (ii) the day falling the Number of Extension Business Days after (a) in the case of Single Index Linked Notes, the

relevant Reference Date or Averaging Reference Date, as the case may be, or (b) in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes, the Basket Reference Date or Basket Averaging Reference Date, as the case may be, in respect of which the Rate of Interest is determined for such Interest Payment Date. If any amount is payable on an Interest Payment Date in respect of a Note to which Interest Payment Date Extension applies, and such Interest Payment Date is postponed pursuant to an Interest Payment Date Extension, such amount will be due on the Interest Payment Date as so postponed without any interest or other sum payable in respect of the postponement of the payment of such amount.

5 Adjustments

For the purposes of the Notes, Condition 7 (*Redemption and Purchase*) of the General Conditions shall be amended by the addition of a new Condition 7(k) as follows:

“(k) *Adjustments, Early Redemption and Currency*

(i) Adjustments and Early Redemption

If the Calculation Agent determines that, in respect of the Index (in the case of Single Index Linked Notes) or any Basket Component (in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes), an Additional Disruption Event, an Index Modification, Index Cancellation or Index Disruption or any other event or events occur which the Calculation Agent determines necessitate(s) an adjustment or adjustments to the Final Redemption Amount, the Automatic Early Redemption Amount(t), the Initial Index Level, the Final Index Level, the Average Index Level, the Max Index Level, the Strike Level, the Initial Index Level(k), the Final Index Level(k), the Average Index Level(k), the Max Index Level(k), the Strike Level(k), the Basket Initial Level, the Basket Final Level, the Average Basket Performance, the Max Basket Performance, the Basket Strike Level and/or any other relevant term of the Notes (including, the amount of interest payable, if any) (each such other event, a “**Relevant Event**”), the Issuer, at its discretion, may:

- (a) make any adjustment or adjustments to the Final Redemption Amount, the Automatic Early Redemption Amount(t), the Initial Index Level, the Final Index Level, the Average Index Level, the Max Index Level, the Strike Level, the Initial Index Level(k), the Final Index Level(k), the Average Index Level(k), the Max Index Level(k), the Strike Level(k), the Basket Initial Level, the Basket Final Level, the Average Basket Performance, the Max Basket Performance, the Basket Strike Level and/or any other relevant term of the Notes (including the amount of interest payable, if any) as it deems necessary or, with respect to the Italian Bonds and to the Italian Certificates which are admitted to trading, or for which an application for admission to trading has been made or will be made, on an Italian Market, as determined by the Calculation Agent in good faith and in accordance with reasonable market practice with an aim of neutralising the distorting effects of such events; and/or
- (b) redeem each Note at its fair market value (as determined by the Calculation Agent) as at the date of redemption taking into account the occurrence of such Additional Disruption Event, Index Modification, Index Cancellation, Index Disruption or Relevant Event, as applicable, less, unless “Unwind Costs” are specified as being “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the cost to the Issuer (or any of its Affiliates) of amending or liquidating any Hedging Arrangement, together with any costs, expenses, fees or taxes incurred by the Issuer (or any of its Affiliates) in

respect of any such Hedging Arrangement and provided further that such costs, expenses, fees or taxes shall not be taken into account with respect to the Italian Bonds and to the Italian Certificates which are admitted to trading, or for which an application for admission to trading has been made or will be made, on an Italian Market.

Notice of any determination pursuant to this Condition 7(k)(i), any such adjustment and/or any redemption of the Notes hereunder shall be given to Noteholders in accordance with Condition 8 (*Notices*) of the General Conditions.

(ii) Change of Exchange

If the Exchange is changed, the Issuer may make such consequential modifications to the Final Redemption Amount, the Automatic Early Redemption Amount(t), the Initial Index Level, the Final Index Level, the Average Index Level, the Max Index Level, the Strike Level, the Initial Index Level(k), the Final Index Level(k), the Average Index Level(k), the Max Index Level(k), the Strike Level(k), the Basket Initial Level, the Basket Final Level, the Average Basket Performance, the Max Basket Performance, the Basket Strike Level, Valuation Time and such other terms and conditions of the Notes (including the amount of interest payable, if any) as it may deem necessary or, with respect to the Italian Bonds and to the Italian Certificates which are admitted to trading, or for which an application for admission to trading has been made or will be made, on an Italian Market, as determined by the Calculation Agent in good faith and in accordance with reasonable market practice with an aim of neutralising the distorting effects of such event.

(iii) Index correction

In the event that any price or level published on any relevant Exchange or by any relevant Index Sponsor in respect of an Index or Basket Component and which is utilised for any calculation or determination made under the Notes is subsequently corrected and the correction is published by the Exchange or the relevant Index Sponsor within three Business Days (or such other Index Correction Period specified in the Final Terms) after the original publication, the Calculation Agent will determine the amount (if any) that is payable following that correction, and, to the extent necessary, the Issuer will adjust the terms and conditions of the Notes to account for such correction.

(iv) Currency

If the Calculation Agent determines that any event occurs affecting the Specified Currency (whether relating to its convertibility into other currencies or otherwise) which the Calculation Agent determines necessitates an adjustment or adjustments to the Final Redemption Amount, the Automatic Early Redemption Amount(t), the Initial Index Level, the Final Index Level, the Average Index Level, the Max Index Level, the Strike Level, the Initial Index Level(k), the Final Index Level(k), the Average Index Level(k), the Max Index Level(k), the Strike Level(k), the Basket Initial Level, the Basket Final Level, the Average Basket Performance, the Max Basket Performance, the Basket Strike Level and/or any other relevant term of the Notes (including the date on which any amount is payable by the Issuer and the amount of interest payable, if any), the Issuer may make such adjustment or adjustments to the Final Redemption Amount, the Automatic Early Redemption Amount(t), the Initial Index Level, the Final Index Level, the Average Index Level, the Max Index Level, the Strike Level, the Initial Index Level(k), the Final Index Level(k), the Average Index Level(k), the Max Index Level(k), the Strike Level(k), the

Basket Initial Level, the Basket Final Level, the Average Basket Performance, the Max Basket Performance, the Basket Strike Level and/or any other relevant term of the Notes (including the amount of interest payable, if any) as it deems necessary or, with respect to the Italian Bonds and to the Italian Certificates which are admitted to trading, or for which an application for admission to trading has been made or will be made, on an Italian Market, as determined by the Calculation Agent in good faith and in accordance with reasonable market practice with an aim of neutralising the distorting effects of such events. The Issuer shall give notice to the holders of the Notes of any such adjustment in accordance with Condition 8 (*Notices*) of the General Conditions.

(v) Performance XRate Market Disruption Event

If “Flexo” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms and the Issuer determines that a Performance XRate Market Disruption Event has occurred or is continuing on a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and/or Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the Calculation Agent shall determine the Currency A Fixing (VD), Currency B Fixing (VD), Currency A Fixing (SD) and/or Currency B Fixing (SD), as the case may be, as soon as reasonably practicable in its sole discretion in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, having regard to any relevant market practice.”

6 Automatic Early Redemption

For the purposes of the Notes, if “Automatic Early Redemption” is specified as being applicable in the Final Terms, Condition 7 (*Redemption and Purchase*) of the General Conditions shall be amended by the addition of a new Condition 7(m) as follows:

“(m) Automatic Early Redemption:

Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled, if on any Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(t) or during any Automatic Early Redemption Observation Period the Automatic Early Redemption Event occurs, then the Notes will be automatically redeemed in whole, but not in part, on the Automatic Early Redemption Date immediately following such Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(t) or (in the case of the occurrence of an Automatic Early Redemption Event during an Automatic Early Redemption Observation Period) on the date that is five Business Days (or such other period as is specified in the applicable Final Terms) following the occurrence of such Automatic Early Redemption Event, and in any such case the Final Redemption Amount payable by the Issuer on such date upon redemption of each Note shall be an amount equal to the relevant Automatic Early Redemption Amount(t).”

7 Index Disclaimer

The Notes are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by any of the Indices or any of the Index Sponsors and none of the Index Sponsors has made any representation whatsoever, whether express or implied, either as to the results to be obtained from the use of the relevant Index or Basket Component and/or the levels at which any such Index or Basket Component stands at any particular time on any particular date or otherwise. None of the Index Sponsors shall be liable (whether in negligence or otherwise) to any person for any error in any relevant Index or Basket Component and none of the Index Sponsors are under any obligation to advise any person of any error therein. The Index Sponsors have made no representation whatsoever, whether express or implied, as to the advisability of purchasing or assuming any risk in connection with the Notes. Neither the Issuer nor the Calculation

Agent shall have any liability to any person for any act or failure to act by any Index Sponsor in connection with the calculation, adjustment or maintenance of any Index or Basket Component. Neither the Issuer nor the Calculation Agent has any affiliation with or control over any of the Indices or Basket Components or any of the Index Sponsors or any control over the computation, composition or dissemination of the Indices or Basket Components. Although the Issuer and the Calculation Agent will obtain information concerning the Indices or Basket Component from publicly available sources they believe to be reliable, they will not independently verify this information.

8 Prescription

For the avoidance of doubt, Condition 10 (*Prescription*) of the General Conditions shall apply to the Notes.

9 Definitions

“**Additional Disruption Event**” means (i) a Change in Law, and/or (ii) a Hedging Disruption, in each case if specified as being applicable in the Final Terms.

“**Affiliate**” means, in relation to any person, any entity controlled, directly or indirectly, by the person, any entity that controls, directly or indirectly, the person or any entity directly or indirectly under common control with the person. For this purpose, “**control**” of any entity or person means ownership of a majority of the voting power of the entity or person.

“**Asian-in Averaging Cut-Off Date**” means, in respect of any Scheduled Asian-in Averaging Date:

- (i) in the case where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes: and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” and “Common Disrupted Days” shall both be “Applicable”, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Common Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Asian-in Averaging Date; or
- (ii) in any other case, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Asian-in Averaging Date.

“**Asian-in Averaging Date**” means, in respect of the Index or a Basket Component, as the case may be, either:

- (i) in the case where the Notes are either (a) Single Index Linked Notes; or (b) Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Not Applicable”, each date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms, or, if any such date is not a Scheduled Trading Day, the immediately following Scheduled Trading Day for the Index or such Basket Component; or
- (ii) in the case where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Applicable”, each date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms, or if any such date is not a Common Scheduled Trading Day, the immediately following Common Scheduled Trading Day,

provided that if any such date (following adjustment (if applicable) pursuant to paragraph (i) or (ii) above) is a Disrupted Day, the Asian-in Averaging Date shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Condition 7(j)(ii) (*Consequences of Disrupted Days: Averaging Reference Dates*) of the General Conditions.

“**Asian-out Averaging Cut-Off Date**” means:

- (i) in respect of any Scheduled Asian-out Averaging Date relating to an Interest Payment Date, and:
 - (a) where Interest Payment Date Extension is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “Applicable”:
 - (A) in the case where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” and “Common Disrupted Days” shall both be “Applicable”, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Common Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Asian-out Averaging Date; or
 - (B) in any other case, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Asian-out Averaging Date; or
 - (b) where Interest Payment Date Extension is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “Not Applicable”, the earlier of (A) the date that would be determined in accordance with paragraph (i)(a) above and (B) the last Scheduled Trading Day that falls no later than the second (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Business Day immediately preceding such Interest Payment Date; and
- (ii) in respect of any Scheduled Asian-out Averaging Date relating to the Maturity Date, and:
 - (a) where Maturity Date Extension is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “Applicable”:
 - (A) in the case where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” and “Common Disrupted Days” shall both be “Applicable”, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Common Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Asian-out Averaging Date; or
 - (B) in any other case, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Asian-out Averaging Date; or
 - (b) where Maturity Date Extension in the applicable Final Terms as being “Not Applicable”, the earlier of (A) the date that would be determined in accordance with paragraph (ii)(a) above and (B) the last Scheduled Trading Day that falls no later than the second (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Business Day immediately preceding the Maturity Date.

“**Asian-out Averaging Date**” means, in respect of the Index or a Basket Component, as the case may be, either:

- (i) in the case where the Notes are either (a) Single Index Linked Notes or (b) Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Not Applicable”, each date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms, or, if any such date is not a Scheduled Trading Day, the immediately following Scheduled Trading Day for the Index or such Basket Component; or
- (ii) in the case where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Applicable”, each date specified as

such in the applicable Final Terms, or if any such date is not a Common Scheduled Trading Day, the immediately following Common Scheduled Trading Day,

provided that if any such date (following adjustment (if applicable) pursuant to paragraph (i) or (ii) above) is a Disrupted Day, the Asian-out Averaging Date shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Condition 7(j)(ii) (*Consequences of Disrupted Days: Averaging Reference Dates*) of the General Conditions.

“Automatic Early Redemption Amount(t)” means, if “Automatic Early Redemption” is specified as being applicable in the Final Terms, (i)(a) if Automatic Early Redemption Schedule is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, an amount specified as the Automatic Early Redemption Amount(t) in the applicable Final Terms or (b) if an Automatic Early Redemption Schedule is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, in respect of an Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(t) specified under the heading “Automatic Early Redemption Schedule” in the table in the applicable Final Terms, the amount under the heading “Automatic Early Redemption Amount(t)” in such table adjacent to the relevant Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(t) or (ii) if no such amount is specified, an amount per Specified Denomination (or per Calculation Amount if one is specified to be applicable in the Final Terms) equal to the product of (a) the Specified Denomination (or per Calculation Amount if one is specified to be applicable in the Final Terms) and (b) the relevant Automatic Early Redemption Rate relating to that Automatic Early Redemption Date.

“Automatic Early Redemption Cut-Off Date” means:

- (i) in respect of any Scheduled Automatic Early Redemption Date relating to an Interest Payment Date, and:
 - (a) where Interest Payment Date Extension is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “Applicable”:
 - (A) in the case where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” and “Common Disrupted Days” shall both be applicable, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Common Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Automatic Early Redemption Date; or
 - (B) in any other case, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Automatic Early Redemption Date; or
 - (b) where Interest Payment Date Extension is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “Not Applicable”, the earlier of (A) the date that would be determined in accordance with paragraph (i)(a) above and (B) the last Scheduled Trading Day that falls no later than the second (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Business Day immediately preceding such Interest Payment Date; and
- (ii) in respect of any Scheduled Automatic Early Redemption Date relating to the Maturity Date, and:
 - (a) where Maturity Date Extension is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “Applicable”:
 - (A) in the case where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” and “Common Disrupted Days” shall both be “Applicable”, the eighth (or such other number specified in the

applicable Final Terms) Common Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Automatic Early Redemption Date; or

(B) in any other case, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Automatic Early Redemption Date; or

(b) where Maturity Date Extension in the applicable Final Terms as being “Not Applicable”, the earlier of (A) the date that would be determined in accordance with paragraph (i)(b) above and (B) the last Scheduled Trading Day that falls no later than the second (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Business Day immediately preceding the Maturity Date.

“**Automatic Early Redemption Date(s)**” means, if “Automatic Early Redemption” is specified as being applicable in the Final Terms, each of the date(s) specified as such in the applicable Final Terms, subject in each case to adjustment in accordance with Condition 7(k) (*Adjustment*) of the General Conditions.

“**Automatic Early Redemption Event**” means, if “Automatic Early Redemption” is specified as being applicable in the Final Terms (unless otherwise specified in the applicable Final Terms), that the (i) Index Level of (a) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the Index or (b) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, one or more Basket Component, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, at the Specified Time or (ii) the Basket Level(t) is (I) “greater than”, (II) “greater than or equal to”, (III) “less than” or (IV) “less than or equal to” the Automatic Early Redemption Level(t) or any relevant barrier(s) as specified for the purposes of Automatic Early Redemption Event in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Automatic Early Redemption Observation Period**” means, the period from and including the Automatic Early Redemption Observation Period Start Date to and including the Automatic Early Redemption Observation Period End Date, specified in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Automatic Early Redemption Observation Period End Date**” means the date (if any) specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Automatic Early Redemption Observation Period Start Date**” means the date (if any) specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Automatic Early Redemption Level(t)**” means, if “Automatic Early Redemption” is specified as being applicable in the Final Terms, (i) if Automatic Early Redemption Schedule is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the (a) Index Level per Index or Basket Component at the Specified Time or (b) Basket Level(t), as the case may be, specified as the Automatic Early Redemption Level(t) in the applicable Final Terms or (ii) if an Automatic Early Redemption Schedule is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, in respect of an Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(t) specified under the heading “Automatic Early Redemption Schedule” in the table in the applicable Final Terms, the (a) Index Level per Index or Basket Component at the Specified Time or (b) Basket Level(t), as the case may be, under the heading “Automatic Early Redemption Level(t)” in such table adjacent to the relevant Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(t).

“**Automatic Early Redemption Rate**” means, in respect of any Automatic Early Redemption Date and if “Automatic Early Redemption” is specified as being applicable in the Final Terms, the rate specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(s)**” means, if “Automatic Early Redemption” is specified as being “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, either:

- (i) in the case where the Notes are either (a) Single Index Linked Notes or (b) Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Not Applicable”, each date specified as an Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(t) in the applicable Final Terms or, if such date is not a Scheduled Trading Day in respect of the Index or a Basket Component, as the case may be, the immediately following Scheduled Trading Day for the Index or such Basket Component; and
- (ii) in the case where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Applicable”, each date specified as an Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(t) in the applicable Final Terms, or, if any such date is not a Common Scheduled Trading Day, the immediately following Common Scheduled Trading Day,

provided that if any such date (following any adjustment (if applicable) pursuant to paragraph (i) or (ii) above) is a Disrupted Day, the Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(t) shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Condition 7(j)(i) (*Consequences of Disrupted Days: Reference Dates*) of the General Conditions.

“**Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(t)**” means each date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Average Basket Performance**” means, in respect of a Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\frac{1}{T} \times \sum_{t=1}^T \text{Basket Level}(t)$$

Where:

“**t**” is an ascending series of unique positive integers starting from and including 1 (one) up to and including T, each denoting one Asian-out Averaging Date in chronological order.

“**T**” is the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates.

“**Average Index Level**” means the value of the Index determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\frac{1}{T} \times \sum_{t=1}^T \text{Index Level}(t)$$

Where:

“**t**” is an ascending series of unique positive integers starting from and including 1 (one) up to and including T, each denoting one Asian-out Averaging Date in chronological order.

“**T**” is the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates.

“**Index Level(t)**” means, notwithstanding the definition of “Index Level(t)” in this Condition 9, for the purposes of determining the Average Index Level and in respect of an Asian-out Averaging Date, the Index Level of the Index at the Valuation Time on such Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

“**Average Index Level(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\frac{1}{T} \times \sum_{t=1}^T \text{Index Level}(k, t)$$

Where:

“t” is an ascending series of unique positive integers starting from and including 1 (one) up to and including T, each denoting one Asian-out Averaging Date in chronological order.

“T” is the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates.

“**Index Level(k,t)**” means, notwithstanding the definition of “Index Level(k,t)” in this Condition 9, for the purposes of determining the Average Index Level(k) and in respect of a Basket Component and an Asian-out Averaging Date, the Index Level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on such Asian-out Averaging Date as determined by the Calculation Agent.

“**Averaging Reference Cut-Off Date**” means:

- (i) in respect of any Averaging Reference Date which is an Asian-in Averaging Date, the Asian-in Averaging Cut-Off Date in respect of such Asian-in Averaging Date; and
- (ii) in respect of any Averaging Reference Date which is an Asian-out Averaging Date, the Asian-out Averaging Cut-Off Date in respect of such Asian-out Averaging Date.

“**Averaging Reference Date**” means each Asian-in Averaging Date and Asian-out Averaging Date.

“**Basket**” means a basket comprising the Basket Components specified in the applicable Final Terms in the Weighting(k) specified for each Basket Component in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Basket Asian-in Averaging Date**” means, in respect of each Scheduled Asian-in Averaging Date relating to a Basket:

- (i) if such Scheduled Asian-in Averaging Date is not a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component, such Scheduled Asian-in Averaging Date; or
- (ii) if such Scheduled Asian-in Averaging Date is a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component, the latest in time of the Asian-in Averaging Dates determined in accordance with the provisions of Condition 7(j)(ii) (*Consequences of Disrupted Days: Averaging Reference Dates*) of the General Conditions in respect of such Scheduled Asian-in Averaging Date.

“**Basket Asian-out Averaging Date**” means, in respect of each Scheduled Asian-out Averaging Date relating to a Basket:

- (i) if such Scheduled Asian-out Averaging Date is not a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component, such Scheduled Asian-out Averaging Date; or
- (ii) if such Scheduled Asian-out Averaging Date is a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component, the latest in time of the Asian-out Averaging Dates determined in accordance with the provisions of Condition 7(j)(ii) (*Consequences of Disrupted Days: Averaging Reference Dates*) of the General Conditions in respect of such Scheduled Asian-out Averaging Date.

“**Basket Averaging Reference Date**” means, Basket Asian-in Averaging Date and Basket Asian-out Averaging Date.

“**Basket Component**” means, in respect of a Basket, each Index(k) comprised in such Basket.

“**Basket Final Level**” means, in respect of a Basket, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\sum_{k=1}^N \left[\frac{\text{Final Index Level}(k)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times \text{Weighting}(k)$$

Where:

“k” has the meaning given to it in the definition of “Index(k)”.

“N” means, in respect of a Basket, the number of Basket Components comprising such Basket.

“**Basket Initial Level**” means, in respect of a Basket, the level determined as follows:

- (i) if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, 1.
- (ii) if “Asian-in” is specified as “Applicable” in the Applicable Final Terms, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\frac{1}{T} \times \sum_{t=1}^T \text{Basket Level}(t)$$

Where:

“t” is an ascending series of unique positive integers starting from and including 1 (one) up to and including T, each denoting one Asian-in Averaging Date in chronological order.

“T” is the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates.

- (iii) if “Lookback-in” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

Max [Lowest Basket Performance; Basket Lookback-in Floor]

“**Basket Level(t)**” means, in respect of any Averaging Reference Date, Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day, Observation Date, Reference Date or Strike Date, as the case may be, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\sum_{k=1}^N \left[\frac{\text{Index Level}(k, t)}{\text{Initial Index Level}(k)} \right] \times \text{Weighting}(k)$$

Where:

“k” has the meaning given to it in the definition of “Index(k)”.

“N” means, in respect of a Basket, the number of Basket Components comprising such Basket.

“**Basket Lookback-in Floor**” means, in respect of the Basket, a value equal to the product of (i) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (ii) the Basket Level(t) at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

“**Basket Observation Date**” means, in respect of each Scheduled Observation Date relating to a Basket of Indices:

- (i) if such Scheduled Observation Date is not a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component, such Scheduled Observation Date; or
- (ii) if such Scheduled Observation Date is a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component, the latest in time of the Observation Dates determined in accordance with the provisions of

Condition 7(j)(i) (*Consequences of Disrupted Days: Reference Dates*) of the General Conditions in respect of such Scheduled Observation Date.

“**Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in)**” means the product of (i) the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.

“**Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage**” means the percentage specified as the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-out)**” means the product of (i) the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-out) Percentage and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.

“**Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-out) Percentage**” means the percentage specified as the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-out) Percentage in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Basket Reference Date**” means each Basket Observation Date and Basket Valuation Date.

“**Basket Index Linked Notes**” means Notes that reference a Basket.

“**Basket Spread**” means a value determined as follows:

- (i) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call”, (a) the value equal to the product of (1) the Spread Percentage and (2) the Basket Initial Level, less (b) the Basket Strike Level,
- (ii) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put”, (a) the Basket Strike Level less (b) the value equal to the product of (1) the Spread Percentage and (2) the Basket Initial Level.

“**Basket Strike Level**” means, in respect of a Basket, the product of (A) the Strike Level Percentage and (B) the Basket Initial Level.

“**Basket Strike Level(1)**” means, in respect of a Basket, the product of (A) the Strike Level Percentage(1) and (B) the Basket Initial Level.

“**Basket Strike Level(2)**” means, in respect of a Basket, the product of (A) the Strike Level Percentage(2) and (B) the Basket Initial Level.

“**Basket Strike Level Criterion**” means:

- (i) if “Excess” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Basket Final Level is greater than the Basket Strike Level; or
- (ii) if “Excess/Equal” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Basket Final Level is greater than or equal to the Basket Strike Level.

“**Basket Valuation Date**” means, in respect of each Scheduled Valuation Date relating to a Basket:

- (i) if such Scheduled Valuation Date is not a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component, such Scheduled Valuation Date; or
- (ii) if such Scheduled Valuation Date is a Disrupted Day in respect of any Basket Component, the latest in time of the Valuation Dates determined in accordance with the provisions of Condition 7(j)(i) (*Consequences of Disrupted Days: Reference Dates*) of the General Conditions in respect of such Scheduled Valuation Date.

“**Bonus**” means the percentage specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**CA**” means the Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms.

“**CA Factor**” means, (i) in respect of a Note that is not a Unit, the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding or (ii) in respect of a Unit, one.

“**Cap**” means the percentage specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Change in Law**” means that, on or after the Issue Date (or as otherwise set forth in the Final Terms) (A) due to the adoption of or any change in any applicable law, regulation, rule, order, ruling or procedure (including, without limitation, any tax law and any regulation, rule, order, ruling or procedure of any applicable regulatory authority, tax authority and/or any exchange) or (B) due to the promulgation of or any change in the interpretation by any court, tribunal or regulatory authority with competent jurisdiction (including, without limitation, any relevant exchange or trading facility) of any applicable law or regulation (including any action taken by a taxing authority), the Issuer determines that:

(X) it has (or it expects that it will) become illegal for the Issuer or any of its Affiliates to (i) hold, acquire or dispose of any Component Security of the Index or a Basket Component or to enter into transactions on or relating to any Component Security of the Index or a Basket Component or (ii) perform its obligations under the Notes; or

(Y) the Issuer or any of its Affiliates would (or would expect to) incur a materially increased cost in (i) holding, acquiring or disposing of any Component Security of the Index or a Basket Component, as the case may be, (ii) maintaining, entering into or unwinding any Hedging Arrangement and/or (iii) performing its obligations under the Notes (including, without limitation, due to any increase in tax liability, decrease in tax benefit or other adverse effect on its tax position).

“**Common Scheduled Trading Day**” means, in respect of a Basket, each day which is a Scheduled Trading Day for all the Basket Components in the Basket.

“**Common Valid Date**” means, in respect of a Basket, a Common Scheduled Trading Day that is not a Disrupted Day for any Basket Component and on which another Averaging Reference Date does not or is deemed not to occur.

“**Component Security**” means in respect of an Index or Basket Component, any shares, equity options or other component comprised in such Index or Basket Component. If the Index or Basket Component itself comprises or includes one or more other Indices, “**Component**” shall be read and construed as the relevant underlying shares, equity options or other components.

“**Coupon Barrier(t)**” means, in respect of any Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t) specified under the heading “Coupon Barrier Schedule” in the table in the applicable Final Terms, the level specified under the heading “Coupon Barrier(t)” in such table adjacent to the relevant Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t).

“**Coupon Barrier Criterion**” means:

- (i) if “Excess” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Observation Index Level(t), Observation Index Level(k,t) or Basket Level(t), as applicable, is greater than the Coupon Barrier(t); or
- (ii) if “Excess/Equal” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Observation Index Level(t), Observation Index Level(k,t) or Basket Level(t), as applicable, is greater than or equal to the Coupon Barrier(t);

“**Coupon Barrier Event**” means (and a Coupon Barrier Event shall be deemed to occur if) the Calculation Agent determines that on any single Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes:
 - (a) if “Excess” is specified in respect of “Coupon Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that the Index Level of the Index at the Specified Time is greater than the Coupon Barrier(t); or
 - (b) if “Excess/Equal” is specified in respect of “Coupon Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that the Index Level of the Index at the Specified Time is greater than or equal to the Coupon Barrier(t);
- (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:
 - (a) if “Excess” is specified in respect of “Coupon Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that the Index Level of each and every Basket Component at the Specified Time is greater than the Coupon Barrier(t); or
 - (b) if “Excess/Equal” is specified in respect of “Coupon Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that the Index Level of each and every Basket Component at the Specified Time is greater than or equal to the Coupon Barrier(t); or
- (iii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms:
 - (a) if “Excess” is specified in respect of “Coupon Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that, in respect of the Basket, the Basket Level(t) is greater than the Coupon Barrier(t); or
 - (b) if “Excess/Equal” is specified in respect of “Coupon Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that the Basket Level(t) is greater than or equal to the Coupon Barrier(t).

“**Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day**” means each day during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, regardless of whether or not such day is a Scheduled Trading Day (or, in respect of Notes which are Basket Index Linked Notes, where the applicable Final Terms provides that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be applicable, a Common Scheduled Trading Day), provided that if the Calculation Agent in its sole and absolute discretion determines that (a) in respect of Notes which are Single Index Linked Notes, the Index Level of the Index at the Specified Time (b) in respect of Notes which are Basket Index Linked Notes (1) if “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Not Applicable” (A) if “Common Scheduled Trading Days” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the Index Level of such Index(k) at the Specified Time or (B) if “Common Scheduled Trading Days” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the Basket Level of any Basket Component at the Specified Time, or (2) if “Basket Level Determination” is specified as “Applicable”, the Basket Level(t), as the case may be, cannot be determined on any Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day (including, without limitation, the occurrence of any Market Disruption Event), such Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day shall be disregarded for the purposes of determining whether or not a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred.

“**Coupon Barrier Observation Period**” means, in respect of any Interest Period(t), the period from and including or excluding, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Coupon Barrier Observation Period Start Date to and including or excluding, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Coupon Barrier Observation Period End Date.

“**Coupon Barrier Observation Period End Date**” means, in respect of any Interest Period(t), (a) if “Final Day” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the last day of such Interest

Period(t) or (b) if Final Day” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the Specified Number (End)(t) of Business Days falling immediately prior to the last day of such Interest Period(t).

“**Coupon Barrier Observation Period Start Date**” means, in respect of any Interest Period(t), (a) if “Initial Day” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the first day of such Interest Period(t) or (b) if “Initial Day” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the Specified Number (Start)(t) of Business Days falling immediately following the first day of such Interest Period(t).

“**Coupon Observation Date**” means each date specified as a Coupon Observation Date(t) in the applicable Final Terms, subject to any adjustment pursuant to Condition 7(j)(i) (*Consequences of Disrupted Days: Reference Dates*) of the General Conditions and provided that,

- (i) in the case where the Notes are either (a) Single Index Linked Notes or (b) Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Not Applicable”, if any such date is not a Scheduled Trading Day, the Coupon Observation Date shall be the immediately following Scheduled Trading Day for such Basket Component; or
- (ii) in the case where the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Applicable”, if any such date is not a Common Scheduled Trading Day, the Coupon Observation Date shall be the immediately following Common Scheduled Trading Day.

“**Coupon Observation Date(t)**” means, in respect of any Interest Payment Date(t) specified under the heading “Coupon Observation Date Schedule” in the table in the applicable Final Terms, the date specified under the heading “Coupon Observation Date(t)” in such table adjacent to the relevant Interest Payment Date(t).

“**Coupon Index Cap**” means the percentage specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Coupon Index Floor**” means the percentage specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Coupon Valuation Level**” means, in respect of any Range Accrual Observation Date, the Index Level at the Specified Time on such Range Accrual Observation Date.

“**Coupon Valuation Level(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k) and any Range Accrual Observation Date, the Index Level of such Index(k) at the Specified Time on such Range Accrual Observation Date.

“**Disrupted Day**” means, in respect of the Index or Basket Component, any Scheduled Trading Day on which (i) the relevant Index Sponsor fails to publish the Index Level of the Index, (ii) the relevant Exchange fails to open for trading during its regular trading session, (iii) any Related Exchange fails to open for trading during its regular trading session or (iv) on which a Market Disruption Event has occurred.

“**Early Closure**” means, in respect of the Index or a Basket Component, the closure on any Exchange Business Day of any relevant Exchange or any Related Exchange prior to its Scheduled Closing Time unless such earlier closing time is announced by such Exchange(s) or such Related Exchange(s) at least one hour prior to the earlier of (i) the actual closing time for the regular trading session on such Exchange(s) or such Related Exchange(s) on such Exchange Business Day and (ii) the submission deadline for orders to be entered into the relevant Exchange(s) or such Related Exchange(s) system(s) for execution at the Valuation Time on such Exchange Business Day.

“**Exchange(s)**” means, in respect of any securities comprised in the Index, the stock exchanges (from time to time) on which, in the determination of the Issuer, such securities are listed for the purposes of

such Index or any successor to any such exchange or quotation system or any substitute exchange or quotation system to which trading in such securities comprised in the Index has temporarily been relocated (provided that the Calculation Agent has determined that there is comparable liquidity relative to the securities underlying the Index on such successor or substitute exchange or quotation system as on the original Exchange).

“**Exchange Business Day**” means, in respect of the Index or a Basket Component, any Scheduled Trading Day on which the relevant Exchange and each Related Exchange are open for trading during their respective regular trading sessions, notwithstanding the relevant Exchange or any relevant Related Exchange closing prior to its Scheduled Closing Time.

“**Exchange Disruption**” means, in respect of the Index or a Basket Component, any event (other than an Early Closure) that disrupts or impairs (as determined by the Calculation Agent) the ability of market participants in general (i) to effect transactions in, or obtain market values for, (x) if the securities comprised in the Index or Basket Component are listed on multiple Exchanges, any security comprised in the Index on any relevant Exchange and (y) if the securities comprised in the Index or Basket Component are listed on a single Exchange, securities that comprise 20 per cent. or more of the level of the Index or Basket Component on the relevant Exchange or (ii) to effect transactions in, or obtain market values for, futures or options contracts relating to the Index or such Basket Component, as the case may be, on any relevant Related Exchange.

“**Final Index Level**” means the Index Level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as calculated and published by the Index Sponsor.

“**Final Index Level(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the Index Level of such Index(k) at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as calculated and published by the Index Sponsor.

“**Final XRate**” means the currency exchange rate determined in accordance with the following formula (rounded, if necessary, to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards):

$$\frac{\text{Currency A Fixing (VD)}}{\text{Currency B Fixing (VD)}}$$

Where:

“**Currency A Fixing (VD)**” means: (i) in respect of any Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date; or (ii) if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”, 1.

“**Currency B Fixing (VD)**” means: (i) in respect of any Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date; or (ii) if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”, 1.

Where:

“**Currency A Fixing (VD) Date**” means the date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Currency B Fixing (VD) Date**” means the date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Fixed Best Basket Performance**” means the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\text{Lowest Basket Components Performance} + \text{Fixed Performance}$$

“**Fixed Performance**” means, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\sum_{k=1}^N \text{Fixed Return} \times \text{Weighting}(k)$$

Where:

“**k**” has the meaning given to it in the definition of “**Index(k)**”.

“**N**” means a number equal to the total number of Basket Components minus the Specified Number of Lowest Performing Basket Components.

“**Fixed Return**” means the percentage specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Flexo Currency A**” means the currency specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Flexo Currency B**” means the currency specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Hedging Arrangement**” means any hedging arrangements entered into by the Issuer and/or its Affiliates at any time with respect to the Notes, including, without limitation, the entry into of any transaction(s) and/or the purchase and/or sale of any Component Security of the Index or Basket Component or any other asset(s) to hedge the equity price risk of entering into and performing the obligations of the Issuer under the Notes and any associated foreign exchange transactions.

“**Hedging Disruption**” means that the Issuer and/or its Affiliates is/are unable, after using commercially reasonable efforts, to (i) hold, acquire, re-establish, substitute, maintain, unwind or dispose of any Component Securities of the Index or Basket Component, and/or any Hedging Arrangement and/or (ii) realise, recover or remit the proceeds of any Component Securities of the Index or Basket Component, and/or any Hedging Arrangement.

“**Index**” means (i) in the case of Single Index Linked Notes, the Index specified in the applicable Final Terms, or (ii) in the case of Basket Index Linked Notes, each of the Indices specified as being a component of the Basket specified in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Index(k)**” means an Index, where “**k**” denotes an ascending series of unique positive integers starting from and including 1 (one) up to and including N, each denoting a Basket Component and “**N**” denotes the total number of Basket Components in the Basket.

“**Index Cancellation**” means, in respect of an Index or Basket Component, the Index Sponsor cancels the Index and no Successor Index exists.

“**Index Disruption**” means, in respect of an Index or Basket Component, the Index Sponsor fails to calculate and announce the Index Level.

“**Index Level**” or “**Level**” means, in respect of the Index or Basket Component on any relevant Scheduled Trading Day, the level of such Index or Basket Component and, subject to Condition 7(j) and (k), as calculated and published by the Index Sponsor.

“**Index Level(t)**” means, in respect of an Averaging Reference Date and/or Observation Date and/or Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day and/or Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day and/or

Reference Date, the Index Level of the Index at the Specified Time on such relevant date and, subject to Condition 7(j) and (k), as calculated and published by the Index Sponsor.

“**Index Level(k,t)**” means, in respect of a Basket Component and an Averaging Reference Date and/or Observation Date and/or Coupon Barrier Event Determination and/or Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day and/or Reference Date, the Index Level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time on such relevant date and, subject to Condition 7(j) and (k), as calculated and published by the relevant Index Sponsor.

“**Index Modification**” means, in respect of an Index or Basket Component, the Index Sponsor announces that it will make (in the opinion of the Issuer) a material change in the formula for or the method of calculating the Index or Basket Component or in any other way materially modifies the Index or Basket Component (other than a modification prescribed in that formula or method to maintain the Index or Basket Component in the event of changes in constituent securities and capitalisation and other routine events).

“**Index Sponsor**” means unless otherwise specified in the applicable Final Terms, the corporation or entity as determined by the Calculation Agent that (a) is responsible for setting and reviewing the rules and procedures and the methods of calculation and adjustments, if any, related to the Index and (b) announces (directly or through an agent) the level of the Index or Basket Component on a regular basis during each Scheduled Trading Day, failing whom such person acceptable to the Calculation Agent who calculates and announces the Index or Basket Component or any agent or person acting on behalf of such person.

“**Initial Index Level**” means the level determined as follows:

- (i) if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the Index Level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date;
- (ii) if “Asian-in” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the level determined in accordance with the following formula as applied to the Index:

$$\frac{1}{T} \times \sum_{t=1}^T \text{Initial Index Level}(t)$$

Where:

“**t**” is an ascending series of unique positive integers starting from and including 1 (one) up to and including T, each denoting one Asian-in Averaging Date in chronological order.

“**T**” is the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates.

- (iii) if “Lookback-in” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the level determined in accordance with the following formula as applied to the Index:

$$\text{Max [Lowest Level; Lookback-in Floor]}$$

“**Initial Index Level(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the level determined as follows:

- (i) if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” are specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the Index Level of such Index(k) at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date;
- (ii) if “Asian-in” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the level determined in accordance with the following formula as applied to Index(k):

$$\frac{1}{T} \times \sum_{t=1}^T \text{Initial Index Level}(k, t)$$

Where:

“**t**” is an ascending series of unique positive integers starting from and including 1 (one) up to and including T, each denoting one Asian-in Averaging Date in chronological order.

“**T**” is the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates.

- (iii) if “Lookback-in” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the level determined in accordance with the following formula as applied to Index(k):

$$\text{Max [Lowest Price; Lookback-in Floor}(k)]$$

“**Initial Index Level(t)**” means, in respect of an Asian-in Averaging Date, the Index Level of the Index at the Valuation Time on such Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

“**Initial Index Level(k,t)**” means, in respect of a Basket Component and an Asian-in Averaging Date, the Index Level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on such Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

“**Initial XRate**” means the currency exchange rate determined in accordance with the following formula (rounded, if necessary, to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards):

$$\frac{\text{Currency A Fixing (SD)}}{\text{Currency B Fixing (SD)}}$$

Where:

“**Currency A Fixing (SD)**” means: (i) in respect of any Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date; or (ii) if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”, 1.

“**Currency B Fixing (SD)**” means: (i) in respect of any Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date; or (ii) if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”, 1

Where:

“**Currency A Fixing (SD) Date**” means the date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Currency B Fixing (SD) Date**” means the date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Interest Amount**” means, in respect of any Interest Payment Date, the amount of interest payable in respect of a Note on such Interest Payment Date.

“**Interest Period(t)**” means, the period from (and including) Interest Payment Date(t-1) (or, if Interest Payment Date(t) is the first Interest Payment Date, the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t).

“**Interest Payment Date(t-1)**” means the Interest Payment Date immediately preceding Interest Payment Date(t).

“**Leverage Put**” means the percentage specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Lookback-in Floor**” means, in respect of the Index, a value equal to the product of (i) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (ii) the Index Level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

“**Lookback-in Floor(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), a value equal to the product of (i) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (ii) the Index Level of such Index(k) at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

“**Lookback-in Floor Percentage**” means the percentage (if any) specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Lookback-in Observation Date**” means each date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms, subject to any adjustment pursuant to Condition 7(j)(i) (*Consequences of Disrupted Days: Reference Dates*) of the General Conditions and provided that,

- (i) in the case where the Notes are either (a) Single Index Linked Notes or (b) Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Not Applicable”, if any such date is not a Scheduled Trading Day, the Lookback-in Observation Date shall be the immediately following Scheduled Trading Day for such Basket Component; or
- (ii) in the case where the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Applicable”, if any such date is not a Common Scheduled Trading Day, the Lookback-in Observation Date shall be the immediately following Common Scheduled Trading Day.

“**Lookback-out Observation Date**” means each date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms, subject to any adjustment pursuant to Condition 7(j)(i) (*Consequences of Disrupted Days: Reference Dates*) of the General Conditions and provided that,

- (i) in the case where the Notes are either (a) Single Index Linked Notes or (b) Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Not Applicable”, if any such date is not a Scheduled Trading Day, the Lookback-out Observation Date shall be the immediately following Scheduled Trading Day for such Basket Component; or
- (ii) in the case where the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Applicable”, if any such date is not a Common Scheduled Trading Day, the Lookback-out Observation Date shall be the immediately following Common Scheduled Trading Day.

“**Lowest Basket Components Performance**” means, in respect of the Lowest Performing Basket Components, the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\sum_{k=1}^N Performance(k) \times Weighting(k)$$

Where:

“**k**” has the meaning given to it in the definition of “Index(k)”.

“**N**” means the number of Basket Components comprising such Lowest Performing Basket Components.

“**Lowest Basket Performance**” means, in respect of the Basket, the lowest Basket Level(t) in respect of all Lookback-in Observation Dates.

“**Lowest Performing Basket Components**” means the Specified Number of Basket Components which have the lowest Performance(k) amongst all the Basket Components.

“**Lowest Index Level**” means, in respect of the Index, the lowest of the Index Levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates.

“**Lowest Index Level(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the lowest of the Index Levels of one Index(k) at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates.

“**Market Disruption Event**” means, in respect of the Index or Basket Component, the occurrence or existence on any Scheduled Trading Day of (i) a Trading Disruption or (ii) an Exchange Disruption, which in either case the Calculation Agent determines in its sole discretion is material, at any time during the one-hour period that ends at the relevant Valuation Time or (iii) an Early Closure, provided that, if the securities comprised in the Index or Basket Component (as the case may be) are listed on multiple Exchanges, the securities comprised in the Index or Basket Component (as the case may be) in respect of which an Early Closure, an Exchange Disruption and/or a Trading Disruption occurs or exists amount, in the determination of the Issuer, in aggregate to 20 per cent. or more of the level of the Index or Basket Component (as the case may be). For the purpose of determining whether a Market Disruption Event exists at any time in respect of a security included in the Index or Basket Component (as the case may be) at any time, then the relevant percentage contribution of that security to the level of such Index or Basket Component (as the case may be) shall be based on a comparison of (x) the portion of the Index Level of the Index or Basket Component (as the case may be) attributable to that security and (y) the overall level of such Index or Basket Component (as the case may be), in each case immediately before the occurrence of such Market Disruption Event, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

“**Max**” followed by a series of amounts inside brackets means whichever is the greater of the amounts separated by a semi colon inside those brackets.

“**Max Basket Performance**” means the highest of the Basket Levels on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.

“**Max Index Level**” means the highest of the Index Levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.

“**Max Index Level(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the highest of the Index Levels of such Index(k) at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.

“**Memory**” means the percentage specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Min**” followed by a series of amounts inside brackets means whichever is the lesser of the amounts separated by a semi colon inside those brackets.

“**Number of Extension Business Days**” means, if Interest Payment Date Extension or Maturity Date Extension is specified in the applicable Final Terms as applicable, the number of Business Days specified in the applicable Final Terms, or, if none, is specified: (i) in respect of a Maturity Date Extension, the number of Business Days that the relevant Scheduled Maturity Date falls after the Scheduled Reference Date or Scheduled Averaging Reference Date, as the case may be, falling immediately prior to the relevant Scheduled Maturity Date or (ii) in respect of an Interest Payment Date Extension, the number of Business Days that the Scheduled Interest Payment Date falls after the Scheduled Reference Date or the Scheduled Averaging Reference Date, as the case may be, falling immediately prior to the Scheduled Interest Payment Date.

“**Observation Cut-Off Date**” means:

- (i) in respect of any Scheduled Observation Date relating to an Interest Payment Date, and:
 - (a) where Interest Payment Date Extension is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “Applicable”:
 - (A) in the case where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” and “Common Disrupted Days” shall both be applicable, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Common Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Observation Date; or
 - (B) in any other case, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Observation Date; or
 - (b) where Interest Payment Date Extension is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “Not Applicable”, the earlier of (A) the date that would be determined in accordance with paragraph (i)(a) above, and (B) the last Scheduled Trading Day that falls no later than the second (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Business Day immediately preceding such Interest Payment Date; and
- (ii) in respect of any Scheduled Observation Date relating to the Maturity Date, and:
 - (a) where Maturity Date Extension is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “Applicable”:
 - (A) in the case where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” and “Common Disrupted Days” shall both be applicable, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Common Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Observation Date; or
 - (B) in any other case, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Observation Date; or
 - (b) where Maturity Date Extension in the applicable Final Terms as being “Not Applicable”, the earlier of (A) the date that would be determined in accordance with paragraph (ii)(a) above, and (B) the last Scheduled Trading Day that falls no later than the second (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Business Day immediately preceding the Maturity Date.

“**Observation Date**” means, in respect of the Index or a Basket Component, either:

- (i) in the case where the Notes are either (a) Single Index Linked Notes or (b) Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Not Applicable”:
 - (A) each Lookback-in Observation Date;
 - (B) each Lookback-out Observation Date;
 - (C) each Coupon Observation Date; and
 - (D) any other date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms, provided that, if any such date is not a Scheduled Trading Day, the Observation Date shall be the immediately following Scheduled Trading Day, provided further that, if any such date (following any

adjustment (if applicable)) is a Disrupted Day, the Observation Date shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Condition 7(j)(i) (*Consequences of Disrupted Days: Reference Dates*) of the General Conditions.

- (ii) in the case where the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Applicable”:
- (A) each Lookback-in Observation Date;
 - (B) each Lookback-out Observation Date;
 - (C) each Coupon Observation Date; and
 - (D) any other date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms, provided that, if any such date is not a Common Scheduled Trading Day, the Observation Date shall be the immediately following Common Scheduled Trading Day, provided further that, if any such date (following any adjustment (if applicable)) is a Disrupted Day, the Observation Date shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Condition 7(j)(i) (*Consequences of Disrupted Days: Reference Dates*) of the General Conditions.

“**Observation Index Level(t)**” means, in respect of the Index and an Interest Payment Date(t), the Index Level of the Index at the Specified Time on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t).

“**Observation Index Level(k,t)**” means, in respect of an Index(k) and an Interest Payment Date(t), the Index Level of such Index(k) at the Specified Time on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t).

“**Participation**” means the percentage specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Performance**” has the meaning given to it in the applicable Redemption Payout.

“**Performance(Best Performing Index)**” means, in respect of a Basket, the Performance(k) of the Basket Component that gives the highest value for Performance(k) of all of the Basket Components of such Basket.

“**Performance(k)**” has the meaning given to it in the applicable Redemption Payout.

“**Performance(Worst Performing Index)**” means, in respect of a Basket, the Performance(k) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k) of all of the Basket Components of such Basket.

“**Performance XRate**” means the value determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Final XRate}}{\text{Initial XRate}}$$

“**Performance XRate Market Disruption Event**” means any event, beyond the control of the Issuer, as a result of which the Currency A Fixing (VD), Currency B Fixing (VD), Currency A Fixing (SD) and/or Currency B Fixing (SD) is not available, or any suspension of, or limitation imposed on trading in, euro, Flexo Currency A and/or Flexo Currency B or any event that disrupts or impairs (as determined by the Issuer) the ability of market participants in general to effect transactions in or obtain market values for the exchange of euro, Flexo Currency A and/or Flexo Currency B.

“**Level Correction Period**” has the meaning ascribed to it in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Protection Level**” means the percentage specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Range Accrual Cap**” means the level specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“Range Accrual Cap Criterion” means, in respect of any Range Accrual Observation Date:

- (i) if “Less” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Coupon Valuation Level, Coupon Valuation Level(k) or Basket Level(t), as applicable, is less than the Range Accrual Cap on such Range Accrual Observation Date; or
- (ii) if “Less/Equal” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Coupon Valuation Level, Coupon Valuation Level(k) or Basket Level(t) as applicable, is less than or equal to the Range Accrual Cap on such Range Accrual Observation Date.

“Range Accrual Floor” means the level specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“Range Accrual Floor Criterion” means, in respect of any Range Accrual Observation Date:

- (i) if “Excess” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Coupon Valuation Level, Coupon Valuation Level(k) or Basket Level(t), as applicable, is greater than the Range Accrual Floor on such Range Accrual Observation Date; or
- (ii) if “Excess/Equal” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Coupon Valuation Level or Coupon Valuation Level(k) or Basket Level(t), as applicable, is greater than or equal to the Range Accrual Floor on such Range Accrual Observation Date.

“Range Accrual Observation Date” means, in respect of each Range Accrual Observation Period, each date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms in respect of such Range Accrual Observation Period, provided that if any Range Accrual Observation Date is not a Scheduled Trading Day in respect of any Index or Basket Component, as the case may be:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes or if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provides that “Range Accrual Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Not Applicable”, such Range Accrual Observation Date in respect of the Index or Basket Component, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be the immediately preceding Scheduled Trading Day for the Index or Basket Component; or
- (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provides that “Range Accrual Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Applicable”, such Range Accrual Observation Date in respect of all Basket Components shall be deemed to be the immediately preceding Common Scheduled Trading Day,

in each case, provided further that, if any Range Accrual Observation Date (following any adjustment (if applicable) pursuant to paragraph (i) or (ii) above) is a Disrupted Day, such Range Accrual Observation Date shall be determined in accordance with Index Linked Notes Condition 1.4(c) (*Additional Range Accrual Disruption Provisions*).

For the avoidance of doubt, a Range Accrual Observation Date shall be an Observation Date (as defined herein).

“Range Accrual Observation Period” means, in respect of an Interest Payment Date, unless otherwise specified in the applicable Final Terms, the period from and including two Business Days before the previous Interest Payment Date to and including three Business Days before such Interest Payment Date.

“Range Accrual Observation Period Cut-Off Date” means, in respect of any Range Accrual Observation Period, the date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“Rate of Interest(t-1)” means the Rate of Interest in respect of Interest Payment Date(t-1).

“**Rate of Interest(1)**” means the rate specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Rate of Interest(Range Accrual)**” means the rate specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Rebate**” means the percentage specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Redemption Barrier(knock-in)**” means the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

“**Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

“**Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage**” means the percentage specified as the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Redemption Barrier(knock-out)**” means the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-out) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

“**Redemption Barrier(knock-out)(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-out) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

“**Redemption Barrier(knock-out) Percentage**” means the percentage specified as the Redemption Barrier(knock-out) Percentage in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Redemption Barrier Event**” means (and a Redemption Barrier Event shall be deemed to occur if) the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day:

- (i) if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, and:
 - (a) if “Redemption Barrier(knock-in)” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
 - (I) if “Less” is specified in respect of a “Redemption Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that the Index Level of the Index at the Specified Time is less than the Redemption Barrier(knock-in); or
 - (II) If “Less/Equal” is specified in respect of a “Redemption Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that the Index Level of the Index at the Specified Time is less than or equal to the Redemption Barrier(knock-in); or
 - (b) if “Redemption Barrier(knock-out)” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
 - (I) if “Excess” is specified in respect of a “Redemption Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that the Index Level of the Index at the Specified Time is greater than the Redemption Barrier(knock-out); or
 - (II) if “Excess/Equal” is specified in respect of a “Redemption Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that the Index Level of the Index at the Specified Time is greater than or equal to the Redemption Barrier(knock-out); or
- (ii) if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, and:
 - (a) if, in respect of an Index(k), “Redemption Barrier(knock-in)” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:

- (I) if “Less” is specified in respect of a “Redemption Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that the Index Level of such Index(k) at the Specified Time is less than the Redemption Barrier(knock-in); or
- (II) if “Less/Equal” is specified in respect of a “Redemption Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that the Index Level of such Index(k) at the Specified Time is less than or equal to the Redemption Barrier(knock-in); or
- (b) if, in respect of an Index(k), “Redemption Barrier(knock-out)” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
 - (I) if “Excess” is specified in respect of a “Redemption Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that the Index Level of such Index(k) at the Specified Time is greater than the Redemption Barrier(knock-out); or
 - (II) if “Excess/Equal” is specified in respect of a “Redemption Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that the Index Level of such Index(k) at the Specified Time is greater than or equal to the Redemption Barrier(knock-out); or
- (c) if, in respect of the Basket, “Redemption Barrier(knock-in)” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
 - (I) if “Less” is specified in respect of a “Redemption Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that the Basket Level(t) is less than the Redemption Barrier(knock-in); or
 - (II) if “Less/Equal” is specified in respect of a “Redemption Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that the Basket Level(t) is less than or equal to the Redemption Barrier(knock-in); or
- (d) if, in respect of the Basket, “Redemption Barrier(knock-out)” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and:
 - (I) if “Excess” is specified in respect of a “Redemption Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that the Basket Level(t) at the Specified Time is greater than the Redemption Barrier(knock-out); or
 - (II) if “Excess/Equal” is specified in respect of a “Redemption Barrier Event” in the applicable Final Terms, that the Basket Level(t) at the Specified Time is greater than or equal to the Redemption Barrier(knock-out).

“Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day” means:

- (i) if “Redemption Barrier Observation” is specified as “Final Monitoring” in the applicable Final Terms, each day specified as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day in the relevant Final Terms; or
- (ii) if “Redemption Barrier Observation” is specified as “Continuous Monitoring” in the applicable Final Terms, each day during the relevant Redemption Barrier Observation Period, regardless of whether or not such day is a Scheduled Trading Day (or, in respect of Notes which are Basket Index Linked Notes, where the applicable Final Terms provides that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be applicable, a Common Scheduled Trading Day), provided that if the Calculation Agent in its sole and absolute discretion determines that (a) in respect of Notes which are Single Index Linked Notes, the Index Level of the Index at the Specified Time or (b) in

respect of Notes which are Basket Index Linked Notes (1) if “Common Scheduled Trading Days” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, such Index(k) at the Specified Time or (2) if “Common Scheduled Trading Days” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, any Basket Component at the Specified Time, as the case may be, cannot be determined on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day (including, without limitation, the occurrence of any Market Disruption Event), such Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day shall be disregarded for the purposes of determining whether or not a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred.

“**Redemption Barrier Observation Period**” means the period from and including or excluding, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Redemption Barrier Observation Period Start Date to and including or excluding, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Redemption Barrier Observation Period End Date.

“**Redemption Barrier Observation Period End Date**” means the date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Redemption Barrier Observation Period Start Date**” means the date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Reference Cap(t)**” means, in respect of any Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t) specified under the heading “Reference Cap Schedule” in the table in the applicable Final Terms, the percentage specified under the heading “Reference Cap(t)” in such table adjacent to the relevant Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t). If Reference Cap(t) is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the Cap shall be infinity.

“**Reference Cap Criterion**” means:

- (i) if “Less” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Reference Rate(t) is less than the Reference Cap(t); or
- (ii) if “Less/Equal” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Reference Rate(t) is less than or equal to the Reference Cap(t).

“**Reference Cut-Off Date**” means:

- (i) in respect of any Reference Date which is an Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date, the Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Cut-Off Date in respect of such Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date;
- (ii) in respect of any Reference Date which is an Observation Date, the Observation Cut-Off Date in respect of such Observation Date;
- (iii) in respect of any Reference Date which is a Strike Date, the Strike Cut-Off Date in respect of such Strike Date; and
- (iv) in respect of any Reference Date which is a Valuation Date, the Valuation Cut-Off Date in respect of such Valuation Date.

“**Reference Date**” means each Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date, each day during an Automatic Early Redemption Observation Period, Observation Date, Strike Date, Valuation Date or Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day, in each case, subject to adjustment in accordance with Condition 7(j)(i) (*Consequences of Disrupted Days: Reference Dates*) of the General Conditions.

“Reference Floor(t)” means, in respect of any Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t) specified under the heading “Reference Floor Schedule” in the table in the applicable Final Terms, the percentage specified under the heading “Reference Floor(t)” in such table adjacent to the relevant Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t). If Reference Floor(t) is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, the Reference Floor(t) shall be zero.

“Reference Floor Criterion” means:

- (i) if “Excess” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Reference Rate(t) is greater than the Reference Floor(t); or
- (ii) if “Excess/Equal” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Reference Rate(t) is greater than or equal to the Reference Floor(t).

“Reference Rate(Cap)(t)” means, in respect of any Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t) specified under the heading “Reference Rate(Cap) Schedule” in the table in the applicable Final Terms, the rate specified under the heading “Reference Rate(Cap)(t)” in such table adjacent to the relevant Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t).

“Reference Rate(Floor)(t)” means, in respect of any Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t) specified under the heading “Reference Rate(Floor) Schedule” in the table in the applicable Final Terms, the rate specified under the heading “Reference Rate(Floor)(t)” in such table adjacent to the relevant Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t).

“Related Exchange” means, in respect of the Index or a Basket Component, each exchange or quotation system where trading has a material effect (as determined by the Calculation Agent) on the overall market for futures or options contracts relating to the Index or such Basket Component or such other options or futures exchange(s) as the Issuer may select, any transferee exchange or quotation system or any successor to any such exchange or quotation system or any substitute exchange or quotation system to which trading in futures or options contracts relating to the Index or such Basket Component has temporarily relocated (provided that the Calculation Agent has determined that there is comparable liquidity relative to the futures or options contracts relating to the Index or such Basket Component on such temporary substitute exchange or quotation system as on the original Related Exchange).

“Scheduled Asian-in Averaging Date” means an original date (following any adjustment (if applicable) pursuant to paragraph (i) or (ii) in the definition of “Asian-in Averaging Date”) that, but for such day being a Disrupted Day, would have been an Asian-in Averaging Date.

“Scheduled Asian-out Averaging Date” means an original date (following any adjustment (if applicable) pursuant to paragraph (i) or (ii) in the definition of “Asian-out Averaging Date”) that, but for such day being a Disrupted Day, would have been an Asian-out Averaging Date.

“Scheduled Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date” means an original date (following any adjustment (if applicable) pursuant to paragraph (i) or (ii) in the definition of “Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date”) that, but for such day being a Disrupted Day, would have been an Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date.

“Scheduled Averaging Reference Date” means each Scheduled Asian-in Averaging Date and each Scheduled Asian-out Averaging Date.

“Scheduled Closing Time” means, in respect of the Exchange or Related Exchange and a Scheduled Trading Day, the scheduled weekday closing time of the Exchange or Related Exchange on such Scheduled Trading Day, without regard to after hours or any other trading outside of the regular trading session hours.

“**Scheduled Observation Date**” means an original date (following any adjustment (if applicable) pursuant to paragraph (i) or (ii) in the definition of “Observation Date”) that, but for such day being a Disrupted Day, would have been an Observation Date.

“**Scheduled Range Accrual Observation Date**” means an original date (following any adjustment (if applicable) pursuant to paragraph (i) or (ii) in the definition of “Range Accrual Observation Date”) that, but for such day being a Disrupted Day, would have been a Range Accrual Observation Date.

“**Scheduled Reference Date**” means each Scheduled Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date, Scheduled Strike Date, Scheduled Observation Date or Scheduled Valuation Date.

“**Scheduled Strike Date**” means an original date (following any adjustment (if applicable) pursuant to paragraph (i) or (ii) in the definition of “Strike Date”) that, but for such day being a Disrupted Day, would have been the Strike Date.

“**Scheduled Trading Day**” means, in respect of the Index or a Basket Component, any day on which the Index Sponsor is scheduled to publish the level of the Index or Basket Component (as the case may be) and any day on which the the relevant Exchange and each Related Exchange is scheduled to be open for trading for its regular trading session.

“**Scheduled Valuation Date**” means an original date (following any adjustment (if applicable) pursuant to paragraph (i) or (ii) in the definition of “Valuation Date”) that, but for such day being a Disrupted Day, would have been the Valuation Date.

“**Single Index Linked Notes**” means Notes that reference a single index.

“**Specified Number**” means the number of Basket Components specified in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Specified Number (End)(t)**” means, in respect of any Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t) specified under the heading “Specified Number (End) Schedule” in the table in the applicable Final Terms, the number specified under the heading “Specified Number (End)(t)” in such table adjacent to the relevant Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t).

“**Specified Number (Start)(t)**” means, in respect of any Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t) specified under the heading “Specified Number (Start) Schedule” in the table in the applicable Final Terms, the number specified under the heading “Specified Number (Start)(t)” in such table adjacent to the relevant Interest Period(t) and related Interest Payment Date(t).

“**Specified Time**” means, in respect of any date, (i) if “Constant Monitoring” is specified as being “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, at any time on such Scheduled Trading Day or (ii) if “Valuation Time Only” is specified as being “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, at the Valuation Time.

“**Spread**” means a value determined as follows:

- (i) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call”, (a) the value equal to the product of (1) the Spread Percentage and (2) Index Level of the Index at the Specified Time on the Strike Date, less (b) the Strike Level; or
- (ii) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put”, (a) the Strike Level less (b) the value equal to the product of (1) the Spread Percentage and (2) Index Level of the Index at the Specified Time on the Strike Date.

“**Spread(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), a value determined as follows:

- (i) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call”, (a) the value equal to the product of (1) the Spread Percentage and (2) the Index Level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time on the Strike Date, less (b) the Strike Level(k); or
- (ii) if “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put”, (a) the Strike Level(k) less (b) the value equal to the product of (1) the Spread Percentage and (2) the Index Level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time on the Strike Date.

“**Spread Percentage**” means the percentage specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Step-Up**” means the percentage specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

“**Strike Cut-Off Date**” means, in respect of any Scheduled Strike Date:

- (i) in the case where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” and “Common Disrupted Days” shall both be applicable, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Common Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Strike Date; or
- (ii) in any other case, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Strike Date.

“**Strike Date**” means, in respect of the Index or a Basket Component, as the case may be, either:

- (i) in the case where the Notes are either (a) Single Index Linked Notes or (b) Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Not Applicable”, each date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms or, if such date is not a Scheduled Trading Day in respect of the Index or a Basket Component, as the case may be, the immediately following Scheduled Trading Day for the Index or such Basket Component; and
- (ii) in the case where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Applicable”, each date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms, or, if any such date is not a Common Scheduled Trading Day, the immediately following Common Scheduled Trading Day,

provided that if any such date (following any adjustment (if applicable) pursuant to paragraph (i) or (ii) above) is a Disrupted Day, the Strike Date shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Condition 7(j)(i) (*Consequences of Disrupted Days: Reference Dates*) of the General Conditions.

“**Strike Level**” means the level determined as the product of (A) the Strike Level Percentage and (B) the Initial Index Level.

“**Strike Level(1)**” means the level determined as the product of (A) the Strike Level Percentage(1) and (B) the Initial Index Level.

“**Strike Level(2)**” means the level determined as the product of (A) the Strike Level Percentage(2) and (B) the Initial Index Level.

“**Strike Level(k)**” means, in respect of an Index(k), the product of (A) the Strike Level Percentage and (B) the Initial Index Level(k).

“**Strike Level(k)(1)**” means the level determined as the product of (A) the Strike Level Percentage(1) and (B) the Initial Index Level.

“**Strike Level(k)(2)**” means the level determined as the product of (A) the Strike Level Percentage(2) and (B) the Initial Index Level.

“Strike Level Criterion” means:

- (i) if “Excess” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Final Index Level is greater than the Strike Level; or
- (ii) if “Excess/Equal” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Final Index Level is greater than or equal to the Strike Level.

“Strike Level(k) Criterion” means:

- (i) if “Excess” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Final Index Level(k) is greater than the Strike Level(k); or
- (ii) if “Excess/Equal” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, that the Final Index Level(k) is greater than or equal to the Strike Level(k).

“Strike Level Percentage” means the percentage (if any) specified as the Strike Level Percentage in the applicable Final Terms.

“Strike Level Percentage(1)” means the percentage (if any) specified as the Strike Level Percentage(1) in the applicable Final Terms.

“Strike Level Percentage(2)” means the percentage (if any) specified as the Strike Level Percentage(2) in the applicable Final Terms.

“Successor Index” means, where the Index is (i) not calculated and announced by the Index Sponsor but is calculated and announced by a successor sponsor acceptable to the Calculation Agent or (ii) replaced by a successor index using, in the determination of the Calculation Agent, the same or a substantially similar formula for and method of calculation as used in the calculation of the Index, such successor index or index calculated and announced by the successor sponsor.

“t” is an ascending series of unique positive integers starting from and including 1 (one) up to and including T, each denoting one Interest Period (and its related Interest Payment Date) in chronological order.

“T” means the total number of Interest Periods (or related Interest Payment Dates).

“Trading Disruption” means, in respect of an Index or a Basket Component, any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading by an Exchange or a Related Exchange or otherwise and whether by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the relevant Exchange or the relevant Related Exchange or otherwise (i) if the securities comprised in the Index or Basket Component (as the case may be) are listed on multiple Exchanges, on any relevant Exchange(s) relating to any security comprised in the Index or, if the securities comprised in the Index or Basket Component (as the case may be) are listed on a single Exchange, on the Exchange relating securities that comprise 20 per cent. or more of the level of the Index or Basket Component (as the case may be), or (ii) in futures or options contracts relating to the Index or Basket Component (as the case may be) on a Related Exchange.

“Valid Date” means a Scheduled Trading Day that is not a Disrupted Day and on which another Averaging Reference Date Reference does not or is not deemed to occur.

“Valuation Cut-Off Date” means:

- (i) in respect of any Scheduled Valuation Date relating to an Interest Payment Date, and:
 - (a) where Interest Payment Date Extension is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “Applicable”:

- (A) in the case where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” and “Common Disrupted Days” shall both be applicable, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Common Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Valuation Date; or
- (B) in any other case, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Valuation Date; or
- (b) where Interest Payment Date Extension is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “Not Applicable”, the earlier of (A) the date that would be determined in accordance with paragraph (i)(a) above and (B) the last Scheduled Trading Day that falls no later than the second (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Business Day immediately preceding such Interest Payment Date; and
- (ii) in respect of any Scheduled Valuation Date relating to the Maturity Date, and:
 - (a) where Maturity Date Extension is specified in the applicable Final Terms as being “Applicable”:
 - (A) in the case where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” and “Common Disrupted Days” shall both be applicable, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Common Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Valuation Date; or
 - (B) in any other case, the eighth (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Scheduled Trading Day following such Scheduled Valuation Date; or
 - (b) where Maturity Date Extension in the applicable Final Terms as being “Not Applicable”, the earlier of (A) the date that would be determined in accordance with paragraph (i)(b) above and (B) the last Scheduled Trading Day that falls no later than the second (or such other number specified in the applicable Final Terms) Business Day immediately preceding the Maturity Date.

“**Valuation Date**” means, in respect of the Index or a Basket Component, as the case may be, either:

- (i) in the case where the Notes are either (a) Single Index Linked Notes or (b) Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Not Applicable”, each date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms or, if such date is not a Scheduled Trading Day in respect of the Index or a Basket Component, as the case may be, the immediately following Scheduled Trading Day for the Index or such Basket Component; and
- (ii) in the case where the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and the applicable Final Terms provide that “Common Scheduled Trading Days” shall be “Applicable”, each date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms, or, if any such date is not a Common Scheduled Trading Day, the immediately following Common Scheduled Trading Day,

provided that if any such date (following any adjustment (if applicable) pursuant to paragraph (i) or (ii) above) is a Disrupted Day, the Valuation Date shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Condition 7(j)(i) (*Consequences of Disrupted Days: Reference Dates*) of the General Conditions.

“**Valuation Time**” means the Scheduled Closing Time of the Exchange on the relevant date. If the Exchange closes prior to its Scheduled Closing Time, and the specified Valuation Time is after the actual

closing time for its regular trading session, then (subject to Condition 7(j) (*Disrupted Days*) of the General Conditions) the Valuation Time shall be such actual closing time.

“**Weighting(k)**” means, in respect of each and every Index(k), the weight specified as the weighting in respect of such Index(k) in the applicable Final Terms.

FORM OF FINAL TERMS FOR THE INDEX LINKED NOTES

Set out below is the form of Final Terms which will be completed for each Tranche of Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer under the Programme.

Final Terms dated [●]

[ING Bank N.V.][ING Americas Issuance B.V.]
Issue of [Aggregate Nominal Amount of Tranche] [Number of Units]¹ [Title of Notes]
issued pursuant to a
€40,000,000,000 Global Issuance Programme

[The Notes will not be registered under the Securities Act and may not be sold except (i) in accordance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act, (ii) in an offshore transaction in accordance with Rule 903 or Rule 904 of Regulation S under the Securities Act, (iii) pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act or (iv) in any other transaction that does not require registration under the Securities Act.]²

[Any person making or intending to make an offer of the Notes may only do so[:

- (i) in those Public Offer Jurisdictions mentioned in Paragraph [11] (*Distribution*) of Part B below, provided such person is of a kind specified in that paragraph and that the offer is made during the Offer Period specified in that paragraph; or
- (ii) otherwise] in circumstances in which no obligation arises for the Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or to supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive, in each case, in relation to such offer.

Neither the Issuer nor any Dealer has authorised, nor do they authorise, the making of any offer of Notes in any other circumstances.]³

Part A – Contractual Terms

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of (1) the “General Terms and Conditions” set forth in the Base Prospectus for the issuance of Medium Term Notes and Inflation Linked Notes dated 28 June 2013 of ING Bank N.V., ING Bank N.V., Sydney Branch and ING Americas Issuance B.V., as supplemented from time to time, (the “**Level 1 Programme Prospectus**”), [(2) the “Terms and Conditions of Inflation Linked Notes” set forth in the Level 1 Programme Prospectus] and [(3)] the “Terms and Conditions of Index Linked Notes” set forth in the Base Prospectus for the issuance of Index Linked Notes of ING Bank N.V. and ING Americas Issuance B.V. dated 5 July 2013, as supplemented from time to time, (the “**Index Linked Note Base Prospectus**” and together with the Level 1 Programme Prospectus, the “**Prospectus**”) [which constitutes a base prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive (Directive 2003/71/EC), as amended from time to time (the “**Prospectus Directive**”)]⁴. This document constitutes the Final Terms applicable to the issue of Notes described herein [for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive (as implemented by the

¹ Only required if Notes issued in unitised form.

² Include for Notes issued pursuant to Rule 144A.

³ Paragraph to be included only in the case of a Tranche of Non-Exempt PD Notes.

⁴ Delete in the case of a Tranche of Exempt Notes.

Dutch Financial Supervision Act (*Wet op het financieel toezicht*) and its implementing regulations)]⁵ and must be read in conjunction with such Prospectus. Full information on the Issuer[, the Guarantor] and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Prospectus. The Prospectus is available for viewing at [<https://www.ingmarkets.com> under the section “Downloads” and copies of the Prospectus may be obtained from [ING Bank N.V. at Foppingadreef 7, 1102 BD Amsterdam, The Netherlands][ING Americas Issuance B.V. c/o ING Bank N.V. at Foppingadreef 7, 1102 BD Amsterdam, The Netherlands or c/o ING Financial Holdings Corporation, 1325 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10019, United States].

[Only include in case of Italian Bonds: The Italian Bonds offered hereby have been issued pursuant to the Prospectus, provided that (i) all references to “Notes” in the relevant sections of the Prospectus and in these Final Terms shall be deemed to be references to “Italian Bonds” and (ii) all references to “Noteholders” in the relevant sections of the Prospectus and in these Final Terms shall be deemed to be references to holders of the Italian Bonds.]

[Only include in case of Italian Certificates: The Italian Certificates offered hereby have been issued pursuant to the Prospectus provided that (i) all references to “Notes” in the relevant sections of the Prospectus and in these Final Terms shall be deemed to be references to “Italian Certificates” and (ii) all references to “Noteholders” in the relevant sections of the Prospectus and in these Final Terms shall be deemed to be references to holders of the Italian Certificates.]

[The following alternative language applies if the first Tranche of an issue which is being increased was issued under a Base Prospectus with an earlier date. In the case of fungible issues, consideration should be given as to the need for a drawdown prospectus.]

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the conditions set forth in the Base Prospectus for the issuance of Medium Term Notes and Inflation Linked Notes of ING Bank N.V., ING Bank N.V. Sydney Branch and ING Americas Issuance B.V. dated [original date] as supplemented up to and including the date of issue of the first Tranche of the Notes (the “**Original Level 1 Programme Prospectus**”) and the Base Prospectus for the issuance of Index Linked Notes of ING Bank N.V. a and ING Americas Issuance B.V. dated [original date] as supplemented up to and including the date of issue of the first Tranche of the Notes (the “**Original Index Linked Notes Base Prospectus**”). This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Notes described herein [for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive (Directive 2003/71/EC), as amended from time to time (the “**Prospectus Directive**”) (as implemented by the Dutch Financial Supervision Act (*Wet op het financieel toezicht*) and its implementing regulations)]⁶ and must be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus for the issuance of Medium Term Notes and Inflation Linked Notes of ING Bank N.V., ING Bank N.V. Sydney Branch and ING Americas Issuance B.V. dated [current date] as supplemented from time to time (the “**Current Level 1 Programme Prospectus**”) and the Base Prospectus for the issuance of Index Linked Notes of ING Bank N.V. and ING Americas Issuance B.V. dated [current date] as supplemented from time to time (the “**Current Index Linked Notes Base Prospectus**”) [which constitutes a base prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive]⁷, save in respect of the General Conditions [and the Inflation Linked Conditions] which are extracted from the Original Level 1 Programme Prospectus and incorporated by reference into the Current Level 1 Programme Prospectus and the Index Linked Note Conditions which are extracted from the Original Index Linked Notes Base Prospectus and incorporated by reference into the Current Index Linked Notes Base Prospectus. Full information on the

⁵ Delete in the case of a Tranche of Exempt Notes.

⁶ Delete in the case of a Tranche of Exempt Notes.

⁷ Delete in the case of a Tranche of Exempt Notes.

Issuer[, the Guarantor] and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Original Level 1 Programme Prospectus (with respect to the General Conditions and the Inflation Linked Conditions), the Original Index Linked Notes Base Prospectus (with respect to the Index Linked Notes Conditions) and the Current Level 1 Programme Prospectus and the Current Index Linked Notes Base Prospectus (other than with respect to the General Conditions, Inflation Linked Conditions and Index Linked Notes Conditions). The Original Level 1 Programme Prospectus, the Original Index Linked Notes Base Prospectus, the Current Level 1 Programme Prospectus and the Current Index Linked Notes Base Prospectus are available for viewing at <https://www.ingmarkets.com> under the section “Downloads” and copies of the Original Level 1 Programme Prospectus, the Original Index Linked Notes Base Prospectus, the Current Level 1 Programme Prospectus and the Current Index Linked Notes Base Prospectus may be obtained from [ING Bank N.V. at Foppingadreef 7, 1102 BD Amsterdam, The Netherlands][ING Americas Issuance B.V. c/o ING Bank N.V. at Foppingadreef 7, 1102 BD Amsterdam, The Netherlands or c/o ING Financial Holdings Corporation, 1325 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10019, United States.]

Prospective investors should carefully consider the section “Risk Factors” in this Base Prospectus.

[Include whichever of the following apply or specify as “Not Applicable” (N/A). Note that the numbering should remain as set out below, even if “Not Applicable” is indicated for individual paragraphs or sub-paragraphs. Italics denote guidance for completing the Final Terms.]

[When completing any final terms, or adding any other final terms or information, consideration should be given as to whether such terms or information constitute “significant new factors” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Base Prospectus under Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive (as implemented by the Dutch Financial Supervision Act (Wet op het financieel toezicht) and its implementing regulations).]

General Description of the Notes

- | | | |
|---|--|--|
| 1 | (i) Issuer: | [ING Bank N.V.][ING Americas Issuance B.V.] |
| | (ii) Guarantor: | [ING Bank N.V.](<i>delete if not applicable</i>) |
| 2 | (i) Series Number: | [•] |
| | (ii) Tranche Number: | [•](<i>delete if not applicable</i>) |
| | (iii) Date on which the Notes will be consolidated and form a single series: | [The Notes will be consolidated and form a single Series with [<i>identify earlier Tranches</i>] on [<i>specify date</i>]/the Issue Date/exchange of the Temporary Global Note for interests in the Permanent Global Note, as referred to in paragraph [78] below, which is expected to occur on or about [<i>date</i>]] (<i>delete if not applicable</i>) |
| 3 | Specified Currency or Currencies: | [•]

<i>(Swedish Notes: SEK or € or such other currency as may have become approved under the Swedish CSD Rules)</i> |

4	Aggregate Nominal Amount:	[●] [[●] Units] ⁸
	(i) Tranche:	[●] [[●] Units] ⁹ <i>(delete if not applicable)</i>
	(ii) Series:	[●] [[●] Units] ¹⁰ <i>(delete if not applicable)</i>
5	Issue Price:	[●] per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount [plus accrued interest from <i>[insert date]</i> <i>(in the case of fungible issues only, if applicable)</i> [[●] per Unit] ¹¹
6	(i) Specified Denominations:	[●] [1 unit per Note] ¹² <i>[Where multiple denominations above €100,000 (or equivalent) are being used the following sample wording should be followed: [€100,000] and integral multiples of [€1,000] in excess thereof [up to and including [€199,000]]. No Notes in definitive form will be issued with a denomination above [€199,000]].*]</i> <i>*[Delete if Notes being issued in registered form.]</i>
	(ii) Calculation Amount:	[●] <i>[If more than one Specified Denomination, state applicable and insert the highest common factor or in case of units specify value of one unit]</i>
7	(i) Issue Date:	[●]
	(ii) Interest Commencement Date (if different from the Issue Date):	[Issue Date/specify other/Not Applicable] <i>(delete if not applicable)</i>
8	Maturity Date:	[●][Interest Payment Date falling in or nearest to <i>[specify month and year]</i>]
9	Interest Basis:	[[●] per cent. Fixed Rate] [[LIBOR/EURIBOR/specify reference rate] +/- [●] per cent. [Floating Rate] [Zero Coupon] [Tailor-Made Interest] [Step-Up Interest] [Floater Interest] [Floater with Lock-In Interest] [Reverse Floater Interest] [Ratchet Floater Interest] [Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest]

⁸ Only required if Notes issued in unitised form.

⁹ Only required if Notes issued in unitised form.

¹⁰ Only required if Notes issued in unitised form.

¹¹ Only required if Notes issued in unitised form.

¹² Only required if Notes issued in unitised form.

- [Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest]
 [Steeper Interest]
 [Steeper with Lock-In Interest]
 [Range Accrual(Rates) Interest]
 [Range Accrual(Spread) Interest]
 [Inverse Range Accrual Interest]
 [KO Range Accrual Interest]
 [Dual Range Accrual Interest]
 [Snowball Interest]
 [SnowRanger Interest]
 [Barrier(Rates) Interest]
 [Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest]
 [Reference Item(Inflation) Indexed Interest]
 [Step-Up Barrier Interest]
 [Memory Interest]
 [One Touch Memory Interest]
 [Range Accrual(Index) Interest]
 [Barrier(Index) Interest]
 [One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest]
 [Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Interest]
 [Best Of Interest]
 [One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest]
 [Not Applicable]
 (further particulars specified below)
- 10 Redemption/Payment Basis: Subject to any purchase and cancellation or early redemption, the Notes will be redeemed on the Maturity Date at [[●] per cent. of their Aggregate Nominal Amount]/[the Final Redemption Amount calculated in accordance with paragraph [48] below].
- 11 Change of Interest Basis: [Not Applicable]
[Specify details of any provision for change of Notes into another interest basis and cross-refer to paragraphs 14 and 15 below if details provided there]
- 12 Put/Call Options: [Not Applicable]
 [Investor Put]
 [Issuer Call]
 [(further particulars specified below)]
- 13 [(i)] [Date [Board] approval for issuance of Notes obtained: [●] [and [●], respectively]]
 (NB: Only relevant where Board (or similar)

authorisation is required for the particular Tranche of Notes)] (delete if not applicable)

[(ii)] [Date [Executive/Supervisory Board] approval for Programme obtained:

[•] [and [•], respectively]] (*Only relevant in case of Notes issued by ING Americas Issuance B.V. (delete if not applicable)*)

PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST (IF ANY) PAYABLE

14 Fixed Rate Note Provisions:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(*If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph*)

(i) Additional Business Centre(s):

[No Additional Business Centre(s)/specify other]

(ii) Broken Amount(s):

[[•] per [Specified Denomination/Calculation Amount], in respect of the [short/long] coupon payable on the Interest Payment Date falling [in/on] [•].] [The Broken Amount payable on the Interest Payment Date in respect of the [short/long] coupon shall be an amount equal to the [Specified Denomination/Calculation Amount] multiplied by the Rate of Interest multiplied by the Day Count Fraction with the resultant figure being rounded to the nearest sub-unit of the Specified Currency, half of any such sub-unit being rounded [upwards/downwards].] [Not Applicable]

(iii) Business Day Convention:

[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/ Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)] [Not Applicable]

(iv) Day Count Fraction:

[Actual/Actual
Actual/Actual (ISDA)
Actual/365 (Fixed)
Actual/365 (Sterling)
Actual/360
30/360
360/360
Bond Basis
30E/360
Eurobond Basis
30E/360 (ISDA)
RBA Bond Basis
Actual/Actual (ICMA)]

- 1/1]
[specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]
- (v) Determination Date(s): in each year [Not Applicable]
[Insert regular interest payment dates ignoring issue date or maturity date in the case of a long or short first or last coupon]
(NB: Only relevant where Day Count Fraction is Actual/Actual (ICMA))
- (vi) Fixed Coupon Amount(s): per [Specified Denomination/Calculation Amount] [For each Fixed Interest Period, as defined in Condition 3(a), the Fixed Coupon Amount will be an amount equal to the [Specified Denomination/Calculation Amount] multiplied by the Rate of Interest multiplied by the Day Count Fraction with the resultant figure being rounded to the nearest sub-unit of the Specified Currency, half of any such sub-unit being rounded [upwards/downwards]]
- (vii) Interest Amount Adjustment: [Applicable]/ [Not Applicable]
- (viii) Interest Payment Date(s): in each year up to and including [the Maturity Date/*specify other*] [, adjusted in accordance with the Business Day Convention specified in sub-paragraph 14(iii).]
(NB: In the case of long or short coupons the following sample wording should be followed: There will be a [short/long] [first/last] coupon)
- (ix) Party responsible for calculating the Interest Amount(s): [Calculation Agent/Agent/*if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address*] [Not Applicable]
- (x) Rate[(s)] of Interest: per cent. per annum [payable [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly/*specify other*] in arrear]
- (xi) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest for Fixed Rate Notes: [None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable]
(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if, when interest is to be determined for a period other than a Fixed Interest Period, it is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these

	<i>Final Terms))</i>
15 Floating Rate Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)</i>
(i) Additional Business Centre(s):	[No Additional Business Centres/ <i>specify other</i>]
(ii) Business Day Convention:	[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/ Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]
(iii) Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/Actual Actual/Actual (ISDA) Actual/365 (Fixed) Actual/365 (Sterling) Actual/360 30/360 360/360 Bond Basis 30E/360 Eurobond Basis 30E/360 (ISDA) RBA Bond Basis Actual/Actual (ICMA) 1/1] <i>[specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]</i>
(iv) Fall back provisions, rounding provisions and any other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Floating Rate Notes:	[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] <i>(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))</i>
(v) ISDA Determination:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the ISDA Determination provisions which follow]</i>
– Floating Rate Option:	[●]
– Designated Maturity:	[●]
– Reset Date:	[●]

(vi) Manner in which the Rate of Interest and Interest Amount(s) is/are to be determined:	[Screen Rate Determination/ISDA Determination]
(vii) Margin(s):	[+/-] [●] per cent. per annum
(viii) Maximum Rate of Interest:	[●] per cent. per annum
(ix) Minimum Rate of Interest:	[●] per cent. per annum
(x) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:	[Calculation Agent/Agent/ <i>if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address</i>]
(xi) Screen Rate Determination:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Screen Rate Determination provisions which follow]</i>
– Reference Rate:	[●] month [LIBOR/EURIBOR/BBSW/STIBOR/ <i>specify other Reference Rate</i>]
– Interest Determination Date(s):	[●] <i>(Second London business day prior to the start of each Interest Period if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), first day of each Interest Period if sterling LIBOR, the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the start of each Interest Period if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the start of each Interest Period if STIBOR)</i>
– Relevant Screen Page:	[●] <i>(In the case of EURIBOR, if not Reuters Page EURIBOR01 ensure it is a page which shows a composite rate)</i>
(xii) Specified Period(s)/Specified Interest Payment Dates:	[●]
16 Zero Coupon Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>(If not applicable, state not applicable and delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)</i>
(i) Day Count Fraction in relation to Early Redemption Amounts and late payment:	[Condition 7(e)(iii) and 7 (h) apply/ <i>specify other from Conditions</i>] <i>(Consider applicable Day Count Fraction if not U.S. dollar denominated)</i>
(ii) Early Redemption Amount:	[Amortised Face Amount in accordance with Condition 7(e)(iii), and Accrual Yield is [●] per cent. per annum and Reference Price is [●]][Fair Market Value in accordance with Condition 7(e)(iv)]

(If using Fair Market Value, specify if the fair market value of the Note is not to be determined two Business Days prior to the date fixed for redemption)

(If using Fair Market Value, specify if the liquidation value (if any), whether positive or negative, of any financial instruments or transactions entered into by the Issuer in connection with the Note, together with any costs, expenses, fees or taxes incurred by the Issuer in respect of any such financial instruments or transactions, are not to be taken into account when determining Fair Market Value)

(iii) Reference Price:

[•]

17 Tailor-Made Interest Note Provisions:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the Tailor-Made Interest Note Provisions which follow]

(i) Additional Business Centre(s):

[No Additional Business Centres/specify other]

(ii) Business Day Convention:

[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]

(iii) Cap Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Cap(t)
---	--------

[•] *(specified Interest Period(t))*

[•]

(iv) Day Count Fraction:

[Actual/Actual
Actual/Actual (ISDA)
Actual/365 (Fixed)
Actual/365 (Sterling)
Actual/360
30/360
360/360
Bond Basis
30E/360]

Eurobond Basis
 30E/360 (ISDA)
 RBA Bond Basis
 Actual/Actual (ICMA)
 1/1]
 [specify other from Condition 3 of the General
 Conditions]

(v) Floor Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Floor(t)
---	----------

[•] (specified
Interest
Period(t)) [•]

(vi) Interest Payment Dates:

[•]

(vii) Multiplier Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier(t)
---	---------------

[•] (specified
Interest
Period(t)) [•]

(viii) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of
Interest and Interest(s) Amount:

[Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making
the calculation is different from the Calculation
Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]

(ix) Underlying Margin Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin(t)
---	----------------------

[•] (specified
Interest
Period(t)) [•]

(x) Underlying Rate(t):

[Underlying ISDA Rate(t)]/[Underlying Screen
Rate(t)]

(a) Underlying ISDA Rate(t):

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying
ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow]

– Floating Rate Option:

[•]

– Designated Maturity:

[•]

– Underlying Rate Reset Date(t):	[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[specify other]
(b) Underlying Screen Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]
– Underlying Reference Rate:	[•]
– Underlying Rate Determination Date(t):	[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[specify other]
– Relevant Screen Page (Underlying):	[•]
(c) Number of Fixing Days:	[•]
(d) Fixing Day City:	[•]
(xi) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Tailor-Made Interest Notes:	[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] (Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))
18 Step-Up Interest Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete all of the Step-Up Interest Note Provisions which follow]
(i) Additional Business Centre(s):	[No Additional Business Centres/specify other]
(ii) Business Day Convention:	[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]
(iii) Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/Actual Actual/Actual (ISDA) Actual/365 (Fixed) Actual/365 (Sterling) Actual/360 30/360 360/360 Bond Basis 30E/360 Eurobond Basis 30E/360 (ISDA) RBA Bond Basis]

Actual/Actual (ICMA)

1/1]

[specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]

(iv) Fixed Rate Period:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the Fixed Rate Period provisions which follow]

– Fixed Rate Period Start Date:

[•]

– Fixed Rate Period End Date:

[•]

(v) Interest Payment Dates:

[•]

(vi) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:

[Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]

(vii) Rate of Interest(Fixed) Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(viii) Step-Up Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Step-Up(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(ix) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Step-Up Interest Notes:

[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable]

(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))

19 Floater Interest Note Provisions:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the Floater Interest Note Provisions which follow]

(i) Additional Business Centre(s):

[No Additional Business Centres/specify other]

(ii) Business Day Convention:

[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business

Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified
 Following Business Day Convention
 (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day
 Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business
 Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business
 Day Convention (Unadjusted)]

(iii) Cap Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Cap(t)
---	--------

[•] (*specified
Interest
Period(t)*) [•]

(iv) Day Count Fraction:

[Actual/Actual
 Actual/Actual (ISDA)
 Actual/365 (Fixed)
 Actual/365 (Sterling)
 Actual/360
 30/360
 360/360
 Bond Basis
 30E/360
 Eurobond Basis
 30E/360 (ISDA)
 RBA Bond Basis
 Actual/Actual (ICMA)
 1/1]
 [*specify other from Condition 3 of the General
 Conditions*]

(v) Fixed Rate Period:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 [*If not applicable, delete all of the Fixed Rate
 Period provisions which follow*]

– Fixed Rate Period Start Date:

[•]

– Fixed Rate Period End Date:

[•]

(vi) Floor Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Floor(t)
---	----------

[•] (*specified
Interest*) [•]

	<i>Period(t)</i>				
(vii) Interest Payment Dates:	[•]				
(viii) Multiplier Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Multiplier(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier(t)	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier(t)				
[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]				
(ix) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:	[Calculation Agent/Agent/ <i>if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address</i>]				
(x) Rate of Interest(Fixed) Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Rate of Interest Fixed(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest Fixed(t)	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest Fixed(t)				
[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]				
(xi) Underlying Margin Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Underlying Margin(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin(t)	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin(t)				
[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]				
(xii) Underlying Rate(t):	[Underlying ISDA Rate(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate(t)]				
(a) Underlying ISDA Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [<i>If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow</i>]				
– Floating Rate Option:	[•]				
– Designated Maturity:	[•]				
– Underlying Rate Reset Date(t):	[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[<i>specify other</i>]				
(b) Underlying Screen Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [<i>If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow</i>]				
– Underlying Reference Rate:	[•]				
– Underlying Rate Determination	[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[<i>specify</i>				

- Date(t): *other*
- Relevant Screen Page (Underlying): [●]
- (c) Number of Fixing Days: [●]
- (d) Fixing Day City: [●]
- (xiii) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Floater Interest Notes: [None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable]

(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))

20 Floater with Lock-In Interest Note Provisions:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Floater with Lock-In Interest Note Provisions which follow]

- (i) Additional Business Centre(s):

[No Additional Business Centres/specify other]

- (ii) Business Day Convention:

[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]

- (iii) Cap Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Cap(t)
--	--------

[●] *(specified Interest Period(t))*

[●]

- (iv) Day Count Fraction:

[Actual/Actual
 Actual/Actual (ISDA)
 Actual/365 (Fixed)
 Actual/365 (Sterling)
 Actual/360
 30/360
 360/360
 Bond Basis
 30E/360
 Eurobond Basis]

30E/360 (ISDA)
 RBA Bond Basis
 Actual/Actual (ICMA)
 1/1]
 [specify other from Condition 3 of the General
 Conditions]

(v) Fixed Rate Period: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 [If not applicable, delete all of the Fixed Rate
 Period provisions which follow]

– Fixed Rate Period Start Date: [•]

– Fixed Rate Period End Date: [•]

(vi) Floor Schedule: [As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Floor(t)
---	----------

[•] (specified
Interest
Period(t)) [•]

(vii) Interest Payment Dates: [•]

(viii) Lock-In Criterion: [Excess]/[Excess/Equal]

(ix) Lock-In Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Lock-In(t)
---	------------

[•] (specified
Interest
Period(t)) [•]

(x) Multiplier Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier(t)
---	---------------

[•] (specified
Interest
Period(t)) [•]

(xi) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount: [Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]

(xii) Rate of Interest(Fixed) Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)
-------------------------------------	----------------------------

	(but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t)	
	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
(xiii) Rate of Interest(Lock-In) Schedule:	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Lock-In)(t)
	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
(xiv) Underlying Margin Schedule:	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin(t)
	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
(xv) Underlying Rate(t):		[Underlying ISDA Rate(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate(t)]
(a) Underlying ISDA Rate(t):		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow]
– Floating Rate Option:		[•]
– Designated Maturity:		[•]
– Underlying Rate Reset Date(t):		[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[specify other]
(b) Underlying Screen Rate(t):		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]
– Underlying Reference Rate:		[•]
– Underlying Rate Determination Date(t):		[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[specify other]
– Relevant Screen Page (Underlying):		[•]
(c) Number of Fixing Days:		[•]
(d) Fixing Day City:		[•]
(xvi) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Floater with Lock-In Interest Notes:		[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] (Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount

Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))

21 Reverse Floater Interest Note Provisions:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the Reverse Floater Interest Note Provisions which follow]

(i) Additional Business Centre(s):

[No Additional Business Centres/specify other]

(ii) Business Day Convention:

[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]

(iii) Cap Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Cap(t)
---	--------

[•] (specified Interest Period(t))

[•]

(iv) Day Count Fraction:

[Actual/Actual
Actual/Actual (ISDA)
Actual/365 (Fixed)
Actual/365 (Sterling)
Actual/360
30/360
360/360
Bond Basis
30E/360
Eurobond Basis
30E/360 (ISDA)
RBA Bond Basis
Actual/Actual (ICMA)
1/1]
[specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]

(v) Fix Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on	Fix(t)
-------------------------------	--------

	(but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	
	[●] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[●]
(vi) Fixed Rate Period:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Fixed Rate Period provisions which follow]</i>	
– Fixed Rate Period Start Date:	[●]	
– Fixed Rate Period End Date:	[●]	
(vii) Floor Schedule:	[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]	
	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Floor(t)
	[●] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[●]
(viii) Interest Payment Dates:	[●]	
(ix) Multiplier Schedule:	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier(t)
	[●] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[●]
(x) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:	[Calculation Agent/Agent/ <i>if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]</i>	
(xi) Rate of Interest(Fixed) Schedule:	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)
	[●] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[●]
(xii) Underlying Rate(t):	[Underlying ISDA Rate(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate(t)]	
(a) Underlying ISDA Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying</i>	

- ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow*
- Floating Rate Option: [•]
 - Designated Maturity: [•]
 - Underlying Rate Reset Date(t): [Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[specify other]
- (b) Underlying Screen Rate(t): [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]
- Underlying Reference Rate: [•]
 - Underlying Rate Determination Date(t): [Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[specify other]
 - Relevant Screen Page (Underlying): [•]
- (c) Number of Fixing Days: [•]
- (d) Fixing Day City: [•]
- (xiii) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Reverse Floater Interest Notes: [None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable]
(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))

22 Ratchet Floater Interest Note Provisions:

- [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Ratchet Floater Interest Note Provisions which follow]
- (i) Additional Business Centre(s): [No Additional Business Centres/specify other]
- (ii) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]
- (iii) Cap Schedule: [As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Cap(t)
[•] (specified Interest	[•]

- (iv) Day Count Fraction: *Period(t)*
 [Actual/Actual
 Actual/Actual (ISDA)
 Actual/365 (Fixed)
 Actual/365 (Sterling)
 Actual/360
 30/360
 360/360
 Bond Basis
 30E/360
 Eurobond Basis
 30E/360 (ISDA)
 RBA Bond Basis
 Actual/Actual (ICMA)
 1/1]
 [specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]
- (v) Fixed Rate Period: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 [If not applicable, delete all of the Fixed Rate Period provisions which follow]
- Fixed Rate Period Start Date: [•]
 - Fixed Rate Period End Date: [•]
- (vi) Floor Schedule: [As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Floor(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(vii) Interest Payment Dates: [•]

(viii) Multiplier1 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier1(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(ix) Multiplier2 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier2(t)

	Date(t)	
	[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]
(x) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:		[Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]
(xi) Ratchet Cap with Floor:		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(xii) Ratchet Cap without Floor:		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(xiii) Ratchet Floor with Cap:		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(xiv) Ratchet Floor without Cap:		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(xv) Ratchet Schedule:	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Ratchet(t)
	[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]
(xvi) Rate of Interest(Fixed) Schedule:	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)
	[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]
(xvii) Underlying Margin Schedule:	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin(t)
	[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]
(xviii) Underlying Rate(t):		[Underlying ISDA Rate(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate(t)]
(a) Underlying ISDA Rate(t):		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow]
– Floating Rate Option:		[•]
– Designated Maturity:		[•]
– Underlying Rate Reset Date(t):		[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[specify]

- other*
- (b) Underlying Screen Rate(t): [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]
- Underlying Reference Rate: [•]
 - Underlying Rate Determination Date(t): [Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/*[specify other]*
 - Relevant Screen Page (Underlying): [•]
- (c) Number of Fixing Days: [•]
- (d) Fixing Day City: [•]
- (xix) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Ratchet Floater Interest Notes: [None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable]
(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))

23 Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest Note Provisions:

- [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest Note Provisions which follow]
- (i) Additional Business Centre(s): [No Additional Business Centres/*specify other*]
- (ii) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]
- (iii) Cap Schedule: [As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Cap(t)
[•] <i>(specified Interest Period(t))</i>	[•]

(iv) Day Count Fraction:

[Actual/Actual
Actual/Actual (ISDA)
Actual/365 (Fixed)
Actual/365 (Sterling)
Actual/360
30/360
360/360
Bond Basis
30E/360
Eurobond Basis
30E/360 (ISDA)
RBA Bond Basis
Actual/Actual (ICMA)
1/1]
[specify other from Condition 3 of the General
Conditions]

(v) Floor Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Floor(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(vi) Interest Payment Dates:

[•]

(vii) Minimum Issuer Switch Business Days:

[•]

(viii) Multiplier Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(ix) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:

[Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]

(x) Rate of Interest(Fixed) Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(xi) Underlying Margin Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(xii) Underlying Rate(t):

[Underlying ISDA Rate(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate(t)]

(a) Underlying ISDA Rate(t):

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow]

– Floating Rate Option:

[•]

– Designated Maturity:

[•]

– Underlying Rate Reset Date(t):

[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/*[specify other]*

(b) Underlying Screen Rate(t):

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]

– Underlying Reference Rate:

[•]

– Underlying Rate Determination Date(t):

[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/*[specify other]*

– Relevant Screen Page (Underlying):

[•]

(c) Number of Fixing Days:

[•]

(d) Fixing Day City:

[•]

(xiii) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest Notes:

[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable]
(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination

(or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))

24 **Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest Note Provisions:**

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest Note Provisions which follow]

(i) Additional Business Centre(s):

[No Additional Business Centres/specify other]

(ii) Business Day Convention:

[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]

(iii) Cap Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Cap(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(iv) Day Count Fraction:

[Actual/Actual
Actual/Actual (ISDA)
Actual/365 (Fixed)
Actual/365 (Sterling)
Actual/360
30/360
360/360
Bond Basis
30E/360
Eurobond Basis
30E/360 (ISDA)
RBA Bond Basis
Actual/Actual (ICMA)
1/1]
[specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]

(v) Floor Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but	Floor(t)
---------------------------------------	----------

	excluding) Interest Payment Date(t)	
	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
(vi) Interest Payment Dates:	[•]	
(vii) Minimum Issuer Switch Business Days:	[•]	
(viii) Multiplier Schedule:	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t)	Multiplier(t)
	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
(ix) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:	[Calculation Agent/Agent/ <i>if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address</i>]	
(x) Rate of Interest(Fixed) Schedule:	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)
	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
(xi) Underlying Margin Schedule:	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t)	Underlying Margin(t)
	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
(xii) Underlying Rate(t):	[Underlying ISDA Rate(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate(t)]	
(a) Underlying ISDA Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow]</i>	
– Floating Rate Option:	[•]	
– Designated Maturity:	[•]	

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Underlying Rate Reset Date(t): 	<p>[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[specify other]</p>				
<p>(b) Underlying Screen Rate(t):</p>	<p>[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]</i></p>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Underlying Reference Rate: 	<p>[•]</p>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Underlying Rate Determination Date(t): 	<p>[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[specify other]</p>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Relevant Screen Page(Underlying): 	<p>[•]</p>				
<p>(c) Number of Fixing Days:</p>	<p>[•]</p>				
<p>(d) Fixing Day City:</p>	<p>[•]</p>				
<p>(xiii) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest Notes:</p>	<p>[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] <i>(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))</i></p>				
<p>25 Steepener Interest Note Provisions:</p>	<p>[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Steepener Interest Note Provisions which follow]</i></p>				
<p>(i) Additional Business Centre(s):</p>	<p>[No Additional Business Centres/specify other]</p>				
<p>(ii) Business Day Convention:</p>	<p>[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]</p>				
<p>(iii) Cap Schedule:</p>	<p>[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; background-color: #cccccc;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">Cap(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">[•] <i>(specified Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Cap(t)	[•] <i>(specified Interest Period(t))</i>	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Cap(t)				
[•] <i>(specified Interest Period(t))</i>	[•]				
<p>(iv) Day Count Fraction:</p>	<p>[Actual/Actual]</p>				

Actual/Actual (ISDA)
 Actual/365 (Fixed)
 Actual/365 (Sterling)
 Actual/360
 30/360
 360/360
 Bond Basis
 30E/360
 Eurobond Basis
 30E/360 (ISDA)
 RBA Bond Basis
 Actual/Actual (ICMA)
 1/1]
 [specify other from Condition 3 of the General
 Conditions]

(v) Fixed Rate Period:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 [If not applicable, delete all of the Fixed Rate
 Period provisions which follow]

- Fixed Rate Period Start Date:
- Fixed Rate Period End Date:

[•]
 [•]

(vi) Floor Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Floor(t)
--	----------

[•] (specified
Interest
Period(t)) [•]

(vii) Interest Payment Dates:

[•]

(viii) Multiplier Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier(t)
--	---------------

[•] (specified
Interest
Period(t)) [•]

(ix) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:

[Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the
calculation is different from the Calculation
Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]

(x) Rate of Interest(Fixed) Schedule:

Interest Period(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)
-----------------------	----------------------------

(ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	
---	--

[•] (specified Interest Period(t)) [•]

- (xi) Underlying Rate1(t): [Underlying ISDA Rate1(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate1(t)]
- (a) Underlying ISDA Rate1(t): [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate1(t) provisions which follow]
- Floating Rate Option: [•]
 - Designated Maturity: [•]
 - Underlying Rate Reset Date(t): [Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[specify other]
- (b) Underlying Screen Rate1(t): [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate1(t) provisions which follow]
- Underlying Reference Rate: [•]
 - Underlying Rate Determination Date(t): [Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[specify other]
 - Relevant Screen Page(Underlying): [•]
- (c) Number of Fixing Days: [•]
- (d) Fixing Day City: [•]
- (xii) Underlying Rate2(t): [Underlying ISDA Rate2(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate2(t)]
- (a) Underlying ISDA Rate2(t): [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate2(t) provisions which follow]
- Floating Rate Option: [•]
 - Designated Maturity: [•]
 - Underlying Rate Reset Date(t): [Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[specify other]
- (b) Underlying Screen Rate2(t): [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate2(t) provisions which follow]
- Underlying Reference Rate: [•]
 - Underlying Rate Determination Date(t): [Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[specify other]
 - Relevant Screen Page(Underlying): [•]

- (c) Number of Fixing Days: [●]
- (d) Fixing Day City: [●]
- (xiii) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Steepener Interest Notes: [None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable]
(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))

26 Steepener with Lock-In Interest Note Provisions:

- [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Steepener with Lock-In Interest Note Provisions which follow]
- (i) Additional Business Centre(s): [No Additional Business Centres/specify other]
- (ii) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/ Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]
- (iii) Cap Schedule: [As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Cap(t)
---	--------

- [●] *(specified Interest Period(t))* [●]
- (iv) Day Count Fraction: [Actual/Actual
 Actual/Actual (ISDA)
 Actual/365 (Fixed)
 Actual/365 (Sterling)
 Actual/360
 30/360
 360/360
 Bond Basis
 30E/360
 Eurobond Basis
 30E/360 (ISDA)
 RBA Bond Basis]

Actual/Actual (ICMA)

1/1]

[specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]

(v) Fixed Rate Period:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of Fixed Rate Period provisions which follow]

– Fixed Rate Period Start Date:

[•]

– Fixed Rate Period End Date:

[•]

(vi) Floor Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Floor(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(vii) Interest Payment Dates:

[•]

(viii) Lock-In Criterion:

[Excess]/[Excess/Equal]

(ix) Lock-In Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Lock-In(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(x) Multiplier Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(xi) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:

[Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]

(xii) Rate of Interest(Fixed) Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)
----------------------------------	----------------------------

	(but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t)	
	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
(xiii) Rate of Interest(Lock-In) Schedule:	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Lock-In)(t)
	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
(xiv) Underlying Rate1(t):		[Underlying ISDA Rate1(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate1(t)]
(a) Underlying ISDA Rate1(t):		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate1(t) provisions which follow]</i>
– Floating Rate Option:		[•]
– Designated Maturity:		[•]
– Underlying Rate Reset Date(t):		[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/ <i>[specify other]</i>
(b) Underlying Screen Rate1(t):		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate1(t) provisions which follow]</i>
– Underlying Reference Rate:		[•]
– Underlying Rate Determination Date(t):		[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/ <i>[specify other]</i>
– Relevant Screen Page(Underlying):		[•]
(c) Number of Fixing Days:		[•]
(d) Fixing Day City:		[•]
(xv) Underlying Rate2(t):		[Underlying ISDA Rate2(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate2(t)]
(a) Underlying ISDA Rate2(t):		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate2(t) provisions which follow]</i>
– Floating Rate Option:		[•]
– Designated Maturity:		[•]
– Underlying Rate Reset Date(t):		[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/ <i>[specify other]</i>

- (b) Underlying Screen Rate²(t): [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate²(t) provisions which follow]
- Underlying Reference Rate: [•]
 - Underlying Rate Determination Date(t): [Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/*[specify other]*
 - Relevant Screen Page(Underlying): [•]
- (c) Number of Fixing Days: [•]
- (d) Fixing Day City: [•]
- (xvi) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Steepener with Lock-In Interest Notes: [None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable]
(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))

27 Range Accrual(Rates) Interest Note Provisions:

- [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual(Rates) Interest Note Provisions which follow]
- (i) Additional Business Centre(s): [No Additional Business Centres/*specify other*]
 - (ii) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/ Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]
 - (iii) Cap Schedule: [As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Cap(t)
[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]

- (iv) Day Count Fraction: [Actual/Actual
Actual/Actual (ISDA)
Actual/365 (Fixed)]

Actual/365 (Sterling)
 Actual/360
 30/360
 360/360
 Bond Basis
 30E/360
 Eurobond Basis
 30E/360 (ISDA)
 RBA Bond Basis
 Actual/Actual (ICMA)
 1/1]
 [specify other from Condition 3 of the General
 Conditions]

(v) Fixed Rate Period:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 [If not applicable, delete all of the Fixed Rate
 Period provisions which follow]

– Fixed Rate Period Start Date:

[•]

– Fixed Rate Period End Date:

[•]

(vi) Floor Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Floor(t)
--	----------

[•] (specified
Interest
Period(t))

[•]

(vii) Interest Payment Dates:

[•]

(viii) Multiplier1 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier1(t)
--	----------------

[•] (specified
Interest
Period(t))

[•]

(ix) Multiplier2 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier2(t)
--	----------------

- [•] (specified Interest Period(t)) [•]
- (x) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount: [Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]
- (xi) Range Accrual Cap Criterion: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If Applicable][Less]/[Less/Equal]
- (xii) Range Accrual Cap Schedule:
- | Interest Period(t)
(ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t)) | Range Accrual Cap(t) |
|--|----------------------|
| [•] (specified Interest Period(t)) | [•] |
- (xiii) Range Accrual Floor Criterion: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If Applicable] [Excess]/[Excess/Equal]
- (xiv) Range Accrual Floor Schedule:
- | Interest Period(t)
(ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t)) | Range Accrual Floor(t) |
|--|------------------------|
| [•] (specified Interest Period(t)) | [•] |
- (xv) Range Accrual Observation Dates: [Each [calendar day]/[Business Day]/[Common]/[Scheduled Trading Day]/[[Commodity][Bullion] Business Day] in each Range Accrual Observation Period]/[•]
- (xvi) Range Accrual Observation Period: [Each Floating Rate Interest Accrual Period]/[From and [including][excluding] [•] [calendar days]/[Business Days]/[Scheduled Trading Days]/[[Commodity][Bullion] Business Days] prior to each Interest Payment Date to and [including][excluding] [•] [calendar days]/[Business Days]/[Scheduled Trading Days]/[[Commodity][Bullion] Business Days] prior to the following Interest Payment Date]
- (xvii) Range Accrual Reference Rate(t): [Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate(t)]/[Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate(t)]
- (a) Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate(t): [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual

		<i>Reference ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow]</i>				
– Floating Rate Option:	[•]					
– Designated Maturity:	[•]					
– Range Accrual Reference Rate Reset Date(t):	[Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[•] (<i>Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR)</i>]					
(b) Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]					
	[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]					
– Range Accrual Calculation Reference Rate:	[•]					
– Range Accrual Reference Rate Determination Date(t):	[Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[•] (<i>Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR)</i>]					
– Relevant Screen Page (Range Accrual Reference):	[•]					
– Range Accrual Reference Currency:	[•]					
(c) Number of Range Reference Accrual Fixing Days:	[•]					
(d) Range Accrual Reference Fixing Day City:	[•]					
(xviii) Rate of Interest(Fixed) Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]	
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)					
[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]					
(xix) Underlying Margin1 Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Underlying Margin1(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin1(t)	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]	
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin1(t)					
[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]					

	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin2(t)
(xx) Underlying Margin2 Schedule:	[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]
(xxi) Underlying Rate(t):	[Underlying ISDA Rate(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate(t)]	
(a) Underlying ISDA Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow]</i>	
– Floating Rate Option:	[•]	
– Designated Maturity:	[•]	
– Underlying Rate Reset Date(t):	[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/ <i>[specify other]</i>	
(b) Underlying Screen Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]</i>	
– Underlying Reference Rate:	[•]	
– Underlying Rate Determination Date(t):	[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/ <i>[specify other]</i>	
– Relevant Screen Page (Underlying):	[•]	
(c) Number of Fixing Days:	[•]	
(d) Fixing Day City:	[•]	
(xxii) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Range Accrual(Rates) Interest Notes:	[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] <i>(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))</i>	
28 Range Accrual(Spread) Interest Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual(Spread) Interest Note Provisions which follow]</i>	
(i) Additional Business Centre(s):	[No Additional Business Centres/specify other]	
(ii) Business Day Convention:	[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/ Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day	

Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day
 Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day
 Convention (Unadjusted)]

(iii) Cap Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Cap(t)
--	--------

[•] *(specified
Interest
Period(t))*

[•]

(iv) Day Count Fraction:

[Actual/Actual
 Actual/Actual (ISDA)
 Actual/365 (Fixed)
 Actual/365 (Sterling)
 Actual/360
 30/360
 360/360
 Bond Basis
 30E/360
 Eurobond Basis
 30E/360 (ISDA)
 RBA Bond Basis
 Actual/Actual (ICMA)
 1/1]

*[specify other from Condition 3 of the General
 Conditions]*

(v) Fixed Rate Period:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

*[If not applicable, delete all of Fixed Rate Period
 provisions which follow]*

– Fixed Rate Period Start Date:

[•]

– Fixed Rate Period End Date:

[•]

(vi) Floor Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Floor(t)
--	----------

[•] *(specified
Interest
Period(t))*

[•]

(vii) Interest Payment Dates:

[•]

(viii) Multiplier1 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier1(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(ix) Multiplier2 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier2(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(x) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:

[Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]

(xi) Range Accrual Cap Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Range Accrual Cap(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(xii) Range Accrual Cap Criterion:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If applicable][Less]/[Less/Equal]

(xiii) Range Accrual Floor Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Range Accrual Floor(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(xiv) Range Accrual Floor Criterion:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If Applicable] [Excess]/[Excess/Equal]

(xv) Range Accrual Observation Dates:

[Each [calendar day]/[Business Day]/[Common][Scheduled Trading Day]/[[Commodity][Bullion] Business Day] in each Range Accrual Observation Period]/[•]

(xvi) Range Accrual Observation Period:

[Each Floating Rate Interest Accrual Period]/[From and [including][excluding] [•] [calendar days]/[Business Days]/[Scheduled Trading Days]/[[Commodity][Bullion] Business Days] prior to each Interest Payment Date to and [including][excluding] [•] [calendar days]/[Business Days]/[Scheduled Trading

		Days)/[[Commodity]][Bullion] Business Days] prior to the following Interest Payment Date]
(xvii)	Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t):	[Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate1(t)]/[Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate1(t)]
	(a) Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate1(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate1(t) provisions which follow]
	– Floating Rate Option:	[•]
	– Designated Maturity:	[•]
	– Range Accrual Reference Rate Reset Date(t):	[Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[•] (Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR)]
	(b) Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate1(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate1(t) provisions which follow]
	– Range Accrual Calculation Reference Rate:	[•]
	– Range Accrual Reference Rate Determination Date(t):	[Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[•] (Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR)]
	– Relevant Screen Page (Range Accrual Reference):	[•]
	– Range Accrual Reference Currency:	[•]
	(c) Number of Range Accrual Reference Fixing Days:	[•]
	(d) Range Accrual Reference Fixing Day City:	[•]
(xviii)	Range Accrual Reference Rate2(t):	[Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate2(t)]/[Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate2(t)]

- (a) Range Accrual Reference ISDA [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 Rate2(t): [If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate2(t) provisions which follow]
- Floating Rate Option: [•]
 - Designated Maturity: [•]
 - Range Accrual Reference Rate Reset Date(t): [Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[•] (Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR)]
- (b) Range Accrual Reference Screen [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 Rate2(t): [If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate2(t) provisions which follow]
- Range Accrual Calculation Reference Rate: [•]
 - Range Accrual Reference Rate Determination Date(t): [Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[•] (Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR)]
 - Relevant Screen Page (Range Accrual Reference): [•]
 - Range Accrual Reference Currency: [•]
- (c) Number of Range Accrual Reference Fixing Days: [•]
- (d) Range Accrual Reference Fixing Day City: [•]

(xix) Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t) Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)
[•] (specified)	[•]

	<i>Interest Period(t)</i>				
(xx) Underlying Rate(t):	[Underlying ISDA Rate(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate(t)]				
(a) Underlying ISDA Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow]</i>				
– Floating Rate Option:	[•]				
– Designated Maturity:	[•]				
– Underlying Rate Reset Dates:	[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/ <i>[specify other]</i>				
(b) Underlying Screen Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]</i>				
– Underlying Reference Rate:	[•]				
– Underlying Rate Determination Date(t):	[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/ <i>[specify other]</i>				
– Relevant Screen Page (Underlying):	[•]				
(c) Number of Fixing Days:	[•]				
(d) Fixing Day City:	[•]				
(xxi) Underlying Margin1 Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Underlying Margin1(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>[•] (specified Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td style="text-align: center;">[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin1(t)	<i>[•] (specified Interest Period(t))</i>	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin1(t)				
<i>[•] (specified Interest Period(t))</i>	[•]				
(xxii) Underlying Margin2 Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Underlying Margin2(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>[•] (specified Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td style="text-align: center;">[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin2(t)	<i>[•] (specified Interest Period(t))</i>	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin2(t)				
<i>[•] (specified Interest Period(t))</i>	[•]				
(xxiii) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Range Accrual(Spread) Interest Notes:	[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] <i>(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))</i>				
29 Inverse Range Accrual Interest Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Inverse Range</i>				

Accrual Interest Note provisions which follow]

(i) Additional Business Centre(s):

[No Additional Business Centres/*specify other*]

(ii) Business Day Convention:

[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]

(iii) Cap Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Cap(t)
---	--------

[•] (*specified
Interest
Period(t)*)

[•]

(iv) Day Count Fraction:

[Actual/Actual
Actual/Actual (ISDA)
Actual/365 (Fixed)
Actual/365 (Sterling)
Actual/360
30/360
360/360
Bond Basis
30E/360
Eurobond Basis
30E/360 (ISDA)
RBA Bond Basis
Actual/Actual (ICMA)
1/1]

[*specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions*]

(v) Fixed Rate Period:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[*If not applicable, delete all of the Fixed Rate Period provisions which follow*]

– Fixed Rate Period Start Date:

[•]

– Fixed Rate Period End Date:

[•]

(vi) Floor Schedule:

[•]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on	Floor(t)
----------------------------------	----------

	(but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	
	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
(vii) Interest Payment Dates:		[•]
(viii) Multiplier1 Schedule:	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier1(t)
	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
(ix) Multiplier2 Schedule:	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier2(t)
	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
(x) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:		[Calculation Agent/Agent/ <i>if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address</i>]
(xi) Range Accrual Cap Criterion:		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [<i>If applicable</i>][Less]/[Less/Equal]
(xii) Range Accrual Cap Schedule:	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Range Accrual Cap(t)
	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
(xiii) Range Accrual Floor Criterion:		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [<i>If Applicable</i>] [Excess]/[Excess/Equal]
(xiv) Range Accrual Floor Schedule:	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Range Accrual Floor(t)
	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
(xv) Range Accrual Observation Dates:		[Each [calendar day]/[Business Day]/[Common][Scheduled Trading Day]/[[Commodity][Bullion] Business Day] in each Range Accrual Observation Period]/[•]
(xvi) Range Accrual Observation Period:		[Each Floating Rate Interest Accrual Period]/[From and [including][excluding] [•]

		[calendar days]/[Business Days]/[Scheduled Trading Days]/[[Commodity][Bullion] Business Days] prior to each Interest Payment Date to and [including][excluding] [●] [calendar days]/[Business Days]/[Scheduled Trading Days]/[[Commodity][Bullion] Business Days] prior to the following Interest Payment Date]				
(xvii)	Range Accrual Reference Rate(t):	[Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate(t)]/[Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate(t)]				
	(a) Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow]</i>				
	– Floating Rate Option:	[●]				
	– Designated Maturity:	[●]				
	– Range Accrual Reference Rate Reset Date(t):	[Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[●] (<i>Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR)</i>]				
	(b) Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]</i>				
	– Range Accrual Calculation Reference Rate:	[●]				
	– Range Accrual Reference Rate Determination Date(t):	[Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[●] (<i>Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR)</i>]				
	– Relevant Screen Page (Range Accrual Reference):	[●]				
	– Range Accrual Reference Currency:	[●]				
	(c) Number of Range Accrual Reference Fixing Days:	[●]				
	(d) Range Accrual Reference Fixing Day City:	[●]				
(xviii)	Rate of Interest(Fixed) Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t)</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="height: 20px;"> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)		
Interest Period(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)					

	(ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	[•]
	[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]
(xix) Underlying Margin1 Schedule:	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin1(t)
	[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]
(xx) Underlying Margin2 Schedule:	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin2(t)
	[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]
(xxi) Underlying Rate(t):	[Underlying ISDA Rate(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate(t)]	
(a) Underlying ISDA Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow]	
– Floating Rate Option:	[•]	
– Designated Maturity:	[•]	
– Underlying Rate Reset Date(t):	[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/ [specify other]	
(b) Underlying Screen Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]	
– Underlying Reference Rate:	[•]	
– Underlying Rate Determination Date(t):	[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/ [specify other]	
– Relevant Screen Page (Underlying):	[•]	
(c) Number of Fixing Days:	[•]	
(d) Fixing Day City:	[•]	
(xxii) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Inverse Range Accrual Interest Notes:	[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] (Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in	

30 **KO Range Accrual Interest Note Provisions:**

these Final Terms)

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the KO Range Accrual Interest Note provisions which follow]

(i) Additional Business Centre(s):

[No Additional Business Centres/specify other]

(ii) Business Day Convention:

[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]

(iii) Cap Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Cap(t)
---	--------

[•] *(specified Interest Period(t))*

[•]

(iv) Day Count Fraction:

[Actual/Actual
Actual/Actual (ISDA)
Actual/365 (Fixed)
Actual/365 (Sterling)
Actual/360
30/360
360/360
Bond Basis
30E/360
Eurobond Basis
30E/360 (ISDA)
RBA Bond Basis
Actual/Actual (ICMA)
1/1]
[specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]

(v) Fixed Rate Period:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the Fixed Rate Period provisions which follow]

– Fixed Rate Period Start Date:

[•]

– Fixed Rate Period End Date:

[•]

(vi) Floor Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Floor(t)
---	----------

[•] (specified Interest Period(t))

[•]

(vii) Interest Payment Dates:

[•]

(viii) Multiplier1 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier1(t)
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[•] (specified Interest Period(t))

[•]

(ix) Multiplier2 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier2(t)
---	----------------

[•] (specified Interest Period(t))

[•]

(x) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:

[Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]

(xi) Range Accrual Cap Criterion:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If applicable][Less]/[Less/Equal]

(xii) Range Accrual Cap Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Range Accrual Cap(t)
---	----------------------

[•] (specified Interest Period(t))

[•]

(xiii) Range Accrual Floor Criterion:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If Applicable] [Excess]/[Excess/Equal]

(xiv) Range Accrual Floor Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Range Accrual Floor(t)
---	------------------------

[•] (specified Interest Period(t))

[•]

(xv) Range Accrual Observation Dates:	[[●] [calendar days]/[Business Days]/[Scheduled Trading Days]/[[Commodity][Bullion] Business Days] prior to the last day in each Range Accrual Observation Period] /[Not Applicable]
(xvi) Range Accrual Observation Period:	[Each Floating Rate Interest Accrual Period]/[From and [including][excluding] [●] [calendar days]/[Business Days]/[Scheduled Trading Days]/[[Commodity][Bullion] Business Days] prior to each Interest Payment Date to and [including][excluding] [●] [calendar days]/[Business Days]/[Scheduled Trading Days]/[[Commodity][Bullion] Business Days] prior to the following Interest Payment Date]
(xvii) Range Accrual Reference Rate(t):	[Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate(t)]/[Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate(t)]
(a) Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow]</i>
– Floating Rate Option:	[●]
– Designated Maturity:	[●]
– Range Accrual Reference Rate Reset Date(t):	[Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[●] (<i>Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR</i>)]
(b) Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]</i>
– Range Accrual Calculation Reference Rate:	[●]
– Range Accrual Reference Rate Determination Date(t):	[Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[●] (<i>Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR</i>)]
– Relevant Screen Page (Range Accrual	[●]

	Reference):					
	– Range Accrual Reference Currency:	[•]				
(c)	Number of Range Accrual Reference Fixing Days:	[•]				
(d)	Range Accrual Reference Fixing Day City:	[•]				
(xviii)	Rate of Interest(Fixed) Schedule:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th>Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[•] (specified Interest Period(t))</td> <td>[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)					
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]					
(xix)	Underlying Margin1 Schedule:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th>Underlying Margin1(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[•] (specified Interest Period(t))</td> <td>[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin1(t)	[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin1(t)					
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]					
(xx)	Underlying Margin2 Schedule:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th>Underlying Margin2(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[•] (specified Interest Period(t))</td> <td>[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin2(t)	[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin2(t)					
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]					
(xxi)	Underlying Rate(t):	[Underlying ISDA Rate(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate(t)]				
(a)	Underlying ISDA Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow]				
	– Floating Rate Option:	[•]				
	– Designated Maturity:	[•]				
	– Underlying Rate Reset Date(t):	[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/ [specify other]				
(b)	Underlying Screen Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]				
	– Underlying Reference Rate:	[•]				
	– Underlying Rate Determination Date(t):	[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/ [specify other]				
	– Relevant Screen Page (Underlying):	[•]				
(c)	Number of Fixing Days:	[•]				

- (d) Fixing Day City: [•]
- (xxii) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on KO Range Accrual Interest Notes: [None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable]
(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))
- 31 Dual Range Accrual Interest Note Provisions:** [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Dual Range Accrual Interest Note provisions which follow]
- (i) Additional Business Centre(s): [No Additional Business Centres/specify other]
- (ii) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]
- (iii) Cap Schedule: [As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]
- | Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t)) | Cap(t) |
|---|--------|
| [•] <i>(specified Interest Period(t))</i> | [•] |
- (iv) Day Count Fraction: [Actual/Actual
 Actual/Actual (ISDA)
 Actual/365 (Fixed)
 Actual/365 (Sterling)
 Actual/360
 30/360
 360/360
 Bond Basis
 30E/360
 Eurobond Basis
 30E/360 (ISDA)
 RBA Bond Basis
 Actual/Actual (ICMA)
 1/1]

[specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]

(v) Fixed Rate Period:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the Fixed Rate Period provisions which follow]

– Fixed Rate Period Start Date:

[•]

– Fixed Rate Period End Date:

[•]

(vi) Floor Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Floor(t)
--	----------

[•] (specified Interest Period(t))

[•]

(vii) Interest Payment Dates:

[•]

(viii) Multiplier1 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier1(t)
--	----------------

[•] (specified Interest Period(t))

[•]

(ix) Multiplier2 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier2(t)
--	----------------

[•] (specified Interest Period(t))

[•]

(x) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:

[Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]

(xi) Range Accrual Cap1 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Range Accrual Cap1(t)
--	-----------------------

[•] (specified Interest Period(t))

[•]

(xii) Range Accrual Cap2 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Range Accrual Cap2(t)
--	-----------------------

	Date(t)				
(xiii) Range Accrual Cap Criterion1:	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>) [•] [Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If applicable][Less]/[Less/Equal]				
(xiv) Range Accrual Cap Criterion2:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If applicable][Less]/[Less/Equal]				
(xv) Range Accrual Floor1 Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; background-color: #cccccc;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Range Accrual Floor1(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)</td> <td>[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Range Accrual Floor1(t)	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Range Accrual Floor1(t)				
[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]				
(xvi) Range Accrual Floor2 Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; background-color: #cccccc;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Range Accrual Floor2(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)</td> <td>[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Range Accrual Floor2(t)	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Range Accrual Floor2(t)				
[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]				
(xvii) Range Accrual Floor Criterion1:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If Applicable] [Excess]/[Excess/Equal]				
(xviii) Range Accrual Floor Criterion2:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If Applicable] [Excess]/[Excess/Equal]				
(xix) Range Accrual Observation Dates:	[[•] [calendar days]/[Business Days]/[Scheduled Trading Days]/[[Commodity][Bullion] Business Days] prior to the last day in each Range Accrual Observation Period] / [Not Applicable]				
(xx) Range Accrual Reference Factor1(t):	[Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t)] [Range Accrual Reference Spread1(t)]				
(xxi) Range Accrual Observation Period:	[Each Floating Rate Interest Accrual Period]/[From and [including][excluding] [•] [calendar days]/[Business Days]/[Scheduled Trading Days]/[[Commodity][Bullion] Business Days] prior to each Interest Payment Date to and [including][excluding] [•] [calendar days]/[Business Days]/[Scheduled Trading Days]/[[Commodity][Bullion] Business Days] prior to the following Interest Payment Date]				
(xxii) Range Accrual Reference RateA(t):	[Range Accrual Reference ISDA RateA(t)]/[Range Accrual Reference Screen RateA(t)]				

(a)	Range Accrual Reference ISDA RateA(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference ISDA RateA(t) provisions which follow]</i>
	– Floating Rate Option:	[•]
	– Designated Maturity:	[•]
	– Range Accrual Reference Rate Reset Date(t):	[Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[•] (<i>Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR</i>)]
(b)	Range Accrual Reference Screen RateA(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference Screen RateA(t) provisions which follow]</i>
	– Range Accrual Calculation Reference Rate:	[•]
	– Range Accrual Reference Rate Determination Date(t):	[Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[•] (<i>Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR</i>)]
	– Relevant Screen Page (Range Accrual Reference):	[•]
	– Range Accrual Reference Currency:	[•]
(c)	Number of Range Accrual Reference Fixing Days:	[•]
(d)	Range Accrual Reference Fixing Day City:	[•]
(xxiii)	Range Accrual Reference RateB(t):	[Range Accrual Reference ISDA RateB(t)]/[Range Accrual Reference Screen RateB(t)]

- (a) Range Accrual Reference ISDA [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
RateB(t): [If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference ISDA RateB(t) provisions which follow]
- Floating Rate Option: [●]
 - Designated Maturity: [●]
 - Range Accrual Reference Rate Reset Date(t): [Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[●] (Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR)]
- (b) Range Accrual Reference Screen [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
RateB(t): [If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference Screen RateB(t) provisions which follow]
- Range Accrual Calculation Reference Rate: [●]
 - Range Accrual Reference Rate Determination Date(t): [Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[●] (Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR)]
 - Relevant Screen Page (Range Accrual Reference): [●]
 - Range Accrual Reference Currency: [●]
- (c) Number of Range Accrual Reference Fixing Days: [●]
- (d) Range Accrual Reference Fixing Day City: [●]
- (xxiv) Range Accrual Reference RateC(t): [Range Accrual Reference ISDA RateC(t)]/[Range Accrual Reference Screen RateC(t)]
- (a) Range Accrual Reference ISDA [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
RateC(t): [If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference ISDA RateC(t) provisions which follow]
- Floating Rate Option: [●]

- Designated Maturity: [●]
 - Range Accrual Reference Rate Reset Date(t): [Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [●] (*Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR*)]
- (b) Range Accrual Reference Screen RateC(t): [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference Screen RateC(t) provisions which follow]
- Range Accrual Calculation Reference Rate: [●]
 - Range Accrual Reference Rate Determination Date(t): [Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [●] (*Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR*)]
 - Relevant Screen Page (Range Accrual Reference): [●]
 - Range Accrual Reference Currency: [●]
- (c) Number of Range Accrual Reference Fixing Days: [●]
- (d) Range Accrual Reference Fixing Day City: [●]
- (xxv) Range Accrual Reference RateD(t): [Range Accrual Reference ISDA RateD(t)]/[Range Accrual Reference Screen RateD(t)]
- (a) Range Accrual Reference ISDA RateD(t): [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference ISDA RateD(t) provisions which follow]
- Floating Rate Option: [●]
 - Designated Maturity: [●]
 - Range Accrual Reference Rate [Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [●] (*Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual*

	Reset Date(t):			<i>Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR]</i>
(b)	Range Accrual Reference Screen RateD(t):			[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference Screen RateD(t) provisions which follow]</i>
	– Range Accrual Calculation Reference Rate:			[•]
	– Range Accrual Reference Rate Determination Date(t):			[Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[•] (<i>Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR)</i>]
	– Relevant Screen Page (Range Accrual Reference):			[•]
	– Range Accrual Reference Currency:			[•]
(c)	Number of Range Accrual Reference Fixing Days:			[•]
(d)	Range Accrual Reference Fixing Day City:			[•]
(xxvi)	Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t):			[Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate1(t)]/[Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate1(t)]
(a)	Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate1(t):			[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate1(t) provisions which follow]</i>
	– Floating Rate Option:			[•]
	– Designated Maturity:			[•]
	– Range Accrual Reference Rate Reset Date(t):			[Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[•] (<i>Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business</i>

				<i>day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR)]</i>
(b)	Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate1(t):			[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate1(t) provisions which follow]</i>
	– Range Accrual Calculation Reference Rate:			[•]
	– Range Accrual Reference Rate Determination Date(t):			[Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[•] (<i>Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR)</i>]
	– Relevant Screen Page (Range Accrual Reference):			[•]
	– Range Accrual Reference Currency:			[•]
(c)	Number of Range Accrual Reference Fixing Days:			[•]
(d)	Range Accrual Reference Fixing Day City:			[•]
(xxvii)	Range Accrual Reference Rate2(t):			[Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate2(t)]/[Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate2(t)]
(a)	Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate2(t):			[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate2(t) provisions which follow]</i>
	– Floating Rate Option:			[•]
	– Designated Maturity:			[•]
	– Range Accrual Reference Rate Reset Date(t):			[Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[•] (<i>Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR)</i>]
(b)	Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate2(t):			[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate2(t) provisions which</i>

		<i>follow]</i>				
	– Range Accrual Calculation Reference Rate:	[●]				
	– Range Accrual Reference Rate Determination Date(t):	[Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[●] (<i>Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR)</i>]				
	– Relevant Screen Page (Range Accrual Reference):	[●]				
	– Range Accrual Reference Currency:	[●]				
	(c) Number of Range Accrual Reference Fixing Days:	[●]				
	(d) Range Accrual Reference Fixing Day City:	[●]				
(xxviii)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t) Schedule:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th>Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[●] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)</td> <td>[●]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	[●] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[●]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)					
[●] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[●]					
(xxix)	Rate of Interest(Range Accrual):	[●]				
(xxx)	Underlying Margin Schedule 1:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th>Underlying Margin1(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[●] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)</td> <td>[●]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin1(t)	[●] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[●]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin1(t)					
[●] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[●]					
(xxxi)	Underlying Margin Schedule 2:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th>Underlying Margin2(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[●] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)</td> <td>[●]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin2(t)	[●] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[●]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin2(t)					
[●] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[●]					
(xxxii)	Underlying Rate(t):	[Underlying ISDA Rate(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate(t)]				

- (a) Underlying ISDA Rate(t): [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow]
- Floating Rate Option: [•]
 - Designated Maturity: [•]
 - Underlying Rate Reset Date(t): [Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/ *[specify other]*
- (b) Underlying Screen Rate(t): [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]
- Underlying Reference Rate: [•]
 - Underlying Rate Determination Date(t): [Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/ *[specify other]*
 - Relevant Screen Page (Underlying): [•]
- (c) Number of Fixing Days: [•]
- (d) Fixing Day City: [•]
- (xxxiii) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Dual Range Accrual Interest Notes: [None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable]
(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))

32 Snowball Interest Note Provisions:

- [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Snowball Interest Note Provisions which follow]
- (i) Additional Business Centre(s): [No Additional Business Centres/specify other]
- (ii) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]
- (iii) Cap Schedule: [As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding)	Cap(t)
--	--------

(iv) Day Count Fraction:

Interest Payment Date(t)	
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]
[Actual/Actual Actual/Actual (ISDA) Actual/365 (Fixed) Actual/365 (Sterling) Actual/360 30/360 360/360 Bond Basis 30E/360 Eurobond Basis 30E/360 (ISDA) RBA Bond Basis Actual/Actual (ICMA) 1/1]	
[specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]	

(v) Fix Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Fix(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(vi) Fixed Rate Period:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 [If not applicable, delete all of Fixed Rate Period provisions which follow]

- Fixed Rate Period Start Date:
- Fixed Rate Period End Date:

[•]
 [•]

(vii) Floor Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Floor(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(viii) Interest Payment Dates:

[•]

(ix) Multiplier1 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier1(t)
<input type="checkbox"/> (specified Interest Period(t))	<input type="checkbox"/>

(x) Multiplier2 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier2(t)
<input type="checkbox"/> (specified Interest Period(t))	<input type="checkbox"/>

(xi) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:

[Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]

(xii) Rate of Interest(Fixed) Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)
<input type="checkbox"/> (specified Interest Period(t))	<input type="checkbox"/>

(xiii) Underlying Rate(t):

[Underlying ISDA Rate(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate(t)]

(a) Underlying ISDA Rate(t):

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow]

– Floating Rate Option:

– Designated Maturity:

– Underlying Rate Reset Date(t):

[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[specify other]

(b) Underlying Screen Rate(t):

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]

– Underlying Reference Rate:

– Underlying Rate Determination Date(t):

[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[specify other]

– Relevant Screen Page (Underlying):

(c) Number of Fixing Days:

(d) Fixing Day City:

(xiv) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Snowball Notes:

[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable]

(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))

33 SnowRanger Interest Note Provisions:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the SnowRanger Interest Note provisions which follow]

(i) Additional Business Centre(s):

[No Additional Business Centres/specify other]

(ii) Business Day Convention:

[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]

(iii) Cap Schedule:

[As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Cap(t)
---	--------

[•] *(specified Interest Period(t))*

[•]

(iv) Day Count Fraction:

[Actual/Actual
Actual/Actual (ISDA)
Actual/365 (Fixed)
Actual/365 (Sterling)
Actual/360
30/360
360/360
Bond Basis
30E/360
Eurobond Basis
30E/360 (ISDA)
RBA Bond Basis
Actual/Actual (ICMA)
1/1]
[specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]

(v) Fixed Rate Period: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 [If not applicable, delete all of Fixed Rate Period provisions which follow]

– Fixed Rate Period Start Date: [•]

– Fixed Rate Period End Date: [•]

(vi) Floor Schedule: [As Specified Below]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Floor(t)
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[•] (specified Interest Period(t)) [•]

(vii) Interest Payment Dates: [•]

(viii) Multiplier1 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier1(t)
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[•] (specified Interest Period(t)) [•]

(ix) Multiplier2 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier2(t)
---	----------------

[•] (specified Interest Period(t)) [•]

(x) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount: [Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]

(xi) Range Accrual Cap Criterion: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If applicable][Less]/[Less/Equal]

(xii) Range Accrual Cap Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Range Accrual Cap(t)
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[•] (specified [•])

	<i>Interest Period(t)</i>				
(xiii) Range Accrual Floor Criterion:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If Applicable] [Excess]/[Excess/Equal]				
(xiv) Range Accrual Floor Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Range Accrual Floor(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Range Accrual Floor(t)	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Range Accrual Floor(t)				
[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]				
(xv) Range Accrual Observation Dates:	[Each [calendar day]/[Business Day]/[Common]/[Scheduled Trading Day]/[[Commodity][Bullion] Business Day] in each Range Accrual Observation Period]/[•]				
(xvi) Range Accrual Observation Period:	[Each Floating Rate Interest Accrual Period]/[From and [including][excluding] [•] [calendar days]/[Business Days]/[Scheduled Trading Days]/[[Commodity][Bullion] Business Days] prior to each Interest Payment Date to and [including][excluding] [•] [calendar days]/[Business Days]/[Scheduled Trading Days]/[[Commodity][Bullion] Business Days] prior to the following Interest Payment Date]				
(xvii) Range Accrual Reference Rate(t):	[Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate(t)]/[Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate(t)]				
(a) Range Accrual Reference ISDA Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow]				
– Floating Rate Option:	[•]				
– Designated Maturity:	[•]				
– Range Accrual Reference Rate Reset Date(t):	[Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[•] (<i>Second London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR)</i>]				
(b) Range Accrual Reference Screen Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]				
– Range Accrual Reference Rate:	[•]				
– Range Accrual Reference Rate	[Range Accrual Observation Date]/ [[•] (<i>Second</i>				

Determination Date(t):	<i>London business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if LIBOR (other than euro LIBOR or Sterling LIBOR), the second day on which the TARGET System is open prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if EURIBOR or euro LIBOR, and the second Stockholm business day prior to the Range Accrual Observation Date if STIBOR]</i>						
– Relevant Screen Page (Underlying):	[•]						
– Range Accrual Reference Currency:	[•]						
(c) Number of Range Accrual Reference Fixing Days:	[•]						
(d) Range Accrual Reference Fixing Day City:	[•]						
(xviii) Rate of Interest(Fixed) Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]		
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)						
[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]						
(xix) Underlying Margin Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Underlying Margin(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">[•]</td> </tr> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin(t)	[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]		
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin(t)						
[•] (<i>specified Interest Period(t)</i>)	[•]						
(xx) Underlying Rate(t):	[Underlying ISDA Rate(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate(t)]						
(a) Underlying ISDA Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow]</i>						
– Floating Rate Option:	[•]						
– Designated Maturity:	[•]						
– Underlying Rate Reset Date(t):	[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/(<i>specify other</i>)						
(b) Underlying Screen Rate(t):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying</i>						

	<i>Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]</i>
– Underlying Reference Rate:	[●]
– Underlying Rate Determination Date(t):	[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/ [<i>specify other</i>]
– Relevant Screen Page (Underlying):	[●]
(c) Number of Fixing Days:	[●]
(d) Fixing Day City:	[●]
(xxi) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on SnowRanger Interest Notes:	[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] <i>(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))</i>
34 Barrier(Rates) Interest Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Barrier(Rates) Interest Note Provisions which follow]</i>
(i) Additional Business Centre(s):	[No Additional Business Centres/ <i>specify other</i>]
(ii) Business Day Convention:	[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]
(iii) Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/Actual Actual/Actual (ISDA) Actual/365 (Fixed) Actual/365 (Sterling) Actual/360 30/360 360/360 Bond Basis 30E/360 Eurobond Basis 30E/360 (ISDA) RBA Bond Basis Actual/Actual (ICMA) 1/1] <i>[specify other from Condition 3 of the General</i>

	<i>Conditions</i>				
(iv) Fixed Rate Period:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete all of the Fixed Rate Period provisions which follow]				
– Fixed Rate Period Start Date:	[•]				
– Fixed Rate Period End Date:	[•]				
(v) Interest Payment Dates:	[•]				
(vi) Lower Barrier Criterion:	[Excess]/[Excess/Equal]				
(vii) Lower Barrier Schedule:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th>Lower Barrier(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[•] (specified Interest Period(t))</td> <td>[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Lower Barrier(t)	[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Lower Barrier(t)				
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]				
(viii) Multiplier(Barrier) Schedule:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th>Multiplier(Barrier)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[•] (specified Interest Period(t))</td> <td>[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier(Barrier)(t)	[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier(Barrier)(t)				
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]				
(ix) Multiplier(Lower Barrier) Schedule:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th>Multiplier(Lower Barrier)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[•] (specified Interest Period(t))</td> <td>[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier(Lower Barrier)(t)	[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier(Lower Barrier)(t)				
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]				
(x) Multiplier(Upper Barrier) Schedule:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th>Multiplier(Upper Barrier)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[•] (specified Interest Period(t))</td> <td>[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier(Upper Barrier)(t)	[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Multiplier(Upper Barrier)(t)				
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]				
(xi) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:	[Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]				
(xii) Rate of Interest(Fixed) Schedule:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th>Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[•] (specified Interest Period(t))</td> <td>[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)				
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]				

(xiii) Underlying Margin1 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin1(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(xiv) Underlying Margin2 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin2(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(xv) Underlying Margin3 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin3(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(xvi) Underlying Rate(t):

[Underlying ISDA Rate(t)]/[Underlying Screen Rate(t)]

(a) Underlying ISDA Rate(t):

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying ISDA Rate(t) provisions which follow]

– Floating Rate Option:

[•]

– Designated Maturity:

[•]

– Underlying Rate Reset Date(t):

[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[specify other]

(b) Underlying Screen Rate(t):

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the Underlying Screen Rate(t) provisions which follow]

– Underlying Reference Rate:

[•]

– Underlying Rate Determination Date(t):

[Fixing in Advance]/[Fixing in Arrear]/[specify other]

– Relevant Screen Page (Underlying):

[•]

(c) Number of Fixing Days:

[•]

(d) Fixing Day City:

[•]

(xvii) Upper Barrier Criterion:

[Less]/[Less/Equal]

(xviii) Upper Barrier Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Upper Barrier(t)
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[•] (*specified
Interest
Period(t)*)

[•]

(xix) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Barrier(Rates) Interest Notes:

[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable]
(*Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms)*)

35 Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest Note Provisions:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(*If not applicable, delete all of the Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest Note Provisions which follow*)

(i) Additional Business Centre(s):

[No Additional Business Centres/(*specify other*)]

(ii) Business Day Convention:

[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]

(iii) Cap Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Cap(t)
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[•] (*specified
Interest
Period(t)*)

[•]

(iv) Day Count Fraction:

[Actual/Actual
Actual/Actual (ISDA)
Actual/365 (Fixed)
Actual/365 (Sterling)
Actual/360
30/360
360/360
Bond Basis]

30E/360
Eurobond Basis
30E/360 (ISDA)
RBA Bond Basis
Actual/Actual (ICMA)
1/1]
[specify other from Condition 3 of the General
Conditions]

(v) Fixed Rate Period:

[Applicable]/[
Not
Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the Fixed Rate
Period provisions which follow]

– Fixed Rate Period Start Date:

[•]

– Fixed Rate Period End Date:

[•]

(vi) Floor Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Floor(t)
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[•] (specified
Interest
Period(t))

[•]

(vii) Initial Reference Month:

[•]

(viii) Interest Payment Dates:

[•]

(ix) Participation:

[•]

(x) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of
Interest and Interest(s) Amount:

[Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the
calculation is different from the Calculation
Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]

(xi) Rate of Interest(Fixed) Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)
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[•] (specified
Interest
Period(t))

[•]

(xii) Reference Month Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Reference Month(t)
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[•] (specified
Interest
Period(t))

[•]

(xiii) Underlying Margin1 Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding)	Underlying Margin1(t)
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(xiv) Underlying Margin2 Schedule:

Interest Payment Date(t)

[•] (specified Interest Period(t)) [•]

(xv) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest Notes:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Underlying Margin2(t)
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[•] (specified Interest Period(t)) [•]

[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] (Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))]

36 Reference Item(Inflation) Indexed Interest Note Provisions:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete all of the Reference Item(Inflation) Indexed Interest Note Provisions which follow]

(i) Additional Business Centre(s):

[No Additional Business Centres/(specify other)]

(ii) Business Day Convention:

[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]

(iii) Cap Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Cap(t)
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[•] (specified Interest Period(t)) [•]

(iv) Day Count Fraction:

[Actual/Actual Actual/Actual (ISDA) Actual/365 (Fixed) Actual/365 (Sterling)]

Actual/360
 30/360
 360/360
 Bond Basis
 30E/360
 Eurobond Basis
 30E/360 (ISDA)
 RBA Bond Basis
 Actual/Actual (ICMA)
 1/1]
 [specify other from Condition 3 of the General
 Conditions]

(v) Fixed Rate Period: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 [If not applicable, delete all of the Fixed Rate
 Period provisions which follow]

- Fixed Rate Period Start Date: [•]
- Fixed Rate Period End Date: [•]

(vi) Floor Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Floor(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(vii) Initial Reference Month: [•]

(viii) Interest Payment Dates: [•]

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(ix) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount: [Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]

(x) Rate of Interest(Fixed) Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(xi) Reference Month Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Reference Month(t)
[•] (specified Interest Period(t))	[•]

(xii) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest Notes:

[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable]
(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))

37 Step-Up Barrier Interest Note Provisions:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete all of the Step-Up Barrier Interest Note Provisions which follow]

(i) Additional Business Centre(s):

[No Additional Business Centres/(specify other)]

(ii) Asian-in:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]

– Asian-in Averaging Dates:

[specify]

(iii) Basket Level Determination:

[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

(iv) Business Day Convention:

[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]

(v) Coupon Barrier Criterion:

[Excess]/[Excess/Equal]

(vi) Coupon Barrier Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Coupon Barrier(t)
t=[•]	[•][per cent.][of the][Initial Index Level][of the Strike Level][Initial Index Level(k)][Strike Level(k)][Basket Initial Level][Basket Strike Level]

(vii) Coupon Observation Date Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Coupon Observation Date(t)
t=[•]	[•]

(viii) Day Count Fraction:

[Actual/Actual
 Actual/Actual (ISDA)
 Actual/365 (Fixed)
 Actual/365 (Sterling)
 Actual/360
 30/360]

	360/360
	Bond Basis
	30E/360
	Eurobond Basis
	RBA Bond Basis
	30E/360 (ISDA)
	Actual/Actual (ICMA)
	1/1]
	<i>[specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]</i>
(ix) Interest Payment Dates:	[•]
(x) Lookback-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]</i>
– Lookback-in Floor Percentage:	[•] per cent.
– Lookback-in Observation Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>
(xi) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:	<i>[Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]</i>
(xii) Specified Time	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(xiii) Rate of Interest(1):	[•] per cent. [per annum] [payable annually/quarterly/monthly/other (<i>specify</i>)] in arrear]
(xiv) Step-Up:	[•] per cent.
(xv) Strike Date	[•]
(xvi) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Step-Up Barrier Notes:	[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] <i>(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))</i>
38 Memory Interest Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Memory Interest Note Provisions which follow]</i>
(i) Additional Business Centre(s):	[No Additional Business Centres/(<i>specify other</i>)]

(ii) Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>				
– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>				
(iii) Basket Level Determination:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
(iv) Business Day Convention:	[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]				
(v) Coupon Barrier Criterion:	[Excess]/[Excess/Equal]				
(vi) Coupon Barrier Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Coupon Barrier(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$t=[\bullet]$</td> <td style="text-align: center;"> $[\bullet][\text{per cent.}][\text{of the}][\text{Initial Index Level}][\text{of the Strike Level}][\text{Initial Index Level}(k)][\text{Strike Level}(k)][\text{Basket Initial Level}][\text{Basket Strike Level}]$ </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Coupon Barrier(t)	$t=[\bullet]$	$[\bullet][\text{per cent.}][\text{of the}][\text{Initial Index Level}][\text{of the Strike Level}][\text{Initial Index Level}(k)][\text{Strike Level}(k)][\text{Basket Initial Level}][\text{Basket Strike Level}]$
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Coupon Barrier(t)				
$t=[\bullet]$	$[\bullet][\text{per cent.}][\text{of the}][\text{Initial Index Level}][\text{of the Strike Level}][\text{Initial Index Level}(k)][\text{Strike Level}(k)][\text{Basket Initial Level}][\text{Basket Strike Level}]$				
(vii) Coupon Observation Date Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Coupon Observation Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$t=[\bullet]$</td> <td style="text-align: center;">[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Coupon Observation Date(t)	$t=[\bullet]$	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Coupon Observation Date(t)				
$t=[\bullet]$	[•]				
(viii) Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/Actual Actual/Actual (ISDA) Actual/365 (Fixed) Actual/365 (Sterling) Actual/360 30/360 360/360 Bond Basis 30E/360 Eurobond Basis RBA Bond Basis 30E/360 (ISDA) Actual/Actual (ICMA) 1/1] <i>[specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]</i>				
(ix) Interest Payment Dates:	[•]				
(x) Lookback-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in]</i>				

	<i>provisions which follow]</i>
– Lookback-in Floor Percentage:	[●] per cent.
– Lookback-in Observation Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>
(xi) Memory:	[●] per cent.
(xii) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:	[Calculation Agent/Agent/ <i>if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address</i>]
(xiii) Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(xiv) Rate of Interest(1):	[●] per cent. [per annum] [payable [annually/quarterly/monthly/other(<i>specify</i>)] in arrears]
(xv) Strike Date:	[●]
(xvi) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Memory Interest Notes:	[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] <i>(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))</i>
39 One Touch Memory Interest:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the One Touch Memory Interest Note Provisions which follow]</i>
(i) Additional Business Centre(s):	[No Additional Business Centres/(<i>specify other</i>)]
(ii) Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>
– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>
(iii) Basket Level Determination:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(iv) Business Day Convention:	[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]
(v) Coupon Barrier Provisions:	
– Coupon Barrier Event:	[Excess][Excess/Equal]

– Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day[s]:	[specify]				
– Initial Day:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
– Final Day:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
– Specified Number (Start)(t) Schedule:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th style="width: 50%; padding: 5px;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="width: 50%; padding: 5px;">Specified Number (Start)(t)</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">$t=[\bullet]$</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">[\bullet]</td> </tr> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Specified Number (Start)(t)	$t=[\bullet]$	[\bullet]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Specified Number (Start)(t)				
$t=[\bullet]$	[\bullet]				
– Specified Number (End)(t) Schedule:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th style="width: 50%; padding: 5px;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="width: 50%; padding: 5px;">Specified Number (End)(t)</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">$t=[\bullet]$</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">[\bullet]/[excluded]</td> </tr> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Specified Number (End)(t)	$t=[\bullet]$	[\bullet]/[excluded]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Specified Number (End)(t)				
$t=[\bullet]$	[\bullet]/[excluded]				
(vi) Day Count Fraction:	<p>[Actual/Actual Actual/Actual (ISDA) Actual/365 (Fixed) Actual/365 (Sterling) Actual/360 30/360 360/360 Bond Basis 30E/360 Eurobond Basis RBA Bond Basis 30E/360 (ISDA) Actual/Actual (ICMA) 1/1] [specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]</p>				
(vii) Interest Payment Dates:	[\bullet]				
(viii) Lookback-in:	<p>[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]</p>				
– Lookback-in Floor Percentage:	[\bullet] per cent.				
– Lookback-in Observation Dates:	[specify]				
(ix) Memory:	[\bullet] per cent.				
(x) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:	[Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]				
(xi) Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				

(xii) Rate of Interest(1):	[●] per cent. [per annum] [payable [annually/quarterly/monthly/other (<i>specify</i>)] in arrear]
(xiii) Strike Date:	[●]
(xiv) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Memory Notes:	[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] <i>(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))</i>
40 Range Accrual(Index) Interest Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Range Accrual(Index) Interest Note Provisions which follow]</i>
(i) Additional Business Centre(s):	[No Additional Business Centres/(<i>specify other</i>)]
(ii) Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>
– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>
(iii) Basket Level Determination:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(iv) Business Day Convention:	[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]
(v) Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/Actual Actual/Actual (ISDA) Actual/365 (Fixed) Actual/365 (Sterling) Actual/360 30/360 360/360 Bond Basis 30E/360 Eurobond Basis RBA Bond Basis 30E/360 (ISDA) Actual/Actual (ICMA) 1/1]

	[specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]
(vi) Interest Payment Dates:	[•]
(vii) Lookback-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]</i>
– Lookback-in Floor Percentage:	[•] per cent.
– Lookback-in Observation Dates:	[specify]
(viii) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:	[Calculation Agent/Agent/ <i>if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address</i>]
(ix) Range Accrual Cap:	[•]
(x) Range Accrual Cap Criterion:	[Less]/[Less/Equal]
(xi) Range Accrual Disruption:	
– Range Accrual Common Scheduled Trading Days:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Range Accrual Individual Disrupted Days:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(xii) Range Accrual Floor:	[•]
(xiii) Range Accrual Floor Criterion:	[Excess]/[Excess/Equal]
(xiv) Range Accrual Observation Period Cut-Off Date:	[[•] [calendar days]/[Business Days]/[Scheduled Trading Days]/[Business Days] prior to the last day in each Range Accrual Observation Period]/[Not Applicable]
(xv) Rate of Interest(Range Accrual):	[•] per cent. per annum [payable [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly/other (specify)] in arrear]
(xvi) Strike Date:	[•]
(xvii) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Range Accrual(Index) Notes:	[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] <i>(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))</i>
41 Barrier(Index) Interest Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Barrier(Index) Interest Note Provisions which follow]</i>
(i) Additional Business Centre(s):	[No Additional Business Centres/(specify other)]

(ii) Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>				
– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>				
(iii) Basket Level Determination:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
(iv) Business Day Convention:	[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]				
(v) Coupon Barrier Criterion:	[Excess]/[Excess/Equal]				
(vi) Coupon Barrier Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Coupon Barrier(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$t=[\bullet]$</td> <td style="text-align: center;"> $[\bullet][\text{per cent.}][\text{of the}][\text{Initial Index Level}][\text{of the Strike Level}][\text{Initial Index Level}(k)][\text{Strike Level}(k)][\text{Basket Initial Level}][\text{Basket Strike Level}]$ </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Coupon Barrier(t)	$t=[\bullet]$	$[\bullet][\text{per cent.}][\text{of the}][\text{Initial Index Level}][\text{of the Strike Level}][\text{Initial Index Level}(k)][\text{Strike Level}(k)][\text{Basket Initial Level}][\text{Basket Strike Level}]$
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Coupon Barrier(t)				
$t=[\bullet]$	$[\bullet][\text{per cent.}][\text{of the}][\text{Initial Index Level}][\text{of the Strike Level}][\text{Initial Index Level}(k)][\text{Strike Level}(k)][\text{Basket Initial Level}][\text{Basket Strike Level}]$				
(vii) Coupon Observation Date Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Coupon Observation Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$t=[\bullet]$</td> <td style="text-align: center;">[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Coupon Observation Date(t)	$t=[\bullet]$	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Coupon Observation Date(t)				
$t=[\bullet]$	[•]				
(viii) Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/Actual Actual/Actual (ISDA) Actual/365 (Fixed) Actual/365 (Sterling) Actual/360 30/360 360/360 Bond Basis 30E/360 Eurobond Basis RBA Bond Basis 30E/360 (ISDA) Actual/Actual (ICMA) 1/1] <i>[specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]</i>				
(ix) Interest Payment Dates:	[•]				
(x) Lookback-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]</i>				

– Lookback-in Floor Percentage:	[●] per cent.
– Lookback-in Observation Dates:	[specify]
(xi) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:	[Calculation Agent/Agent/ <i>if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address</i>]
(xii) Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(xiii) Rate of Interest(1):	[●] per cent. [per annum] [payable [annually/quarterly/monthly/other (<i>specify</i>)] in arrear]
(xiv) Strike Date:	[●]
(xv) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Barrier (Index) Notes:	[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] <i>(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))</i>
42 One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest Note Provisions which follow]</i>
(i) Additional Business Centre(s):	[No Additional Business Centres/(<i>specify other</i>)]
(ii) Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>
– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	[specify]
(iii) Basket Level Determination:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(iv) Business Day Convention:	[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]
(v) Coupon Barrier Provisions:	
– Coupon Barrier Event:	[Excess][Excess/Equal]
– Coupon Barrier Event Determination	[specify]

- Day[s]:
- Initial Day: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 - Final Day: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 - Specified Number (Start)(t) Schedule: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
- | Interest Period(t) (ending on
(but excluding) Interest
Payment Date(t)) | Specified Number
(Start)(t) |
|---|--------------------------------|
| t=[•] | [•] |
- Specified Number (End)(t) Schedule: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
- | Interest Period(t) (ending on
(but excluding) Interest
Payment Date(t)) | Specified Number
(End)(t) |
|---|------------------------------|
| t=[•] | [•] |
- (vi) Day Count Fraction:
- [Actual/Actual
 - Actual/Actual (ISDA)
 - Actual/365 (Fixed)
 - Actual/365 (Sterling)
 - Actual/360
 - 30/360
 - 360/360
 - Bond Basis
 - 30E/360
 - Eurobond Basis
 - RBA Bond Basis
 - 30E/360 (ISDA)
 - 1/1]
 - [specify other from Condition 3 of the General
Conditions]
- (vii) Interest Payment Dates: [•]
- (viii) Lookback-in: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in
provisions which follow]
- Lookback-in Floor Percentage: [•] per cent.
 - Lookback-in Observation Dates: [specify]
- (ix) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount: [Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the
calculation is different from the Calculation Agent
or Agent, specify its name and address]
- (x) Specified Time: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
- Constant Monitoring: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 - Valuation Time Only: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
- (xi) Rate of Interest(1): [•] per cent. [per annum] [payable
[annually/quarterly/monthly/other (specify)] in
arrear]

(xii) Strike Date:	[•]				
(xiii) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on One Touch Barrier (Index) Notes:	[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] <i>(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))</i>				
43 Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Interest Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Interest Note Provisions which follow]</i>				
(i) Additional Business Centre(s):	[No Additional Business Centres/specify other]				
(ii) Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>				
– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>				
(iii) Business Day Convention:	[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]				
(iv) Coupon Observation Date Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Coupon Observation Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$t=[•]$</td> <td style="text-align: center;">[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Coupon Observation Date(t)	$t=[•]$	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Coupon Observation Date(t)				
$t=[•]$	[•]				
(v) Coupon Index Cap:	[•] per cent.				
(vi) Coupon Index Floor:	[•] per cent.				
(vii) Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/Actual Actual/Actual (ISDA) Actual/365 (Fixed) Actual/365 (Sterling) Actual/360 30/360 360/360 Bond Basis 30E/360 Eurobond Basis RBA Bond Basis 30E/360 (ISDA)]				

	1/1]				
	[specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]				
(viii) FIXED BEST:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
– Specified Number:	[specify]				
– Fixed Return:	[●] per cent.				
(ix) ICAP:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
(x) Interest Payment Dates:	[●]				
(xi) Lookback-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]				
– Lookback-in Floor Percentage:	[●] per cent.				
– Lookback-in Observation Dates:	[specify]				
(xii) MAGNET:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
(xiii) Memory Coupon:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
(xiv) Min Reference Rate:	[●] per cent.				
(xv) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:	[Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]				
(xvi) Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
(xvii) Rate of Interest(1):	[●] per cent. [per annum] [payable [annually/quarterly/monthly/other (specify)] in arrear]				
(xviii) Reference Cap Criterion	[Less]/[Less/Equal]				
(xix) Reference Cap Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Reference Cap(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">t=[●]</td> <td style="text-align: center;">[●]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Reference Cap(t)	t=[●]	[●]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Reference Cap(t)				
t=[●]	[●]				
(xx) Reference Rate(Cap) Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Reference Rate(Cap)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">t=[●]</td> <td style="text-align: center;">[●]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Reference Rate(Cap)(t)	t=[●]	[●]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Reference Rate(Cap)(t)				
t=[●]	[●]				
(xxi) Reference Floor Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Reference Floor(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">t=[●]</td> <td style="text-align: center;">[●]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Reference Floor(t)	t=[●]	[●]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Reference Floor(t)				
t=[●]	[●]				
(xxii) Reference Floor Criterion:	[Excess]/[Excess/Equal]				
(xxiii) Reference Rate(Floor) Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Reference Rate(Floor)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">t=[●]</td> <td style="text-align: center;">[●]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Reference Rate(Floor)(t)	t=[●]	[●]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Reference Rate(Floor)(t)				
t=[●]	[●]				
(xxiv) Strike Date:	[●]				

(xxv) Strike Level Percentage:	[●] per cent.				
(xxvi) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Notes:	[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] <i>(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))</i>				
44 Best Of Interest:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Best Of Provisions which follow]</i>				
(i) Additional Business Centre(s):	[No Additional Business Centres/specify other]				
(ii) Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>				
– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>				
(iii) Basket Level Determination:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
(iv) Best Of Coupon Barrier Criterion:	[Excess]/[Excess/Equal]				
(v) Business Day Convention:	[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]				
(vi) Coupon Observation Date Schedule:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="text-align: center;">Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Coupon Observation Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$t=[\bullet]$</td> <td style="text-align: center;">[●]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Coupon Observation Date(t)	$t=[\bullet]$	[●]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Coupon Observation Date(t)				
$t=[\bullet]$	[●]				
(vii) Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/Actual Actual/Actual (ISDA) Actual/365 (Fixed) Actual/365 (Sterling) Actual/360 30/360 360/360 Bond Basis 30E/360 Eurobond Basis RBA Bond Basis 30E/360 (ISDA) 1/1]				

		[specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions]				
(viii) Interest Payment Dates:		[•]				
(ix) Lookback-in:		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]				
– Lookback-in Floor Percentage:		[•] per cent.				
– Lookback-in Observation Dates:		[specify]				
(x) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:		[Calculation Agent/Agent/if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address]				
(xi) Specified Time:		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
– Constant Monitoring:		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
– Valuation Time Only:		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]				
(xii) Rate of Interest(1) Schedule:						
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))</th> <th>Rate of Interest(1)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>t=[•]</td> <td>[•]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(1)(t)	t=[•]	[•]
Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Rate of Interest(1)(t)					
t=[•]	[•]					
(xiii) Strike Date:		[•]				
(xiv) Strike Level Percentage:		[•] per cent.				
(xv) Valuation Date:		[specify]				
(xvi) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Best of Interest Notes:		[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] (Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))				
45 One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete all of the One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest Note Provisions which follow]				
(i) Additional Business Centre(s):		[No Additional Business Centres/(specify other)]				
(ii) Asian-in:		[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]				
– Asian-in Averaging Dates:		[specify]				
(iii) Basket Level Determination:		Not Applicable				
(iv) Business Day Convention:		[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business				

Day Convention (Adjusted)/Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]

(v) Coupon Barrier Provisions:

- Coupon Barrier Event: [Excess][Excess/Equal]
- Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day[s]: [*specify*]
- Initial Day: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
- Final Day: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
- Specified Number (Start)(t) Schedule: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Specified Number (Start)(t)
---	-----------------------------

t=[•] [•]

- Specified Number (End)(t) Schedule: [Applicable][Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Specified Number (End)(t)
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t=[•] [•]

(vi) Coupon Observation Date Schedule:

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Coupon Observation Date(t)
---	----------------------------

(vii) Coupon Index Cap:

[•] per cent.

(viii) Coupon Index Floor:

[•] per cent.

(ix) Day Count Fraction:

[Actual/Actual
Actual/Actual (ISDA)
Actual/365 (Fixed)
Actual/365 (Sterling)
Actual/360
30/360
360/360
Bond Basis
30E/360
Eurobond Basis
RBA Bond Basis
30E/360 (ISDA)
1/1]
[*specify other from Condition 3 of the General Conditions*]

(x) Interest Payment Dates:

[•]

	Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Lock-In(t)
(xi) Lock-In Schedule:	t=[●]	[●]
(xii) Lookback-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]</i>	
– Lookback-in Floor Percentage:	[●] per cent.	
– Lookback-in Observation Dates:	[specify]	
(xiii) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest(s) Amount:	[Calculation Agent/Agent/ <i>if the party making the calculation is different from the Calculation Agent or Agent, specify its name and address</i>]	
(xiv) Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]	
– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]	
– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]	
(xv) Strike Date:	[specify]	
(xvi) Strike Level Percentage:	[●] per cent.	
(xvii) Valuation Date:	[specify]	
(xviii) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest Notes:	[None/Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination is applicable] <i>(Specify Aggregate Nominal Amount Determination if the Interest Amount is to be determined on the basis of the aggregate nominal amount of the series of Notes outstanding rather than on the basis of the Specified Denomination (or the Calculation Amount if one is specified in these Final Terms))</i>	

PROVISIONS RELATING TO REDEMPTION

46 Issuer Call:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] <i>(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)</i>	
(i) Optional Redemption Date(s):	[●]	
(ii) Optional Redemption Amount of each Note:	[●] per [Specified Denomination] [Calculation Amount] [Unit] ¹³	
(iii) If redeemable in part:		
– Minimum Redemption Amount of each Note:	[●] per [Specified Denomination] [Calculation Amount] [Unit] ¹⁴	
– Maximum Redemption Amount of each Note:	[●] per [Specified Denomination] [Calculation Amount] [Unit] ¹⁵	

¹³ Only required if Notes issued in unitised form.

¹⁴ Only required if Notes issued in unitised form.

¹⁵ Only required if Notes issued in unitised form.

(iv) Notice period:	[•]
47 Investor Put:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] <i>(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)</i>
(i) Optional Redemption Date(s):	[•]
(ii) Optional Redemption Amount of each Note:	[•] per [Specified Denomination] [Calculation Amount] [Unit] ¹⁶
(iii) Notice period:	[•]
48 Final Redemption Amount of each Note:	[[•] per [Specified Denomination] [Calculation Amount] [Unit] ¹⁷ /Calculated in accordance with the [Inflation Indexed Redemption Note Provisions]/[Inflation Indexed Redemption with Floor Note Provisions]/[Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Note]/[Provisions]/[Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Note Provisions]/[(Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Note Provisions]/[(Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Note Provisions]/[Reverse Convertible Note Provisions]/[Barrier Reverse Convertible Note Provisions]/[Capped Outperformance Note Provisions]/[Capped Bonus Note Provisions]/[Express Note Provisions]/[Tracker Note Provisions]/[Outperformance Note Provisions]/[Bonus Note Provisions]/[Outperformance Bonus Note Provisions]/[Twin-Win Note Provisions]/[Warrant Note Provisions]/[Spread Warrant Note Provisions]/[Knock-Out Warrant Note Provisions]]
<i>(For Italian Certificates only:)</i>	
Renouncement Notice Date:	[Not Applicable/specify]
49 Inflation Indexed Redemption Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Inflation Indexed Redemption Note Provisions which follow]</i>
(i) Initial Reference Month:	[•]
(ii) Final Reference Month:	[•]

¹⁶ Only required if Notes issued in unitised form.

¹⁷ Only required if Notes issued in unitised form.

50	Inflation Indexed with Floor Redemption Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Inflation Indexed with Floor Redemption Note Provisions which follow]</i>
	(i) Initial Reference Month:	[•]
	(ii) Final Reference Month:	[•]
	(iii) Inflation Cap:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	(iv) Inflation Floor:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	(v) Redemption Margin1:	[•]
	(vi) Redemption Margin2:	[•]
51	Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Note Provisions which follow]</i>
	(i) Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>
	– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>
	(ii) Asian-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-out provisions which follow]</i>
	– Asian-out Averaging Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>
	(iii) Best of:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	(iv) Business Day:	<i>[specify as [a day on which (i) commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in [•] [and (ii) the TARGET System is open]].</i>
	(v) Fixed Best:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	– Specified Number:	<i>[specify]</i>
	– Fixed Return:	[•] per cent.
	(vi) Flexo:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Flexo provisions which follow]</i>
	– Flexo Currency A:	<i>[specify]</i>
	– Currency A Fixing (SD) Date:	<i>[specify]</i>
	– Currency A Fixing (VD) Date:	<i>[specify]</i>
	– Flexo Currency A (VD):	[None] <i>[Delete if not applicable]</i>
	– Flexo Currency B:	<i>[specify]</i>

– Currency B Fixing (SD) Date:	[specify]
– Currency B Fixing (VD) Date:	[specify]
– Flexo Currency B (VD):	[None] <i>[Delete if not applicable]</i>
(vii) Lookback-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]</i>
– Lookback-in Floor Percentage:	[●] per cent.
– Lookback-in Observation Dates:	[specify]
(viii) Lookback-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]</i>
– Lookback-out Observation Dates:	[specify]
(ix) Participation:	[●] per cent.
(x) Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(xi) Protection Level:	[●] per cent.
(xii) Strike Date:	[specify]
(xiii) Strike Level Percentage:	[●] per cent.
(xiv) Valuation Date:	[specify]
(xv) Worst of:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
52 Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Note Provisions which follow]</i>
(i) Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>
– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	[specify]
(ii) Asian-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-out provisions which follow]</i>
– Asian-out Averaging Dates:	[specify]
(iii) Business Day:	[specify as [a day on which (i) commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in [●] [and (ii) the TARGET System is open]].
(iv) Cap:	[●] per cent.

(v) Flexo:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Flexo provisions which follow]</i>
– Currency A Fixing (SD) Date:	[specify]
– Currency A Fixing (VD) Date:	[specify]
– Currency B Fixing (SD) Date:	[specify]
– Currency B Fixing (VD) Date:	[specify]
– Flexo Currency A:	[specify]
– Flexo Currency A (VD):	[None] <i>[Delete if not applicable]</i>
– Flexo Currency B:	[specify]
– Flexo Currency B (VD):	[None] <i>[Delete if not applicable]</i>
(vi) Lookback-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]</i>
– Lookback-in Floor Percentage:	[●] per cent.
– Lookback-in Observation Dates:	[specify]
(vii) Lookback-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]</i>
– Lookback-out Observation Dates:	[specify]
(viii) Participation:	[●] per cent.
(ix) Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(x) Protection Level:	[●] per cent.
(xi) Strike Date:	[specify]
(xii) Strike Level Percentage:	[●] per cent.
(xiii) Valuation Date:	[specify]
53 (Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the (Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Note Provisions which follow]</i>
(i) Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>
– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	[specify]
(ii) Asian-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-out provisions which follow]</i>

– Asian-out Averaging Dates:	[specify]
(iii) Business Day:	[specify as [a day on which (i) commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in [●] [and (ii) the TARGET System is open]].
(iv) Flexo:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete the Flexo provisions which follow]
– Currency A Fixing (SD) Date:	[specify]
– Currency A Fixing (VD) Date:	[specify]
– Currency B Fixing (SD) Date:	[specify]
– Currency B Fixing (VD) Date:	[specify]
– Flexo Currency A:	[specify]
– Flexo Currency A (VD):	[None] [Delete if not applicable]
– Flexo Currency B:	[specify]
– Flexo Currency B (VD):	[None] [Delete if not applicable]
(v) Lookback-in:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]
– Lookback-in Floor Percentage:	[●] per cent.
– Lookback-in Observation Dates:	[specify]
(vi) Lookback-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]
– Lookback-out Observation Dates:	[specify]
(vii) Participation:	[●] per cent.
(viii) Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(ix) Protection Level:	[●] per cent.
(x) Rebate:	[●] per cent.
(xi) Redemption Barrier Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Redemption Barrier applicable to the Basket or to each Index(k):	[Basket]/[Index(k)]
– Redemption Barrier Event:	[Greater than]/[Greater than or equal to]
– Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day[s]:	[specify]
– Redemption Barrier(Knock-Out):	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

	– Redemption Barrier(Knock-Out) Percentage:	[●] per cent.
	– Redemption Barrier Observation:	[Final Monitoring]/[Continuous Monitoring]
	– Redemption Barrier Observation Period Start Date:	[Strike Date]/[specify]([Including] [Excluding])/[Not Applicable]
	– Redemption Barrier Observation Period End Date:	[Valuation Date]/[specify]([Including] [Excluding])/[Not Applicable]
	(xii) Strike Date:	[specify]
	(xiii) Strike Level Percentage:	[●] per cent.
	(xiv) Valuation Date:	[specify]
54	(Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the (Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Note Provisions which follow]</i>
	(i) Business Day:	<i>[specify as</i> [a day on which (i) commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in [●] [and (ii) the TARGET System is open]].
	(ii) Protection Level:	[●] per cent.
55	Reverse Convertible Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Reverse Convertible Note Provisions which follow]</i>
	(i) Asian-in:	Not Applicable
	(ii) [Basket] Strike Level[(k)] Criterion:	[Excess]/[Excess/Equal]
	(iii) Business Day:	<i>[specify as</i> [a day on which (i) commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in [●] [and (ii) the TARGET System is open]].
	(iv) Leverage Put:	[●] per cent.
	(v) Lookback-in:	Not Applicable
	(vi) Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	(vii) Strike Date:	[specify]
	(viii) Strike Level Percentage:	[●] per cent.
	(ix) Valuation Date:	[specify]
	(x) Worst of:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

56	Barrier Reverse Convertible Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Barrier Reverse Convertible Note Provisions which follow]</i>
	(i) Asian-in:	Not Applicable
	(ii) [Basket] Strike Level[(k)] Criterion:	[Excess]/[Excess/Equal]
	(iii) Business Day:	<i>[specify as</i> [a day on which (i) commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in [●] [and (ii) the TARGET System is open]].
	(iv) Leverage Put:	[●] per cent.
	(v) Lookback-in:	Not Applicable
	(vi) Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	(vii) Redemption Barrier Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	– Redemption Barrier applicable to the Basket or to each Index(k):	[Basket]/[Index(k)]
	– Redemption Barrier Event:	[Less than]/[Less than or equal to]
	– Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day[s]:	<i>[specify]</i>
	– [Basket] Redemption Barrier(Knock-in)[k]:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	– [Basket] Redemption Barrier(Knock-in) Percentage:	[●] per cent.
	– Basket Redemption Barrier(Knock-in) Percentage:	[[●] per cent.]/[Not Applicable]
	– Redemption Barrier Observation:	[Final Monitoring]/[Continuous Monitoring]
	– Redemption Barrier Observation Period Start Date:	[Strike Date]/ <i>[specify]</i> ([Including] [Excluding])/[Not Applicable]
	– Redemption Barrier Observation Period End Date:	[Valuation Date]/ <i>[specify]</i> ([Including] [Excluding])/[Not Applicable]
	(viii) Strike Date:	<i>[specify]</i>
	(ix) Strike Level Percentage:	[●] per cent.
	(x) Valuation Date:	<i>[specify]</i>
	(xi) Worst of:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

57	Capped Outperformance Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Capped Outperformance Note Provisions which follow]</i>
	(i) Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>
	– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>
	(ii) [Basket] Strike Level Criterion:	[Excess]/[Excess/Equal]
	(iii) Business Day:	<i>[specify as</i> [a day on which (i) commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in [●] [and (ii) the TARGET System is open]].
	(iv) Cap:	[●] per cent.
	(v) Leverage Put:	[●] per cent.
	(vi) Lookback-in:	Not Applicable
	(vii) Participation:	[●] per cent.
	(viii) Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	(ix) Strike Date:	<i>[specify]</i>
	(x) Strike Level Percentage:	[●] per cent.
	(xi) Valuation Date:	<i>[specify]</i>
58	Capped Bonus Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Capped Bonus Note Provisions which follow]</i>
	(i) Asian-in:	Not Applicable
	(ii) Asian-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-out provisions which follow]</i>
	– Asian-out Averaging Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>
	(iii) [Basket] Strike Level[(k)] Criterion:	[Excess]/[Excess/Equal]
	(iv) Bonus:	[●] per cent.
	(v) Business Day:	<i>[specify as</i> [a day on which (i) commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in [●] [and (ii) the TARGET System is open]].
	(vi) Cap:	[●] per cent.

(vii) Downside Redemption:	[Basket level basis]/[Worst of basis]
(viii) Lookback-in:	Not Applicable
(ix) Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(x) Redemption Barrier Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Redemption Barrier applicable to the Basket or to each Index(k):	[Basket]/[Index(k)]
– Redemption Barrier Event:	[Less than]/[Less than or equal to]
– Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day[s]:	<i>[specify]</i>
– [Basket] Redemption Barrier(Knock-in)[k]:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– [Basket] Redemption Barrier(Knock-in) Percentage:	[●] per cent.
– Redemption Barrier Observation:	[Final Monitoring]/[Continuous Monitoring]
– Redemption Barrier Observation Period Start Date:	[Strike Date]/ <i>[specify]</i> ([Including] [Excluding])/[Not Applicable]
– Redemption Barrier Observation Period End Date:	[Valuation Date]/ <i>[specify]</i> ([Including] [Excluding])/[Not Applicable]
(xi) Strike Date:	<i>[specify]</i>
(xii) Strike Level Percentage:	[●] per cent.
(xiii) Upside Redemption:	[Basket level basis]/[Worst of basis]
(xiv) Valuation Date:	<i>[specify]</i>
59 Express Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Express Note Provisions which follow]</i>
(i) Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>
– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>
(ii) [Basket] Strike Level[(k)] Criterion:	[Excess]/[Excess/Equal]
(iii) Business Day:	<i>[specify as [a day on which (i) commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in [●] [and (ii) the TARGET System is open]].</i>
(iv) Leverage Put:	[●] per cent.
(v) Lookback-in:	Not Applicable

(vi) Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(vii) Redemption Barrier Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Redemption Barrier applicable to the Basket or to each Index(k):	[Basket]/[Index(k)]
– Redemption Barrier Event:	[Less than]/[Less than or equal to]
– Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day[s]:	[specify]
– [Basket] Redemption Barrier(Knock-in)[k]:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– [Basket] Redemption Barrier(Knock-in) Percentage:	[●] per cent.
– Redemption Barrier Observation:	[Final Monitoring]/[Continuous Monitoring]
– Redemption Barrier Observation Period Start Date:	[Strike Date]/[specify]([Including] [Excluding])/[Not Applicable]
– Redemption Barrier Observation Period End Date:	[Valuation Date]/[specify]([Including] [Excluding])/[Not Applicable]
(viii) Strike Date:	[specify]
(ix) Strike Level Percentage:	[●] per cent.
(x) Valuation Date:	[specify]
(xi) Worst of:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
60 Tracker Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Tracker Note Provisions which follow]</i>
(i) Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>
– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	[specify]
(ii) Asian-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-out provisions which follow]</i>
– Asian-out Averaging Dates:	[specify]
(iii) Business Day:	[specify as [a day on which (i) commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in [●] [and (ii) the TARGET System is open]].

(iv) Lookback-in:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]</i>
– Lookback-in Floor Percentage:	[●] per cent.
– Lookback-in Observation Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>
(v) Lookback-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]</i>
– Lookback-out Observation Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>
(vi) Participation:	[●] per cent.
(vii) Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(viii) Strike Date:	<i>[specify]</i>
(ix) Strike Level Percentage:	[●] per cent.
(x) Valuation Date:	<i>[specify]</i>
61 Outperformance Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Outperformance Note Provisions which follow]</i>
(i) [Basket] Strike Level[(k)] Criterion:	[Excess]/[Excess/Equal]
(ii) Business Day:	<i>[specify as [a day on which (i) commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in [●] [and (ii) the TARGET System is open]].</i>
(iii) Flexo:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Flexo provisions which follow]</i>
– Flexo Currency A:	<i>[specify]</i>
– Currency A Fixing (SD) Date:	<i>[specify]</i>
– Currency A Fixing (VD) Date:	<i>[specify]</i>
– Flexo Currency A (VD):	[None] <i>[Delete if not applicable]</i>
– Flexo Currency B:	<i>[specify]</i>
– Currency B Fixing (SD) Date:	<i>[specify]</i>
– Currency B Fixing (VD) Date:	<i>[specify]</i>
– Flexo Currency B (VD):	[None] <i>[Delete if not applicable]</i>
(iv) Participation:	[●] per cent.
(v) [Performance(1)]/[Basket Performance]/[Basket Performance(1)]/[Performance(k)]/[Performance(

- k)(1):
- Asian-in: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]
 - Asian-in Averaging Dates: [specify]
 - Asian-out: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Asian-out provisions which follow]
 - Asian-out Averaging Dates: [specify]
 - Lookback-in: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]
 - Lookback-in Floor Percentage: [●] per cent.
 - Lookback-in Observation Dates: [specify]
 - Lookback-out: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]
 - Lookback-out Observation Dates: [specify]
 - Strike Level Percentage(1): [●] per cent.
- (vi) [Performance(2)]/[Basket Performance(2)]/[Performance(k)(2)]:
- Asian-in: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]
 - Asian-in Averaging Dates: [specify]
 - Asian-out: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Asian-out provisions which follow]
 - Asian-out Averaging Dates: [specify]
 - Lookback-in: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]
 - Lookback-in Floor Percentage: [●] per cent.
 - Lookback-in Observation Dates: [specify]
 - Lookback-out: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]
 - Lookback-out Observation Dates: [specify]
 - Strike Level Percentage(2): [●] per cent.
- (vii) Specified Time: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

	– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	(viii) Strike Date:	[specify]
	(ix) Valuation Date:	[specify]
62	Bonus Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Bonus Note Provisions which follow]</i>
	(i) [Basket] Strike Level[(k)] Criterion:	[Excess]/[Excess/Equal]
	(ii) Bonus:	[●] per cent.
	(iii) Business Day:	[specify as [a day on which (i) commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in [●] [and (ii) the TARGET System is open]].
	(iv) Downside Redemption:	[Basket level basis]/[Worst of basis]
	(v) Leverage Put:	[●] per cent.
	(vi) [Performance(1)]/[Basket Performance]/[Basket Performance(1)]/[Performance(k)]/[Performance(k)(1)]:	
	– Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>
	– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	[specify]
	– Asian-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-out provisions which follow]</i>
	– Asian-out Averaging Dates:	[specify]
	– Lookback-in:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]</i>
	– Lookback-in Floor Percentage:	[●] per cent.
	– Lookback-in Observation Dates:	[specify]
	– Lookback-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]</i>
	– Lookback-out Observation Dates:	[specify]
	– Strike Level Percentage(1):	[●] per cent.
	(vii) [Performance(2)]/[Basket Performance(2)]/[Performance(k)(2)]:	<i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]</i>
	– Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

		<i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>
	– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>
	– Asian-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-out provisions which follow]</i>
	– Asian-out Averaging Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>
	– Lookback-in:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]</i>
	– Lookback-in Floor Percentage:	[●] per cent.
	– Lookback-in Observation Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>
	– Lookback-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]</i>
	– Lookback-out Observation Dates:	<i>[specify]</i>
	– Strike Level Percentage(2):	[●] per cent.
(viii)	Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(ix)	Redemption Barrier Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	– Redemption Barrier applicable to the Basket or to each Index(k):	[Basket]/[Index(k)]
	– Redemption Barrier Event:	[Less than]/[Less than or equal to]
	– Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day[s]:	<i>[specify]</i>
	– [Basket] Redemption Barrier(Knock-in)[k]:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
	– [Basket] Redemption Barrier(Knock-in) Percentage:	[●] per cent.
	– Redemption Barrier Observation:	[Final Monitoring]/[Continuous Monitoring]
	– Redemption Barrier Observation Period Start Date:	[Strike Date]/ <i>[specify]</i> ([Including] [Excluding])/[Not Applicable]
	– Redemption Barrier Observation Period End Date:	[Valuation Date]/ <i>[specify]</i> ([Including] [Excluding])/[Not Applicable]
	– Strike Level Percentage:	[●] per cent.
(x)	Strike Date:	<i>[specify]</i>
(xi)	Upside Redemption:	[Basket level basis]/[Worst of basis]
(xii)	Valuation Date:	<i>[specify]</i>
63	Outperformance Bonus Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

[If not applicable, delete all of the Outperformance Bonus Note Provisions which follow]

- (i) [Basket] Strike Level[(k)] Criterion: [Excess]/[Excess/Equal]
- (ii) Bonus: [●] per cent.
- (iii) Business Day: *[specify as [a day on which (i) commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in [●] [and (ii) the TARGET System is open]].*
- (iv) Cap: [●] per cent./[Not Applicable]
- (v) Downside Redemption: [Basket level basis]/[Worst of basis]
- (vi) Flexo: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Flexo provisions which follow]
 - Flexo Currency A: *[specify]*
 - Currency A Fixing (SD) Date: *[specify]*
 - Currency A Fixing (VD) Date: *[specify]*
 - Flexo Currency A (VD): [None] *[Delete if not applicable]*
 - Flexo Currency B: *[specify]*
 - Currency B Fixing (SD) Date: *[specify]*
 - Currency B Fixing (VD) Date: *[specify]*
 - Flexo Currency B (VD): [None] *[Delete if not applicable]*
- (vii) Leverage Put: [●] per cent.
- (viii) Participation: [●] per cent.
- (ix) [Performance(1)]/[Basket Performance]/[Basket Performance(1)]/[Performance(k)]/[Performance(k)(1)]:
 - Asian-in: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]
 - Asian-in Averaging Dates: *[specify]*
 - Asian-out: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Asian-out provisions which follow]
 - Asian-out Averaging Dates: *[specify]*
 - Lookback-in: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]
 - Lookback-in Floor Percentage: [●] per cent.

- Lookback-in Observation Dates: [specify]
- Lookback-out: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]
- Lookback-out Observation Dates: [specify]
- Strike Level Percentage(1): [●] per cent.
- (x) [Performance(2)]/[Basket Performance(2)]/[Performance(k)(2)]: [If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]
 - Asian-in: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]
 - Asian-in Averaging Dates: [specify]
 - Asian-out: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Asian-out provisions which follow]
 - Asian-out Averaging Dates: [specify]
 - Lookback-in: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]
 - Lookback-in Floor Percentage: [●] per cent.
 - Lookback-in Observation Dates: [specify]
 - Lookback-out: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]
 - Lookback-out Observation Dates: [specify]
 - Strike Level Percentage(2): [●] per cent.
- (xi) Specified Time: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 - Constant Monitoring: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 - Valuation Time Only: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
- (xii) Redemption Barrier Provisions: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 - Redemption Barrier applicable to the Basket or to each Index(k): [Basket]/[Index(k)]
 - Redemption Barrier Event: [Less than]/[Less than or equal to]
 - Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day[s]: [specify]
 - [Basket] Redemption Barrier(Knock-in)[k]: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 - [Basket] Redemption Barrier(Knock-in) Percentage: [●] per cent.
 - Redemption Barrier Observation: [Final Monitoring]/[Continuous Monitoring]

– Redemption Barrier Observation Period Start Date:	[Strike Date]/[specify]([Including] [Excluding])/[Not Applicable]
– Redemption Barrier Observation Period End Date:	[Valuation Date]/[specify]([Including] [Excluding])/[Not Applicable]
– Strike Level Percentage:	[●] per cent.
(xiii) Strike Date:	[specify]
(xiv) Upside Redemption:	[Basket level basis]/[Worst of basis]
(xv) Valuation Date:	[specify]
64 Twin-Win Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Twin-Win Note Provisions which follow]</i>
(i) [Basket] Strike Level[(k)] Criterion:	[Excess]/[Excess/Equal]
(ii) Business Day:	<i>[specify as [a day on which (i) commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in [●] [and (ii) the TARGET System is open]].</i>
(iii) Cap:	[●] per cent./[Not Applicable]
(iv) Downside Redemption:	[Basket level basis]/[Worst of basis]
(v) Flexo:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Flexo provisions which follow]</i>
– Flexo Currency A:	[specify]
– Currency A Fixing (SD) Date:	[specify]
– Currency A Fixing (VD) Date:	[specify]
– Flexo Currency A (VD):	[None] <i>[Delete if not applicable]</i>
– Flexo Currency B:	[specify]
– Currency B Fixing (SD) Date:	[specify]
– Currency B Fixing (VD) Date:	[specify]
– Flexo Currency B (VD):	[None] <i>[Delete if not applicable]</i>
(vi) Participation Call:	[●] per cent.
(vii) Participation Put:	[●] per cent.
(viii) [Performance(1)]/[Basket Performance]/[Basket Performance(1)]/[Performance(k)]/[Performance(k)(1)]:	
– Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>
– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	[specify]

- Asian-out: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Asian-out provisions which follow]
- Asian-out Averaging Dates: [specify]
- Lookback-in: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]
- Lookback-in Floor Percentage: [●] per cent.
- Lookback-in Observation Dates: [specify]
- Lookback-out: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]
- Lookback-out Observation Dates: [specify]
- Strike Level Percentage(1): [●] per cent.
- (ix) [Performance(2)]/[Basket Performance(2)]/[Performance(k)(2)]: *[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]*
- Asian-in: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]
- Asian-in Averaging Dates: [specify]
- Asian-out: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Asian-out provisions which follow]
- Asian-out Averaging Dates: [specify]
- Lookback-in: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]
- Lookback-in Floor Percentage: [●] per cent.
- Lookback-in Observation Dates: [specify]
- Lookback-out: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]
- Lookback-out Observation Dates: [specify]
- Strike Level Percentage(2): [●] per cent.
- (x) Specified Time: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
- Constant Monitoring: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
- Valuation Time Only: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
- (xi) Redemption Barrier Provisions: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
- Redemption Barrier applicable to the Basket or to each Index(k): [Basket]/[Index(k)]

–	Redemption Barrier Event:	[Less than]/[Less than or equal to]
–	Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day[s]:	[specify]
–	[Basket] Redemption Barrier(Knock-in)[k]:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
–	[Basket] Redemption Barrier(Knock-in) Percentage:	[●] per cent.
–	Redemption Barrier Observation:	[Final Monitoring]/[Continuous Monitoring]
–	Redemption Barrier Observation Period Start Date:	[Strike Date]/[specify]([Including] [Excluding])/[Not Applicable]
–	Redemption Barrier Observation Period End Date:	[Valuation Date]/[specify]([Including] [Excluding])/[Not Applicable]
–	Strike Level Percentage:	[●] per cent.
(xii)	Strike Date:	[specify]
(xiii)	Upside Redemption:	[Basket level basis]/[Worst of basis]
(xiv)	Valuation Date:	[specify]
65	Warrant Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/Not Applicable <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Warrant Note Provisions which follow]</i>
(i)	Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>
–	Asian-in Averaging Dates:	[specify]
(ii)	Asian-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-out provisions which follow]</i>
–	Asian-out Averaging Dates:	[specify]
(iii)	Business Day:	[specify as [a day on which (i) commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in [●] [and (ii) the TARGET System is open]].
(iv)	Fixed Best:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
–	Specified Number:	[specify]
–	Fixed Return:	[●] per cent.
(v)	Flexo:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Flexo provisions which follow]</i>
–	Flexo Currency A:	[specify]
–	Currency A Fixing (SD) Date:	[specify]

– Currency A Fixing (VD) Date:	[specify]
– Flexo Currency A (VD):	[None] <i>[Delete if not applicable]</i>
– Flexo Currency B:	[specify]
– Currency B Fixing (SD) Date:	[specify]
– Currency B Fixing (VD) Date:	[specify]
– Flexo Currency B (VD):	[None] <i>[Delete if not applicable]</i>
(vi) Lookback-in:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]</i>
– Lookback-in Floor Percentage:	[●] per cent.
– Asian-out Averaging Dates:	[specify]
(vii) Lookback-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]</i>
– Lookback-out Observation Dates:	[specify]
(viii) Participation:	[●] per cent.
(ix) Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(x) Strike Date:	[specify]
(xi) Strike Level Percentage:	[●] per cent.
(xii) Valuation Date:	[specify]
(xiii) Warrant Type:	[Call]/[Put]
66 Spread Warrant Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Spread Warrant Note Provisions which follow]</i>
(i) Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>
– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	[specify]
(ii) Asian-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-out provisions which follow]</i>
– Asian-out Averaging Dates:	[specify]
(iii) Business Day:	<i>[specify as [a day on which (i) commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in [●] [and (ii) the TARGET System is open]].</i>

(iv) Flexo:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Flexo provisions which follow]</i>
– Flexo Currency A:	[specify]
– Currency A Fixing (SD) Date:	[specify]
– Currency A Fixing (VD) Date:	[specify]
– Flexo Currency A (VD):	[None] <i>[Delete if not applicable]</i>
– Flexo Currency B:	[specify]
– Currency B Fixing (SD) Date:	[specify]
– Currency B Fixing (VD) Date:	[specify]
– Flexo Currency B (VD):	[None] <i>[Delete if not applicable]</i>
(v) Lookback-in:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]</i>
– Lookback-in Floor Percentage:	[●] per cent.
– Lookback-in Observation Dates:	[specify]
(vi) Lookback-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]</i>
– Lookback-out Observation Dates:	[specify]
(vii) Participation:	[●] per cent.
(viii) Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(ix) Spread Percentage:	[●] per cent.
(x) Strike Date:	[specify]
(xi) Strike Level Percentage:	[●] per cent.
(xii) Valuation Date:	[specify]
(xiii) Warrant Type:	[Call]/[Put]
67 Knock-Out Warrant Note Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Knock-Out Warrant Redemption provisions which follow]</i>
(i) Asian-in:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-in provisions which follow]</i>
– Asian-in Averaging Dates:	[specify]
(ii) Asian-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Asian-out provisions which follow]</i>

– Asian-out Averaging Dates:	[specify]
(iii) Business Day:	[specify as [a day on which (i) commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in [●] [and (ii) the TARGET System is open]].
(iv) Flexo:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete the Flexo provisions which follow]
– Flexo Currency A:	[specify]
– Currency A Fixing (SD) Date:	[specify]
– Currency A Fixing (VD) Date:	[specify]
– Flexo Currency A (VD):	[None] [Delete if not applicable]
– Flexo Currency B:	[specify]
– Currency B Fixing (SD) Date:	[specify]
– Currency B Fixing (VD) Date:	[specify]
– Flexo Currency B (VD):	[None] [Delete if not applicable]
(v) Lookback-in:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete the Lookback-in provisions which follow]
– Lookback-in Floor Percentage:	[●] per cent.
– Lookback-in Observation Dates:	[specify]
(vi) Lookback-out:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] [If not applicable, delete the Lookback-out provisions which follow]
– Lookback-out Observation Dates:	[specify]
(vii) Participation:	[●] per cent.
(viii) Specified Time:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Constant Monitoring:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Valuation Time Only:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
(ix) Rebate:	[●] per cent.
(x) Redemption Barrier Provisions:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
– Redemption Barrier applicable to the Basket or to each Index(k):	[Basket]/[Index(k)]
– Redemption Barrier Event:	[Greater than]/[Greater than or equal to]
– Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day[s]:	[specify]
– [Basket] Redemption Barrier(Knock-Out)[k]:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

- [Basket] Redemption Barrier(Knock-Out) Percentage: [●] per cent.
 - Redemption Barrier Observation: [Final Monitoring]/[Continuous Monitoring]
 - Redemption Barrier Observation Period Start Date: [Strike Date]/[specify]([Including]/[Excluding])/[Not Applicable]
 - Redemption Barrier Observation Period End Date: [Valuation Date]/[specify]([Including]/[Excluding])/[Not Applicable]
- (xi) Strike Date: [specify]
- (xii) Strike Level Percentage: [●] per cent.
- (xiii) Valuation Date: [specify]
- (xiv) Warrant Type: [Call]/[Put]
- 68 Other:**
- (i) Early Redemption Amount of each Note payable on redemption for taxation reasons or on Issuer event of default: [●][●] per [Specified Denomination] [Calculation Amount] [Unit] [Early Redemption Amount to be equal to Fair Market Value as set out in Condition 7(e)(iv) of the General Conditions[, determined [●] Business Days prior to the date [fixed for redemption] [upon which the Note becomes due and payable] [not taking into account the cost to the Issuer of amending or liquidating any financial instruments or transactions entered into by the Issuer in connection with the Note, together with any costs, expenses, fees or taxes incurred by the Issuer in respect of any such financial instruments or transactions]]
- (ii) Notice period (if other than as set out in the General Conditions): [●]
(N.B. If setting notice periods which are different to those provided in the General Conditions, the Issuer is advised to consider the practicalities of distribution of information through intermediaries, for example, clearing systems and custodians, as well as any other notice requirements which may apply, for example, as between the Issuer and the Agent)
- (iii) Condition 7 (i) of the General Conditions: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
- (iv) Unwind Costs (with respect to Condition 7(k) *(Adjustments and Early Redemption)*): [Applicable/Not Applicable]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE UNDERLYING INDICES OR BASKET OF INDICES

- 69 Maturity Date Extension:** [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
[Number of Extension Business Days: [●]]
- 70 Interest Payment Date Extension:** [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

	[Number of Extension Business Days:	[•]
71	Automatic Early Redemption:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete the Automatic Early Redemption provisions which follow]</i>
	– Automatic Early Redemption Amount(t):	[Specified Denomination]/ <i>[specify if only one level]</i> /[as specified in the Automatic Early Redemption Schedule]/[Not Applicable]
	– Automatic Early Redemption Date(s):	<i>[specify]</i> /[Not Applicable] [If Notes may be redeemed as a result of an Automatic Early Redemption Event during an Automatic Early Redemption Observation Period, then specify if redemption is not to take place five Business Days after the Automatic Early Redemption Event]
	– Automatic Early Redemption Event:	[[The Index Level of [each and every][the] Index [in the Basket][at the Specified Time][Basket Level(t)] is [greater than]/[greater than or equal to]/[less than]/[less than or equal to]] [the [relevant] Automatic Early Redemption Level(t)] [the Strike Level]/ <i>[specify]</i> /other- <i>specify</i>]
	– Automatic Early Redemption Observation Period Start Date:	<i>[specify]</i> /[Not Applicable]
	– Automatic Early Redemption Observation Period End Date:	<i>[specify]</i> /[Not Applicable]
	– Automatic Early Redemption Level(t):	<i>[specify if only one level]</i> /[as specified in the Automatic Early Redemption Schedule]/[Not Applicable]
	– Automatic Early Redemption Rate:	<i>[specify or delete if N/A]</i>
	– Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(t):	[Each Coupon Observation Date(t)]/ <i>[specify date(s) or delete if N/A]</i>
	– Automatic Early Redemption Schedule:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable]

Interest Period(t) (ending on (but excluding) Interest Payment Date(t))	Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(t):	Automatic Early Redemption Level(t):	Automatic Early Redemption Amount(t):
t=[•]	[•]	[•]	[•]

72	Averaging Disruption Provisions:	[Omission]/[Postponement]/[Modified Postponement]/[Not Applicable]
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- 73 **Basket Disruption Provisions:** [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
- Common Scheduled Trading Days: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 - Common Disrupted Days: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 - Individual Disrupted Days: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
- 74 **Definition of Additional Disruption Event:**
- Change in Law: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
 - Hedging Disruption: [Applicable]/[Not Applicable]
- 75 **Cut-off Dates:**
- Asian-in Averaging Cut-Off Date: [specify or delete if N/A]
 - Asian-out Averaging Cut-Off Date: [specify or delete if N/A]
 - Automatic Early Redemption Cut-Off Date: [specify or delete if N/A]
 - Observation Cut-Off Date: [specify or delete if N/A]
 - Valuation Cut-Off Date: [specify or delete if N/A]
 - Strike Cut-Off Date: [specify or delete if N/A]
- 76 ***[The following apply only to Notes which are linked to a single index:***
- Index: [name and short description of type of index]
- Index Sponsor: [specify]
- Level Correction Period: [specify or delete if N/A]

77 ***[The following apply only to Notes which are linked to a basket of indices)***

“Basket” means a basket composed of Indices in the relative [proportions/numbers of Indices] specified below:

Insert details of:

Index: [name and short description of indices].

Index Sponsor: [specify]

Weighting(k): [specify]

[Replicate the details in respect of each Index in the Basket or specify in a table]

Level Correction Period: [specify or delete if N/A]

GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE NOTES

- 78 **Form of Notes:** [Bearer Notes:
- (i) Form: [Temporary Global Note exchangeable for a Permanent Global Note which is [not] exchangeable for Definitive Notes [on 60 days’ notice given at any time/only on the occurrence of an Exchange Event, subject to mandatory provisions of applicable laws and regulations.]]

[Temporary Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes (Bearer Notes only) on and after the Exchange Date, subject to mandatory provisions of applicable laws and regulations.]

[Permanent Global Note [not] exchangeable for Definitive Notes (Bearer Notes only) [on 60 days' notice given at any time/only on the occurrence of an Exchange Event, subject to mandatory provisions of applicable laws and regulations.]]
[This option cannot be used for Notes issued in accordance with the TEFRA D Rules]

[Registered Notes:

Reg. S Notes: Reg. S Global Note

Rule 144A Notes: Rule 144A Global Note
(Restricted Notes)]

[Definitive Notes:

[Standard Euromarket]

[“Finnish Notes”]

[“Norwegian Notes”]

[“Swedish Notes”]

[“Italian Bonds”/“Italian Certificates”]

(The exchange upon notice or at any time should not be expressed to be applicable if the Specified Denomination of the Notes in paragraph 6 includes language substantially to the following effect: [€100,000] and integral multiples of [€1,000] in excess thereof [up to and including [€199,000]]. Furthermore, such Specified Denomination construction is not permitted in relation to any issue of Notes which is to be represented on issue by a Temporary Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes)

(ii) New Global Note:

[Yes/No] *(Normally elect “yes” opposite “New Global Note” only if you have elected “yes” to the Section in Part B under the heading “Operational Information” entitled “Intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility”)*

79 **Additional Financial Centre(s) or other special provisions relating to Payment Days:**

[Not Applicable/give details]
(Note that this sub-paragraph relates to the date and place of payment and not Interest Period end dates to which sub-paragraphs 15(i) and 15(iii) relate)

80 **Talons for future Coupons to be attached to Definitive Bearer Notes (and dates on which such**

[Yes/No. *If yes, give details*]
(Talons should be specified if there will be more

Talons mature): *than 26 coupons or if the total interest payments may exceed the principal due on early redemption)*

81 **FX, BENCHMARK, FX CONVERTIBILITY EVENT, FX TRANSFERABILITY EVENT AND TAX EVENT PROVISIONS**

- (i) **FX Provisions:** *[specify as applicable or delete if N/A]*
- Scheduled Valuation Date: *[specify]*
- Primary FX Rate: *[specify, including the time of day on which the exchange rate is to be taken][Not Applicable]*
- Fallback FX Rate: *[specify, including the time of day on which the exchange rate is to be taken][Not Applicable]*
- Maximum Period of Postponement: *[•] [specify number] calendar days*
- Unscheduled Holiday Jurisdiction: *[specify] [Not Applicable]*
- Relevant FX Amount payment date: *[specify if Relevant FX Amount not to be paid two Business Days following the day on which it is determined by the Calculation Agent] [In accordance with Condition 21]*
- Relevant Currency: *[specify]*
- (ii) **Benchmark Provisions:** *[specify as applicable or delete if N/A]*
- Scheduled Valuation Date: *[specify]*
- Primary Benchmark: *[specify including the time of day on which the benchmark is to be measured][Not Applicable]*
- Fallback Benchmark: *[specify including the time of day on which the benchmark is to be measured][Not Applicable]*
- Relevant Benchmark Amount Postponement Provisions: *[Applicable/Not Applicable]*
- Maximum Period of Postponement: *[•] [specify number] Business Days*
- Relevant Benchmark Amount payment date: *[specify if Relevant Benchmark Amount not to be paid two Business Days following the day on which it is determined by the Calculation Agent] [In accordance with Condition 21]*
- Relevant Currency: *[specify]*
- (iii) **FX Convertibility Event Provisions:** *[specify as applicable or delete if N/A]*
- Relevant Currency: *[specify]*
- Relevant Jurisdiction: *[specify]*
- Other: *[Applicable/Not Applicable] [If the Issuer is not to be entitled to all amounts in any account opened by it pursuant to Condition 21(c)(i) if it cannot or cannot reasonably make payment on the Notes for a period of five years from the date on which payment was originally due to be made, or, if a period other than five years is to apply, then*

	<i>give details here]</i>
(iv) FX Transferability Event Provisions:	<i>[specify as applicable or delete if N/A]</i>
Relevant Currency:	<i>[specify]</i>
Relevant Jurisdiction:	<i>[specify]</i> [Not Applicable]
Other:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] <i>[If the Issuer is not to be entitled to all amounts in any account opened by it pursuant to Condition 21(c)(i) if it cannot or cannot reasonably make payment on the Notes for a period of five years from the date on which payment was originally due to be made, or, if a period other than five years is to apply, then give details here]</i>
(v) Tax Event Provisions:	<i>[specify as applicable or delete if N/A]</i>
Relevant Currency:	<i>[specify]</i>
Relevant Jurisdiction:	<i>[specify]</i> [Not Applicable]
Any changes to Condition 21(d):	<i>[specify/None]</i>
82 INFLATION LINKED PROVISIONS:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[If not applicable, delete all of the Inflation Linked Provisions which follow]</i>
(i) Index:	[•]/[Not Applicable]
(ii) Index Sponsor:	[•]
(iii) Related Bond:	[•]/[Not Applicable]
(iv) Issuer of Related Bond:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[if applicable, specify]</i>
(v) Related Bond Redemption Event:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[if applicable, specify]</i>
(vi) Determination Date:	[•]
(vii) Cut-Off Date:	In respect of a Determination Date, the day that is [•] Business Days prior to such Determination Date.
(viii) Business Day Convention:	[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/ Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Modified Following Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Adjusted)/Preceding Business Day Convention (Unadjusted)]
(ix) Change in Law:	[Applicable]/[Not Applicable] <i>[specify]</i>

[Third Party Information]

[*Relevant third party information*] has been extracted from [*specify source*]. The Issuer confirms that such information has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware and is able to ascertain from information published by [*specify source*], no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.]

Signed on behalf of the Issuer:

[ING BANK N.V./ING AMERICAS ISSUANCE B.V.]

By:

Duly authorised

By:

Duly authorised

[Signed on behalf of the Guarantor:

ING BANK N.V.

By:

Duly authorised

By:

Duly authorised]

PART B – OTHER INFORMATION

1 LISTING

- (i) Listing: [Euronext Amsterdam/the Luxembourg Stock Exchange/the Italian Stock Exchange MOT/the Italian Stock Exchange SeDeX/the unregulated market of the Frankfurt Stock Exchange (Freiverkehr)/other (*specify*)/None]
- (ii) Admission to trading: [Application [has been made] [is expected to be made] by the Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Notes to be admitted to trading on [Euronext Amsterdam/the Luxembourg Stock Exchange/the Italian Stock Exchange MOT/the Italian Stock Exchange SeDeX/the unregulated market of the Frankfurt Stock Exchange (Freiverkehr)/other (*specify*)] with effect from [●][the first day of “as-if-and-when-issued-trading”].]
[Not Applicable]
[The Notes will be consolidated and form a single Series with the Existing Notes which are admitted to trading on [Euronext Amsterdam/the Luxembourg Stock Exchange/the Italian Stock Exchange MOT/the Italian Stock Exchange SeDeX/the unregulated market of the Frankfurt Stock Exchange (Freiverkehr)/other (*specify*)]
(Include where documenting a fungible issue whereby original Notes are already admitted to trading.)
- (iii) As-if-and-when-issued-trading: [Three Business Days preceding the Issue Date/Not Applicable] (*delete if not applicable*)
- (iv) Estimate of total expenses related to admission to trading: [●] (*Delete if disclosed under paragraph 4*)
- (v) Minimum Transferable Amount [Specify/Not Applicable] (*Applicable only to Italian Certificates to be listed on SeDeX or on other markets which provide so*)

2 RATINGS

- Ratings: [The Notes will not be rated]
[The Notes to be issued have been rated:
[Standard & Poor’s: [●]]
[Moody’s Investors Services Ltd.: [●]]
[Fitch France S.A.S.: [●]]
[[Other]: [●]]
(The above disclosure should reflect the rating allocated to Notes of the type being issued under the Programme generally or, where the issue has been specifically rated, that rating. In

addition, the full legal name of the entity providing or endorsing the applicable rating should be included and it should be stated whether the entity is established in the EU and registered under the CRA Regulation, if the rating is issued other than by Standard & Poor's, Moody's or Fitch.)

Need to include a brief explanation of the meaning of the ratings if this has previously been published by the rating provider.

Insert one (or more) of the following options, as applicable:

Option 1: CRA is (i) established in the EU and (ii) registered under the CRA Regulation:

[Insert legal name of particular credit rating agency entity providing rating] is established in the EU and registered under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 [(the “**CRA Regulation**)”].

Option 2: CRA is (i) established in the EU; (ii) not registered under the CRA Regulation; but (iii) has applied for registration:

[Insert legal name of particular credit rating agency entity providing rating] is established in the EU and has applied for registration under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 (the “**CRA Regulation**”), although notification of the registration decision has not yet been provided.

Option 3: CRA is (i) established in the EU; and (ii) has not applied for registration is not registered under the CRA Regulation:

[Insert legal name of particular credit rating agency entity providing rating] is established in the EU and is neither registered nor has it applied for registration under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 [(the “**CRA Regulation**)”].

Option 4: CRA is not established in the EU but the relevant rating is endorsed by a CRA which is established and registered under the CRA Regulation:

[Insert legal name of particular credit rating agency entity providing rating] is not established in the EU but the rating it has given to the Notes is endorsed by *[insert legal name of credit rating agency]*, which is established in the EU and registered under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 [(the “**CRA Regulation**)”].

Option 5: CRA is not established in the EU and the relevant rating is not endorsed under the CRA Regulation, but the CRA is certified under the CRA Regulation:

[Insert legal name of particular credit rating agency entity providing rating] is not established in the EU but is certified under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 [(the “**CRA**

Regulation”)].

Option 6: CRA is neither established in the EU nor certified under the CRA Regulation and the relevant rating is not endorsed under the CRA Regulation:

[Insert legal name of particular credit rating agency entity providing rating] is not established in the EU and is not certified under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 (the “**CRA Regulation**”) and the rating it has given to the Notes is not endorsed by a credit rating agency established in the EU and registered under the CRA Regulation.

3 INTERESTS OF NATURAL AND LEGAL PERSONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUE/OFFER

[“Save for any fees payable to the [Managers/Dealers], so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the issue of the Notes has an interest material to the offer. The [Managers/Dealers] and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking and/or commercial banking transactions with, and may perform other services for, the Issuer and its affiliates in the ordinary course of business.”]

[Not Applicable]

(When adding any other description, consideration should be given as to whether such matters described constitute “significant new factors” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Base Prospectus under Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive)

4 [REASONS FOR THE OFFER, ESTIMATED NET PROCEEDS AND TOTAL EXPENSES

(i) Reasons for the offer: [•]

(See “Use of Proceeds” wording in the Base Prospectus – if reasons for offer different from making profit and/or hedging certain risks will need to include those reasons here)

(ii) Estimated net proceeds: [•]

(If proceeds are intended for more than one use will need to split out and present in order of priority. If proceeds insufficient to fund all proposed uses state amount and sources of other funding) (delete if not applicable)

(iii) Estimated total expenses: [•] *[Include breakdown of expenses]*

[Indicate the amount of any expenses and taxes specifically charged to the subscribers or purchasers]

[The terms of the Public Offer do not provide for any expenses and/or taxes to be charged to any subscriber and/or purchaser of the Notes.]]¹⁸

¹⁸ Delete in the case of a Tranche of Exempt PD Notes or Exempt Notes.

5 YIELD (*Fixed Rate Notes only*)

Indication of yield: [Not Applicable] [●]

As set out above, the yield is calculated at the Issue Date on the basis of the Issue Price. It is not an indication of future yield.]

6 [HISTORIC INTEREST RATES (*Floating Rate Notes only*)

Details of historic [LIBOR/EURIBOR/STIBOR/*other*] rates can be obtained from [Reuters] Screen Page [●].]¹⁹

7 DETAILS OF UNDERLYING INDEX/INDICES

[Need to include (i) details of where past and further performance and volatility of the index/indices can be obtained and (ii) where information about the index/indices can be obtained.]

8 [PERFORMANCE OF FORMULA/OTHER VARIABLE, AND OTHER INFORMATION CONCERNING THE UNDERLYING (*Variable Interest Rate Notes and Inflation Linked Notes only*)

[Need to include details of where past and further performance and volatility of the formula/other variable can be obtained. Where the Notes are Inflation Linked Notes, need to state where information about the inflation index can be obtained]]²⁰

9 POST-ISSUANCE INFORMATION

[Indicate whether or not Issuer intends to provide post-issuance information. If so, specify what information will be reported and where such information can be obtained]

10 OPERATIONAL INFORMATION

(i) ISIN Code: [●]

[Swedish Notes: ISIN code applies but Euroclear Sweden code may also be inserted if deemed appropriate]

(ii) Common Code: [●]

(iii) Other relevant code: [●] [Not Applicable]

(iv) Any clearing system(s) other [●] [Not Applicable]

than Euroclear Bank SA/NV and Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme*, Euroclear Netherlands and the Depository Trust Company and the relevant identification number(s):

¹⁹ Delete in the case of a Tranche of Exempt PD Notes or Exempt Notes.

²⁰ Delete in the case of a Tranche of Exempt PD Notes or Exempt Notes.

- (v) Delivery: Delivery [against/free of] payment
 [The delivery of Notes shall be made free of payment to the Issuer’s account number 22529 with Euroclear. Any subsequent delivery of Notes from the Issuer’s account number 22529 with Euroclear to the relevant Dealer(s) shall be made against payment.]
- (vi) Names and addresses of additional Paying Agent(s) (if any): [●]
- (vii) Name and address of Calculation Agent (if other than the Issuer or Guarantor): [●]
- (viii) Name and address of Finnish Registrar/Norwegian Registrar/Swedish Registrar: [Euroclear Finland Oy, Urho Kekkosen katu 5 C, P.O. Box 1110, FIN-00101 Helsinki, Finland] [Other] [*Finnish Notes*]
 [VPS ASA, Fred. Olsens gate 1., P.O. Box 4, 0051 Oslo, Norway] [Other] [*Norwegian Notes*]
 [Euroclear Sweden AB, Klarabergsviadukten 63, Box 191, 101 23, Stockholm, Sweden] [Other] [*Swedish Notes*]
- (ix) Name and address of Finnish Issuing Agent/Norwegian Issuing Agent/Swedish Issuing Agent: [[●, ●]] [*For Finnish Notes: Insert name and address of Finnish Issuing Agent Manager*]
 [[●, ●]] [*For Norwegian Notes: Insert name and address of VPS Manager*]
 [[●, ●]] [*For Swedish Notes: Insert name of Swedish Issuing Agent*]
- (x) Intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility: [Yes][No]
 [*Include this text if “Yes” selected: Note that the designation “Yes” simply means that the Notes are intended upon issue to be deposited with one of the International Central Securities Depositories as Common Safekeeper and does not necessarily mean that the Notes will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.*]
 [*Include this text if “No” selected: Whilst the designation is set at “No”, should the Eurosystem eligibility criteria be amended in the future the Notes may then be deposited with one of the International Central Securities Depositories as Common Safekeeper. Note that this does not necessarily mean that the Notes will ever be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem at any time during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.*][*“No” must be selected if the*

11 DISTRIBUTION

- | | |
|--|--|
| (i) Method of distribution: | [Syndicated/Non-syndicated] |
| (ii) If syndicated, names [and addresses] ²¹ of Managers [and underwriting commitments] ²² : | [Not Applicable/give names, addresses and underwriting commitments] <i>(delete if non syndicated is selected in (i) above)</i>
<i>(Include names and addresses of entities agreeing to underwrite the issue on a firm commitment basis and names and addresses of the entities agreeing to place the issue without a firm commitment or extra information will be required if the managers and underwriters are not the same or if the placing is on a "best efforts" basis if such entities are not the same as the Managers. Where applicable, set out the material features of any underwriting agreements, including quotas, and where an issue is only partially underwritten, include a statement of the portion not covered)</i> |
| (iii) Date of Syndication Agreement: | [Not Applicable] [●] ²³ <i>(delete if non syndicated is selected in (i) above)</i> |
| (iv) Stabilising Manager(s) (if any): | [Not Applicable] [give name(s)] <i>(delete if non syndicated is selected in (i) above)</i> <i>(delete if syndicated is selected in (i) above)</i> |
| (v) If non-syndicated, name [and address] ²⁴ of relevant Dealer: | [Not Applicable/specify name [and address] ²⁵ of dealer] [The Notes are not being underwritten by any Dealer(s). <i>(i.e. if Notes are to be directly sold by the Issuer)</i>]
<i>(Where not all of the issue is underwritten, indicate the portion not covered)</i> |
| (vi) Total commission and concession: | [Not Applicable] [[●] per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount] ²⁶ |
| (vii) U.S. Selling Restrictions: | [Reg. S Compliance Category[2]; TEFRA C/TEFRA D/TEFRA Not Applicable]
<i>(Finnish Notes, Norwegian Notes and Swedish Notes: TEFRA not applicable)</i> |
| (viii) ERISA: | [Not Applicable][Yes/No]
<i>(Yes relates to ability of employee benefit plans subject to ERISA to buy)</i> |
| (ix) Additional selling restrictions: | [Not Applicable]
<i>[Include the following text for Notes that are structured products</i> |

²¹ Delete in the case of a Tranche of Exempt PD Notes or Exempt Notes.

²² Delete in the case of a Tranche of Exempt PD Notes or Exempt Notes.

²³ Delete in the case of a Tranche of Exempt PD Notes or Exempt Notes.

²⁴ Delete in the case of a Tranche of Exempt PD Notes or Exempt Notes.

²⁵ Delete in the case of a Tranche of Exempt PD Notes or Exempt Notes.

²⁶ Only required in the case of a Tranche of Non-Exempt PD Notes.

within the meaning of the Swiss Act on Collective Investment Schemes and which will not be distributed in or from Switzerland. Please note that the distribution of structured products to non qualified investors in Switzerland is subject to the preparation of a simplified prospectus in accordance with Swiss regulations which needs to be available from a Swiss branch of the issuer:

The Notes may not be distributed to non- qualified investors in or from Switzerland and neither this document nor any other offering or marketing material relating to the Notes may be distributed to non-qualified investors in or from Switzerland, as such terms are defined under the Swiss Collective Investment Scheme Act (the “CISA”), its implementing ordinances and the relevant practice of the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (“FINMA”). The Notes may only be distributed in or from Switzerland to qualified investors, as such terms are defined under the CISA, its implementing ordinances and the relevant practice of FINMA. This document does not constitute a simplified prospectus within the meaning of Art. 5 CISA. The Notes are not intended to be listed on the SIX Swiss Exchange (“SIX”) or on any other regulated securities markets in Switzerland and consequently the information presented in this document does not necessarily comply with the information standards set out in the relevant listing rules.

The Notes do not constitute participations in a collective investment scheme in the meaning of the CISA. Therefore, the Notes are not subject to the approval of, or supervision by FINMA, and investors in the Notes will not benefit from protection under the CISA or supervision by FINMA.]

(x) Non-Exempt Offer:

[Not Applicable] [An offer of the Notes may be made by the Managers and [*insert names and addresses of financial intermediaries receiving consent (specific consent)*] (together [with the Managers] the “**Initial Authorised Offerors**”) [and any additional financial intermediaries who have or obtain the Issuer’s consent to use the [Base] Prospectus in connection with the Non-Exempt Offer and who are identified on the Issuer’s website at [<https://www.ingmarkets.com/en-nl/ing-markets/>] as an Authorised Offeror (together, being persons to whom the Issuer has given consent, the “**Authorised Offerors**”) other than pursuant to Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive in [Austria/Belgium/ Finland/France/Germany/Italy/ Luxembourg/The Netherlands/Norway/Portugal/Spain/Sweden] (the “**Public Offer Jurisdictions**”) during the period from [*specify date*] until [*specify date*] (the “**Offer Period**”). See further paragraph 10 (xiii) below.

(xi) General Consent:

[Not Applicable][Applicable]

12 [GENERAL

- (i) Total amount of the offer; if the amount is not fixed, description of the arrangements and time for announcing the definitive amount to the public: [●]
- (ii) Conditions to which the offer is subject: [Offers of the Notes are conditional on their issue. As between the Authorised Offerors and their customers, offers of the Notes are further subject to conditions as may be agreed between them and/or as specified in the arrangements in place between them.] [as set out on page [●]] [●]
- (iii) Description of the application process: [A prospective Noteholder should contact the applicable Authorised Offeror in the applicable Public Offer Jurisdiction prior to the end of the Offer Period. A prospective Noteholder will subscribe for the Notes in accordance with the arrangements existing between such Authorised Offeror and its customers relating to the subscription of securities generally. Noteholders will not be required to enter into any contractual arrangements directly with the Issuer in connection with the subscription of the Notes.] [as set out on page [●]] [●]
- (iv) Description of possibility to reduce subscriptions: [Not Applicable. The terms of the Public Offer do not provide for any reductions of subscriptions.] [Investors may not be allocated all of the Notes for which they apply. The offering may, at the discretion of the Issuer, be cancelled at any time prior to the Issue Date.] [as set out on page [●]] [●]
- (v) Manner for refunding excess amount paid by applicants: [Not Applicable. The terms of the Public Offer do not provide for any refunds of excess amounts paid by applicants.] [as set out on page [●]] [●]
- (vi) Minimum and/or maximum amount of application: [There are no pre-identified allotment criteria. The Authorised Offerors will adopt allotment criteria in accordance with customary market practices and applicable laws and regulations.] [as set out on page [●]] [●]
- (vii) Method and time limit for paying up the securities and for delivery of the Notes: [Investors will be notified by the relevant Authorised Offeror of their allocations of Notes and the settlement arrangements in respect thereof. The Notes will be issued on the Issue Date against payment to the Issuer of the net subscription moneys.] [as set out on page [●]] [●]
- (viii) Manner and date on which results of the offer are to be made public: [Investors will be notified by the Issuer or any applicable financial intermediary of their allocations of Notes and the settlement procedures in respect thereof on or around [date].] [as set out on page [●]] [●]
- (ix) Procedure for exercise of any right of pre-emption, the negotiability of subscription [Not Applicable. The terms of the Public Offer do not provide for a procedure for the exercise of any right of pre-emption or negotiability of subscription rights.] [as set out on page [●]] [●]

rights and the treatment of subscription rights not exercised:

- (x) Categories of potential investors to which the Notes are offered and whether tranche(s) have been reserved for certain countries:
- (xi) Process for notification to applicants of the amount allotted and the indication whether dealing may begin before notification is made:
- (xii) Amount of any expenses and taxes specifically charged to the subscriber or purchaser:
- (xiii) Name(s) and address(es), to the extent known to the Issuer, of the placers in the various countries where the offer takes place:

[Offers may be made by the Authorised Offerors in each of the Public Offer Jurisdictions to any person during the Offer Period. In other European Economic Area countries and in all jurisdictions (including the Public Offer Jurisdictions) outside of the Offer Period, offers will only be made by the Issuer [and any Managers] pursuant to an exemption under the Prospectus Directive, as implemented in such countries. All offers of the Notes will be made in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.] [●]

[[A prospective Noteholder may not be allocated all of the Notes for which they apply during the Offer Period]/[A prospective Noteholder will receive 100 per cent. of the amount of the Notes allocated to it during the Offer Period. Prospective Noteholders will be notified by the applicable Authorised Offeror in accordance with the arrangements in place between such Authorised Offeror and the prospective Noteholders. No dealings in the Notes on a regulated market for the purposes of the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive 2004/39/EC may take place prior to the Issue Date.] [●]

[Not Applicable. The terms of the Public Offer do not provide for any expenses and/or taxes to be charged to any subscriber and/or purchaser of the Notes.] [●]

The Initial Authorised Offerors identified in paragraph 9 above [and any additional Authorised Offerors who have or obtain the Issuer's consent to use the Prospectus in connection with the Public Offer and who are identified on the Issuer's website as an Authorised Offeror] (together, the "**Authorised Offerors**").²⁷

²⁷ Delete in the case of a Tranche of Exempt PD Notes or Exempt Notes

ANNEX
ISSUE SPECIFIC SUMMARY OF THE INDEX LINKED NOTES

This summary applies only to Non-Exempt PD notes issued by ING Bank N.V. (the “Global Issuer”).

Summaries are made up of disclosure requirements known as “Elements”. These elements are numbered in Sections A to E (A.1 to E.7). This Summary contains all the Elements required to be included in a summary for the Notes and the Global Issuer. Because some Elements are not required to be addressed, there may be gaps in the numbering sequence of the Elements. Even though an Element may be required to be inserted in a summary because of the nature of the Notes and the Global Issuer, it is possible that no relevant information can be given regarding the Element. In this case, a short description of the Element should be included in the summary with the mention of “Not Applicable”.

Section A – Introduction and warnings

Element		
A.1	<p>This summary must be read as an introduction to the Base Prospectus. Any decision to invest in the Notes should be based on a consideration of the Base Prospectus as a whole, including any documents incorporated by reference. Where a claim relating to the information contained in the Base Prospectus is brought before a court, the plaintiff may, under the national legislation of Member States of the European Economic Area where the claim is brought, be required to bear the costs of translating the Base Prospectus before the legal proceedings are initiated. Civil liability attaches only to those persons who have tabled the summary, including any translation thereof, but only if the summary is misleading, inaccurate or inconsistent when read together with the other parts of the Base Prospectus or it does not provide, when read together with the other parts of the Base Prospectus, key information in order to aid investors when considering whether to invest in the Notes.</p>	
A.2	<p>Consent by the Issuer to the use of the Base Prospectus for subsequent resale or final placement by financial intermediaries, during the offer period indicated, and the conditions attached to such consent.</p>	<p>[<i>Consent</i>: Subject to the conditions set out below, the Global Issuer consents to the use of the Base Prospectus in connection with a Public Offer (as defined below) of Notes by the [Manager[s]][Issuer], [●], [and] [each financial intermediary whose name is published on the Global Issuer’s website (<i>www.ingmarkets.com</i>) and identified as an Authorised Offeror in respect of the relevant Public Offer] [and any financial intermediary which is authorised to make such offers under the applicable legislation implementing Directive 2004/39/EC (the “Markets in Financial Instruments Directive”) and publishes on its website the following statement (with the information in square brackets being completed with the relevant information):</p> <p><i>“We, [insert legal name of financial intermediary], refer to the [insert title of relevant PD Notes] (the “Notes”) described in the Final Terms dated [insert date] (the “Final Terms”) published by ING Bank N.V (the “Global Issuer”). We hereby accept the offer by the Global Issuer of its consent to our use of the Base Prospectus (as defined in the Final Terms) in connection with the offer of the Notes in [Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain and Sweden] (the “Public Offer”) in accordance with the Authorised Offeror Terms and subject to the conditions to such consent, each as specified in the Base</i></p>

Element		
		<p><i>Prospectus, and we are using the Base Prospectus in connection with the Public Offer accordingly.”</i></p> <p>A “Public Offer” of Notes is an offer of Notes (other than pursuant to Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive) in [<i>Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain and Sweden</i>] during the Offer Period specified below. Those persons to whom the Global Issuer gives its consent in accordance with the foregoing provisions are the “Authorised Offerors” for such Public Offer.</p> <p><i>Offer Period:</i> The Global Issuer’s consent referred to above is given for Public Offers of Notes during the period from [●] to [●] (the “Offer Period”).</p> <p><i>Conditions to consent:</i> The conditions to the Global Issuer’s consents [(in addition to the conditions referred to above)] are such that consent: (a) is only valid in respect of the relevant Tranche of Notes; (b) is only valid during the Offer Period; [and] (c) only extends to the use of the Base Prospectus to make Public Offers of the relevant Tranche of Notes in [<i>Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain and Sweden</i>] [; and (d) [●]].</p> <p>An investor intending to acquire or acquiring Notes in a Public Offer from an Authorised Offeror other than the Global Issuer will do so, and offers and sales of such Notes to an investor by such Authorised Offeror will be made, in accordance with any terms and other arrangements in place between such Authorised Offeror and such investor, including as to price, allocations, expenses and settlement arrangements.</p> <p>Each investor must look to the relevant Authorised Offeror at the time of any such Public Offer for the provision of information regarding the terms and conditions of the Public Offer and the Authorised Offeror will be solely responsible for such information.</p>

Section B – Issuer

Element	Title	
B.1	Legal and commercial name of the Issuer	ING Bank N.V. (the “ Global Issuer ” or “ Issuer ”).
B.2	The domicile and legal form of the Issuer, the legislation under which the Issuer operates and its country of incorporation	The Global Issuer is a public limited company (<i>naamloze vennootschap</i>) incorporated under the laws of The Netherlands on 12 November 1927, with its corporate seat (<i>statutaire zetel</i>) in Amsterdam, The Netherlands.
B.4b	A description of any known trends	The results of operations of the Global Issuer are affected by demographics and by a variety of market conditions, including economic cycles, banking

Element	Title	
	affecting the Issuer and the industries in which it operates	<p>industry cycles and fluctuations in stock markets, interest and foreign exchange rates.</p> <p>In 2012, the external environment continued to have an impact on the Global Issuer as the euro sovereign debt crisis in the Eurozone maintained a challenging economic and financial market environment for a major part of the year. This led to international capital and money markets not functioning in the manner they would in more normal circumstances. This had repercussions (for the Global Issuer, its industry and the broader economy) especially in Europe where funding for governments and financial institutions continues to be difficult in certain markets.</p> <p>The operations of the Global Issuer are exposed to fluctuations in equity markets. The Global Issuer maintains an internationally diversified and mainly client-related trading portfolio. Accordingly, market downturns are likely to lead to declines in securities trading and brokerage activities which it executes for customers and therefore to a decline in related commissions and trading results. In addition to this, the Global Issuer also maintains equity investments in its own non-trading books. Fluctuations in equity markets may affect the value of these investments.</p> <p>The operations of the Global Issuer are exposed to fluctuations in interest rates. The Global Issuer's management of interest rate sensitivity affects the results of its operations. Interest rate sensitivity refers to the relationship between changes in market interest rates on the one hand and future interest earnings and economic value of its underlying banking portfolios on the other hand. Both the composition of the Global Issuer's assets and liabilities and the fact that interest rate changes may affect client behaviour in a different way than assumed in the Global Issuer's internal models may result in a mismatch which causes the banking longer term operations' net interest income and trading results to be affected by changes in interest rates.</p> <p>The Global Issuer is exposed to fluctuations in exchange rates. The Global Issuer's management of exchange rate sensitivity affects the results of its operations through the trading activities for its own account and because ING Bank prepares and publishes its consolidated financial statements in euros. Because a substantial portion of the Global Issuer's income and expenses is denominated in currencies other than euros, fluctuations in the exchange rates used to translate foreign currencies into euros will impact its reported results of operations and cash flows from year to year. This exposure is mitigated by the fact that realised results in non-euro currencies are translated into euros by monthly hedging.</p>
B.5	A description of the Issuer's group and the Issuer's position within the group	<p>The Global Issuer is part of ING Groep N.V. ("ING Group"). ING Group is the holding company of a broad spectrum of companies (together called "ING") offering banking, investments, life insurance and retirement services to meet the needs of a broad customer base. The Global Issuer is a wholly-owned, non-listed subsidiary of ING Group and is a large international player with an extensive global network in over 40 countries.</p>

Element	Title																																																				
		Since 2011, the Global Issuer has been operating as a stand-alone business under the umbrella of ING Group.																																																			
B.9	Profit forecast or estimate	Not Applicable. The Global Issuer has not made any public profit forecasts or profit estimates.																																																			
B.10	Qualifications in the Auditors' report	Not Applicable. The audit reports on the audited financial statements of the Global Issuer for the years ended 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012 are unqualified.																																																			
B.12	Selected historical key financial information/Significant or material adverse change	<p>Key Consolidated Figures ING Bank N.V.⁽¹⁾</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th style="text-align: right;">2012</th> <th style="text-align: right;">2011</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="3">Balance sheet (in EUR million)⁽²⁾</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total assets</td> <td style="text-align: right;">836,068</td> <td style="text-align: right;">961,165</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total equity</td> <td style="text-align: right;">37,512</td> <td style="text-align: right;">35,060</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Deposits and funds borrowed</td> <td style="text-align: right;">633,756</td> <td style="text-align: right;">682,523</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Loans and advances</td> <td style="text-align: right;">541,546</td> <td style="text-align: right;">577,569</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3">Results (in EUR million)⁽⁴⁾</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total income</td> <td style="text-align: right;">16,298</td> <td style="text-align: right;">17,195</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Operating expenses</td> <td style="text-align: right;">9,843</td> <td style="text-align: right;">10,226</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Additions to loan loss provisions</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2,125</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1,670</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result before tax</td> <td style="text-align: right;">4,330</td> <td style="text-align: right;">5,299</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Taxation</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1,124</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1,216</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Net result (before minority interests) ..</td> <td style="text-align: right;">3,206</td> <td style="text-align: right;">4,083</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Attributable to Shareholders of the parent</td> <td style="text-align: right;">3,115</td> <td style="text-align: right;">4,005</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3">Ratios (in %)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BIS ratio⁽⁵⁾</td> <td style="text-align: right;">16.91</td> <td style="text-align: right;">14.26</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tier-1 ratio⁽⁶⁾</td> <td style="text-align: right;">14.35</td> <td style="text-align: right;">11.69</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Notes:</p> <p>(1) These figures have been derived from the audited annual accounts of ING Bank N.V. in respect of the financial years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011, respectively.</p> <p>(2) At 31 December.</p> <p>(3) Figures including Banks and Debt securities.</p> <p>(4) For the year ended 31 December.</p> <p>(5) BIS ratio = BIS capital as a percentage of Risk Weighted Assets. Note: These Risk Weighted Assets are based on Basel II.</p> <p>(6) Tier-1 ratio = Available Tier-1 capital as a percentage of Risk Weighted Assets. Note: These Risk Weighted Assets are based on Basel II.</p>		2012	2011	Balance sheet (in EUR million)⁽²⁾			Total assets	836,068	961,165	Total equity	37,512	35,060	Deposits and funds borrowed	633,756	682,523	Loans and advances	541,546	577,569	Results (in EUR million)⁽⁴⁾			Total income	16,298	17,195	Operating expenses	9,843	10,226	Additions to loan loss provisions	2,125	1,670	Result before tax	4,330	5,299	Taxation	1,124	1,216	Net result (before minority interests) ..	3,206	4,083	Attributable to Shareholders of the parent	3,115	4,005	Ratios (in %)			BIS ratio ⁽⁵⁾	16.91	14.26	Tier-1 ratio ⁽⁶⁾	14.35	11.69
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Element	Title	
		<p><i>Significant or Material Adverse Change</i></p> <p>At the date hereof, there has been no significant change in the financial or trading position of the Global Issuer and its consolidated subsidiaries and there has been no material adverse change in the prospects of the Global Issuer, in each case, since 31 December 2012, except for the announcement in the unaudited ING Group 2013 quarterly report for the first quarter of 2013, as published by ING Group on 8 May 2013 (page 11), that the Global plans to pay a dividend of EUR 1.5 billion to ING Group.</p>
B.13	Recent material events particular to the Issuer's solvency	Not Applicable. There are no recent events particular to the Global Issuer which are to a material extent relevant to the evaluation of the solvency of the Global Issuer.
B.14	Dependence upon other group entities	<p>The description of the group and the position of the Global Issuer within the group is given under B.5 above.</p> <p>Not Applicable. The Global Issuer is not dependent upon other entities within ING Group.</p>
B.15	A description of the Issuer's principal activities	<p>The Global Issuer is a large international player in the financial services industry with an extensive global network in over 40 countries.</p> <p>Since 1 January 2011, the Global Issuer has been operating as a stand-alone business under the umbrella of ING Group.</p> <p>The Global Issuer is active through the following business lines: Retail Banking, including ING Direct, and Commercial Banking.</p>
B.16	Extent to which the Issuer is directly or indirectly owned or controlled	The Global Issuer is a wholly-owned, non-listed subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.
B.17	Credit ratings assigned to the Issuer or its securities	<p>The Global Issuer has a senior debt rating from Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services Europe Limited ("Standard & Poor's"), Moody's Investors Services Ltd. ("Moody's") and Fitch France S.A.S. ("Fitch"), details of which are contained in the relevant Registration Document. Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch are established in the European Union and are registered under the Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies, as amended from time to time (the "CRA Regulation").</p> <p>Tranches of Notes to be issued under the Programme may be rated or unrated. Where a Tranche of Notes is to be rated, such rating will not necessarily be the same as the rating assigned to the Global Issuer, the Programme or Notes already issued under the Programme.</p> <p>A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency.</p>

Section C – Securities

Element	Title	
C.1	A description of the type and class of securities being offered and/or admitted to trading, including any security identification number	<p>The Notes described in this summary are financial instruments which are issued under the €40,000,000,000 Global Issuance Programme.</p> <p>The Notes are [[●] [●] per cent. Fixed Rate Notes]/[Floating Rate Notes]/[Zero Coupon Notes]/[Tailor-Made Interest Notes]/[Step-Up Interest Notes]/[Floater Interest Notes]/[Floater with Lock-In Interest Notes]/[Reverse Floater Interest Notes]/[Ratchet Floater Interest Notes]/[Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest Notes]/[Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest Notes]/[Steepener Interest Notes]/[Steepener with Lock-In Interest Notes]/[Range Accrual(Rates) Interest Notes]/[Range Accrual(Spread) Interest Notes]/[Inverse Range Accrual Interest Notes]/[KO Range Accrual Interest Notes]/[Dual Range Accrual Interest Notes]/[Snowball Interest Notes]/[SnowRanger Interest Notes]/[Barrier(Rates) Interest Notes]/[Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest Notes]/[Reference Item(Inflation) Indexed Interest Notes]/[Inflation Indexed Redemption Notes]/[Inflation Indexed Redemption with Floor Notes]/[Step-Up Barrier Interest Notes]/[Memory Interest Notes]/[One Touch Memory Interest Notes]/[Range Accrual(Index) Interest Notes]/[Barrier(Index) Interest Notes]/[One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest Notes]/[Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Interest Notes]/[Best Of Interest Notes]/[One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest Notes]/[Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes]/[Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption Notes]/[(Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Redemption Notes]/[(Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption Notes]/[Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes]/[Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption Notes]/[Capped Outperformance Redemption Notes]/[Capped Bonus Redemption Notes]/[Express Redemption Notes]/[Tracker Redemption Notes]/[Outperformance Redemption Notes]/[Bonus Redemption Notes]/[Outperformance Bonus Redemption Notes]/[Twin-Win Redemption Notes]/[Warrant Redemption Notes]/[Spread Warrant Redemption Notes]/[Knock-Out Warrant Redemption Notes] due [●].</p> <p>Series Number: [●]</p> <p>Tranche Number: [●](delete if not applicable)</p> <p>Aggregate Nominal Amount:</p> <p>(i) Series: [●](delete if not applicable)</p> <p>(ii) Tranche: [●](delete if not applicable)</p> <p>Specified Denomination: [●]</p> <p>Calculation Amount: [●]</p> <p>CA Factor: [●]</p> <p>Form of Notes [●]</p> <p>ISIN Code: [●]</p>

Element	Title	
		Common Code: [●](delete if not applicable)
C.2	Currency of the securities issue	The Notes are denominated in [●].
C.5	A description of any restrictions on the free transferability of the securities	<p>The Global Issuer and the Dealers have agreed certain customary restrictions on offers, sale and delivery of Notes and of the distribution of offering material in the United States, the European Economic Area, Australia, Austria, Brazil, Canada, Cayman Islands, Czech Republic, Chile, the Dubai International Financial Centre, Finland, France, Hong Kong, Hungary, India, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, The Netherlands, People’s Republic of China, Republic of Korea, Republic of the Philippines, Romania, Russia, Singapore, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, Turkey, the United Arab Emirates (excluding the Dubai International Financial Centre), the United Kingdom, Uruguay and Venezuela.</p> <p>[Reg. S Compliance Category 2. TEFRA [C/TEFRA D/TEFRA not applicable]</p>
C.8	A description of rights attached to the Notes, including ranking and any limitations to those rights	<p>Please also refer to C.9 below.</p> <p><i>Status</i></p> <p>The Notes will constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Global Issuer and will rank <i>pari passu</i> among themselves and (save for certain debts required to be preferred by law) equally with all other unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations, if any) of the Global Issuer from time to time outstanding.</p> <p><i>Taxation</i></p> <p>The Notes will not contain any provision that would oblige the Global Issuer to gross up any amounts payable in respect of interest or principal in the event of any withholding or deduction for or on account of taxes levied in any jurisdiction. The Global Issuer may also elect to redeem Notes if it would be required, on the occasion of the next payment due in respect of the Notes, to withhold or account for tax in respect of the Notes.</p> <p><i>Negative pledge</i></p> <p>The terms of the Notes do not contain a negative pledge provision.</p> <p><i>Events of Default</i></p> <p>The terms of the Notes contain, amongst others, the following events of default (“Events of Default”):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) default is made for more than 30 days in the payment of interest or principal in respect of the Notes; or (ii) the Global Issuer fails to perform or observe any of its other obligations under the Notes and such failure has continued for the period of 60 days next following the service on the Global Issuer of notice requiring the same to be remedied; or (iii) the Global Issuer is declared bankrupt (<i>failliet verklaard</i>) or granted a

Element	Title							
		<p>moratorium (<i>surseance van betaling</i>); or</p> <p>(iv) a declaration in respect of the Global Issuer is made to apply the emergency regulation (<i>noodregeling</i>) under Chapter 3, Section 3.5.5.1 of the Dutch Financial Supervision Act (<i>Wet op het financieel toezicht</i>); or</p> <p>(v) an order is made or an effective resolution is passed for the winding-up or liquidation of the Global Issuer unless this is done in connection with a merger, consolidation or other form of combination with another company, the terms of which merger, consolidation or combination (A) have the effect of the emerging or such other surviving company assuming all obligations contracted for by the Global Issuer in connection with the Notes or (B) have previously been approved by an Extraordinary Resolution of the holders of the Notes.</p> <p><i>Meetings and written resolutions</i></p> <p>The conditions of the Notes contain provisions for calling meetings of holders of the Notes to consider matters affecting their interests generally. These provisions permit defined majorities to bind all holders, including holders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting and holders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority. Actions may also be taken by means of written resolution.</p> <p><i>Governing law</i></p> <p>The Notes will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, English law.</p> <p><i>Issue Price:</i></p> <p>[●] per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount [plus accrued interest from [●]] [[●] per Unit]</p>						
C.9	Interest: The nominal interest rate, the date from which interest becomes payable and the due dates for interest, a description of the underlying on which it is based, maturity date and arrangements for amortisation including repayment procedures, an indication of	<p>Interest</p> <p>[The Notes will bear interest payable at [a fixed rate]/[a floating rate]/[a variable rate] [which may be determined in respect of an Interest Period(t) and its related Interest Payment Date(t) by reference to [Underlying Rate(t)]/[Underlying Rate1(t)][and Underlying Rate2(t)].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates and [the Underlying Rate(t)]/[the Underlying Rate1(t)][and Underlying Rate2(t)] are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1648 1129 1834"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1648 858 1733">Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="858 1648 1129 1733">Interest Payment Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1733 858 1787"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> <td data-bbox="858 1733 1129 1787"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1787 858 1834"></td> <td data-bbox="858 1787 1129 1834"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>		
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<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>							

Element	Title							
	yield and the name of the representative of debt security holders	Underlying Rate(t)	Underlying Rate1(t)	Underlying Rate2(t)				
		<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>				
		<p><i>[If the Notes are Fixed Rate Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are fixed rate Notes (“Fixed Rate Notes”). Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from the Interest Commencement Date at the fixed rate of [●] per cent. per annum. The yield of the Notes is [●] per cent. Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear on each Interest Payment Date[, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Payment Dates are [●].</p> <p><i>[If the Notes are Floating Rate Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are floating rate Notes (“Floating Rate Notes”). Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from the Interest Commencement Date at a floating rate calculated by reference to [●] [plus/minus] a margin of [●] per cent. Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear on each Interest Payment Date[, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Payment Dates are [●].</p> <p><i>[If the Notes are Zero Coupon Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are zero coupon Notes (“Zero Coupon Notes”) and do not bear interest.</p> <p><i>[If the Notes are Tailor-Made Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the Tailor-Made Interest terms apply (“Tailor-Made Interest Notes”). Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from the Interest Commencement Date for each Interest Period at a variable rate equal to the sum of (i) the product of Multiplier(t) and Underlying Rate(t) plus (ii) Underlying Margin(t), subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t).</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, Multiplier, Underlying Rate, Underlying Margin, Cap and Floor for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1787 1128 1953"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1787 858 1865">Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="858 1787 1128 1865">Interest Payment Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1865 858 1912"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="858 1865 1128 1912"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1912 858 1953"></td> <td data-bbox="858 1912 1128 1953"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>
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		<p><i>[If the Notes are Step-Up Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the Step-Up Interest terms apply (“Step-Up Interest Notes”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from the Interest Commencement Date for each Interest Period specified in the table below (each, a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date”) [to (and including) [●]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Fixed Rate Interest Periods, Fixed Rate Interest Payment Dates and the Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Fixed Rate Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p>											
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Element	Title										
		<p><i>(If the Final Terms do not specify that Fixed Rate Period is “Applicable”, and the Interest Period is the first Interest Period:)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date to (but excluding) the Interest Payment Date falling on [●], subject to adjustment for non-business days,] at a fixed rate equal to [●] per cent. per annum (the “Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of (i) the second and any subsequent Interest Period where “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, or (ii) “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms but the Fixed Rate Period has ended and such Interest Period is a Variable Rate Interest Period)</i></p> <p>In respect of each Interest Period thereafter, each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate equal to the sum of (i) the rate of interest in respect of the previous Interest Period (and related Interest Payment Date) and (ii) the Step-Up(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]], subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, and the Step-Up for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1061 1129 1232"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1061 860 1140">Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1061 1129 1140">Interest Payment Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1140 860 1184"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1140 1129 1184"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1184 860 1232"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1184 1129 1232"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1285 860 1489"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1285 860 1335">Step-Up(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1335 860 1444"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1444 860 1489"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>[If the Notes are Floater Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the Floater Interest terms apply (“Floater Interest Notes”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from [●] for each Interest Period specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date”) [to (and including) [●]], subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p>	Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>			Step-Up(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	
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<p>[In respect of each Interest Period thereafter, each] [Each] Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate equal to the sum of (i) the product of the Multiplier(t) and the Underlying Rate(t) and (ii) the Underlying Margin(t), subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]], subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p>												
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<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="580 1106 855 1182">Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="855 1106 1129 1182">Interest Payment Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="580 1182 855 1234"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="855 1182 1129 1234"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="580 1234 855 1279"></td> <td data-bbox="855 1234 1129 1279"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>								
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Element	Title											
		Cap(t)	Floor(t)									
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		<p><i>[If the Notes are Floater with Lock-In Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the Floater with Lock-In Interest terms apply (“Floater with Lock-In Interest Notes”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from [●] for each Interest Period specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date”) [to (and including) [●]], subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Fixed Rate Interest Periods, Fixed Rate Interest Payment Dates and the Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Fixed Rate Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>(In respect of (i) any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and (ii) any Variable Rate Interest Period)</i></p> <p>[In respect of each Interest Period thereafter, each] [Each] Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate equal to the sum of (i) the product of the Multiplier(t) and the Underlying Rate(t) and (ii) the Underlying Margin(t), subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t), provided that, if such rate is greater than [or equal to] the Lock-In(t), the rate of interest in respect of such Interest Payment Date and all subsequent Interest Payment Dates will be the Rate of Interest(Lock-In)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]], subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, Multiplier, Underlying Margin, Lock-In, Rate of Interest (Lock-In), Cap and Floor for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p>		Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			
Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)										
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Element	Title		
		Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)
		<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>
		Multiplier(t)	
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	
		Underlying Margin(t)	
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	
		Lock-In(t)	Rate of Interest (Lock-In)(t)
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>
		Cap(t)	Floor(t)
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>
		<p><i>[If the Notes are Reverse Floater Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the Reverse Floater Interest terms apply (“Reverse Floater Interest Notes”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from [●] for each Interest Period specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date”) [to (and including) [●]][, subject to</p>	

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		<p>adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Fixed Rate Interest Periods, Fixed Rate Interest Payment Dates and the Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Fixed Rate Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>(In respect of (i) any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and (ii) any Variable Rate Interest Period)</i></p> <p>[In respect of each Interest Period thereafter, each] [Each] Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate equal to (i) Fix(t) minus (ii) the product of the Multiplier(t) and the Underlying Rate(t), subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates Fix, Multiplier, Cap and Floor for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Interest Period(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Interest Payment Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Fix(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Multiplier(t)</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Cap(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Floor(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>[If the Notes are Ratchet Floater Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the Ratchet Floater Interest terms apply (“Ratchet Floater Interest Notes”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is</i></p>	Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>				Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>			Fix(t)	Multiplier(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			Cap(t)	Floor(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>		
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Element	Title										
		<p><i>specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from [●] for each Interest Period specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date specified in the table below (each, a “Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date”) [to (and including) [●]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Fixed Rate Interest Periods, Fixed Rate Interest Payment Dates and the Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Fixed Rate Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 674 1401 909"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 674 858 748">Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="858 674 1129 748">Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)</th> <th data-bbox="1129 674 1401 748">Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 748 858 864"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="858 748 1129 864"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> <td data-bbox="1129 748 1401 864"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 864 858 909"></td> <td data-bbox="858 864 1129 909"></td> <td data-bbox="1129 864 1401 909"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>(In respect of (i) any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and (ii) any Variable Rate Interest Period)</i></p> <p><i>(Where “Ratchet Floor without Cap” or “Ratchet Floor with Cap” are specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p> <p>[In respect of each Interest Period thereafter, each] [Each] Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate equal to the greater of (i) the sum of (1) the product of the Multiplier1(t) and the rate of interest payable in respect of the previous Interest Period (or, if the Interest Period(t) is the first Interest Period, zero per cent.) and (2) the Ratchet(t) and (ii) the sum of (1) the product of the Multiplier2(t) and the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin(t)[, subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t)].</p> <p>Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p><i>(Where “Ratchet Cap without Floor” or “Ratchet Cap with Floor” are specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, in relation to the first such Interest Period)</i></p> <p>In respect of the first Interest Period [following the end of the last Fixed Rate Interest Period], each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate equal to the sum of (i) the product of the Multiplier2(t) and the Underlying Rate(t), and (ii) the Underlying Margin(t)[, subject to a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t)]. Interest will be paid in arrear at this rate on [●][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p>	Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			
Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)									
<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>									

Element	Title																									
		<p>In respect of all subsequent Interest Periods, each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from [●] for each Interest Period at a variable rate equal to the lesser of (i) the sum of (1) the product of the Multiplier1(t) and the rate of interest on the previous Interest Payment Date (or, if the Interest Payment Date(t) is the first Interest Payment Date, zero per cent.) and (2) the Ratchet(t) and (ii) the sum of (1) the product of the Multiplier2(t) and the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin(t)[, subject to a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t)]. Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, Ratchet, Multiplier1, Multiplier2, Underlying Margin, Cap and Floor for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 779 1129 952"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 779 860 860">Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 779 1129 860">Interest Payment Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 860 860 902"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 860 1129 902"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 902 860 952"></td> <td data-bbox="860 902 1129 952"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 999 860 1202"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 999 860 1041">Ratchet(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1041 860 1155"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1155 860 1202"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1249 1129 1453"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1249 860 1292">Multiplier1(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1249 1129 1292">Multiplier2(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1292 860 1406"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1292 1129 1406"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1406 860 1453"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1406 1129 1453"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1500 860 1704"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1500 860 1581">Underlying Margin(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1581 860 1695"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1695 860 1704"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1738 1129 1942"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1738 860 1780">Cap(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1738 1129 1780">Floor(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1780 860 1895"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1780 1129 1895"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1895 860 1942"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1895 1129 1942"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>			Ratchet(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>		Multiplier1(t)	Multiplier2(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			Underlying Margin(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>		Cap(t)	Floor(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>		
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Element	Title										
		<p><i>[If the Notes are Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest terms apply (“Switchable (Fixed to Floating) Interest Notes”).</p> <p>In respect of each Interest Period commencing before any Interest Payment Date in respect of which the Issuer exercises its option to switch the interest basis of the Notes from the fixed rate to the floating rate, each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date [to (and including) [●]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days]. The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates and the Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 757 1401 987"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 757 860 831">Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 757 1129 831">Interest Payment Date(t)</th> <th data-bbox="1129 757 1401 831">Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 831 860 947"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 831 1129 947"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> <td data-bbox="1129 831 1401 947"><i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 947 860 987"></td> <td data-bbox="860 947 1129 987"></td> <td data-bbox="1129 947 1401 987"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>In respect of each Interest Period commencing with the Interest Period which commences on the Interest Payment Date following the valid exercise by the Issuer of its option to switch the interest basis of the Notes from the fixed rate to the floating rate, each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate equal to the sum of (i) the product of the Multiplier(t) and the Underlying Rate(t) and (ii) the Underlying Margin(t), subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) the Interest Payment Date(t) following the valid exercise by the Issuer of its option to switch the interest payable on the Notes to (and including) the Maturity Date[, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, Multiplier, Underlying Margin, Cap and Floor for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p>	Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			
Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)									
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Element	Title		
		Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)
		<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>
		Multiplier(t)	Underlying Margin(t)
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>
		Cap(t)	Floor(t)
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>
		<p><i>[If the Notes are Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest terms apply (“Switchable (Floating to Fixed) Interest Notes”).</p> <p>In respect of each Interest Period commencing before any Interest Payment Date in respect of which the Issuer exercises its option to switch the interest basis from the Notes from the floating rate to the fixed rate, each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate equal to the sum of (i) the product of the Multiplier(t) and the Underlying Rate(t) and (ii) the Underlying Margin(t), subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date to (and including) the last Interest Payment Date(t) prior to the valid exercise by the Issuer of its option to switch the interest payable on the Notes[, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, Multiplier, Underlying Margin, Cap and Floor for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p>	

Element	Title			
		Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	
		<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	
		Multiplier(t)	Underlying Margin(t)	
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	
		Cap(t)	Floor(t)	
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	
		<p>In respect of each Interest Period commencing with the Interest Period which commences on the Interest Payment Date following the valid exercise by the Issuer of its option to switch the interest basis from the Notes from the floating rate to the fixed rate, each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date [to (and including) [●]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates and the Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p>		
		Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)
		<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>
		<p><i>[If the Notes are Steepener Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the Steepener Interest terms apply (“Steepener Interest Notes”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from [●] for each Interest Period specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date specified in the table below (each a</p>		

Element	Title																									
		<p>“Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date”) [to (and including) [●]], subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Fixed Rate Interest Periods, Fixed Rate Interest Payment Dates and the Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Fixed Rate Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 448 1401 680"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 448 860 524">Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 448 1128 524">Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)</th> <th data-bbox="1128 448 1401 524">Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 524 860 636"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 524 1128 636"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> <td data-bbox="1128 524 1401 636"><i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 636 860 680"></td> <td data-bbox="860 636 1128 680"></td> <td data-bbox="1128 636 1401 680"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>(In respect of (i) any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and (ii) any Variable Rate Interest Period)</i></p> <p>[In respect of each Interest Period thereafter, each] [Each] Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate equal to the product of the Multiplier(t) and the Spread(t), subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]], subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Spread(t) represents the difference when the Underlying Rate2(t) is subtracted from the Underlying Rate1(t).</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, Multiplier, Cap and Floor for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:]</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1261 1128 1431"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1261 860 1337">Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1261 1128 1337">Interest Payment Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1337 860 1382"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1337 1128 1382"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1382 860 1431"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1382 1128 1431"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1480 860 1682"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1480 860 1525">Multiplier(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1525 860 1637"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1637 860 1682"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1731 1128 1933"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1731 860 1776">Cap(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1731 1128 1776">Floor(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1776 860 1888"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1776 1128 1888"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1888 860 1933"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1888 1128 1933"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>				Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>			Multiplier(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>		Cap(t)	Floor(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>		
Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)																								
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Element	Title										
		<p><i>[If the Notes are Steepener with Lock-In Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the Steepener with Lock-In Interest terms apply (“Steepener with Lock-In Interest Notes”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from [●] for each Interest Period specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date”) [to (and including) [●]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Fixed Rate Interest Periods, Fixed Rate Interest Payment Dates and the Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Fixed Rate Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 869 1401 1106"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 869 860 949">Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 869 1128 949">Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)</th> <th data-bbox="1128 869 1401 949">Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 949 860 1061"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 949 1128 1061"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> <td data-bbox="1128 949 1401 1061"><i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1061 860 1106"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1061 1128 1106"></td> <td data-bbox="1128 1061 1401 1106"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>(In respect of (i) any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and (ii) any Variable Rate Interest Period)</i></p> <p>[In respect of each Interest Period thereafter, each] [Each] Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate equal to the product of the Multiplier(t) and the Spread(t), subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t), provided that if such rate is greater than [or equal to] the Lock-In(t), the rate of interest in respect of such Interest Payment Date(t) and all subsequent Interest Payment Date(t)s will be the Rate of Interest(Lock-In)(t).</p> <p>The Spread(t) represents the difference when the Underlying Rate2(t) is subtracted from the Underlying Rate1(t).</p> <p>Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, Multiplier, Lock-In, Rate of Interest(Lock-In), Cap and Floor for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p>	Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			
Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)									
<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>									

Element	Title		
		Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)
		<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>
		Multiplier(t)	
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	
		Lock-In(t)	Rate of Interest (Lock-In)(t)
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>
		Cap(t)	Floor(t)
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>
		<p><i>[If the Notes are Range Accrual(Rates) Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the Range Accrual(Rates) Interest terms apply (“Range Accrual(Rates) Interest Notes”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from [●] for each Interest Period specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date”) [to (and including) [●]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Fixed Rate Interest Periods, Fixed Rate Interest Payment Dates and the Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Fixed Rate Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p>	

Element	Title			
		Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)
		<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>
		<p><i>(In respect of (i) any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and (ii) any Variable Rate Interest Period)</i></p> <p>[In respect of each Interest Period thereafter, each] [Each] Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate calculated as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. First, (i) the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period on which the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) is greater than [or equal to] the Range Accrual Floor(t) [and]/[or] less than [or equal to] the Range Accrual Cap(t) (“n”), is divided by (ii) the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period (“N”), (the resulting fraction being the “Range Accrual Fraction”). <p>The Range Accrual Observation Period in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) is the period [from (and including) two business days before the previous Interest Payment Date to (and including) three business days before such Interest Payment Date(t)][<i>specify other period</i>].</p> <p>The Range Accrual Observation Dates are [●].</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Secondly, (i) the sum of (1) the product of (A) the Multiplier1(t) and (B) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin1(t), is multiplied by (ii) the Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting Rate of Interest is referred to here as the “Range Accrual Rate”. 3. Thirdly, (i) the difference when n is subtracted from N, is divided by (ii) N (the resulting fraction being the “Inverse Range Accrual Fraction”). 4. Fourthly, (i) the sum of (1) the product of (A) the Multiplier2(t) and (B) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin2(t), is multiplied by (ii) the Inverse Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting Rate of Interest is referred to here as the “Inverse Range Accrual Rate”. 5. The Rate of Interest payable by the Issuer in respect of the relevant Interest Period will be the sum of the Range Accrual Rate and Inverse Range Accrual Rate, subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t). <p>Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]], subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, Multiplier1, Multiplier2, Underlying Margin1, Underlying Margin2, Range Accrual Reference Rate,</p>		

Element	Title												
		Range Accrual Floor, Range Accrual Cap, Cap and Floor for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:											
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Interest Period(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Interest Payment Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>					
Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)												
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		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Multiplier1(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Multiplier2(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Multiplier1(t)	Multiplier2(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>					
Multiplier1(t)	Multiplier2(t)												
<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>												
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Underlying Margin1(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Underlying Margin2(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Underlying Margin1(t)	Underlying Margin2(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>					
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<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>												
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Range Accrual Reference Rate(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Range Accrual Floor(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Range Accrual Cap(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Range Accrual Reference Rate(t)	Range Accrual Floor(t)	Range Accrual Cap(t)	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			
Range Accrual Reference Rate(t)	Range Accrual Floor(t)	Range Accrual Cap(t)											
<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>											
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Cap(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Floor(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Cap(t)	Floor(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>					
Cap(t)	Floor(t)												
<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>												
		<p><i>[If the Notes are Range Accrual(Spread) Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the Range Accrual(Spread) Interest terms apply (“Range Accrual(Spread) Interest Notes”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from [●] for each Interest Period specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date specified in the table below (each a</p>											

Element	Title										
		<p>“Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date”) [to (and including) [●]], subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Fixed Rate Interest Periods, Fixed Rate Interest Payment Dates and the Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Fixed Rate Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 443 1401 678"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 443 860 521">Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 443 1128 521">Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)</th> <th data-bbox="1128 443 1401 521">Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 521 860 633"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 521 1128 633"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> <td data-bbox="1128 521 1401 633"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 633 860 678"></td> <td data-bbox="860 633 1128 678"></td> <td data-bbox="1128 633 1401 678"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>(In respect of (i) any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and (ii) any Variable Rate Interest Period)</i></p> <p>[In respect of each Interest Period thereafter, each] [Each] Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate calculated as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. First, (i) the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period on which the Range Accrual Reference Spread(t) is greater than [or equal to] the Range Accrual Floor(t) [and]/[or] less than [or equal to] the Range Accrual Cap(t) (“n”), is divided by (ii) the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period (“N”), (the resulting fraction being the “Range Accrual Fraction”). <p>The Range Accrual Observation Period in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) is the period [from (and including) two business days before the previous Interest Payment Date to (and including) three business days before such Interest Payment Date(t)][<i>specify other period</i>].</p> <p>The Range Accrual Observation Dates are [●].</p> <p>The “Range Accrual Reference Spread” represents the difference when the Range Accrual Reference Rate2(t) is subtracted from the Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t). 2. Secondly, (i) the sum of (1) the product of (A) the Multiplier1(t) and (B) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin1(t), is multiplied by (ii) the Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting Rate of Interest is referred to here as the “Range Accrual Rate”. 3. Thirdly, (i) the difference when n is subtracted from N, is divided by (ii) N (the resulting fraction being the “Inverse Range Accrual Fraction”). 4. Fourthly, (i) the sum of (1) the product of (A) the Multiplier2(t) and (B) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin2(t), is multiplied by (ii) the Inverse Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting Rate of Interest is referred to here as the “Inverse Range Accrual Rate”. 5. The Rate of Interest payable by the Issuer in respect of the relevant Interest Period will be the sum of the Range Accrual Rate and Inverse </p>	Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			
Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)									
<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>									

Element	Title																															
		<p>Range Accrual Rate, subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t).</p> <p>Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]], subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, Multiplier1, Multiplier2, Underlying Margin1, Underlying Margin2, Range Accrual Reference Rate1, Range Accrual Reference Rate2, Range Accrual Floor, Range Accrual Cap, Cap and Floor for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 640 1129 808"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 640 860 719">Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 640 1129 719">Interest Payment Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 719 860 763"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 719 1129 763"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 763 860 808"></td> <td data-bbox="860 763 1129 808"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 860 1129 1061"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 860 860 904">Multiplier1(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 860 1129 904">Multiplier2(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 904 860 1016"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 904 1129 1016"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1016 860 1061"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1016 1129 1061"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1113 1129 1346"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1113 860 1191">Underlying Margin1(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1113 1129 1191">Underlying Margin2(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1191 860 1303"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1191 1129 1303"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1303 860 1346"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1303 1129 1346"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1397 1129 1630"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1397 860 1476">Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1397 1129 1476">Range Accrual Reference Rate2(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1476 860 1588"><i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1476 1129 1588"><i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1588 860 1630"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1588 1129 1630"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1682 1129 1915"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1682 860 1760">Range Accrual Floor(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1682 1129 1760">Range Accrual Cap(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1760 860 1872"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1760 1129 1872"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1872 860 1915"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1872 1129 1915"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>			Multiplier1(t)	Multiplier2(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			Underlying Margin1(t)	Underlying Margin2(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t)	Range Accrual Reference Rate2(t)	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			Range Accrual Floor(t)	Range Accrual Cap(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>		
Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)																															
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Range Accrual Floor(t)	Range Accrual Cap(t)																															
<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>																															

Element	Title											
		Cap(t)	Floor(t)									
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>									
		<p><i>[If the Notes are Inverse Range Accrual Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the Inverse Range Accrual Interest terms (“Inverse Range Accrual Interest Notes”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from [●] for each Interest Period specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date”)[to (and including) [●]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Fixed Rate Interest Periods, Fixed Rate Interest Payment Dates and the Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Fixed Rate Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>(In respect of (i) any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and (ii) any Variable Rate Interest Period)</i></p> <p>[In respect of each Interest Period thereafter, each] [Each] Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate calculated as follows:</p> <p>1. First, (i) the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period on which the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) is greater than [or equal to] the Range Accrual Floor(t) [and]/[or] less than [or equal to] the Range Accrual Cap(t) (“n”), is divided by (ii) the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period (“N”), (the resulting fraction being the “Range Accrual Fraction”).</p> <p>The Range Accrual Observation Period in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) is the period [from (and including) two business days before the previous Interest Payment Date to (and including) three business days before such Interest Payment Date(t)][<i>specify other period</i>].</p>		Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			
Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)										
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Element	Title																									
		<p>The Range Accrual Observation Dates are [●].</p> <p>2. Secondly, (i) the sum of (1) the product of (A) the Multiplier1(t) and (B) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin1(t), is multiplied by (ii) the Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting Rate of Interest is referred to here as the “Range Accrual Rate”.</p> <p>3. Thirdly, (i) the difference when n is subtracted from N, is divided by (ii) N (the resulting fraction being the “Inverse Range Accrual Fraction”).</p> <p>4. Fourthly, (i) the sum of (1) the product of (A) the Multiplier2(t) and (B) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin2(t), is multiplied by (ii) the Inverse Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting Rate of Interest is referred to here as the “Inverse Range Accrual Rate”.</p> <p>5. The Rate of Interest payable by the Issuer in respect of the relevant Interest Period will be the sum of the Range Accrual Rate and Inverse Range Accrual Rate, subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t).</p> <p>Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]], subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, Multiplier1, Multiplier2, Underlying Margin1, Underlying Margin2, Range Accrual Reference Rate, Range Accrual Floor, Range Accrual Cap, Cap and Floor for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1137 1129 1310"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1137 860 1216">Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1137 1129 1216">Interest Payment Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1216 860 1263"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1216 1129 1263"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1263 860 1310"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1263 1129 1310"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1357 1129 1514"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1357 860 1404">Multiplier1(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1357 1129 1404">Multiplier2(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1404 860 1514"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1404 1129 1514"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1514 860 1561"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1514 1129 1561"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1561 1129 1796"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1561 860 1639">Underlying Margin1(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1561 1129 1639">Underlying Margin2(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1639 860 1749"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1639 1129 1749"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1749 860 1796"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1749 1129 1796"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1843 1401 1960"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1843 860 1921">Range Accrual Reference Rate(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1843 1129 1921">Range Accrual Floor(t)</th> <th data-bbox="1129 1843 1401 1921">Range Accrual Cap(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1921 860 1960"><i>(Insert rate in</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1921 1129 1960"><i>(Insert percentage in</i></td> <td data-bbox="1129 1921 1401 1960"><i>(Insert percentage in</i></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>			Multiplier1(t)	Multiplier2(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			Underlying Margin1(t)	Underlying Margin2(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			Range Accrual Reference Rate(t)	Range Accrual Floor(t)	Range Accrual Cap(t)	<i>(Insert rate in</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in</i>
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		Cap(t)	Floor(t)										
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>										
		<p><i>[If the Notes are KO Range Accrual Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the KO Range Accrual Interest terms apply (“KO Range Accrual Interest Notes”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from [●] for each Interest Period specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date”) [to (and including) [●]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Fixed Rate Interest Periods, Fixed Rate Interest Payment Dates and the Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Fixed Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>(In respect of (i) any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and (ii) any Variable Rate Interest Period)</i></p> <p>[In respect of each Interest Period thereafter, each] [Each] Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate calculated as follows:</p> <p>(i) if n is equal to N, the sum of (1) the product of (A) the Multiplier1(t) and (B) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin1(t); and</p> <p>(ii) if n is less than N, the sum of (1) the product of (A) the Multiplier2(t) and (B) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin2(t),</p> <p>subject, in each case, to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t).</p> <p>“n” represents the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the</p>			Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			
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		<p>Range Accrual Observation Period on which the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) is [not] greater than [or equal to] the Range Accrual Floor(t) [and]/[or] [not] less than [or equal to] the Range Accrual Cap(t).</p> <p>“N” represents the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period.</p> <p>The Range Accrual Observation Period in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) is the period [from (and including) two business days before the previous Interest Payment Date to (and including) three business days before such Interest Payment Date(t)][<i>specify other period</i>].</p> <p>The Range Accrual Observation Dates are [●].</p> <p>Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]], subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, Multiplier1, Multiplier2, Underlying Margin1, Underlying Margin2, Range Accrual Reference Rate, Range Accrual Floor, Range Accrual Cap, Cap and Floor for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 949 1129 1122"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 949 860 1025">Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 949 1129 1025">Interest Payment Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1025 860 1072"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1025 1129 1072"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1072 860 1122"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1072 1129 1122"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1167 1129 1370"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1167 860 1214">Multiplier1(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1167 1129 1214">Multiplier2(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1214 860 1323"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1214 1129 1323"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1323 860 1370"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1323 1129 1370"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1417 1129 1655"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1417 860 1494">Underlying Margin1(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1417 1129 1494">Underlying Margin2(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1494 860 1603"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1494 1129 1603"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1603 860 1655"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1603 1129 1655"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1702 1401 1935"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1702 860 1778">Range Accrual Reference Rate(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1702 1129 1778">Range Accrual Floor(t)</th> <th data-bbox="1129 1702 1401 1778">Range Accrual Cap(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1778 860 1888"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1778 1129 1888"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="1129 1778 1401 1888"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1888 860 1935"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1888 1129 1935"></td> <td data-bbox="1129 1888 1401 1935"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>			Multiplier1(t)	Multiplier2(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			Underlying Margin1(t)	Underlying Margin2(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			Range Accrual Reference Rate(t)	Range Accrual Floor(t)	Range Accrual Cap(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			
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Element	Title											
		Cap(t)	Floor(t)									
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>									
		<p><i>[If the Notes are Dual Range Accrual Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the Dual Range Accrual Interest terms apply (“Dual Range Accrual Interest Notes”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from [●] for each Interest Period specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date”) [to (and including) [●]], subject to adjustment for non-business days.</p> <p>The Fixed Rate Interest Periods, Fixed Rate Interest Payment Dates and the Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Fixed Rate Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>(In respect of (i) any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and (ii) any Variable Rate Interest Period)</i></p> <p>[In respect of each Interest Period thereafter, each] [Each] Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate calculated as follows:</p> <p>1. First, (i) the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period on which (1) the Range Accrual Reference [Rate][Spread]1(t) is [not] greater than [or equal to] the Range Accrual Floor1(t) [and]/[or] [not] less than [or equal to] the Range Accrual Cap1(t) and (2) the Range Accrual Reference [Rate][Spread]2(t) is [not] greater than [or equal to] the Range Accrual Floor2(t) [and]/[or] [not] less than [or equal to] the Range Accrual Cap2(t) (“n”), is divided by (ii) the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period (“N”), (the resulting fraction being the “Range Accrual Fraction”).</p> <p>[“Range Accrual Reference Spread1” represents the difference when the Range Accrual Reference RateB(t) is subtracted from the Range Accrual</p>		Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			
Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)										
<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>										

Element	Title											
		<p>Reference RateA(t).]</p> <p>[“Range Accrual Reference Spread2” represents the difference when the Range Accrual Reference RateD(t) is subtracted from the Range Accrual Reference RateC(t).]</p> <p>The Range Accrual Observation Period in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) is the period [from (and including) two business days before the previous Interest Payment Date to (and including) three business days before such Interest Payment Date(t)][<i>specify other period</i>].</p> <p>The Range Accrual Observation Dates are [●].</p> <p>2. Secondly, (i) the sum of (1) the product of (A) the Multiplier1(t) and (B) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin1(t), is multiplied by (ii) the Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting Rate of Interest is referred to here as the “Range Accrual Rate”.</p> <p>3. Thirdly, (i) the difference when n is subtracted from N, is divided by (ii) N (the resulting fraction being the “Inverse Range Accrual Fraction”).</p> <p>4. Fourthly, (i) the sum of (1) the product of (A) the Multiplier2(t) and (B) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin2(t), is multiplied by (ii) the Inverse Range Accrual Fraction. The resulting Rate of Interest is referred to here as the “Inverse Range Accrual Rate”.</p> <p>5. The Rate of Interest payable by the Issuer in respect of the relevant Interest Period will be the sum of the Range Accrual Rate and Inverse Range Accrual Rate, subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t).</p> <p>Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, Multiplier1, Multiplier2, Underlying Margin1, Underlying Margin2, Range Accrual Floor1, Range Accrual Cap1, Range Accrual Floor2, Range Accrual Cap2, Range Accrual Reference Rate1, Range Accrual Reference Rate2, Range Accrual Reference RateA, Range Accrual Reference RateB, Range Accrual Reference RateC, Range Accrual Reference RateD, Cap and Floor for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1608 1129 1776"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1608 860 1682">Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1608 1129 1682">Interest Payment Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1682 860 1727"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1682 1129 1727"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1727 860 1776"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1727 1129 1776"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1823 1129 1937"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1823 860 1868">Multiplier1(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1823 1129 1868">Multiplier2(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1868 860 1937"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each)</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1868 1129 1937"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each)</i></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>			Multiplier1(t)	Multiplier2(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each)</i>
Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)											
<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>											
Multiplier1(t)	Multiplier2(t)											
<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each)</i>											

Element	Title				
		<i>Interest Period(t)</i>	<i>Interest Period(t)</i>		
		Underlying Margin1(t)	Underlying Margin2(t)		
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>		
		Range Accrual Floor1(t)	Range Accrual Cap1(t)	Range Accrual Floor2(t)	Range Accrual Cap2(t)
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>
		Range Accrual Reference Rate1(t)	Range Accrual Reference Rate2(t)		
		<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>		
		Range Accrual Reference RateA(t)	Range Accrual Reference RateB(t)	Range Accrual Reference RateC(t)	Range Accrual Reference RateD(t)
		<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>
		Cap(t)	Floor(t)		
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>		
		<i>[If the Notes are Snowball Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i>			

Element	Title										
		<p>The Notes are Notes to which the Snowball Interest terms apply (“Snowball Interest Notes”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from the Interest Commencement Date for each Interest Period specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) [to (and including) [●]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Fixed Rate Interest Periods, Fixed Rate Interest Payment Dates and the Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Fixed Rate Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 786 1401 1021"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 786 858 864">Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="858 786 1129 864">Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)</th> <th data-bbox="1129 786 1401 864">Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 864 858 976"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="858 864 1129 976"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> <td data-bbox="1129 864 1401 976"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 976 858 1021"></td> <td data-bbox="858 976 1129 1021"></td> <td data-bbox="1129 976 1401 1021"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>(In the Final Terms do not specify that Fixed Rate Period is “Applicable”, and the Interest Period is the first Interest Period:)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date to (but excluding) the Interest Payment Date falling on [●] [subject to adjustment for non-business days] at a fixed rate equal to [●] per cent. per annum (the “Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of (i) the second and any subsequent Interest Period where in respect of such Interest Period, “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, or (ii) “Fixed Interest Period” is applicable but the Fixed Rate Period has ended and such Interest Period is a Variable Rate Interest Period)</i></p> <p>In respect of each Interest Period thereafter, each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate equal to the sum of (i) the product of (A) the Multiplier1(t) and (B) the rate of interest in respect of the previous Interest Period (and related Interest Payment Dates) and (ii) Fix(t) minus the product of (A) the Multiplier2(t) and (B) the Underlying Rate(t), subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, Fix, Multiplier1, Multiplier2, Cap and Floor for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p>	Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			
Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)									
<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>									

Element	Title			
		Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	
		<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	
		Fix(t)	Multiplier1(t)	Multiplier2(t)
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>
		Cap(t)	Floor(t)	
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	
		<p><i>[If the Notes are SnowRanger Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the SnowRanger Interest terms apply (“SnowRanger Interest Notes”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from [●] for each Interest Period specified in the table below (each, a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date specified in the table below (each, a “Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date”) [to (and including) [●]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Fixed Rate Interest Periods, Fixed Rate Interest Payment Dates and the Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Fixed Rate Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p>		
		Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)
		<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>
		<p><i>(If the Final Terms do not specify that Fixed Rate Period is “Applicable”, and the Interest Period is the first Interest Period:)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date to (but excluding) the Interest</p>		

Element	Title	
		<p>Payment Date falling on [●] [subject to adjustment for non-business days] at a variable rate equal to the product of (i) the sum of (1) the product of (A) the Multiplier1(t) and (B) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin(t) and (ii) the quotient of n divided by N, subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t).</p> <p>“n” represents the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period on which the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) is greater than [or equal to] the Range Accrual Floor(t) [and]/[or] less than [or equal to] the Range Accrual Cap(t).</p> <p>“N” represents the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period.</p> <p>The Range Accrual Observation Period in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) is the period [from (and including) two business days before the previous Interest Payment Date to (and including) three business days before such Interest Payment Date(t)][specify other period].</p> <p>The Range Accrual Observation Dates are [●].</p> <p>Interest will be paid in arrear at this rate on [●] [, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p><i>(In respect of (i) the second and any subsequent Interest Period where in respect of such Interest Period, “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, or (ii) “Fixed Interest Period” is applicable but the Fixed Rate Period has ended and such Interest Period is a Variable Rate Interest Period)</i></p> <p>In respect of each Interest Period thereafter, each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from [●] for each Interest Period at a variable rate equal the product of (i) the sum of (1) the product of (A) the Multiplier2(t) and (B) the rate of interest in respect of the previous Interest Payment Date and (2) the product of (A) the Multiplier1(t) and (B) the Underlying Margin(t) and (ii) the quotient of n divided by N, subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t).</p> <p>“n” represents the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period on which the Range Accrual Reference Rate(t) is greater than [or equal to] the Range Accrual Floor(t) [and]/[or] less than [or equal to] the Range Accrual Cap(t).</p> <p>“N” represents the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in the Range Accrual Observation Period.</p> <p>The Range Accrual Observation Period in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t) is the period [from (and including) two business days before the previous Interest Payment Date to (and including) three business days before such Interest Payment Date(t)][specify other period].</p> <p>The Range Accrual Observation Dates are [●].</p> <p>Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and</p>

Element	Title																															
		<p>including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, Multiplier1, Multiplier2, Underlying Margin, Range Accrual Reference Rate, Range Accrual Floor, Range Accrual Cap, Cap and Floor for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 488 1129 658"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 488 863 562">Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="863 488 1129 562">Interest Payment Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 562 863 611"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="863 562 1129 611"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 611 863 658"></td> <td data-bbox="863 611 1129 658"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 703 1129 909"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 703 863 752">Multiplier1(t)</th> <th data-bbox="863 703 1129 752">Multiplier2(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 752 863 860"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="863 752 1129 860"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 860 863 909"></td> <td data-bbox="863 860 1129 909"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 954 1129 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 954 863 1032">Underlying Margin(t)</th> <th data-bbox="863 954 1129 1032">Range Accrual Reference Rate(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1032 863 1144"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="863 1032 1129 1144"><i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1144 863 1191"></td> <td data-bbox="863 1144 1129 1191"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1236 1129 1473"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1236 863 1314">Range Accrual Floor(t)</th> <th data-bbox="863 1236 1129 1314">Range Accrual Cap(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1314 863 1426"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="863 1314 1129 1426"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1426 863 1473"></td> <td data-bbox="863 1426 1129 1473"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1518 1129 1724"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1518 863 1565">Cap(t)</th> <th data-bbox="863 1518 1129 1565">Floor(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1565 863 1677"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="863 1565 1129 1677"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1677 863 1724"></td> <td data-bbox="863 1677 1129 1724"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="592 1733 1414 1800"><i>[If the Notes are Barrier(Rates) Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p data-bbox="592 1809 1414 1877">The Notes are Notes to which the Barrier(Rates) Interest terms apply (“Barrier(Rates) Interest Notes”).</p> <p data-bbox="592 1886 1414 1953"><i>(In respect of any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p>	Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>			Multiplier1(t)	Multiplier2(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			Underlying Margin(t)	Range Accrual Reference Rate(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			Range Accrual Floor(t)	Range Accrual Cap(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			Cap(t)	Floor(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>		
Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)																															
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<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>																															

Element	Title										
		<p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from [●] for each Interest Period specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date specified in the table below (each a “Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date”) [to (and including) [●]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Fixed Rate Interest Periods, Fixed Rate Interest Payment Dates and the Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Fixed Rate Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 672 1401 907"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 672 860 748">Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 672 1128 748">Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)</th> <th data-bbox="1128 672 1401 748">Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 748 860 862"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 748 1128 862"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> <td data-bbox="1128 748 1401 862"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 862 860 907"></td> <td data-bbox="860 862 1128 907"></td> <td data-bbox="1128 862 1401 907"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>(In respect of (i) any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and (ii) any Variable Rate Interest Period)</i></p> <p>[In respect of each Interest Period thereafter, each] [Each] Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate calculated as follows:</p> <p>(i) if the Underlying Rate(t) is greater than [or equal to] the Upper Barrier(t), the sum of (1) the product of (A) the Multiplier(Upper Barrier)(t) and (B) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin1(t);</p> <p>(ii) if the Underlying Rate(t) is (1) greater than [or equal to] the Lower Barrier(t) and (2) less than [or equal to] the Upper Barrier(t), the sum of (1) the product of (A) the Multiplier(Barrier)(t) and (B) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin2(t); or</p> <p>(iii) if the Underlying Rate(t) is less than [or equal to] the Lower Barrier(t), the sum of (1) the product of (A) the Multiplier(Lower Barrier)(t) and (B) the Underlying Rate(t) and (2) the Underlying Margin3(t).</p> <p>Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, Multiplier(Barrier)(t), Upper Barrier, Multiplier(Upper Barrier), Lower Barrier, Multiplier(Lower Barrier), Underlying Margin1, Underlying Margin2 and Underlying Margin3 for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p>	Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>			
Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)									
<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>									

Element	Title			
		Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	
		<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	
		Multiplier(Barrier)(t)		
		<i>(Insert percentage respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>		
		Upper Barrier(t)	Multiplier(Upper Barrier)(t)	
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	
		Lower Barrier(t)	Multiplier(Lower Barrier)(t)	
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	
		Underlying Margin1(t)	Underlying Margin2(t)	Underlying Margin3(t)
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>
		<p><i>[If the Notes are Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest terms apply (“Reference Item(Inflation) Performance Linked Interest Notes”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from [●] for each Interest Period specified in the table below (each, a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at</p>		

Element	Title																					
		<p>this rate on each Interest Payment Date specified in the table below (each, a “Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date”)[to (and including) [●]], subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Fixed Rate Interest Periods, Fixed Rate Interest Payment Dates and the Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Fixed Rate Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 481 1401 734"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 481 860 562">Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 481 1128 562">Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)</th> <th data-bbox="1128 481 1401 562">Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 562 860 689"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 562 1128 689"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> <td data-bbox="1128 562 1401 689"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 689 860 734"></td> <td data-bbox="860 689 1128 734"></td> <td data-bbox="1128 689 1401 734"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>(In respect of (i) any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and (ii) any Variable Rate Interest Period)</i></p> <p>[In respect of each Interest Period thereafter, each][Each] Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount a variable rate determined by reference to [●] (the “Inflation Index”) and equal to the sum of (i) the sum of (1) the product of (A) the Participation(t); (B) the difference when (a) 1 is subtracted from (b) the quotient of the Relevant Level in respect of the Reference Month(t) divided by the Relevant Level in respect of the Reference Month(t-1) [(or if the Interest Period(t) is the first Interest Period, the Initial Reference Month)], (C) 100 per cent. and (2) the Underlying Margin1(t) and (ii) the Underlying Margin2(t), subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) plus the Underlying Margin2(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t) plus the Underlying Margin2(t).</p> <p>[The Initial Reference Month is [●].]</p> <p>The Relevant Level means the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the relevant Reference Month(t).</p> <p>Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]], subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, Participation, Reference Month, Underlying Margin1, Underlying Margin2, Cap and Floor for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1668 1401 1854"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1668 860 1749">Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1668 1128 1749">Interest Payment Date(t)</th> <th data-bbox="1128 1668 1401 1749">Participation(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1749 860 1800"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1749 1128 1800"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> <td data-bbox="1128 1749 1401 1800"><i>(Insert percentage)</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1800 860 1854"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1800 1128 1854"></td> <td data-bbox="1128 1800 1401 1854"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1899 1128 1942"> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1899 860 1942">Reference</td> <td data-bbox="860 1899 1128 1942">Underlying</td> </tr> </table>	Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>				Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	Participation(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage)</i>				Reference	Underlying
Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)																				
<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>																				
Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	Participation(t)																				
<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage)</i>																				
Reference	Underlying																					

Element	Title			
		Month(t)	Margin1(t)	
		<i>(Insert month in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	
		Underlying Margin2(t)	Cap(t)	Floor(t)
		<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>
		<p><i>[If the Notes are Reference Item(Inflation) Indexed Interest Notes the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Notes to which the Reference Item(Inflation) Indexed Interest terms apply (“Reference Item(Inflation) Indexed Interest Notes”).</p> <p><i>(In respect of any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms)</i></p> <p>Each Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from [●] for each Interest Period specified in the table below (each, a “Fixed Rate Interest Period”) at a fixed rate equal to the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t). Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date specified in the table below (each, a “Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date”) [to (and including) [●]][, subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Fixed Rate Interest Periods, Fixed Rate Interest Payment Dates, Rate of Interest(Fixed) for each Fixed Rate Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p>		
		Fixed Rate Interest Period(t)	Fixed Rate Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)
		<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>
		<p><i>(In respect of (i) any Interest Period for which “Fixed Interest Period” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the applicable Final Terms, and (ii) any Variable Rate Interest Period)</i></p> <p>[In respect of each Interest Period thereafter, each][Each] Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount at a variable rate determined by</p>		

Element	Title																			
		<p>reference to [●] (the “Inflation Index”) and equal to the product of (i) the Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t), and (ii) the quotient of the Relevant Level in respect of the Reference Month(t) divided by the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the Initial Reference Month, subject to a maximum rate of interest equal to Cap(t) and a minimum rate of interest equal to Floor(t).</p> <p>The Initial Reference Month is [●].</p> <p>The Relevant Level means the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the relevant Reference Month(t).</p> <p>Interest will be paid [annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly] in arrear at this rate on each Interest Payment Date from (and including) [●] [to (and including) [●]/[the Maturity Date]], subject to adjustment for non-business days].</p> <p>The Interest Periods, Interest Payment Dates, Rate of Interest(Fixed), Reference Month, Cap and Floor for each Interest Period are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 835 1129 1021"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 835 860 920">Interest Period(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 835 1129 920">Interest Payment Date(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 920 860 969"><i>(Insert Period)</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 920 1129 969"><i>(Insert Date)</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 969 860 1021"></td> <td data-bbox="860 969 1129 1021"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1070 1401 1326"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1070 860 1155">Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)</th> <th data-bbox="860 1070 1129 1155">Reference Month(t)</th> <th data-bbox="1129 1070 1401 1155">Cap(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1155 860 1272"><i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="860 1155 1129 1272"><i>(Insert month in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> <td data-bbox="1129 1155 1401 1272"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1272 860 1326"></td> <td data-bbox="860 1272 1129 1326"></td> <td data-bbox="1129 1272 1401 1326"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="592 1375 852 1594"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="592 1375 852 1424">Floor(t)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1424 852 1547"><i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 1547 852 1594"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>[If the type of interest is Step-Up Barrier Interest the following will apply:]</i></p> <p>[The Notes will bear interest from their date of issue at a variable rate calculated as (i) if the Interest Payment Date(t) is the first Interest Payment Date(t), (a) in circumstances where <i>[if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes]</i>[the Observation Index Level(t)]<i>[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply]</i>[the Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Basket Component]<i>[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies]</i>[the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t)] is <i>[if “Excess” applies]</i>[greater than]<i>[if “Excess/Equal” applies]</i>[greater than or equal to]</p>	Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>			Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	Reference Month(t)	Cap(t)	<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert month in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>				Floor(t)	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	
Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)																			
<i>(Insert Period)</i>	<i>(Insert Date)</i>																			
Rate of Interest(Fixed)(t)	Reference Month(t)	Cap(t)																		
<i>(Insert rate in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert month in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>	<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>																		
Floor(t)																				
<i>(Insert percentage in respect of each Interest Period(t))</i>																				

the Coupon Barrier(t), the Rate of Interest(1); or (b) in circumstances where *[if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes]*the Observation Index Level(t)*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply]*the Observation Index Level(k,t) of one or more Basket Component *[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies]*the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) is not *[if “Excess” applies]*greater than*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*greater than or equal to the Coupon Barrier(t), zero per cent.; or (ii) if the Interest Payment Date(t) is not the first Interest Payment Date(t), (a) in circumstances where *[if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes]*the Observation Index Level(t)*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply]*the Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Basket Component*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies]*the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) is *[if “Excess” applies]*greater than*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*greater than or equal to the Coupon Barrier(t), the product of (1) the Step-Up and (2) the number of Interest Payment Date(t)s from and including the date of issue to and including such Interest Payment Date(t); or (b) in circumstances where *[if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes]*the Observation Index Level(t)*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply]*the Observation Index Level(k,t) of one or more Basket Component*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies]*the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) is not *[if “Excess” applies]*greater than*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*greater than or equal to the Coupon Barrier(t), zero per cent.

*[If the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes]*The Observation Index Level(t) represents, in respect of the Index and an Interest Payment Date(t), the level of the Index at the Specified Time on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t).*[If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply]*The Observation Index Level(k,t) represents, in respect of a Basket Component and an Interest Payment Date(t), the level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t).*[If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies]*The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Coupon Observation Date(t), represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Coupon Observation Date(t) at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.*[If “Asian-in” applies]*the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*the higher of: (i) the lowest

of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be [if “Constant Monitoring” applies][any time on the relevant date][if “Valuation Time Only” applies][the Valuation Time].

Interest will be paid in arrear on each Interest Payment Date(t) to (and including) [●], subject to adjustment for non-business days.

The Interest Period(t), Interest Payment Date(t)s to (and including) [●], Rate of Interest(1), Coupon Barrier(t)[, Coupon Observation Date][,][and] Step-Up[,][and] [the Weighting(k)][,][and] [Strike Date][,][and] [the Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][,] [the Lookback-in Observation Date(s) and the Lookback-in Floor Percentage] are specified in the table below:]

Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t) to (and including) [●]	Rate of Interest(1)
[Interest Period]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

Coupon Barrier(t)	[Coupon Observation Date(t)]
[insert percentage]	[insert date(s)]

Step-Up
[insert percentage]

[Weighting(k)]
<i>[insert weighting of each Basket Component]</i>

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[If the type of interest is Memory Interest the following will apply:]

[The Notes will bear interest from their date of issue at a variable rate calculated as: (i) if the Interest Payment Date(t) is the first Interest Payment Date(t), (a) in circumstances where *[if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes]*[the Observation Index Level(t)]*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply]*[the Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Basket Component]*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies]*[the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t)] is *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Coupon Barrier(t), the Rate of Interest(1); or (b) in circumstances where *[if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes]*[the Observation Index Level(t)]*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply]*[the Observation Index Level(k,t) of one or more Basket Component] *[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies]*[the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t)] is not *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Coupon Barrier(t), zero per cent.; or (ii) if the Interest Payment Date(t) is not the first Interest Payment Date(t), (a) in circumstances where *[if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes]*[the Observation Index Level(t)]*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply]*[the Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Basket Component]*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies]*[the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t)] is *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Coupon Barrier(t), (1) the product of (I) the Memory and (II) the number of Interest Payment Date(t)s from and including the date of issue to and including such Interest Payment Date(t) less (2) the sum of the rate of interest in respect of each Interest Payment Date(t) from the date of issue to the preceding Interest Payment Date(t), or (b) if in circumstances where *[if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes]*[the Observation Index Level(t)]*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply]*[the Observation Index Level(k,t) of one or more Basket Component]*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies]*[the Basket Level(t) on the relevant

Coupon Observation Date(t)] is not [if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to] the Coupon Barrier(t), zero per cent.

[If the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes][The Observation Index Level(t) represents, in respect of the Index and an Interest Payment Date(t), the level of the Index at the Specified Time on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t).][If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply][The Observation Index Level(k,t) represents, in respect of a Basket Component and an Interest Payment Date(t), the level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t).][If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies][The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Coupon Observation Date(t), represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Coupon Observation Date(t) at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, [if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply][the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][If “Asian-in” applies][the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be [if “Constant Monitoring” applies][any time on the relevant date][if “Valuation Time Only” applies][the Valuation Time].

Interest will be paid in arrear on each Interest Payment Date(t) to (and including) [●], subject to adjustment for non-business days.

The Interest Period(t), Interest Payment Date(t)s to (and including) [●], the Rate of Interest(1), the Coupon Barrier(t), the Coupon Barrier Observation Date(t)[,][and] the Memory[,][and] [the Weighting(k)] [,][and] [Strike Date][,][and] [the Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][,][and] [the Lookback-in Observation Date(s) and the Lookback-in Floor Percentage] are specified in the table below:]

Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)s to (and including) [•]	Rate of Interest(1)
[Interest Period]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

Coupon Barrier(t)	Coupon Barrier Observation Date(t)
[insert percentage]	[insert date(s)]

Memory
[insert percentage]

[Weighting(k)]
[insert weighting of each Basket Component]

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[If the type of interest is One Touch Memory Interest the following will apply:]

[The Notes will bear interest from their date of issue at a variable rate calculated as: (i) if the Interest Payment Date(t) is the first Interest Payment Date(t), (a) in circumstances where a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, the Rate of Interest(1), or (b) in circumstances where no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, zero per cent.; or (ii) if the Interest Payment Date(t) is not the first Interest Payment Date(t), (a) in circumstances where a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, (1) the product of

(I) the Memory and (II) the number of Interest Payment Date(s) from and including the date of issue to and including such Interest Payment Date(t) less (2) the sum of the rate of interest in respect of each Interest Payment Date(t) from the date of issue to the preceding Interest Payment Date(t), or (b) in circumstances where no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, zero per cent.

A Coupon Barrier Event will occur if the Calculation Agent determines that on any single Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day *[if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes]* the level of the Index at the Specified Time *[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and "Basket Level Determination" does not apply]* the level of each and every Basket Component at the Specified Time *[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and "Basket Level Determination" applies]* the Basket Level(t) is *[if "Excess" applies]* greater than *[if "Excess/Equal" applies]* greater than or equal to the Coupon Barrier(t). A Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day will be each day during each Coupon Barrier Observation Period. The Coupon Barrier Observation Period will be, in respect of any Interest Period(t), the period from [and including][but excluding] *[if "Initial Day" applies]* the first day of such Interest Period(t) *[if "Initial Day" does not apply]* the Specified Number (Start)(t) of business days following the first day of such Interest Period(t) to [and including][but excluding] *[if "Final Day" applies]* the last day of such Interest Period(t) *[if "Final Day" does not apply]* the Specified Number (End)(t) of business days preceding the last day of such Interest Period(t).

[If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and "Basket Level Determination" applies] The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if "Asian-in" and "Lookback-in" do not apply]* the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date. *[If "Asian-in" applies]* the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. *[If "Lookback-in" applies]* the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the

relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]*[any time on the relevant date]*[if “Valuation Time Only” applies]*[the Valuation Time].

Interest will be paid in arrear on each Interest Payment Date(t) to (and including) [●], subject to adjustment for non-business days.

The Interest Period(t), the Interest Payment Date(t)s to (and including) [●], the Rate of Interest(1), the Memory, the Coupon Barrier(t), the Coupon Barrier Observation Period[,] [and] [,] the Specified Number (Start)[,] [and] the Specified Number (End)[,] [and] [the Weighting(k)] [,] [and] [Strike Date][,] [and] [Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][,] [the Lookback-in Observation Date(s) and Lookback-in Floor Percentage] are specified in the table below:]

Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)s to (and including) [●]	Rate of Interest(1)
<i>[Interest Period]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Memory
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Coupon Barrier(t)	Coupon Barrier Observation Period
<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>

[Specified Number (Start)(t)]	[Specified Number (End)(t)]
<i>[insert number]</i>	<i>[insert number]</i>

[Weighting(k)]

[insert weighting of each Basket Component]

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[If the type of interest is Range(Accrual) Index Interest the following will apply:]

[The Notes will bear interest from their date of issue at a variable rate calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) in respect of the relevant Range Accrual Observation Period, the number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in such Range Accrual Observation Period on which [if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes][the Coupon Valuation Level][if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and "Basket Level Determination" does not apply][the Coupon Valuation Level(k)][if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and "Basket Level Determination" applies][the Basket Level(t)] is [if "Range Accrual Floor Criterion" and "Range Accrual Cap Criterion" apply][(1) [if "Excess" applies][greater than][if "Excess/Equal" applies][greater than or equal to] the Range Accrual Floor and (2) [if "Less" applies][less than][if "Less/Equal" applies][less than or equal to] the Range Accrual Cap][if "Range Accrual Floor Criterion" does not apply][if "Less" applies][less than][if "Less/Equal" applies][less than or equal to] the Range Accrual Cap][if "Range Accrual Cap Criterion" does not apply][if "Excess" applies][greater than][if "Excess/Equal" applies][greater than or equal to] the Range Accrual Floor] on the relevant Range Accrual Observation Date and (b) in respect of such Range Accrual Observation Period, the total number of Range Accrual Observation Dates in such Range Accrual Observation Period; and (ii) the Rate of Interest(Range Accrual).

[If the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes][The Coupon Valuation Level represents, in respect of any Range Accrual Observation Date, the level of the Index at the Specified Time on such Range Accrual Observation Date.][If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and "Basket Level Determination" does not apply][The Coupon Valuation Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component and any Range Accrual Observation Date, the level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time on such Range Accrual Observation Date.][If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and "Basket Level Determination" applies][The Basket Level(t), in respect of any Range Accrual Observation Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Range Accrual Observation Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a

Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*[the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]*[If “Asian-in” applies]*[the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*[the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.] Each day in any Range Accrual Observation Period will be a Range Accrual Observation Date.

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]*[any time on the relevant date]*[if “Valuation Time Only” applies]*[the Valuation Time].

Interest will be paid in arrear on each Interest Payment Date(t) to (and including) [●], subject to adjustment for non-business days.

The Interest Period(t), the Interest Payment Date(t)s to (and including) [●], the Range Accrual Observation Period, the Range Accrual Floor, the Range Accrual Cap[,][and] the Rate of Interest(Range Accrual)[,] [and] [the Weighting(k)] [,][and] [Strike Date][,][and] [the Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][,] [the Lookback-in Observation Date(s) and the Lookback-in Floor Percentage] are specified in the table below:]

Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)s to (and including) [●]
<i>[Interest Period]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>

Range Accrual Observation Period	Range Accrual Floor	Range Accrual Cap
<i>[specify period]</i>	<i>[insert level]</i>	<i>[insert level]</i>

Rate of Interest(Range

Accrual)
[insert percentage]

[Weighting(k)]
[insert weighting of each Basket Component]

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[If the type of interest is Barrier(Index) Interest the following will apply:]

[The Notes will bear interest from their date of issue at a variable rate calculated as: (i) if *[if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes]*[the Observation Index Level(t)]*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply]*[the Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Basket Component]*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies]*[the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t)] is *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Coupon Barrier(t), the Rate of Interest(1); or (ii) if *[if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes]*[the Observation Index Level(t)]*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply]*[the Observation Index Level(k,t) of one or more Basket Component]*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies]*[the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t)] is not *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Coupon Barrier(t), zero per cent.

[If the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes][The Observation Index Level(t) represents, in respect of the Index and an Interest Payment Date(t), the level of the Index at the Specified Time on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t).]*[If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply]*[The Observation Index Level(k,t) represents, in respect of a Basket Component and an Interest Payment Date(t), the level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t).]*[If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies]*[The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Coupon Observation Date(t), represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Coupon

Observation Date(t) at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, [if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply][the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][If “Asian-in” applies][the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be [if “Constant Monitoring” applies][any time on the relevant date][if “Valuation Time Only” applies][the Valuation Time].

Interest will be paid in arrear on each Interest Payment Date(t) to (and including) [●], subject to adjustment for non-business days.

The Interest Period(t), the Interest Payment Date(t)s to (and including) [●], the Rate of Interest(1)[,][and] the Coupon Barrier(t)[,][and] the Coupon Observation Date(t)[,] [and] [the Weighting(k) [,][and] [Strike Date]][,][and] [the Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][,] [the Lookback-in Observation Date(s) and the Lookback-in Floor Percentage] are specified in the table below:]

Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)	Rate of Interest(1)
[Interest Period]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

Coupon Barrier(t)	Coupon Observation Date(t)	Weighting(k)
[insert percentage]	[insert date(s)]	[insert weighting of each Basket Component]

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[If the type of interest is One Touch Barrier(Index) Interest the following will apply:]

[The Notes will bear interest from their date of issue at a variable rate calculated as: (i) if a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, the Rate of Interest(1); or (ii) if no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, zero per cent.

A Coupon Barrier Event will occur if the Calculation Agent determines that on any single Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day *[if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes]*[the level of the Index at the Specified Time]*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply]*[the level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time]*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies]*[the Basket Level(t)] is *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Coupon Barrier(t). A Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day will be each day during any Coupon Barrier Observation Period. The Coupon Barrier Observation Period is, in respect of any Interest Period(t), the period from [and including][but excluding] *[if “Initial Day” applies]*[the first day of such Interest Period(t)]*[if “Initial Day” does not apply]*[the Specified Number (Start)(t) of business days following the first day of such Interest Period(t)] to [and including][but excluding] *[if “Final Day” applies]*[the last day of such Interest Period(t)]*[if “Final Day” does not apply]*[the Specified Number (End)(t) of business days preceding the last day of such Interest Period(t)].

[If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies][The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Initial Index Level(k)

represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.*[If “Asian-in” applies]*the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]*any time on the relevant date*[if “Valuation Time Only” applies]*the Valuation Time].

Interest will be paid in arrear on each Interest Payment Date(t) to (and including) [●], subject to adjustment for non-business days.

The Interest Period(t), Interest Payment Date(t)s to (and including) [●], the Rate of Interest(1) [.,][and] the Coupon Barrier(t)[, the Specified Number (Start)[.,][and] the Specified Number (End)][.,] [and] [the Weighting(k) [.,][and] [Strike Date][.,][and] [the Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][.,] [the Lookback-in Observation Date(s) and the Lookback-in Floor Percentage] are specified in the table below:]

Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)s to (and including) [●]	Rate of Interest(1)
<i>[Interest Period]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Coupon Barrier(t)
<i>[insert level]</i>

[Specified Number (Start)(t)]	[Specified Number (End)(t)]
<i>[insert number]</i>	<i>[insert number]</i>

[Weighting(k)]
<i>[specify weighting]</i>

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[If the type of interest is Reference Item(Index) Performance Linked Interest the following will apply:]

[The Notes will bear interest from their date of issue at a variable rate calculated as: (i) if the Reference Rate(t) is not *[if “Less” applies]*[less than]*[if “Less/Equal” applies]*[less than or equal to] the Reference Cap(t), the Reference Rate(Cap)(t); (ii) if the Reference Rate(t) is *[if “Less” applies]*[less than]*[if “Less/Equal” applies]*[less than or equal to] the Reference Cap(t) and is *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Reference Floor(t), Reference Rate(t); or (iii) if the Reference Rate(t) is not *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Reference Floor(t), Reference Rate(Floor)(t).

Reference Rate(t) represents, in respect of an Interest Payment Date(t), the rate calculated as the higher of *[if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes]* Min Coupon(t) and Performance(t)*[If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “FIXED BEST” does not apply]*[(i) Min Coupon(t) and (ii) the sum of the Performance(k,t) in respect of each Basket Component multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]*[If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “FIXED BEST” applies]*[(i) Min Coupon(t) and (ii) the lower of the Coupon Index Cap and the Fixed Best Basket Performance].]

Min Coupon(t) will be *[if “Memory Coupon” does not apply]*[Min Reference Rate]*[if “Memory Coupon” applies]*[(i) if the Interest Payment Date(t) is the first Interest Payment Date(t), Rate of Interest(1); or (ii) if the Interest Payment Date(t) is not the first Interest Payment Date(t), the higher of (a) Rate of Interest(1) in respect of the immediately preceding Interest

Payment Date(t) and (b) Rate of Interest(1)].

[If the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes] Performance(t) represents, in respect of the Index and an Interest Payment Date(t), *[if "ICAP" applies]* the higher of (i) the Coupon Index Floor and (ii) the lower of (a) the product of the Observation Performance(t) and 100% and (b) the Coupon Index Cap *[if "MAGNET" applies]* (i) if the Observation Performance(t) is greater than or equal to zero, the higher of (a) the Coupon Index Floor and (b) the Coupon Index Cap, or (ii) if the Observation Performance(t) is not greater than or equal to zero, the higher of (a) the Coupon Index Floor and (b) the lower of (1) the product of the Observation Performance(t) and 100% and (2) zero. The Observation Performance(t) represents, in respect of the Index and an Interest Payment Date(t), the quotient of (i) the difference between the Observation Index Level(t) and the Strike Level and (ii) the Initial Index Level. *[If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes]* The Performance(k,t) represents, in respect of a Basket Component and an Interest Payment Date(t), *[if "ICAP" applies]* the higher of (i) the Coupon Index Floor and (ii) the lower of (a) the product of the Observation Performance(k)(t) and 100% and (b) the Coupon Index Cap *[if "MAGNET" applies]* (i) if the Observation Performance(k)(t) is greater than or equal to zero, the higher of (a) the Coupon Index Floor and (b) the Coupon Index Cap, or (ii) if the Observation Performance(k)(t) is not greater than or equal to zero, the higher of (a) the Coupon Index Floor and (b) the lower of (1) the product of the Observation Performance(k)(t) and 100% and (2) zero *[if "FIXED BEST" applies]* the higher of (i) the Coupon Index Floor and (ii) the product of the Observation Performance(k)(t) and 100%. [The Observation Performance(k)(t) represents, in respect of a Basket Component and an Interest Payment Date(t), the quotient of (i) the difference between the Observation Index Level(k,t) and the Strike Level(k) and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).]

[If the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes] The Observation Index Level(t) represents, in respect of the Index and an Interest Payment Date(t), the level of the Index at the Specified Time on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t). *[If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes]* The Observation Index Level(k,t) represents, in respect of a Basket Component and an Interest Payment Date(t), the level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t).]

[If the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes] The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level. The Initial Index Level represents *[if "Asian-in" and "Lookback-in" do not apply]* the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date. *[if "Asian-in" applies]* the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. *[If "Lookback-in" applies]* the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-

in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] *[If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes]* [The Strike Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]* [the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.] *[If “Asian-in” applies]* [the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] *[If “Lookback-in” applies]* [the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]]

[If the notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “FIXED BEST” applies] [The Fixed Best Basket Performance will be calculated as the sum of the Lowest Basket Components Performance and the Fixed Performance. The Lowest Basket Components Performance represents, in respect of the Lowest Performing Basket Components, the sum of Performance(k,t), as multiplied by the relevant Weighting(k), in respect of the number of Basket Components comprising such Lowest Performing Basket Components. The Lowest Performing Basket Components represents the Specified Number of Basket Components which have the lowest Performance(k) amongst all the Basket Components. The Fixed Performance represents the sum of the Fixed Return, as multiplied by the relevant Weighting(k) in respect of those Basket Components that do not comprise the Lowest Performing Basket Components. Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of *[if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes]* [the Index] *[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes]* [each Basket Component] on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]* [any time on the relevant date] *[if “Valuation Time Only” applies]* [the Valuation Time].

The Interest Period(t), Interest Payment Date(t)s to (and including) [●], Rate of Interest(1), Reference Rate(t), Reference Cap(t), Reference Rate(Cap)(t), the Reference Floor(t), Reference Rate(Floor)(t)[, the Min Reference Rate][, the Memory Coupon][, the Fixed Return], the Coupon Index Cap, the Coupon Index Floor[,][and] [the Coupon Observation Date(t)][.][and][the Strike Level Percentage[,][and] [the Weighting(k) [.,][and] [Strike Date][,][and] [the Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][,] [the Lookback-in

Observation Date(s) and the Lookback-in Floor Percentage] are specified in the table below:]

Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)s to (and including) [•]	Rate of Interest(1)
<i>[Interest Period]</i>	<i>[(insert date(s))]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Reference Rate(t)	Reference Cap(t)	Reference Rate(Cap)(t)	Reference Rate(Floor)(t)
<i>[insert rate]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Reference Floor(t)	[Min Reference Rate]
<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[Fixed Return]	[Specified Number]
<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert number]</i>

Coupon Index Cap	Coupon Index Floor	[Coupon Observation Date(t)]
<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[(insert date(s))]</i>

[Strike Level Percentage]	[Strike Date]
[insert percentage]	[insert date]

[Weighting(k)]
[insert weighting of each Basket Component]

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[If the type of interest is Best Of Interest the following will apply:]

The Notes will bear interest from their date of issue at a variable rate calculated as: (i) if *[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply]*the Observation Index Level(k,t) of each and every Basket Component*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies]*the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) is *[if “Excess” applies]*greater than*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*greater than or equal to*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply]*the Initial Index Level(k)*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies]*the Basket Initial Level], the higher of Rate of Interest(1)(t) and the Basket Performance; or (ii) if *[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply]*the Observation Index Level(k,t) of one or more Basket Component*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies]*the Basket Level(t) on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t) is not *[if “Excess” applies]*greater than*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*greater than or equal to the Initial Index Level(k), zero per cent.

*[If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” does not apply]*The Observation Index Level(k,t)

represents, in respect of a Basket Component and an Interest Payment Date(t), the level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.*[If “Asian-in” applies]*the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]]

*[If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes and “Basket Level Determination” applies]*The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Coupon Observation Date(t), represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Coupon Observation Date(t) at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.*[If “Asian-in” applies]*the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

The Basket Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Basket Final Level less (b) the Basket Strike Level; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%. The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*the

level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][If “Asian-in” applies][the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component. The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level. The Basket Initial Level [if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply][will be one.][if “Asian-in” applies][represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][represents the higher of: (i) the lowest Basket Level(t) in respect of all Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the Basket Level(t) at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] [The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on the relevant [if “Asian-in” applies][Asian-in Averaging Date][if “Lookback-in” applies][Lookback-in Observation Date] at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be [if “Constant Monitoring” applies][any time on the relevant date][if “Valuation Time Only” applies][the Valuation Time].

Interest will be paid in arrear on each Interest Payment Date(t) to and including [●], subject to adjustment for non-business days.

The Interest Period, the Interest Payment Date(t)s to (and including) [●], the Rate of Interest(1)(t), the Coupon Observation Date(t), the Strike Date, the Strike Level Percentage, the Weighting(k)[,] [and] [the Valuation Date] [,][and] [Strike Date][,][and] [the Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][,] [the Lookback-in Observation Date(s) and the Lookback-in Floor Percentage] are specified in the table below:]

Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)s to (and including) [•]	Rate of Interest(1)(t)
[Interest Period]	[(insert date(s))]	[insert percentages]

Coupon Observation Date(t)
[insert date(s)]

Strike Date	Strike Level Percentage
[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

Weighting(k)	Valuation Date
[insert weighting of each Basket Component]	[insert date]

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[If the type of interest is One Touch Lock-In(Index) Interest, the following will apply:]

[The Notes will bear interest from their date of issue at a variable rate calculated as: (i) if a Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, the higher of the Lock-In(t) and [if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes][the Performance(t)][if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes][the Basket Performance(t)]; or (ii) if no Coupon Barrier Event has occurred during the relevant Coupon Barrier Observation Period, the higher of zero per cent. and [if the Notes are Single Index Linked

Notes][the Performance(t)]*[If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes]*][the Basket Performance(t)].

A Coupon Barrier Event will occur if the Calculation Agent determines that on any single Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day *[if the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes]*][the level of the Index at the Specified Time]*[if the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes]*], in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time is *[if “Excess” applies]*][greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*][greater than or equal to] the Coupon Barrier(t). A Coupon Barrier Event Determination Day will be each day during each Coupon Barrier Observation Period. The Coupon Barrier Observation Period will be, in respect of any Interest Period(t), the period from [and including][but excluding] *[if “Initial Day” applies]*][the first day of such Interest Period(t)]*[if “Initial Day” does not apply]*][the Specified Number (Start)(t) of business days following the first day of such Interest Period(t)] to [and including][but excluding] *[if “Final Day” applies]*][the last day of such Interest Period(t)]*[if “Final Day” does not apply]*][the Specified Number (End)(t) of business days preceding the last day of such Interest Period(t)].

[If the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes]][The Performance(t) will be calculated as the higher of (i) the Coupon Index Floor and (ii) the lower of (a) the product of the Observation Performance(t) and 100 per cent. and (b) the Coupon Index Cap. Observation Performance(t) will be calculated as the quotient of (i) the Observation Index Level(t) less the Strike Level and (ii) the Initial Index Level. The Observation Index Level(t) represents, in respect of the Index and an Interest Payment Date(t), the level of the Index at the Specified Time on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t). The Initial Index Level represents *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*][the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]*[if “Asian-in” applies]*][the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]]

[If the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes]][The Basket Performance(t) will be calculated as the higher of (i) the Coupon Index Floor and (ii) the lower of (a) the product of the Basket Observation Performance(t) and 100 per cent. and (b) the Coupon Index Cap. Basket Observation Performance(t) will be calculated as the weighted average of the quotient of (i) the Observation Index Level(k,t) in respect of each Basket Component less the Strike Level(k) and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) of such Basket Component. The Observation Index Level(k,t) represents, in respect of a Basket Component and an Interest Payment Date(t), the level of such Basket

Component at the Specified Time on the relevant Coupon Observation Date(t). The Strike Level(k) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.*[If “Asian-in” applies]*the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]*any time on the relevant date*[if “Valuation Time Only” applies]*the Valuation Time].

Interest will be paid in arrear on each Interest Payment Date(t) to and including [●], subject to adjustment for non-business days.

The Interest Period(t), the Interest Payment Date(t)s to (and including) [●] [, the Coupon Observation Date(s)], the Coupon Barrier(t)[, the Coupon Index Cap][, the Coupon Index Floor][, the Specified Number(Start)][, the Specified Number (End)][, the Lock-In(t)], the Strike Date, the Strike Level Percentage[,][and] [Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][,] [and] [the Lookback-in Observation Date(s) and the Lookback-in Floor Percentage] [and] [the Weighting(k)] are specified in the table below:]

Interest Period(t)	Interest Payment Date(t)s to (and including) [●]	[Coupon Observation Date(s)]
<i>[Interest Period]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert dates]</i>

Coupon Barrier(t)	[Coupon Observation Date(s)]	[Coupon Index Cap]
<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert dates]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[Coupon Index Floor]
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[Specified Number (Start)]	[Specified Number (End)]
<i>[insert number]</i>	<i>[insert number]</i>

[Lock-In(t)]
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Strike Date	Strike Level Percentage
<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[Weighting(k)]
<i>[specify weighting]</i>

The [Index][Basket Components] [is][are] specified in the table below:

[Index/Basket Components]
<i>[specify Index or each Index(k)]</i>

Redemption: The maturity date, amortisation and repayment procedures

Redemption

The Notes [cannot be redeemed prior to their stated maturity (other than following an Event of Default (as defined herein) or for taxation reasons)] [will be redeemable at the option of the Global Issuer [and/or the holders of the Notes]] upon giving not less than [5] nor more than [30] days' irrevocable notice to the holders of the Notes [or the Global Issuer, as the case may be,] on the following date[s]: [●] and at the following price[s] [●]

In addition, the Global Issuer may at any time, by notice to the holders of the Notes, redeem all but not some only of the Notes for the time being outstanding at their Early Redemption Amount (as defined in the Terms and Conditions of the Notes) if, prior to the date of such notice, 90 per cent. or more in principal amount of the Notes hitherto issued have been redeemed.

Automatic Early Redemption

Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled, if [on any Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(t)] [during any Automatic Early Redemption Observation Period] the Automatic Early Redemption Event occurs, then the Notes will be automatically redeemed in whole, but not in part, on the Automatic Early Redemption Date(t) immediately following such Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(t) or (in the case of the occurrence of an Automatic Early Redemption Event during an Automatic Early Redemption Observation Period) on the date that is [five][●] business days following the occurrence of such Automatic Early Redemption Event, and in any such case the final redemption amount payable by the Issuer on such date upon redemption of each Note shall be an amount equal to the relevant Automatic Early Redemption Amount(t).

The Automatic Early Redemption Event shall occur where [the level of [the Index][one or more Basket Component] at the Specified Time][the Basket Level(t) is [greater than][greater than or equal to][less than][less than or equal to] [the Automatic Early Redemption Level(t)][[●][specify any relevant barriers]].

The Automatic Early Redemption Observation Period will be the period from [●] to [●].

[The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on [the Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(t)][any day during an Automatic Early Redemption Observation Period] at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]

[The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, [if "Asian-in" does not apply][the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][If "Asian-in" applies][the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at

the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.

[The Specified Time will be [if “Constant Monitoring” applies][any time on the relevant date][if “Valuation Time Only” applies][the Valuation Time].

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of the [Index][Basket Component] on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).]

The Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(t), Automatic Early Redemption Date(t)[, Strike Date, Asian-in Averaging Date, Asian-out Averaging Date(s), Weighting(k)][,][and] Automatic Early Redemption Amount(t) [and Automatic Early Redemption Level(t)] are specified in the table below:

Automatic Early Redemption Valuation Date(t)	Automatic Early Redemption Date(t)
<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>

[Strike Date]
<i>[insert date]</i>

[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]
<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>

		<table border="1"> <tr> <th colspan="2">[Weighting(k)]</th> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"><i>[insert weighting]</i></td> </tr> </table> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>[Automatic Early Redemption Amount]</th> <th>[Automatic Early Redemption Level(t)]</th> </tr> <tr> <td><i>[insert amount]</i></td> <td><i>[insert level(s)]</i></td> </tr> </table>	[Weighting(k)]		<i>[insert weighting]</i>		[Automatic Early Redemption Amount]	[Automatic Early Redemption Level(t)]	<i>[insert amount]</i>	<i>[insert level(s)]</i>
[Weighting(k)]										
<i>[insert weighting]</i>										
[Automatic Early Redemption Amount]	[Automatic Early Redemption Level(t)]									
<i>[insert amount]</i>	<i>[insert level(s)]</i>									
	Representative of the debt security holders	Not Applicable								
C.10	If the security has a derivative component in the interest payment, an explanation of how the value of the investment is affected by the value of the underlying instrument	The return on, and value of, the Notes is linked to [the level of [an index]/[basket of indices]]/[level of an inflation index]. [[In addition,] interest payments are calculated by reference to [the level of [an index]/[basket of indices]]/[level of an inflation index]]/[a] market interest rate[s]]. Please see C.9 above and C.18 below for further details.								
C.11	Application for admission to trading and distribution in a regulated market	[Application has been made]/[Application is expected to be made] by the Global Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Notes to be admitted to trading on [●] with effect from [●]/[Not Applicable. The Notes are not intended to be admitted to trading.]								
C.15	Description of how the value of your investment is affected by the value of the Underlying Assets	Please see C.9 above and C.18 below.								
C.16	The expiration or maturity date of the securities	Subject to compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives, [the redemption date of the Notes is [●].]								
C.17	A description of the settlement	The Notes will be cash settled on [●]. The Notes will be delivered on [●] [against payment of the issue price of the Notes/free of payment of the issue								

	procedures of the securities	price of the Notes]. Settlement procedures will vary depending on the clearing system for the Notes and local practices in the jurisdiction of the investor. [The Notes are cleared through [Euroclear/Clearstream, Luxembourg/DTC/Euroclear Netherlands/Euroclear Finland/Euroclear Sweden/VPS/Monte Titoli/Austraclear/specify other].]						
C.18	A description of how the procedure on return on derivative securities takes place	<p>The value of the underlying to which the Notes are linked will affect [the interest paid][,/and] [whether the Notes redeem early][,/and] [the amount paid on the redemption date].</p> <p><i>[If the type of redemption is Inflation Indexed Redemption the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Inflation Indexed Redemption Notes (“Inflation Indexed Redemption Notes”).</p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be determined by reference to [●] (the “Inflation Index”) and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (1) 100 per cent., and (2) the Inflation Index Performance.</p> <p>The CA Factor will be <i>[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]</i>[the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding]<i>[if the Notes are issued in unitised form]</i>[one].</p> <p>The Inflation Index Performance will be calculated as the product of (i) the difference when (1) 1 is subtracted from (2) the quotient of the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the Final Reference Month divided by the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the Initial Reference Month, and (ii) 100 per cent.</p> <p>The Final Reference Month and Initial Reference Month are specified in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="587 1429 1114 1619"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="587 1429 852 1514">Final Reference Month</th> <th data-bbox="852 1429 1114 1514">Initial Reference Month</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="587 1514 852 1563"><i>(Insert month)</i></td> <td data-bbox="852 1514 1114 1563"><i>(Insert month)</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="587 1563 852 1619"></td> <td data-bbox="852 1563 1114 1619"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><i>[If the type of redemption is Inflation Indexed with Floor Redemption the following shall be applicable:]</i></p> <p>The Notes are Inflation Indexed with Floor Redemption Notes (“Inflation Indexed with Floor Redemption Notes”).</p> <p>The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be determined by reference to [●] (the “Inflation Index”) and calculated as the sum of (i) product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (A) 100 per cent., and (B) the lesser of (a) the Inflation Cap and (b) the greater of (x) the Inflation Floor and (y) the sum of (aa) the Inflation Index</p>	Final Reference Month	Initial Reference Month	<i>(Insert month)</i>	<i>(Insert month)</i>		
Final Reference Month	Initial Reference Month							
<i>(Insert month)</i>	<i>(Insert month)</i>							

Performance and (bb) the Redemption Margin1, and (ii) the Redemption Margin2.

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]*the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding*[if the Notes are issued in unitised form]*[one].

The Inflation Index Performance will be calculated as the product of (i) the difference when (1) 1 is subtracted from (2) the quotient of the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the Final Reference Month divided by the level of the Inflation Index in respect of the Initial Reference Month, and (ii) 100 per cent..

The Inflation Cap, Inflation Floor, Redemption Margin1, Redemption Margin2, Final Reference Month and Initial Reference Month are specified in the table below:

Final Reference Month	Initial Reference Month
<i>(Insert month)</i>	<i>(Insert month)</i>

Inflation Cap	Inflation Floor	Initial Reference Month
<i>(Insert percentage)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage)</i>	<i>(Insert Month)</i>

Redemption Margin1	Redemption Margin2
<i>(Insert percentage)</i>	<i>(Insert percentage)</i>

[If the type of redemption is Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount; (ii) the CA Factor; [and] (iii) the sum of (a) the Protection Level and (b) the product of the Participation and the greater of (1) 0% and (2) the Performance[; and *[if Flexo applies]*(iv) the Performance XRate].

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]*the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the

Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][if the Notes are issued in unitised form][one].

The Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][the Final Index Level][if “Asian-out” applies][the Average Index Level][if “Lookback-out” applies][the Max Index Level] less (b) the Strike Level; and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%.

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Index Level represents the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Index Level represents the highest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.]

The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level. The Initial Index Level represents [if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply][the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][if “Asian-in” applies][the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of the Index on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

[If “Flexo” applies:]

[The Performance XRate is calculated as the quotient of: (i) the Final XRate; and (ii) the Initial XRate.

The Final XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (VD) and Currency B Fixing (VD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (VD) [if Currency A Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily

Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date][if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”][will be one]. Currency B Fixing (VD) [if Currency B Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date][if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”][will be one].

The Initial XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (SD) and Currency B Fixing (SD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (SD) [if Currency A Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date][if Currency A Fixing (SD) is specified as “None”][will be one]. Currency B Fixing (SD) [if Currency B Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date][if Currency B Fixing (SD) is specified as “None”][will be one].]

[The Protection Level, Participation, Strike Level Percentage[, Valuation Date][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][,][and][Strike Date][Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][,][and] Lookback-in Floor Percentage][, Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B (VD) Fixing Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] are specified in the table below:]

Protection Level
[insert percentage]

Participation
[insert percentage]

Strike Level Percentage
[insert percentage]

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]
[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]

[If the type of redemption is Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Uncapped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption]

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount; (ii) the CA Factor; [and] (iii) the sum of (a) the Protection Level and (b) the product of the Participation and the greater of (1) 0% and (2) the *[if “Best Of”, “Fixed Best” and “Worst Of” do not apply]*[Basket Performance]*[if “Fixed Best” applies and “Best Of” and “Worst Of” do not apply]*[Fixed Best Basket Performance]*[if “Best Of” and “Fixed Best” do not apply and “Worst Of” applies]*[Performance(Worst Performing Index)]*[if “Fixed Best” and “Worst Of” do not apply and “Best Of” applies]*[Performance(Best Performing Index)]; and *[if “Flexo” applies]*(iv) the Performance XRate.

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]*[the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding]*[if the notes are issued in unitised form]*[one].

[If “Best Of”, “Fixed Best” and “Worst Of” do not apply:]

[The Basket Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Basket Final Level]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Basket Performance]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*[the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Basket Performance represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-out Averaging Date. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Asian-out Averaging Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[if “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Basket Performance represents the highest of the Basket Levels on the Lookback-out Observation Dates. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Lookback-out Observation Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Lookback-out Observation Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level. The Basket Initial Level *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*[will be one.]*[if “Asian-in” applies]*[represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*[represents the higher of: (i) the lowest Basket Level(t) in respect of all Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the Basket Level(t) at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] [The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on the relevant *[if “Asian-in”*

applies][Asian-in Averaging Date][*if “Lookback-in” applies*][Lookback-in Observation Date] at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]

[The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply*][the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][*If “Asian-in” applies*][the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][*If “Lookback-in” applies*][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]]

[If “Fixed Best” applies:]

[The Fixed Best Basket Performance will be calculated as the sum of the Lowest Basket Components Performance and the Fixed Performance.

The Lowest Basket Components Performance represents, in respect of the Lowest Performing Basket Components, the sum of Performance(k), as multiplied by the relevant Weighting(k), in respect of the number of Basket Components comprising such Lowest Performing Basket Components. The Lowest Performing Basket Components represents the Specified Number of Basket Components which have the lowest Performance(k) amongst all the Basket Components.

The Fixed Performance represents the sum of the Fixed Return, as multiplied by the relevant Weighting(k) in respect of those Basket Components that do not comprise the Lowest Performing Basket Components.

Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[If “Worst Of” applies:]

[The Performance(Worst Performing Index) represents, in respect of the Basket, the Performance(k) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k) of all the Basket Components of such Basket.]

[If “Best Of” applies:]

[The Performance(Best Performing Index) represents, in respect of the Basket, the Performance(k) of the Basket Component that gives the highest

value for Performance(k) of all the Basket Components of such Basket.]

[If “Fixed Best”, “Worst Of” or “Best Of” apply:]

[The Performance(k) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Final Index Level(k)]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Index Level(k)]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*[the Max Index Level(k)] less (b) the Strike Level(k); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%.]

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Asian-out” applies]*[The Average Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-out” applies]*[The Max Index Level(k) represents the highest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.]

The Strike Level(k) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*[the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]*[If “Asian-in” applies]*[the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*[the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

[If “Flexo” applies:]

[The Performance XRate is calculated as the quotient of: (i) the Final XRate; and (ii) the Initial XRate.

The Final XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the

quotient of Currency A Fixing (VD) and Currency B Fixing (VD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (VD) *[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”]* represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date *[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”]* will be one]. Currency B Fixing (VD) *[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”]* represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date *[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”]* will be one].

The Initial XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (SD) and Currency B Fixing (SD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards.)

Currency A Fixing (SD) *[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”]* represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date *[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is specified as “None”]* will be one]. Currency B Fixing (SD) *[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”]* represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date *[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is specified as “None”]* will be one].

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]* any time on the relevant date *[if “Valuation Time Only” applies]* the Valuation Time].

[The Protection Level, Participation, Strike Level Percentage[, Weighting(k)][, Valuation Date][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][, Strike Date][, Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][, and] Lookback-in Floor Percentage][, Fixed Return[, and] Specified Number][, Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B (VD) Fixing Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] are specified in the table below:]

Protection Level
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Participation
[insert percentage]

Strike Level Percentage
[insert percentage]
[Weighting(k)]
[insert weighting of each Basket Component]

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]	
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Fixed Return]	[Specified Number]
[insert percentage]	[insert number]

[Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]
[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]

[If the type of redemption is Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption]

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount; (ii) the CA Factor; [and] (iii) the sum of (a) the Protection Level and (b) the product of the Participation and the lesser of (1) the Cap and (2) the greater of (I) 0% and (II) the Performance; and [if Flexo applies](iv) the Performance XRate].

The CA Factor will be [if the Notes are not issued in unitised form][the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][if the Notes are issued in unitised form][one].

The Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][the Final Index Level][if “Asian-out” applies][the Average Index Level][if “Lookback-out” applies][the Max Index Level] less (b) the Strike Level; and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%.

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Index Level represents the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Index Level represents the highest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.]

The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level. The Initial Index Level represents [if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply][the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][if “Asian-in” applies][the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of the Index on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

[If “Flexo” applies:]

[The Performance XRate is calculated as the quotient of: (i) the Final XRate; and (ii) the Initial XRate.

The Final XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (VD) and Currency B Fixing (VD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (VD) *[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]*[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one]. Currency B Fixing (VD) *[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]*[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one].

The Initial XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (SD) and Currency B Fixing (SD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (SD) *[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]*[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one]. Currency B Fixing (SD) *[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]*[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one].]

[The Protection Level, Participation, Cap, Strike Level Percentage[, Valuation Date][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][,][and][Strike Date][Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][,][and] Lookback-in Floor Percentage][, Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B (VD) Fixing Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] are specified in the table below:]

Protection Level
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Participation

[insert percentage]

Cap
[insert percentage]

Strike Level Percentage
[insert percentage]

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]
[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]

[If the type of redemption is Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Capped (Partial) Capital Protection Redemption]

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount; (ii) the CA Factor; [and] (iii) the sum of (a) the Protection Level and (b) the product of the Participation and the lesser of (1) the Cap and (2) the greater of (I) 0% and (II) the Basket Performance; and [if “Flexo” applies](iv) the Performance XRate].

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]*the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding*[if the notes are issued in unitised form]*[one].

The Basket Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*the Basket Final Level*[if “Asian-out” applies]*the Average Basket Performance*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

*[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

*[If “Asian-out” applies]*The Average Basket Performance represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-out Averaging Date. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Asian-out Averaging Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*The Max Basket Performance represents the highest of the Basket Levels on the Lookback-out Observation Dates. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Lookback-out Observation Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Lookback-out Observation Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level. The Basket Initial Level *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*will be one.*[if “Asian-in” applies]*represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of

each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][represents the higher of: (i) the lowest Basket Level(t) in respect of all Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the Basket Level(t) at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] [The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on the relevant [if “Asian-in” applies][Asian-in Averaging Date][if “Lookback-in” applies][Lookback-in Observation Date] at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]

[The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, [if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply][the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][If “Asian-in” applies][the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be [if “Constant Monitoring” applies][any time on the relevant date][if “Valuation Time Only” applies][the Valuation Time].

[If “Flexo” applies:]

[The Performance XRate is calculated as the quotient of: (i) the Final XRate; and (ii) the Initial XRate.

The Final XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (VD) and Currency B Fixing (VD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (VD) [if Currency A Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date][if Currency

A Fixing (VD) is specified as "None" [will be one]. Currency B Fixing (VD) [if Currency B Fixing (VD) is not specified as "None" [represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date] [if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as "None" [will be one].

The Initial XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (SD) and Currency B Fixing (SD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).]

Currency A Fixing (SD) [if Currency A Fixing (SD) is not specified as "None" [represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date] [if Currency A Fixing (SD) is specified as "None" [will be one]. Currency B Fixing (SD) [if Currency B Fixing (SD) is not specified as "None" [represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] [if Currency B Fixing (SD) is specified as "None" [will be one].]

[The Protection Level, Participation, Cap, Strike Level Percentage[, Weighting(k)][, Valuation Date][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][, Strike Date][, Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][, and] Lookback-in Floor Percentage][, Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B (VD) Fixing Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] are specified in the table below:]

Protection Level
[insert percentage]

Participation
[insert percentage]

Cap
[insert percentage]

Strike Level Percentage
[insert percentage]

[Weighting(k)]
[insert weighting of each Basket Component]

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]
[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]

[If the type of redemption is (Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Redemption and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[(Partial) Capital Protection With Knock-Out Redemption]

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; [and] (c) the sum of (1) the Protection Level and (2) the product of the Participation and the greater of (I) 0% and (II) the Performance[; and *[if Flexo applies]* (d) the Performance XRate]; or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; [and] (c) the sum of (1) the Protection Level and (2) the Rebate[; and *[if Flexo applies]* (d) the Performance XRate].

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the Calculation Agent determines

that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of the Index at the Specified Time is [greater than][greater than or equal to] the Redemption Barrier(knock-out). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be *[if Final Monitoring applies]*[each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day]*[if Continuous Monitoring applies]*[each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]. The Redemption Barrier(knock-out) represents the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-out) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]*[the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding]*[if the Notes are issued in unitised form]*[one].

The Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Final Index Level]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Index Level]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*[the Max Index Level] less (b) the Strike Level; and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%.

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Asian-out” applies]*[The Average Index Level represents the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-out” applies]*[The Max Index Level represents the highest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.]

The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level. The Initial Index Level represents *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*[the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]*[if “Asian-in” applies]*[the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*[the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of the Index on the relevant date (subject

to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]*[any time on the relevant date]*[if “Valuation Time Only” applies]*[the Valuation Time].

[If “Flexo” applies:]

[The Performance XRate is calculated as the quotient of: (i) the Final XRate; and (ii) the Initial XRate.

The Final XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (VD) and Currency B Fixing (VD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (VD) *[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”]*[represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]*[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”]*[will be one]. Currency B Fixing (VD) *[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”]*[represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]*[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”]*[will be one].

The Initial XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (SD) and Currency B Fixing (SD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (SD) *[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”]*[represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]*[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is specified as “None”]*[will be one]. Currency B Fixing (SD) *[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”]*[represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]*[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is specified as “None”]*[will be one].

[The Protection Level, Participation, Rebate, Strike Level Percentage[, Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)][, Redemption Barrier Observation Period], Redemption Barrier(knock-out) Percentage[, Valuation Date][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][,][and][Strike Date][Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][,][and] Lookback-in Floor Percentage][, Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B (VD) Fixing Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] are specified in the table below:]

Protection Level
[insert percentage]

Participation
[insert percentage]

Rebate
[insert percentage]

Strike Level Percentage
[insert percentage]

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]
[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]

[Redemption Barrier Event Determination]	[Redemption Barrier Observation Period]	Redemption Barrier(knock-out)
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Day(s)		Percentage
[insert day(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[If the type of redemption is (Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption the following will be applicable:]

[(Partial) Capital Protection (Vanilla) Redemption]

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the Protection Level.

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]* [the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding] *[if the Notes are issued in unitised form]* [one].

[The Protection Level are specified in the table below:]

Protection Level
[insert percentage]

[If the type of redemption is Reverse Convertible Redemption and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Reverse Convertible Redemption]

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if the Final Index Level is *[if “Excess” applies]* [greater than] *[if “Excess/Equal” applies]* [greater than or equal to] the Strike Level, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) 100%; or (ii) if the Final Index Level is not *[if “Excess” applies]* [greater than] *[if “Excess/Equal” applies]* [greater than or equal to] the Strike Level, [the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the product of the Leverage Put and the Performance].

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]* [the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding] *[if the Notes are issued in unitised form]* [one].

[The Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Final Index Level less (b) the Strike Level; and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%. The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. The Initial Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]

The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of the Index on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

[The Strike Level Percentage, Valuation Date, Strike Date, [,][and] [Leverage Put] are specified in the table below:]

Strike Level Percentage	Valuation Date	Strike Date
[insert percentage]	[insert date]	[insert date]

Leverage Put
[insert percentage]

[If the type of redemption is Reverse Convertible Redemption and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Reverse Convertible Redemption

[If “Worst Of” does not apply:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if the Basket Final Level is *[if “Excess” applies]* greater than *[if “Excess/Equal” applies]* greater than or equal to the Basket Strike Level, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) 100%; or (ii) if the Basket Final Level is not *[if “Excess” applies]* greater than *[if “Excess/Equal” applies]* greater than or equal to the Basket Strike Level, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the product of the Leverage Put and the Basket Performance.

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]* the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding *[if the notes are issued in unitised form]* one].

The Basket Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Basket Final Level less (b) the Basket Strike Level; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%. The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date. Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the

weighting in respect of such Basket Component. The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level. The Basket Initial Level will be one.]

[If “Worst Of” applies:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if, in respect of each and every Index(k), the Final Index Level(k) is *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Strike Level(k), the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) 100%; or (ii) if, in respect of one or more Index(k) the Final Index Level(k) is not *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Strike Level(k), [the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the product of the Leverage Put and the Performance(Worst Performing Index)].

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]*[the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding]*[if the notes are issued in unitised form]*[one].

[The Performance(Worst Performing Index) represents, in respect of the Basket, the Performance(k) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k) of all the Basket Components of such Basket. Performance(k) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Final Index Level(k) less (b) the Strike Level(k); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%. The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Strike Level(k) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

[The Strike Level Percentage, Valuation Date, Strike Date, [,][and] [Weighting(k)] [,][and] [Leverage Put] are specified in the table below:]

Strike Level Percentage
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Valuation Date	Strike Date	[Weighting(k)]	
[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert weighting of each Basket Component]	

[Leverage Put]
[insert percentage]

[If the type of redemption is Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption]

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) 100%; or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred: (a) if the Final Index Level is *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) 100%; or (b) if the Final Index Level is not *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Strike Level, [the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Leverage Put and the Performance].

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of the Index at the Specified Time is *[less than][less than or equal to]* the Redemption Barrier(knock-in). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be *[if “Final Monitoring” applies][each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day][if “Continuous Monitoring” applies][each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]*. The Redemption Barrier(knock-in) represents the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form][the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][if the Notes are issued in unitised form][one]*.

[The Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Final Index Level less (b) the Strike Level; and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%. The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the

Calculation Agent. The Initial Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]

The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of the Index on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be [if “Constant Monitoring” applies][any time on the relevant date][if “Valuation Time Only” applies][the Valuation Time].

[The Strike Level Percentage, Valuation Date, Strike Date, Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s), Redemption Barrier Observation Period, Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage[,][and] [Leverage Put] are specified in the table below:]

Strike Level Percentage	Valuation Date	Strike Date
[insert percentage]	[insert date]	[insert date]

[Leverage Put]
[insert percentage]

Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)	Redemption Barrier Observation Period
[insert day(s)]	[insert date(s)]

Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage
[insert percentage]

[If the type of redemption is Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Barrier Reverse Convertible Redemption

[If “Worst Of” does not apply:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) 100%; or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket: (a) if the Basket Final Level is [if “Excess” applies][greater

than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to] the Basket Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) 100%; or (b) if the Basket Final Level is not [if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to] the Basket Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Leverage Put and the Basket Performance.

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of the Basket if the Calculation Agent determines that, on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day, the Basket Level(t) is [less than][less than or equal to] the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be [if “Final Monitoring” applies][each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day][if “Continuous Monitoring” applies][each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]. The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) represents the product of (i) the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.

The CA Factor will be [if the Notes are not issued in unitised form][the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][if the notes are issued in unitised form][one].

The Basket Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Basket Final Level less (b) the Basket Strike Level; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%. The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date. Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component. The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level. The Basket Initial Level will be one.]

[If “Worst Of” applies:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) 100%; or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has

occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component; (a) if, in respect of each and every Basket Component, the Final Index Level(k) is *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Strike Level(k), the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) 100%; or (a) if, in respect of one or more Basket Component the Final Index Level(k) is not *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Strike Level(k), [the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Leverage Put and the Performance(Worst Performing Index)].

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of any Basket Component if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time is *[less than][less than or equal to]* the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be *[if “Final Monitoring” applies][each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day][if “Continuous Monitoring” applies][each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]*. The Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) represents the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form][the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][if the notes are issued in unitised form][one]*.

[The Performance(Worst Performing Index) represents, in respect of the Basket, the Performance(k) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k) of all the Basket Components of such Basket. Performance(k) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Final Index Level(k) less (b) the Strike Level(k); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%. The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Strike Level(k) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies][any time on the relevant date][if “Valuation Time Only” applies][the Valuation Time]*.

[The Strike Level Percentage, Valuation Date, Strike Date[, Weighting(k)][, Leverage Put][, Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)][,

Redemption Barrier Observation Period] [,][and] [Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage][Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage][Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) Percentage] are specified in the table below:]

Strike Level Percentage	Valuation Date	Strike Date
[insert percentage]	[insert date]	[insert date]

[Weighting(k)]
[insert weighting of each Basket Component]

[Leverage Put]
[insert percentage]

[Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)]	[Redemption Barrier Observation Period]	[Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage]
[insert day(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]
[Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage]	[Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k)]	
[insert percentage]	[insert percentage]	

[If the type of redemption is Capped Outperformance Redemption and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Capped Outperformance Redemption]

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if the Final Index Level is *[if “Excess” applies]* greater than *[if “Excess/Equal” applies]* greater than or equal to the Strike Level, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the product of the Participation and the lesser of (I) the Cap and (II) the Performance; or (ii) if the Final Index Level is not *[if*

“Excess” applies][greater than][*if “Excess/Equal” applies*][greater than or equal to] the Strike Level, [the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the product of the Leverage Put and the Performance].

The CA Factor will be *if the Notes are not issued in unitised form*][the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][*if the Notes are issued in unitised form*][one].

The Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Final Index Level less (b) the Strike Level; and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%. The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level. The Initial Index Level represents *if “Asian-in” does not apply*][the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][*if “Asian-in” applies*][the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of the Index on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

[The Participation, Cap, Strike Level Percentage, [Valuation Date,] Strike Date [, Asian-in Averaging Date(s)],][and] [Leverage Put] are specified in the table below:]

Participation
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Cap
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Strike Level Percentage	[Valuation Date]	Strike Date	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]
<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>

[Leverage Put]

[insert percentage]

[If the type of redemption is Capped Outperformance Redemption and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Capped Outperformance Redemption]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if the Basket Final Level is *[if “Excess” applies]* greater than *[if “Excess/Equal” applies]* greater than or equal to] the Basket Strike Level, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the product of the Participation and the lesser of (I) the Cap and (II) the Basket Performance; or (ii) if the Basket Final Level is not *[if “Excess” applies]* greater than *[if “Excess/Equal” applies]* greater than or equal to] the Basket Strike Level, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the product of the Leverage Put and the Basket Performance.

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]* the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding *[if the notes are issued in unitised form]* [one].

The Basket Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Basket Final Level less (b) the Basket Strike Level; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%. The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” does not apply]* [the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.] *[If “Asian-in” applies]* [the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component. The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level. The Basket Initial Level *[if “Asian-in” does not apply]* [will be one.] *[if “Asian-in” applies]* [represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-in

Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. [The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on the Asian-in Averaging Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be [if “Constant Monitoring” applies][any time on the relevant date][if “Valuation Time Only” applies][the Valuation Time].

[The Participation, Cap, Strike Level Percentage[, Valuation Date], Strike Date[, Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Weighting(k)][,][and] [Leverage Put] are specified in the table below:]

Participation
[insert percentage]

Cap
[insert percentage]

Strike Level Percentage	[Valuation Date]	Strike Date	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]
[insert percentage]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date(s)]

[Weighting(k)]
[insert weighting of each Basket Component]

[Leverage Put]

[insert percentage]

[If the type of redemption is Capped Bonus Redemption and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Capped Bonus Redemption]

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the higher of (I) the Bonus and (II) the lower of the Cap and the Performance; or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, (a) if the Final Index Level is *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Strike Level, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the lower of the Cap and the Performance; or (ii) if the Final Index Level is not *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Strike Level, [the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the Performance].

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of the Index at the Specified Time is [less than][less than or equal to] the Redemption Barrier(knock-in). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be *[if Final Monitoring applies][each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day][if Continuous Monitoring applies][each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]*. The Redemption Barrier(knock-in) represents the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form][the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][if the Notes are issued in unitised form][one]*.

The Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” does not apply][the Final Index Level][if “Asian-out” applies][the Average Index Level]* less (b) the Strike Level; and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%.

[If “Asian-out” does not apply][The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Index Level represents the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level. The Initial Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of the Index on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]*any time on the relevant date*[if “Valuation Time Only” applies]*the Valuation Time.

[The Strike Level Percentage[, Valuation Date], Strike Date[, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)], Cap, Bonus, [Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)][Redemption Barrier Observation Period] [,][and] Redemption Barrier (knock-in) Percentage are specified in the table below:]

Strike Level Percentage	[Valuation Date]	Strike Date	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]
<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>

Cap
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Bonus
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)]	[Redemption Barrier Observation Period]	Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage
<i>[insert day(s)]</i>	<i>[insert period]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[If the type of redemption is Capped Bonus Redemption and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Capped Bonus Redemption

[If “Upside Redemption” is “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is “Worst of basis”:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated

as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the higher of (I) the Bonus and (II) the lower of the Cap and the Basket Performance; or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component, (a) if in respect of each and every Basket Component the Final Index Level(k) is *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Strike Level(k), the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the lower of the Cap and the Basket Performance; or (b) if in respect of one or more Basket Component the Final Index Level(k) is not *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Strike Level(k), [the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) [the Performance(Worst Performing Index)].

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of any Basket Component if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time is *[less than][less than or equal to]* the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be *[if Final Monitoring applies][each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day][if Continuous Monitoring applies][each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]*. The Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form][the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][if the notes are issued in unitised form][one]*.

The Basket Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” does not apply][the Basket Final Level][if “Asian-out” applies][the Average Basket Performance]* less (b) the Basket Strike Level; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

[If “Asian-out” does not apply][The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]

[If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Basket Performance represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-out

Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-out Averaging Date. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Asian-out Averaging Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.

The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level. The Basket Initial Level will be one.]

[The Performance(Worst Performing Index) represents, in respect of the Basket, the Performance(k) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k) of all the Basket Components of such Basket.

Performance(k) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Final Index Level(k)]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Index Level(k)] less (b) the Strike Level(k); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%.]

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Asian-out” applies]*[The Average Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Strike Level(k) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]

Performance(k) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” does not apply]*[the Final Index Level(k)]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Index Level(k)] less (b) the Strike Level(k); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%.]

[If “Asian-out” does not apply][The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Asian-out” applies]*[The Average Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the arithmetic mean of the level of such

Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Strike Level(k) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]

[If “Upside Redemption” is “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is “Basket level basis”:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the higher of (I) the Bonus and (II) the lower of the Cap and the Basket Performance; or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket], (a) if the Basket Final Level is *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Basket Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the lower of the Cap and the Basket Performance; or (b) if the Basket Final Level is not *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of 100% and the Basket Performance.

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of the Basket if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the Basket Level(t) is *[less than][less than or equal to]* the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be *[if Final Monitoring applies][each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day][if Continuous Monitoring applies][each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]*. The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) represents the product of (i) the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form][the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][if the notes are issued in unitised form][one]*.

The Basket Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” does not apply][the Basket Final Level][if “Asian-out”*

applies][the Average Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

[If “Asian-out” does not apply][The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]

[If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Basket Performance represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-out Averaging Date. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Asian-out Averaging Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date. Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level. The Basket Initial Level will be one.

[If “Upside Redemption” is “Worst of basis” and “Downside Redemption” is “Worst of basis”:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the higher of (I) the Bonus and (II) the lower of the Cap and the Performance(Worst Performing Index); or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component, (a) if in respect of each and every Basket Component the Final Index Level(k) is *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Strike Level(k), the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the lower of the Cap and the Performance(Worst Performing Index); or (ii) if in respect of one or more Basket Component the Final Index Level(k) is not *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to]

the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k), the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of 100% and the Performance(Worst Performing Index).]

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of any Basket Component if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time is [less than][less than or equal to] the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day. The Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The CA Factor will be [if the Notes are not issued in unitised form][the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][if the notes are issued in unitised form][one].

Performance(Worst Performing Index) represents, in respect of the Basket, the Performance(k) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k) of all the Basket Components of such Basket.

Performance(k) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if “Asian-out” does not apply][the Final Index Level(k)][if “Asian-out” applies][the Average Index Level(k)] less (b) the Strike Level(k); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%.

[If “Asian-out” does not apply][The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Strike Level(k) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be [if “Constant Monitoring” applies][any time on the relevant date][if “Valuation Time Only” applies][the Valuation Time].

[The Strike Level Percentage[, Weighting(k)][, Valuation Date], Strike

Date[, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)], Cap, Bonus, [Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)][Redemption Barrier Observation Period] [,][and] [Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage][Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) Percentage] are specified in the table below:]

Strike Level Percentage	[Valuation Date]	Strike Date	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]
[insert percentage]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date(s)]

[Weighting(k)]
[insert weighting of each Basket Component]

Cap
[insert percentage]

Bonus
[insert percentage]

[Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)]	[Redemption Barrier Observation Period]	[Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage]	[Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) Percentage]
[insert day(s)]	[insert period]	[insert percentage]	[insert percentage]

[If the type of redemption is Express Redemption and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Express Redemption

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) 100%; or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred: (a) if the Final Index Level is *[if*

“Excess” applies][greater than][if *“Excess/Equal” applies*][greater than or equal to] the Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) 100%; or (b) if the Final Index Level is not [if *“Excess” applies*][greater than][if *“Excess/Equal” applies*][greater than or equal to] the Strike Level, [the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Leverage Put and the Performance].

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of the Index at the Specified Time is [less than][less than or equal to] the Redemption Barrier(knock-in). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be [if *“Final Monitoring” applies*][each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day][if *“Continuous Monitoring” applies*][each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]. The Redemption Barrier(knock-in) represents the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The CA Factor will be [if *the Notes are not issued in unitised form*][the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][if *the Notes are issued in unitised form*][one].

[The Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Final Index Level less (b) the Strike Level; and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%. The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. The Initial Index Level represents [if *“Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply*][the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][if *“Asian-in” applies*][the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of the Index on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be [if *“Constant Monitoring” applies*][any time on the relevant date][if *“Valuation Time Only” applies*][the Valuation Time].

[The Strike Level Percentage[, Valuation Date], Strike Date[, Asian-in Averaging Date(s)], [, Leverage Put], Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s), Redemption Barrier Observation Period [,][and] Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage are specified in the table below:]

Strike Level Percentage	[Valuation Date]	Strike Date	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]
[insert percentage]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date(s)]

Leverage Put
[insert percentage]

Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)	Redemption Barrier Observation Period	Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage
[insert day(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[If the type of redemption is Express Redemption and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Express Redemption

[If “Worst Of” does not apply:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) 100%; or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket: (a) if the Basket Final Level is *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Basket Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) 100%; or (b) if the Basket Final Level is not *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Basket Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Leverage Put and the Basket Performance.

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of the Basket if the Calculation Agent determines that, on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day, the Basket Level(t) is [less than][less than or equal to] the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be *[if “Final Monitoring” applies]*[each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day]*[if “Continuous Monitoring” applies]*[each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]. The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Redemption Barrier

Event Determination Day at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) represents the product of (i) the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]* the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding *[if the notes are issued in unitised form]* *[one]*.

The Basket Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Basket Final Level less (b) the Basket Strike Level; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%. The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]* the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date. *[If “Asian-in” applies]* the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component. The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level. The Basket Initial Level represents *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]* will be one *[if “Asian-in” applies]* represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]]

[If “Worst Of” applies:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) 100%; or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component; (a) if, in respect of each and every Basket Component, the Final Index Level(k) is *[if “Excess” applies]* greater than *[if “Excess/Equal” applies]* greater than or equal to] the Strike Level(k), the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA

Factor; and (3) 100%; or (a) if, in respect of one or more Basket Component the Final Index Level(k) is not *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Strike Level(k), [the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Leverage Put and the Performance(Worst Performing Index)]

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of any Basket Component if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time is [less than][less than or equal to] the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be *[if “Final Monitoring” applies]*[each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day]*[if “Continuous Monitoring” applies]*[each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]. The Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) represents the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]*[the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding]*[if the notes are issued in unitised form]*[one].

[The Performance(Worst Performing Index) represents, in respect of the Basket, the Performance(k) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k) of all the Basket Components of such Basket. Performance(k) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Final Index Level(k) less (b) the Strike Level(k); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%. The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Strike Level(k) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*[the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]*[If “Asian-in” applies]*[the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]*[any time on

the relevant date][if “Valuation Time Only” applies][the Valuation Time].

[The Strike Level Percentage[, Valuation Date], Strike Date[, Asian-in Averaging Date(s)] [,Weighting(k)], [, Leverage Put][, Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)][, Redemption Barrier Observation Period] [,][and] [Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage][Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage][Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) Percentage] are specified in the table below:]

Strike Level Percentage	[Valuation Date]	Strike Date	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]
[insert percentage]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date(s)]

[Weighting(k)]
[insert weighting of each Basket Component]

Leverage Put
[insert percentage]

[Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)]	[Redemption Barrier Observation Period]	[Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage]
[insert day(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage]	[Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k)]
[insert percentage]	[insert percentage]

[If the type of redemption is Tracker Redemption and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Tracker Redemption

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the

sum of (a) 100% and (b) the product of the Participation and the Performance.

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]* the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding *[if the Notes are issued in unitised form]* one.

The Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]* the Final Index Level *[if “Asian-out” applies]* the Average Index Level *[if “Lookback-out” applies]* the Max Index Level less (b) the Strike Level; and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%.

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply] The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. *[If “Asian-out” applies]* The Average Index Level represents the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. *[If “Lookback-out” applies]* The Max Index Level represents the highest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.]

The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level. The Initial Index Level represents *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]* the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date. *[if “Asian-in” applies]* the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. *[If “Lookback-in” applies]* the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of the Index on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

[The Participation, Strike Level Percentage, [, Valuation Date][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][, and][Strike Date][Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][, and] Lookback-in Floor Percentage are specified in the table below:]

Participation
[insert percentage]

Strike Level Percentage
[insert percentage]

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[If the type of redemption is Tracker Redemption and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Tracker Redemption

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount; (ii) the CA Factor; and (iii) the sum of (a) 100% and (b) the product of the Participation and the Basket Performance].

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]*[the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding]*[if the notes are issued in unitised form]*[one].

The Basket Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Basket Final Level]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Basket Performance]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*[the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index

Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Basket Performance represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-out Averaging Date. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Asian-out Averaging Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[if “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Basket Performance represents the highest of the Basket Levels on the Lookback-out Observation Dates. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Lookback-out Observation Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Lookback-out Observation Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level. The Basket Initial Level *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*[will be one.]*[if “Asian-in” applies]*[represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*[represents the higher of: (i) the lowest Basket Level(t) in respect of all Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the Basket Level(t) at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] [The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on the relevant *[if “Asian-in” applies]*[Asian-in Averaging Date]*[if “Lookback-in” applies]*[Lookback-in Observation Date] at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]

[The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*[the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][*If “Asian-in” applies*][the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][*If “Lookback-in” applies*][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]*[any time on the relevant date]*[if “Valuation Time Only” applies]*[the Valuation Time].

[The Participation, Strike Level Percentage, [, Weighting(k)][, Valuation Date][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][, Strike Date][, Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][,] and] Lookback-in Floor Percentage][, Fixed Return and Specified Number] are specified in the table below:]

Participation
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Strike Level Percentage
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[Weighting(k)]
<i>[insert weighting of each Basket Component]</i>

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]
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[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]
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[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Fixed Return]	[Specified Number]
[insert percentage]	[insert number]

[If the type of redemption is Outperformance Redemption and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Outperformance Redemption]

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if the Final Index Level is *[if Excess applies]* greater than *[if Excess/Equal applies]* greater than or equal to the Strike Level, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the product of the Participation and the Performance(1); and *[if Flexo applies]* (d) the Performance XRate; or (ii) if the Final Index Level is not *[if Excess applies]* greater than *[if Excess/Equal applies]* greater than or equal to the Strike Level, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of 100% and the Performance(2).

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]* the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding *[if the Notes are issued in unitised form]* one.

The Performance(1) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]* the Final Index Level *[if “Asian-out” applies]* the Average Index Level *[if “Lookback-out” applies]* the Max Index Level less (b) the Strike Level(1); and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%.

The Performance(2) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]* the Final Index Level *[if “Asian-out” applies]* the Average Index Level *[if “Lookback-out” applies]* the Max Index Level less (b) the Strike Level(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%.

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply] The Final Index Level

represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Index Level represents the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Index Level represents the highest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.]

The Strike Level(1) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(1); and (ii) the Initial Index Level. The Initial Index Level represents [if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply][the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][if “Asian-in” applies][the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

The Strike Level(2) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of the Index on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

[If “Flexo” applies:]

[The Performance XRate is calculated as the quotient of: (i) the Final XRate; and (ii) the Initial XRate.

The Final XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (VD) and Currency B Fixing (VD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (VD) [if Currency A Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date][if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”][will be one]. Currency B Fixing (VD) [if Currency B Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display

page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date][if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as "None"]][will be one].

The Initial XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (SD) and Currency B Fixing (SD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (SD) [if Currency A Fixing (SD) is not specified as "None"]][represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date][if Currency A Fixing (SD) is specified as "None"]][will be one]. Currency B Fixing (SD) [if Currency B Fixing (SD) is not specified as "None"]][represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date][if Currency B Fixing (SD) is specified as "None"]][will be one].]

[The Participation, Strike Level Percentage(1), Strike Level Percentage(2), [, Valuation Date][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][,][and][Strike Date][Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][,][and] Lookback-in Floor Percentage][, Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B (VD) Fixing Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] are specified in the table below:]

Participation
[insert percentage]

Strike Level Percentage(1)	Strike Level Percentage(2)
[insert percentage]	[insert percentage]

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]
[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]

[If the type of redemption is Outperformance Redemption and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Outperformance Redemption]

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if the Basket Final Level is *[if Excess applies]*[greater than]*[if Excess/Equal applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Basket Strike Level, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; [and] (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the product of the Participation and the Basket Performance(1); and *[if Flexo applies]* (d) the Performance XRate; or (ii) if the Basket Final Level is not *[if Excess applies]*[greater than]*[if Excess/Equal applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Basket Strike Level, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of 100% and the Basket Performance(2).

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]*[the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding]*[if the notes are issued in unitised form]*[one].

The Basket Performance(1) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Basket Final Level]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Basket Performance]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*[the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level(1); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

The Basket Performance(2) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Basket Final Level]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Basket Performance]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*[the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level(2); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of

such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Basket Performance represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-out Averaging Date. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Asian-out Averaging Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[if “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Basket Performance represents the highest of the Basket Levels on the Lookback-out Observation Dates. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Lookback-out Observation Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Lookback-out Observation Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

The Basket Strike Level(1) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(1); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level. The Basket Initial Level *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*[will be one.]*[if “Asian-in” applies]*[represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*[represents the higher of: (i) the lowest Basket Level(t) in respect of all Lookback-in Observation Date; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the Basket Level(t) at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] [The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on the relevant *[if “Asian-in” applies]*[Asian-in Averaging Date]*[if “Lookback-in” applies]*[Lookback-in Observation Date] at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket

Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).

The Basket Strike Level(2) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(2); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.]

[The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]* the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date. *[If “Asian-in” applies]* the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. *[If “Lookback-in” applies]* the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]* any time on the relevant date *[if “Valuation Time Only” applies]* the Valuation Time].

[If “Flexo” applies:]

[The Performance XRate is calculated as the quotient of: (i) the Final XRate; and (ii) the Initial XRate.

The Final XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (VD) and Currency B Fixing (VD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (VD) *[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”]* represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date *[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”]* will be one]. Currency B Fixing (VD) *[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”]* represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date *[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”]* will be one].

The Initial XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (SD) and Currency B Fixing (SD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).]

Currency A Fixing (SD) *[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]*[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one]. Currency B Fixing (SD) *[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]*[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one].]

[The Participation, Strike Level Percentage(1), Strike Level Percentage(2), [, Weighting(k)], Valuation Date][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][, Strike Date][, Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][,][and] Lookback-in Floor Percentage][, Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B (VD) Fixing Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] are specified in the table below:]

Participation	Strike Level Percentage
<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Strike Level Percentage(1)	Strike Level Percentage(2)
<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Weighting(k)
<i>[insert weighting of each Basket Component]</i>

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]	
<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in]	[Lookback-in]	[Lookback-in]
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	Averaging Date(s)]	Observation Date(s)]	Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]
[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]

[If the type of redemption is Bonus Redemption and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Bonus Redemption

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the higher of (I) the Bonus and (II) the Performance(1); or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred: (a) if the Final Index Level is *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of 100% and the Performance(1); or (b) if the Final Index Level is not *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Leverage Put and the Performance(2).

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of the Index at the Specified Time is *[less than][less than or equal to]* the Redemption Barrier(knock-in). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be *[if Final Monitoring applies][each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day][if Continuous Monitoring applies][each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]*. The Redemption Barrier(knock-in) represents the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The Initial Index Level represents *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply][the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][if “Asian-in” applies][the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the*

Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]*[the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding]*[if the Notes are issued in unitised form]*[one].

The Performance(1) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Final Index Level]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Index Level]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*[the Max Index Level] less (b) the Strike Level(1); and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%.

The Performance(2) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Final Index Level]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Index Level]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*[the Max Index Level] less (b) the Strike Level(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%.

The Strike Level(1) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(1); and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The Strike Level(2) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Asian-out” applies]*[The Average Index Level represents the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-out” applies]*[The Max Index Level represents the highest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of the Index on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]*[any time on the relevant date]*[if “Valuation Time Only” applies]*[the Valuation Time].

[The Strike Level Percentage, Strike Level Percentage(1), Strike Level

Percentage(2), [, Valuation Date][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][, and][Strike Date][Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][, Lookback-in Floor Percentage][, Leverage Put][, Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)][, Redemption Barrier Observation Period] and Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage are specified in the table below:]

Strike Level Percentage	Strike Level Percentage(1)	Strike Level Percentage(2)
[insert percentage]	[insert percentage]	[insert percentage]

[Leverage Put]
[insert percentage]

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)]	[Redemption Barrier Observation Period]	Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage
[insert day(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[If the type of redemption is Bonus Redemption and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Bonus Redemption

[If “Upside Redemption” is “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is “Worst of basis”:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b)

the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the higher of the Bonus and the Basket Performance(1); or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component: (a) if in respect of each and every Basket Component the Final Index Level(k) is *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Strike Level(k), the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of 100% and the Basket Performance(1); or (b) if in respect of one or more Basket Component the Final Index Level(k) is not *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Strike Level(k), the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Leverage Put and the Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2).

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of any Basket Component if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time is *[less than][less than or equal to]* the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be *[if Final Monitoring applies][each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day][if Continuous Monitoring applies][each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]*. The Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k). The Strike Level(k) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply][the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][If “Asian-in” applies][the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*

The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

The Strike Level(k) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The Basket Performance(1) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][the Basket Final Level][if*

“Asian-out” applies][the Average Basket Performance][*if “Lookback-out” applies*][the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level(1); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(1); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.

The Basket Initial Level *if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply*][will be one.][*if “Asian-in” applies*][represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][*if “Lookback-in” applies*][represents the higher of: (i) the lowest Basket Level(t) in respect of all Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the Basket Level(t) at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] [The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on the relevant *if “Asian-in” applies*][Asian-in Averaging Date][*if “Lookback-in” applies*][Lookback-in Observation Date] at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]

if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

if “Asian-out” applies][The Average Basket Performance represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-out Averaging Date. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Asian-out Averaging Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

if “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Basket Performance represents the

highest of the Basket Levels on the Lookback-out Observation Dates. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Lookback-out Observation Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Lookback-out Observation Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2) represents, in respect of the Basket, the Performance(k)(2) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k)(2) of all the Basket Components of the Basket.

Performance(k)(2) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Final Index Level(k)]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Index Level(k)]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*[the Max Index Level(k)] less (b) the Strike Level(k)(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%.

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Asian-out” applies]*[The Average Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-out” applies]*[The Max Index Level(k) represents the highest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.]

The Strike Level(k)(1) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(1); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The Strike Level(k)(2) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).]

[If “Upside Redemption” is “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is “Basket level basis”:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the higher of the Bonus and the Basket Performance(1); or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket: (a) if the Basket Final Level is *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to]

the Basket Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of 100% and the Basket Performance(1); or (b) if the Basket Final Level is not *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Basket Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Leverage Put and the Basket Performance(2).

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of the Basket if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the Basket Level(t) is *[less than][less than or equal to]* the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be *[if Final Monitoring applies][each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day][if Continuous Monitoring applies][each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]*. The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) represents the product of (i) the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) Basket Initial Level.

The Basket Initial Level represents *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply][will be one.][if “Asian-in” applies][represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][represents the higher of: (i) the lowest Basket Level(t) in respect of all Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the Basket Level(t) at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]* [The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on the relevant *[if “Asian-in” applies][Asian-in Averaging Date][if “Lookback-in” applies][Lookback-in Observation Date]* at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]

[The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply][the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][If “Asian-in” applies][the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date,*

as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]]

The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.

The Basket Performance(1) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][the Basket Final Level][if “Asian-out” applies][the Average Basket Performance][if “Lookback-out” applies][the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level(1); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

The Basket Performance(2) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][the Basket Final Level][if “Asian-out” applies][the Average Basket Performance][if “Lookback-out” applies][the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level(2); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

The Basket Strike Level(1) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(1); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.

The Basket Strike Level(2) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(2); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Basket Performance represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-out Averaging Date. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket

Component on such Asian-out Averaging Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[if “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Basket Performance represents the highest of the Basket Levels on the Lookback-out Observation Dates. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Lookback-out Observation Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Lookback-out Observation Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[If “Upside Redemption” is “Worst of basis” and “Downside Redemption” is “Worst of basis”:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; and (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the higher of the Bonus and the Performance(Worst Performing Index)(1); or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component: (a) if in respect of each and every Basket Component the Final Index Level(k) is *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Strike Level(k), the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of 100% and the Performance(Worst Performing Index)(1); or (b) if in respect of one or more Basket Component the Final Level(k) is not *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Strike Level(k), the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Leverage Put and the Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2).

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of any Basket Component if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time is [less than][less than or equal to] the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be *[if Final Monitoring applies]*[each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day]*[if Continuous Monitoring applies]*[each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]. The Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]* the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date. *[If “Asian-in” applies]* the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. *[If “Lookback-in” applies]* the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

The Strike Level(k) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

Performance(Worst Performing Index)(1) represents, in respect of the Basket, the Performance(k)(1) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k)(1) of all the Basket Components of the Basket.

Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2) represents, in respect of the Basket, the Performance(k)(2) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k)(2) of all the Basket Components of the Basket.

Performance(k)(1) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]* the Final Index Level(k) *[if “Asian-out” applies]* the Average Index Level(k) *[if “Lookback-out” applies]* the Max Index Level(k) less (b) the Strike Level(k)(1); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%.

Performance(k)(2) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]* the Final Index Level(k) *[if “Asian-out” applies]* the Average Index Level(k) *[if “Lookback-out” applies]* the Max Index Level(k) less (b) the Strike Level(k)(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%.

The Strike Level(k)(1) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(1); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The Strike Level(k)(2) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply] The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such

Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Index Level(k) represents the highest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be [if “Constant Monitoring” applies][any time on the relevant date][if “Valuation Time Only” applies][the Valuation Time].

The Strike Level Percentage, Strike Level Percentage(1), Strike Level Percentage(2) [, Weighting(k)], Valuation Date, Strike Date, [, Bonus,][, Leverage Put][, Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)][, Redemption Barrier Observation Period] and [Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage][Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) Percentage]] are specified in the table below:]

Strike Level Percentage	Strike Level Percentage(1)	Strike Level Percentage(2)
[insert percentage]	[insert percentage]	[insert percentage]

[Weighting(k)]
[insert weighting of each Basket Component]

[Bonus]
[insert percentage]

[Leverage Put]
[insert percentage]

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)]	[Redemption Barrier Observation Period]	[Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) Percentage]
[insert day(s)]	[insert period]	[insert percentage]

[If the type of redemption is Outperformance Bonus Redemption and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Outperformance Bonus Redemption]

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; [and] (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the higher of (I) the Bonus and (II) the product of the Participation and the Performance(1); [and *[if Flexo applies]* (d) the Performance XRate;] or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred: (a) if the Final Index Level is *[if "Excess" applies]* [greater than] *[if "Excess/Equal" applies]* [greater than or equal to] the Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Participation and the Performance(1); [and *[if Flexo applies]* (d) the Performance XRate;] or (b) if the Final Index Level is not *[if*

“Excess” applies][greater than][if *“Excess/Equal” applies*][greater than or equal to] the Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Leverage Put and the Performance(2).

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of the Index at the Specified Time is [less than][or less than or equal to] the Redemption Barrier(knock-in). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be [if Final Monitoring applies][each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day][if Continuous Monitoring applies][each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]. The Redemption Barrier(knock-in) represents the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The CA Factor will be [if the Notes are not issued in unitised form][the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][if the Notes are issued in unitised form][one].

The Performance(1) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if *“Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply*][the Final Index Level][if *“Asian-out” applies*][the Average Index Level][if *“Lookback-out” applies*][the Max Index Level] less (b) the Strike Level(1); and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%.

The Performance(2) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if *“Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply*][the Final Index Level][if *“Asian-out” applies*][the Average Index Level][if *“Lookback-out” applies*][the Max Index Level] less (b) the Strike Level(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%.

The Strike Level(1) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(1); and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The Strike Level(2) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

[If *“Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply*][The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If *“Asian-out” applies*][The Average Index Level represents the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as

determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Index Level represents the highest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.] The Initial Index Level represents [if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply][the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][if “Asian-in” applies][the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of the Index on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be [if “Constant Monitoring” applies][any time on the relevant date][if “Valuation Time Only” applies][the Valuation Time].

[If Flexo applies:]

[The Performance XRate is calculated as the quotient of: (i) the Final XRate; and (ii) the Initial XRate.

The Final XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (VD) and Currency B Fixing (VD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (VD) [if Currency A Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date][if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”][will be one]. Currency B Fixing (VD) [if Currency B Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date][if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”][will be one].

The Initial XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (SD) and Currency B Fixing (SD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (SD) [if Currency A Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any

successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date][if Currency A Fixing (SD) is specified as “None”][will be one]. Currency B Fixing (SD) [if Currency B Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date][if Currency B Fixing (SD) is specified as “None”][will be one].]

[The Strike Level Percentage, Strike Level Percentage(1), Strike Level Percentage(2), Participation, Leverage Put, [, Valuation Date][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][, Strike Date][, Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][, Lookback-in Floor Percentage][Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)][Redemption Barrier Observation Period][,][and] Redemption Barrier (knock-in) Percentage [, Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B (VD) Fixing Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] are specified in the table below:]

Strike Level Percentage	Strike Level Percentage(1)	Strike Level Percentage(2)
[insert percentage]	[insert percentage]	[insert percentage]

Participation	Leverage Put
[insert percentage]	[insert percentage]

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]	
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)]	[Redemption Barrier Observation Period]	Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage
[insert day(s)]	[insert period]	[insert percentage]

[Currency A Fixing (VD)]	[Currency B Fixing (VD)]	[Currency A Fixing (SD)]	[Currency B Fixing (SD)]

Date]	Date]	Date]	Date]
[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]

[If the type of redemption is Outperformance Bonus Redemption and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Outperformance Bonus Redemption

[If “Upside Redemption” is “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is “Worst of basis”:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; [and] (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the higher of (I) the Bonus and (II) the product of the Participation and the Basket Performance(1); [and *if Flexo applies*] (d) the Performance XRate;] or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component: (a) if in respect of each and every Basket Component the Final Index Level(k) is *if “Excess” applies* [greater than] *if “Excess/Equal” applies* [greater than or equal to] the Strike Level(k), the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; [and] (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Participation and the Basket Performance(1); [and *if Flexo applies*] (d) the Performance XRate;] or (b) if in respect of one or more Basket Component the Final Index Level(k) is not *if “Excess” applies* [greater than] *if “Excess/Equal” applies* [greater than or equal to] the Strike Level(k), the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Leverage Put and the Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2).

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of any Basket Component if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time is [less than][or less than or equal to] the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be [if Final Monitoring applies][each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day][if Continuous Monitoring applies][each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]. The Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply* [the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.] *If “Asian-in” applies* [the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such

Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]]

The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

The Strike Level(k) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The CA Factor will be [if the Notes are not issued in unitised form][the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][if the notes are issued in unitised form][one].

The Basket Performance(1) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][the Basket Final Level][if “Asian-out” applies][the Average Basket Performance][if “Lookback-out” applies][the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Basket Performance represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-out Averaging Date. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Asian-out Averaging Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[if “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Basket Performance represents the

highest of the Basket Levels on the Lookback-out Observation Dates. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Lookback-out Observation Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Lookback-out Observation Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(1); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level. The Basket Initial Level *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]* will be one. *[if “Asian-in” applies]* represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. *[If “Lookback-in” applies]* represents the higher of: (i) the lowest Basket Level(t) in respect of all Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the Basket Level(t) at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. [The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on the relevant *[if “Asian-in” applies]* Asian-in Averaging Date *[if “Lookback-in” applies]* Lookback-in Observation Date] at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).

The Basket Strike Level(1) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(2); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.]

Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2) represents, in respect of the Basket, the Performance(k)(2) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k)(2) of all the Basket Components of such Basket.

Performance(k)(2) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]* the Final Index Level(k) *[if “Asian-out” applies]* the Average Index Level(k) *[if “Lookback-out” applies]* the Max Index Level(k) less (b) the Strike Level(k); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%.

The Strike Level(k)(1) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(1); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The Strike Level(k)(2) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply] The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such

Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Index Level(k) represents the highest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.]

[If “Upside Redemption” is “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is “Basket level basis”:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; [and] (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the higher of (I) the Bonus and (II) the product of the Participation and the Basket Performance(1); [and [if Flexo applies] (d) the Performance XRate;] or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket: (a) if the Basket Final Level is [if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to] the Basket Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; [and] (3) the sum of (I) 100% [and] (II) the product of the Participation and the Basket Performance(1); [and [if Flexo applies] (4) the Performance XRate;] or (b) if the Basket Final Level is not [if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to] the Basket Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Leverage Put and the Basket Performance(2).

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of the Basket if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the Basket Level(t) is [less than][less than or equal to] the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be [if Final Monitoring applies][each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day][if Continuous Monitoring applies][each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]. The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) represents the product of (i) the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) Basket Initial Level.

The Basket Initial Level represents [if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply][will be one.][if “Asian-in” applies][represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and

will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][represents the higher of: (i) the lowest Basket Level(t) in respect of all Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the Basket Level(t) at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] [The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on the relevant [if “Asian-in” applies][Asian-in Averaging Date][if “Lookback-in” applies][Lookback-in Observation Date] at the Specified Time and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]

[The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, [if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply][the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][If “Asian-in” applies][the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]]

The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.

The CA Factor will be [if the Notes are not issued in unitised form][the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][if the notes are issued in unitised form][one].

The Basket Performance(1) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][the Basket Final Level][if “Asian-out” applies][the Average Basket Performance][if “Lookback-out” applies][the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level(1); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

The Basket Performance(2) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if

“Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][the Basket Final Level][*if “Asian-out” applies*][the Average Basket Performance][*if “Lookback-out” applies*][the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level(2); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]][The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[If “Asian-out” applies]][The Average Basket Performance represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-out Averaging Date. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Asian-out Averaging Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[if “Lookback-out” applies]][The Max Basket Performance represents the highest of the Basket Levels on the Lookback-out Observation Dates. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Lookback-out Observation Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Lookback-out Observation Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

The Basket Strike Level(1) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(2); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.

The Basket Strike Level(1) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(2); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.

[If “Upside Redemption” is “Worst of basis” and “Downside Redemption” is “Worst of basis”:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and

every Basket Component, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; [and] (c) the sum of (1) 100% and (2) the higher of (I) the Bonus and (II) the product of the Participation and the Performance(Worst Performing Index)(1); [and] *[if Flexo applies]* (d) the Performance XRate;] or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component: (a) if in respect of each and every Basket Component the Final Index Level(k) is *[if "Excess" applies]* [greater than] *[if "Excess/Equal" applies]* [greater than or equal to] the Strike Level(k), the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; [and] (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Participation and the Performance(Worst Performing Index)(1); [and] *[if Flexo applies]* (d) the Performance XRate;] or (b) if in respect of one or more Basket Component the Final Index Level(k) is not *[if "Excess" applies]* [greater than] *[if "Excess/Equal" applies]* [greater than or equal to] the Strike Level(k), the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; and (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Leverage Put and the Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2).

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of any Basket Component if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time is [less than][or less than or equal to] the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day]. The Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if "Asian-in" and "Lookback-in" do not apply]* [the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.] *[If "Asian-in" applies]* [the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] *[If "Lookback-in" applies]* [the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]]

The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

The Strike Level(k) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]* [the

factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][if the notes are issued in unitised form][one].

Performance(Worst Performing Index)(1) represents, in respect of the Basket, the Performance(k)(1) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k)(1) of all the Basket Components of such Basket. Performance(k)(1) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][the Final Index Level(k)][if “Asian-out” applies][the Average Index Level(k)][if “Lookback-out” applies][the Max Index Level(k)] less (b) the Strike Level(k); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%.

Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2) represents, in respect of the Basket, the Performance(k)(2) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k)(2) of all the Basket Components of such Basket. Performance(k)(2) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][the Final Index Level(k)][if “Asian-out” applies][the Average Index Level(k)][if “Lookback-out” applies][the Max Index Level(k)] less (b) the Strike Level(k); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%.

Performance(k)(1) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][the Final Index Level(k)][if “Asian-out” applies][the Average Index Level(k)][if “Lookback-out” applies][the Max Index Level(k)] less (b) the Strike Level(k)(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%.

Performance(k)(2) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][the Final Index Level(k)][if “Asian-out” applies][the Average Index Level(k)][if “Lookback-out” applies][the Max Index Level(k)] less (b) the Strike Level(k)(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%. [If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Index Level(k) represents the highest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.]

The Strike Level(k)(1) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(1); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The Strike Level(k)(2) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level

Percentage(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]*[any time on the relevant date]*[if “Valuation Time Only” applies]*[the Valuation Time].

[If “Flexo” applies:]

[The Performance XRate is calculated as the quotient of: (i) the Final XRate; and (ii) the Initial XRate.

The Final XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (VD) and Currency B Fixing (VD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (VD) *[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”]*[represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]*[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”]*[will be one]. Currency B Fixing (VD) *[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”]*[represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]*[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”]*[will be one].

The Initial XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (SD) and Currency B Fixing (SD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (SD) *[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”]*[represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]*[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is specified as “None”]*[will be one]. Currency B Fixing (SD) *[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”]*[represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]*[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is specified as “None”]*[will be one].

[The Strike Level Percentage, Strike Level Percentage(1), Strike Level Percentage(2) [, Weighting(k)], Cap, Bonus[, Valuation Date][, Specified Denomination][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][, Leverage Put][, Strike Date][, Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][, Lookback-in Floor Percentage][, Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)][, Redemption Barrier

Observation Period],[and] Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage][Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) Percentage][, Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B (VD) Fixing Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] are specified in the table below:

[Valuation Date]	[Specified Denomination]	[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]
<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>

Strike Level Percentage	Strike Level Percentage(1)	Strike Level Percentage(2)
<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[Leverage Put]
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)]	[Redemption Barrier Observation Period]	[Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage]	[Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) Percentage]
<i>[insert day(s)]</i>	<i>[insert period]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]
<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date]</i>

[If the type of redemption is Twin-Win Redemption and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Twin-Win Redemption]

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred: (a) if the Final Index Level is *[if “Excess” applies]* greater than *[if “Excess/Equal” applies]* greater than or equal to the Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; [and] (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Participation Call and the lower of (A) the Cap and (B) the Performance(1); [and *[if Flexo applies]*] (4) the Performance XRate;] or (b) if the Final Index Level is not *[if “Excess” applies]* greater than *[if “Excess/Equal” applies]* greater than or equal to the Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; [and] (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Participation Put and the absolute value of the Performance(2) [and *[if Flexo applies]*] (4) the Performance XRate;] or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; (c) the sum of 100% and the Performance(2).

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of the Index at the Specified Time is [less than][less than or equal to] the Redemption Barrier(knock-in). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be *[if Final Monitoring applies]* each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day *[if Continuous Monitoring applies]* each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period. The Redemption Barrier(knock-in) represents the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The Initial Index Level represents *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]* the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date. *[if “Asian-in” applies]* the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. *[If “Lookback-in” applies]* the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]* the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding *[if the Notes are issued in unitised form]* one.

The Performance(1) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Final Index Level less (b) the Strike Level(1); and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%. The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level.]

The Performance(2) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Final Index Level less (b) the Strike Level(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%. The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The Strike Level(1) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(1); and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The Strike Level(1) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of the Index on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]* any time on the relevant date *[if “Valuation Time Only” applies]* the Valuation Time.

[If “Flexo” applies:]

[The Performance XRate is calculated as the quotient of: (i) the Final XRate; and (ii) the Initial XRate.

The Final XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (VD) and Currency B Fixing (VD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (VD) *[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]*[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one]. Currency B Fixing (VD) *[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]*[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one].

The Initial XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (SD) and Currency B Fixing (SD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (SD) *[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]*[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one]. Currency B Fixing (SD) *[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]*[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one].

[The Strike Level Percentage, Strike Level Percentage(1), Strike Level Percentage(2)[, Valuation Date], Strike Date, Cap, Participation Put, Participation Call, [, Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s), Lookback Floor Percentage][,] [and] [Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)][, Redemption Barrier Observation Period][,][and] Redemption Barrier (knock-in) Percentage[, Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B (VD) Fixing Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] are specified in the table below:]

Strike Level Percentage	Strike Level Percentage(1)	Strike Level Percentage(2)	[Strike Date]
<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert date]</i>

Cap

[insert percentage]

Participation Put	Participation Call
[insert percentage]	[insert percentage]

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)]	[Redemption Barrier Observation Period]	Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage
[insert day(s)]	[insert period]	[insert percentage]

[Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]
[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]

[If the type of redemption is Twin-Win Redemption and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Twin-Win Redemption

[If “Upside Redemption” is “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is “Worst of basis”:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component: (a) if in respect of each and every Basket Component the Final Index Level(k) is *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Strike Level(k), the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; [and] (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Participation Call and the lower of (A) the Cap and (B) the Basket Performance(1); [and *[if Flexo applies]*(4) the Performance XRate;] or (b) if in respect of one or

more Basket Component the Final Index Level(k) is not *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Strike Level(k), the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; [and] (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Participation Put and the absolute value of the Basket Performance(2) [and *[if Flexo applies]*(4) the Performance XRate;]or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; [and] (c) the sum of 100% and the Performance(Worst Performing Index).

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of any Basket Component if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time is [less than][less than or equal to] the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be *[if Final Monitoring applies]*[each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day]*[if Continuous Monitoring applies]*[each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]. The Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*[the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]*[If “Asian-in” applies]*[the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*[the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

The Strike Level(k) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]*[the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding]*[if the notes are issued in unitised form]*[one].

The Basket Performance(1) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Basket Final Level]*[if*

“Asian-out” applies][the Average Basket Performance][*if “Lookback-out” applies*][the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level(1); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

The Basket Performance(2) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [*if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply*][the Basket Final Level][*if “Asian-out” applies*][the Average Basket Performance][*if “Lookback-out” applies*][the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level(2); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

[*If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply*][The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

[*If “Asian-out” applies*][The Average Basket Performance represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-out Averaging Date. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Asian-out Averaging Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]

[*if “Lookback-out” applies*][The Max Basket Performance represents the highest of the Basket Levels on the Lookback-out Observation Dates. The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Lookback-out Observation Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]

The Basket Strike(1) Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(1); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level. The Basket Initial Level represents [*if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply*][will be one][*if “Asian-in” applies*][represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][*If “Lookback-in” applies*][represents the higher of: (i) the lowest Basket Level(t) in respect of all Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the Basket Level(t) at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] [The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the

quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on the relevant *[if “Asian-in” applies][Asian-in Averaging Date][if “Lookback-in” applies][Lookback-in Observation Date]* at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]

The Basket Strike(2) Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(2); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.

Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2) represents, in respect of the Basket, the Performance(k)(1) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k)(1) of all the Basket Components of such Basket.

Performance(k)(2) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Final Index Level(k)(2) less (b) the Strike Level(k); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%.

The Strike Level(k)(2) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).]

[If “Upside Redemption” is “Basket level basis” and “Downside Redemption” is “Basket level basis”:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket: (a) if the Basket Final Level is *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Basket Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; [and] (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Participation Call and the lower of (A) the Cap and (B) the Basket Performance(1); [and *[if Flexo applies](4) the Performance XRate;*] or (b) if the Basket Final Level is not *[if “Excess” applies][greater than][if “Excess/Equal” applies][greater than or equal to]* the Basket Strike Level, the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; [and] (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Participation Put and the absolute value of the Basket Performance(2) [and *[if Flexo applies](4) the Performance XRate;*] or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; [and] (c) the sum of 100% and the Basket Performance(2).

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of the Basket if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the Basket Level(t) is [less than][less than or equal to] the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be *[if Final Monitoring applies][each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day][if Continuous Monitoring applies][each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]*. The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation

Agent, and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) represents the product of (i) the Basket Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) Basket Initial Level.

The Basket Initial Level represents *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]* will be one. *[if “Asian-in” applies]* represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. *[If “Lookback-in” applies]* represents the higher of: (i) the lowest Basket Level(t) in respect of all Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the Basket Level(t) at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. *[The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on the relevant *[if “Asian-in” applies]* Asian-in Averaging Date *[if “Lookback-in” applies]* Lookback-in Observation Date] at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]*

*[The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]* the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date. *[If “Asian-in” applies]* the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. *[If “Lookback-in” applies]* the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]]*

The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]* the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the

Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][if the notes are issued in unitised form][one].

The Basket Performance(1) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][the Basket Final Level][if “Asian-out” applies][the Average Basket Performance][if “Lookback-out” applies][the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level(1); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

The Basket Performance(2) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][the Basket Final Level][if “Asian-out” applies][the Average Basket Performance][if “Lookback-out” applies][the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level(2); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

The Basket Strike Level(1) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(1); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.

The Basket Strike Level(2) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(2); and (ii) the Basket Initial Level.

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

[If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Basket Performance represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-out Averaging Date. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Asian-out Averaging Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]

[if “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Basket Performance represents the highest of the Basket Levels on the Lookback-out Observation Dates. The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Lookback-out Observation Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]

[If “Upside Redemption” is “Worst of basis” and “Downside Redemption” is “Worst of basis”:]

[The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated

as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of each and every Basket Component: (a) if in respect of each and every Basket Component the Final Index Level(k) is *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Strike Level(k), the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; [and] (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Participation Call and the lower of (A) the Cap and (B) the Performance(Worst Performance)(1); [and *[if Flexo applies]*(4) the Performance XRate;] or (b) if in respect of one or more Basket Component the Final Index Level(k) is not *[if “Excess” applies]*[greater than]*[if “Excess/Equal” applies]*[greater than or equal to] the Strike Level(k), the product of: (1) the Calculation Amount; (2) the CA Factor; [and] (3) the sum of (I) 100% and (II) the product of the Participation Put and the absolute value of the Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2) [and *[if Flexo applies]*(4) the Performance XRate;]or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of one or more Basket Component, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; [and] (c) the sum of 100% and the Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2).

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of any Basket Component if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of such Basket Component at the Specified Time is [less than][less than or equal to] the Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day. The Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-in) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*[the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]*[If “Asian-in” applies]*[the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*[the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

The Strike Level(k) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level

Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]*[the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding]*[if the notes are issued in unitised form]*[one].

Performance(Worst Performing Index)(1) represents, in respect of the Basket, the Performance(k)(1) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k)(1) of all the Basket Components of such Basket.

Performance(Worst Performing Index)(2) represents, in respect of the Basket, the Performance(k)(2) of the Basket Component that gives the lowest value for Performance(k)(2) of all the Basket Components of such Basket.

Performance(k)(1) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Final Index Level(k) less (b) the Strike Level(k)(1); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%. The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

Performance(k)(2) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Final Index Level(k) less (b) the Strike Level(k)(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%. The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

The Strike Level(k)(1) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(1); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The Strike Level(k)(2) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage(2); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]*[any time on the relevant date]*[if “Valuation Time Only” applies]*[the Valuation Time].

[If “Flexo” applies:]

[The Performance XRate is calculated as the quotient of: (i) the Final XRate; and (ii) the Initial XRate.

The Final XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (VD) and Currency B Fixing (VD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (VD) *[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is not specified as "None"]* represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date *[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as "None"]* will be one]. Currency B Fixing (VD) *[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is not specified as "None"]* represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date *[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as "None"]* will be one].

The Initial XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (SD) and Currency B Fixing (SD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (SD) *[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is not specified as "None"]* represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date *[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is specified as "None"]* will be one]. Currency B Fixing (SD) *[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is not specified as "None"]* represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date *[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is specified as "None"]* will be one].

[The Strike Level Percentage[, Weighting(k)][, Valuation Date][, Strike Date], Cap, Participation Put, Participation Call, [, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Dates][, Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s), Lookback Floor Percentage][,] [and] [Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)][, Redemption Barrier Observation Period][,] [and] Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) Percentage[, Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B (VD) Fixing Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] are specified in the table below:]

Strike Level Percentage	Strike Level Percentage(1)	Strike Level Percentage(2)
<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[Weighting(k)]
<i>[insert weighting of each Basket Component]</i>

Cap
[insert percentage]

Participation Put	Participation Call
[insert percentage]	[insert percentage]

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)]	[Redemption Barrier Observation Period]	[Redemption Barrier(knock-in)(k) Percentage]
[insert day(s)]	[insert period]	[insert percentage]

[Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]
[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]

[If the type of redemption is Warrant Redemption and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Warrant Redemption]

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount; (ii) the CA Factor; [and] (iii) the product of the Participation and the greater of (a) 0% and (b) the

Performance]; and [if Flexo applies](iv) the Performance XRate].

The CA Factor will be [if the Notes are not issued in unitised form][the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][if the Notes are issued in unitised form][one].

[If “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call”][The Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][the Final Index Level][if “Asian-out” applies][the Average Index Level][if “Lookback-out” applies][the Max Index Level] less (b) the Strike Level; and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%.] [If “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put”][The Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Strike Level less (b) [if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][the Final Index Level][if “Asian-out” applies][the Average Index Level][if “Lookback-out” applies][the Max Index Level; and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%.]

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Index Level represents the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Index Level represents the highest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.]

The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level. The Initial Index Level represents [if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply][the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][if “Asian-in” applies][the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of the Index on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

[If “Flexo” applies:]

[The Performance XRate is calculated as the quotient of: (i) the Final XRate; and (ii) the Initial XRate.

The Final XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (VD) and Currency B Fixing (VD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (VD) *[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]*[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one]. Currency B Fixing (VD) *[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]*[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one].

The Initial XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (SD) and Currency B Fixing (SD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (SD) *[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]*[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one]. Currency B Fixing (SD) *[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]*[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one].]

[The Participation, Strike Level Percentage, [, Valuation Date][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][,][and][Strike Date][Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][,][and]Lookback-in Floor Percentage][, Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B (VD) Fixing Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] are specified in the table below:]

Participation
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Strike Level Percentage
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]	
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]
[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]

[If the type of redemption is Warrant Redemption and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Warrant Redemption

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount; (ii) the CA Factor; [and] (iii) the product of the Participation and the greater of (a) 0% and (b) the *[if “Fixed Best” does not apply]*[Basket Performance]*[if “Fixed Best” applies]*[Fixed Best Basket Performance]; and *[if “Flexo” applies]*(iv) the Performance XRate].

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]*[the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding]*[if the notes are issued in unitised form]*[one].

[If “Fixed Best” does not apply:]

[If “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call”][The Basket Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Basket Final Level]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Basket Performance]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*[the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%. *[If “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put”]*[The Basket Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a)

the Basket Strike Level less (b) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Basket Final Level]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Basket Performance]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*[the Max Basket Performance]; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Basket Performance represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-out Averaging Date. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Asian-out Averaging Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[if “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Basket Performance represents the highest of the Basket Levels on the Lookback-out Observation Dates. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Lookback-out Observation Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Lookback-out Observation Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level. The Basket Initial Level represents *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*[will be one]*[if “Asian-in” applies]*[represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*[represents the higher of: (i) the lowest Basket Level(t) in respect of all Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value

equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the Basket Level(t) at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] [The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on the relevant *[if “Asian-in” applies]* Asian-in Averaging Date *[if “Lookback-in” applies]* Lookback-in Observation Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]

[The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]* the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date. *[If “Asian-in” applies]* the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. *[If “Lookback-in” applies]* the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]]

[If “Fixed Best” applies:]

[The Fixed Best Basket Performance will be calculated as the sum of the Lowest Basket Components Performance and the Fixed Performance.

The Lowest Basket Components Performance represents, in respect of the Lowest Performing Basket Components, the sum of Performance(k), as multiplied by the relevant Weighting(k), in respect of the number of Basket Components comprising such Lowest Performing Basket Components. The Lowest Performing Basket Components represents the Specified Number of Basket Components which have the lowest Performance(k) amongst all the Basket Components.

The Fixed Performance represents the sum of the Fixed Return, as multiplied by the relevant Weighting(k) in respect of those Basket Components that do not comprise the Lowest Performing Basket Components. Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.

[If “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call”] [The Performance(k) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]* the Final Index Level(k) *[if “Asian-out” applies]* the Average Index Level(k) *[if “Lookback-out” applies]* the Max Index Level(k)] less (b) the Strike Level(k); and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%.] *[If “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put”]* [The Performance(k) will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Strike Level(k) less (b) *[if*

“Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][the Final Index Level(k)]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*][the Average Index Level(k)]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*][the Max Index Level(k)]; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k), as multiplied by 100%.]

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]][The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][*If “Asian-out” applies*][The Average Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][*If “Lookback-out” applies*][The Max Index Level(k) represents the highest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Lookback-out Observation Date.]

The Strike Level(k) represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k). The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*][the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.][*If “Asian-in” applies*][the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][*If “Lookback-in” applies*][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]*][any time on the relevant date]*[if “Valuation Time Only” applies]*][the Valuation Time].

[If “Flexo” applies:]

[The Performance XRate is calculated as the quotient of: (i) the Final XRate; and (ii) the Initial XRate.

The Final XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (VD) and Currency B Fixing (VD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being

rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (VD) *[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]*[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one]. Currency B Fixing (VD) *[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]*[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one].

The Initial XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (SD) and Currency B Fixing (SD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).]

Currency A Fixing (SD) *[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]*[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one]. Currency B Fixing (SD) *[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is not specified as "None"]*[represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]*[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is specified as "None"]*[will be one].]

[The Participation, Strike Level Percentage, [, Weighting(k)][, Valuation Date][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][, Strike Date][, Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][,][and] Lookback-in Floor Percentage][, Fixed Return,][and] Specified Number][, Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B (VD) Fixing Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] are specified in the table below:]

Participation
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Strike Level Percentage
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[Weighting(k)]
<i>[insert weighting of each Basket Component]</i>

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]	
<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert date(s)]</i>	<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[Fixed Return]
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

[Specified Number]
<i>[insert number]</i>

[Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]
<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date]</i>	<i>[insert date]</i>

[If the type of redemption is Spread Warrant Redemption and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Spread Warrant Redemption

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated

as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount; (ii) the CA Factor; [and] (iii) the product of the Participation and the greater of (a) 0% and (b) the lesser of the Spread and the Performance; and *[if Flexo applies]*(iv) the Performance XRate].

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]*[the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding]*[if the Notes are issued in unitised form]*[one].

[If “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call”][The Spread will be calculated as (i) the product of (a) the Spread Percentage and (b) the level of the Index at the Specified Time on the Strike Date less (ii) the Strike Level.] *[If “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call”]*[The Spread will be calculated as (i) the Strike Level less (ii) the product of (a) the Spread Percentage and (b) the level of the Index at the Specified Time on the Strike Date.] The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level. The Initial Index Level represents *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*[the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]*[if “Asian-in” applies]*[the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*[the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

[If “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call”][The Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Final Index Level]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Index Level]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*[the Max Index Level] less (b) the Strike Level; and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%.] *[If “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put”]*[The Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Strike Level less (b) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Final Index Level]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Index Level]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*[the Max Index Level]; and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%.]

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Asian-out” applies]*[The Average Index Level represents the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as

determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Index Level represents the highest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of the Index on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be [if “Constant Monitoring” applies][any time on the relevant date][if “Valuation Time Only” applies][the Valuation Time].

[If “Flexo” applies:]

[The Performance XRate is calculated as the quotient of: (i) the Final XRate; and (ii) the Initial XRate.

The Final XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (VD) and Currency B Fixing (VD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (VD) [if Currency A Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date][if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”][will be one]. Currency B Fixing (VD) [if Currency B Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date][if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”][will be one].

The Initial XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (SD) and Currency B Fixing (SD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (SD) [if Currency A Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date][if Currency A Fixing (SD) is specified as “None”][will be one]. Currency B Fixing (SD) [if Currency B Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date][if Currency B Fixing (SD) is specified as “None”][will be one].]

[The Participation, Strike Level Percentage, Spread Percentage, [, Valuation Date][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][,][and][Strike Date][Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][,][and] Lookback-in Floor Percentage][, Currency A

Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B (VD) Fixing Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] are specified in the table below:]

Participation
[insert percentage]

Strike Level Percentage
[insert percentage]

Spread Percentage
[insert percentage]

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]	
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]
[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]

[If the type of redemption is Spread Warrant Redemption and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Spread Warrant Redemption

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as the product of: (i) the Calculation Amount; (ii) the CA Factor; [and] (iii) product of the Participation and the greater of (a) 0% and (b) the lesser of

the Basket Spread and the Basket Performance[; and *[if “Flexo” applies]*(iv) the Performance XRate].

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]*[the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding]*[if the notes are issued in unitised form]*[one].

[If “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call”][The Basket Spread will be calculated as (i) the product of (a) the Spread Percentage and (b) the Basket Initial Level less (ii) the Basket Strike Level.] *[If “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put”]*[The Basket Spread will be calculated as (i) the Basket Strike Level less (ii) the product of (a) the Spread Percentage and (b) the Basket Initial Level.]

The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level. The Basket Initial Level represents *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*[will be one]*[if “Asian-in” applies]*[represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*[represents the higher of: (i) the lowest Basket Level(t) in respect of all Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the Basket Level(t) at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] [The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on the relevant *[if “Asian-in” applies]*[Asian-in Averaging Date]*[if “Lookback-in” applies]*[Lookback-in Observation Date] at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]

[The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*[the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]*[If “Asian-in” applies]*[the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*[the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]]

[If “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call”][The Basket Performance will be

calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Basket Final Level]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Basket Performance]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*[the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%. *[If “Warrant Type” is specified as “Put”]*[The Basket Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Basket Strike Level less (b) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Basket Final Level]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Basket Performance]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*[the Max Basket Performance]; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.]

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply][The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[If “Asian-out” applies][The Average Basket Performance represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-out Averaging Date. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Asian-out Averaging Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[if “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Basket Performance represents the highest of the Basket Levels on the Lookback-out Observation Dates. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Lookback-out Observation Date, represents the sum of, in respect of each Basket Component, the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) the level of each Basket Component on such Lookback-out Observation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (b) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component; and (ii) its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.

The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*[the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]*[If “Asian-in” applies]*[the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be

calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.][If “Lookback-in” applies][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be [if “Constant Monitoring” applies][any time on the relevant date][if “Valuation Time Only” applies][the Valuation Time].

[If “Flexo” applies:]

[The Performance XRate is calculated as the quotient of: (i) the Final XRate; and (ii) the Initial XRate.

The Final XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (VD) and Currency B Fixing (VD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (VD) [if Currency A Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date][if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”][will be one]. Currency B Fixing (VD) [if Currency B Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date][if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”][will be one].

The Initial XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (SD) and Currency B Fixing (SD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).]

Currency A Fixing (SD) [if Currency A Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date][if Currency A Fixing (SD) is specified as “None”][will be one]. Currency B Fixing (SD) [if Currency B Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date][if Currency B Fixing (SD) is

specified as “None”][will be one].]

[The Participation, Strike Level Percentage, [, Weighting(k)], Spread Percentage[, Valuation Date][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][, Strike Date][, Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][,][and] Lookback-in Floor Percentage][, Fixed Return[,][and] Specified Number][, Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B (VD) Fixing Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] are specified in the table below:]

Participation
[insert percentage]

Strike Level Percentage
[insert percentage]

[Weighting(k)]
[insert weighting of each Basket Component]

Spread Percentage
[insert percentage]

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]	
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Fixed Return]
[insert percentage]

[Specified Number]
[insert number]

[Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]
[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]

[If the type of redemption is Knock-Out Warrant Redemption and the Notes are Single Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Knock-Out Warrant Redemption]

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; [and] (c) the product of the Participation and the greater of (1) 0% and (2) the Performance; and *[if Flexo applies]* (d) the Performance XRate; or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; [and] (c) the Rebate.

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of the Index at the Specified Time is [greater than][greater than or equal to] the Redemption Barrier(knock-out). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be *[if Final Monitoring applies]*[each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day]*[if Continuous Monitoring applies]*[each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]. The Redemption Barrier(knock-out) represents the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-out) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level.

The CA Factor will be *[if the Notes are not issued in unitised form]*[the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding]*[if the Notes are issued in unitised form]*[one].

[If “Warrant Type” is specified as “Call”][The Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*[the Final Index Level]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*[the Average Index Level]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*[the Max Index Level] less (b) the Strike Level; and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%.] *[If*

“Warrant Type” is specified as “Put”][The Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Strike Level less (b) *[if “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]*][the Final Index Level]*[if “Asian-out” applies]*][the Average Index Level]*[if “Lookback-out” applies]*][the Max Index Level]; and (ii) the Initial Index Level, as multiplied by 100%.]

[If “Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply]][The Final Index Level represents the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Asian-out” applies]*][The Average Index Level represents the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-out Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-out” applies]*][The Max Index Level represents the highest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-out Observation Dates.]

The Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Initial Index Level. The Initial Index Level represents *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*][the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]*[if “Asian-in” applies]*][the arithmetic mean of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*][the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of the Index at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of the Index on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]*][any time on the relevant date]*[if “Valuation Time Only” applies]*][the Valuation Time].

[If “Flexo” applies:]

[The Performance XRate is calculated as the quotient of: (i) the Final XRate; and (ii) the Initial XRate.

The Final XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (VD) and Currency B Fixing (VD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (VD) *[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”]*][represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily

Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date][if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”][will be one]. Currency B Fixing (VD) [if Currency B Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date][if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”][will be one].

The Initial XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (SD) and Currency B Fixing (SD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (SD) [if Currency A Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date][if Currency A Fixing (SD) is specified as “None”][will be one]. Currency B Fixing (SD) [if Currency B Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”][represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date][if Currency B Fixing (SD) is specified as “None”][will be one].]

[The Participation, Strike Level Percentage, [, Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)][, Redemption Barrier Observation Period], Redemption Barrier(knock-out) Percentage[, Valuation Date][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][,][and][Strike Date][Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][,][and] Lookback-in Floor Percentage][, Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B (VD) Fixing Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] are specified in the table below:]

Participation
[insert percentage]

Rebate
[insert percentage]

Strike Level Percentage
[insert percentage]

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]	
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]
[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]

[Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)]	[Redemption Barrier Observation Period]	Redemption Barrier(knock-out) Percentage
[insert day(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[If the type of redemption is Knock-Out Warrant Redemption and the Notes are Basket Index Linked Notes, the following will be applicable:]

[Knock-Out Warrant Redemption]

The Final Redemption Amount applicable to each Note will be calculated as: (i) if no Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; [and] (c) the product of the Participation and the greater of (1) 0% and (2) the Basket Performance[; and *if Flexo applies*] (d) the Performance XRate]; or (ii) if a Redemption Barrier Event has occurred in respect of the Basket, the product of: (a) the Calculation Amount; (b) the CA Factor; [and] (c) the Rebate.

A Redemption Barrier Event will occur in respect of any Basket Component if the Calculation Agent determines that on any Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day the level of such Basket Component at

the Specified Time is [greater than][greater than or equal to] the Redemption Barrier(knock-out)(k). A Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day will be [if *Final Monitoring applies*][each day specified below as a Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day][if *Continuous Monitoring applies*][each day during the Redemption Barrier Observation Period]. The Redemption Barrier(knock-out)(k) represents the product of (i) the Redemption Barrier(knock-out) Percentage and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k).

The CA Factor will be [if *the Notes are not issued in unitised form*][the factor by which the Calculation Amount must be multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination of such Note without any further rounding][if *the Notes are issued in unitised form*][one].

[If *“Warrant Type” is specified as “Call”*][The Basket Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) [if *“Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply*][the Basket Final Level][if *“Asian-out” applies*][the Average Basket Performance][if *“Lookback-out” applies*][the Max Basket Performance] less (b) the Basket Strike Level; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.] [If *“Warrant Type” is specified as “Put”*][The Basket Performance will be calculated as the quotient of: (i) (a) the Basket Strike Level less (b) [if *“Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply*][the Basket Final Level][if *“Asian-out” applies*][the Average Basket Performance][if *“Lookback-out” applies*][the Max Basket Performance]; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level, as multiplied by 100%.]

[If *“Asian-out” and “Lookback-out” do not apply*][The Basket Final Level represents the sum of the quotient of: (i) the Final Index Level(k) in respect of each Basket Component, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). The Final Index Level(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Valuation Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[If *“Asian-out” applies*][The Average Basket Performance represents the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-out Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-out Averaging Date. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Asian-out Averaging Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Asian-out Averaging Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

[if “Lookback-out” applies][The Max Basket Performance represents the highest of the Basket Levels on the Lookback-out Observation Dates. The Basket Level(t), in respect of each Lookback-out Observation Date, represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on such Lookback-out Observation Date at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k). Weighting(k) represents, in respect of each Basket Component, the weight specified in the table below as the weighting in respect of such Basket Component.]

The Basket Strike Level represents the product of: (i) the Strike Level Percentage; and (ii) the Basket Initial Level. The Basket Initial Level represents *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*[will be one]*[if “Asian-in” applies]*[the arithmetic mean of the Basket Level(t) in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the value of the Basket Level(t) on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*[the higher of: (i) the lowest Basket Level(t) in respect of all Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the Basket Level(t) at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.] [The Basket Level(t) represents the sum of the quotient of (i) the level of each Basket Component on the relevant *[if “Asian-in” applies]*[Asian-in Averaging Date]*[if “Lookback-in” applies]*[Lookback-in Observation Date] at the Specified Time, as determined by the Calculation Agent, and (ii) the Initial Index Level(k) in respect of such Basket Component, multiplied by its Weighting(k).]

[The Initial Index Level(k) represents, in respect of a Basket Component, *[if “Asian-in” and “Lookback-in” do not apply]*[the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date.]*[If “Asian-in” applies]*[the arithmetic mean of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time in respect of each Asian-in Averaging Date and will be calculated as the product of: (i) the quotient of (a) one and (b) the total number of Asian-in Averaging Dates; and (ii) the sum of the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on each Asian-in Averaging Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]*[If “Lookback-in” applies]*[the higher of: (i) the lowest of the levels of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Lookback-in Observation Dates; and (ii) a value equal to the product of (a) the Lookback-in Floor Percentage and (b) the level of such Basket Component at the Valuation Time on the Strike Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent.]]

The Valuation Time will be the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant stock exchange in respect of each Basket Component on the relevant date (subject to adjustment for early closing).

The Specified Time will be *[if “Constant Monitoring” applies]*[any time on

the relevant date][if “Valuation Time Only” applies][the Valuation Time].

[If “Flexo” applies:]

[The Performance XRate is calculated as the quotient of: (i) the Final XRate; and (ii) the Initial XRate.

The Final XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (VD) and Currency B Fixing (VD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (VD) *[if Currency A Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”]*[represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (VD) Date][*if Currency A Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”*][will be one]. Currency B Fixing (VD) *[if Currency B Fixing (VD) is not specified as “None”]*[represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (VD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (VD) Date][*if Currency B Fixing (VD) is specified as “None”*][will be one].

The Initial XRate represents the currency exchange rate, calculated as the quotient of Currency A Fixing (SD) and Currency B Fixing (SD) and (rounded if necessary to the fourth decimal place, with 0.00005 being rounded upwards).

Currency A Fixing (SD) *[if Currency A Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”]*[represents, in respect of a Currency A Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency A fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency A Fixing (SD) Date][*if Currency A Fixing (SD) is specified as “None”*][will be one]. Currency B Fixing (SD) *[if Currency B Fixing (SD) is not specified as “None”]*[represents, in respect of a Currency B Fixing (SD) Date, the daily Flexo Currency B fixing published on Reuters screen page ECB37 (or any successor display page) on such Currency B Fixing (SD) Date][*if Currency B Fixing (SD) is specified as “None”*][will be one].]

[The Participation, Strike Level Percentage, [, Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)][, Redemption Barrier Observation Period], Redemption Barrier(knock-out) Percentage[, Valuation Date][, Asian-out Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-out Observation Date(s)][,][and][Strike Date][Asian-in Averaging Date(s)][, Lookback-in Observation Date(s)][,][and] Lookback-in Floor Percentage][, Currency A Fixing (VD) Date, Currency B (VD) Fixing Date, Currency A Fixing (SD) Date and Currency B Fixing (SD) Date] are specified in the table below:]

Participation
<i>[insert percentage]</i>

Rebate
[insert percentage]

Strike Level Percentage
[insert percentage]

[Valuation Date]	[Asian-out Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-out Observation Date(s)]	
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	

[Strike Date]	[Asian-in Averaging Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Observation Date(s)]	[Lookback-in Floor Percentage]
[insert date]	[insert date(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

[Currency A Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (VD) Date]	[Currency A Fixing (SD) Date]	[Currency B Fixing (SD) Date]
[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]	[insert date]

[Redemption Barrier Event Determination Day(s)]	[Redemption Barrier Observation Period]	Redemption Barrier(knock-out) Percentage
[insert day(s)]	[insert date(s)]	[insert percentage]

The [Index][Basket Components][is][are] specified in the table below:

		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: #e0e0e0; text-align: center;"> [Index/Basket Components] </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 5px;"> <i>[specify Index or each Index(k)]</i> </div>
C.19	Final reference level of the underlying	<p>[Not Applicable. The amount (if any) payable on redemption of the Notes is not linked to an underlying.]</p> <p>[The final value of the [index]/[basket of indices] is calculated by looking at the level of the [index]/[basket of indices] at the relevant time on <i>[insert dates on which the value of the index/basket of indices is calculated for the purposes of redemption]</i>, as calculated by the Calculation Agent.]</p> <p>[The final level of the inflation index will be the level of the inflation index as published by <i>[insert name of index sponsor]</i> in respect of <i>[insert final reference month]</i>.]</p>
C.20	A description of the type of the underlying and where information on the underlying can be found	<p>[Not Applicable.]</p> <p>[The redemption amount in relation to the Notes is linked to [an index]/[a basket of indices]/[an inflation index]/[the exchange rate between two specific currencies].</p> <p>Information in relation to the [index]/[basket of indices]/[inflation index]/[the exchange rate between two specified currencies] can be found at [●].</p>
C.21	Indication of the market where the Notes will be traded and for which prospectus has been prepared	Please see C.11 above.

Section D – Risks

Element	Title	
D.2	Key information on key risks that are specific to the Issuer or its industry	<p>Because the Global Issuer is part of a financial services company conducting business on a global basis, the revenues and earnings of the Global Issuer are affected by the volatility and strength of the economic, business and capital markets environments specific to the geographic regions in which it conducts business. The ongoing turbulence and volatility of such factors have adversely affected, and may continue to adversely affect, the profitability and solvency of the Global Issuer. The Global Issuer has identified a number of specific factors which could adversely affect its business and ability to make payments due under the Notes. These factors include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • adverse capital and credit market conditions • the default of a major market participant • unforeseeable and/or catastrophic events • adverse changes or increases in financial services laws and/or regulations • continued turbulence and volatility in the financial markets and the economy generally • inability to increase or maintain market share • inability of counterparties to meet their financial obligations • market conditions and increased risk of loan impairments • interest rate volatility and other interest rate changes • failures of banks falling under the scope of state compensation schemes • inability to manage risks successfully through derivatives • inability to retain key personnel • inability to protect intellectual property and possibility to be subject to infringement claims • deficiencies in assumptions used to model client behaviour for market risk calculations • liabilities incurred in respect of defined benefit retirement plans • inadequacy of risk management policies and guidelines • regulatory risk • claims in respect of new financial products; • ratings downgrades or potential downgrades • sustained increase in inflation • inherent operational risks • adverse publicity, regulatory actions or litigation • implementation of ING’s Restructuring Plan • EC imposed limitations on ING

Element	Title	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • competitive and other disadvantages resulting from the Restructuring Plan • failure to achieve intended reductions in costs, risk and leverage under Restructuring Plan • ING's agreements with the Dutch State • potential imposition of additional behavioural constraints by the EC in respect of remaining Core Tier 1 securities
D.3	Key information on the key risks that are specific to the Notes	<p>The following key risks may arise in relation to the Notes: [(a)] the value of the Notes and any interest or principal repayment in relation to them may be affected by, but may not necessarily correlate to, movements and fluctuations in [market interest rates[,] [the performance of any inflation index] [and] [the level of an underlying index or component in an underlying basket of indices]]; [(b)] the Global Issuer may enter into activities that present conflicts of interest and adversely affect the value of the Notes]; [(c)] Notes connected to emerging market indices or indices composed of emerging market securities are likely to be particularly volatile]; [(d)] the timing of changes in index levels may impact the yield on the Notes]; [and] [(e)] the Global Issuer may have the option to early redeem the Notes, which may affect their value in the secondary market].</p> <p>In addition, the following key risks may arise which may adversely affect the interest amount and/or redemption amount payable or deliverable in relation to the Notes: [(a)] specified interest rate or periodic increase in the interest rate may not keep pace with prevailing market rates]; [(b)] application of a [multiplier]/[participation] factor will magnify the impact of any element having a negative effect, or reduce the impact of any element having a positive effect, on the [interest rate] [and] [redemption amount]]; [(c)] [interest amounts] [and] [redemption amounts] will be capped]; [(d)] the Notes are not principal protected]; [(e)] any amortised yield will be lower than the market rate]; [(f)] the Issuer may convert the applicable interest rate from floating to fixed or vice versa]; [and] [(g)] any element that negatively impacts an interest rate applicable on one date may be reflected in subsequent interest rates determined by reference to such interest rate.]</p> <p>Furthermore, the terms of the Notes provide that: [(a)] interest will only be payable in respect of the number of days in an interest period on which a specified precondition or preconditions have been met]; [(b)] the [interest amount] [and] [redemption amount] will be determined by reference to specified preconditions]; [and] [(c)] redemption amount is linked to the performance of [a basket of indices][an index][the worst performing component of any underlying basket of indices].</p>
D.6	Risk warning that investors may lose value of entire investment	<p>[The capital invested in the Notes may be at risk. Consequently, the amount a prospective investor may receive on redemption of its Notes may be less than the amount invested by it and may be zero.]</p> <p>Investors may lose up to the entire value of their investment if (a) the</p>

Element	Title	
	or part of it	investor sells their Notes prior to the scheduled redemption in the secondary market at an amount that is less than the initial purchase price; (b) the Global Issuer is subject to insolvency or bankruptcy proceedings or some other event which negatively affects the Global Issuer's ability to repay amounts due under the Notes; (c) the Notes are redeemed early for reasons beyond the control of the Global Issuer (such as a change of applicable law or market event in relation to the underlying asset(s)) and the amount paid or delivered is less than the initial purchase price; [and/or] (d) the Notes are subject to certain adjustments or alternative valuations following certain disruptive market events that result in the amount to be paid or delivered being reduced to an amount or value that is less than the initial purchase price; and/or (e) the payout conditions do not provide for full repayment of the initial purchase price upon redemption or specified early redemption and the underlying asset(s) perform(s) in such a manner that the amount due under the Notes is less than the initial purchase price].

Section E – Offer

Element	Title	
E.2b	Reasons for the offer and the use of proceeds when different from making profit and/or hedging risk	[The net proceeds from each issue of Notes will be applied by the Global Issuer for its general corporate purposes.] [●]
E.3	Terms and conditions of the offer	<p>(i) Conditions to which the offer is subject: [Offers of the Notes are conditional on their issue. As between the Authorised Offerors and their customers, offers of the Notes are further subject to conditions as may be agreed between them and/or as specified in the arrangements in place between them.] [●]</p> <p>(ii) Description of the application process: [A prospective Noteholder should contact the applicable Authorised Offeror in the applicable Public Offer Jurisdiction prior to the end of the Offer Period. A prospective Noteholder will subscribe for the Notes in accordance with the arrangements existing between such Authorised Offeror and its customers relating to the subscription of securities generally. Noteholders will not be required to enter into any contractual arrangements directly with the Issuer in connection with the subscription of the Notes.] [●]</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>(iii) Description of possibility to reduce subscriptions:</p> <p>[Not Applicable. The terms of the Public Offer do not provide for any reduction of subscriptions.]</p> <p>[Investors may not be allocated all of the Notes for which they apply. The offering may, at the discretion of the Issuer, be cancelled at any time prior to the issue date.] [●]</p> <p>(iv) Manner for refunding excess amount paid by applicants:</p> <p>[Not Applicable. The terms of the Public Offer do not provide for any refunds of excess amounts paid by applicants.] [●]</p> <p>(v) Minimum and/or maximum amount of application:</p> <p>[There are no pre-identified allotment criteria. The Authorised Offerors will adopt allotment criteria in accordance with customary market practices and applicable laws and regulations.] [●]</p> <p>(vi) Method and time limit for paying up the securities and for delivery of the Notes:</p> <p>[Investors will be notified by the relevant Authorised Offeror of their allocations of Notes and the settlement arrangements in respect thereof. The Notes will be issued on the issue date against payment to the Issuer of the net subscription moneys.] [●]</p> <p>(vii) Manner and date on which results of the offer are to be made public:</p> <p>[Investors will be notified by the Issuer or any applicable Authorised Offeror of their allocations of Notes and the settlement procedures in respect thereof.] [●]</p> <p>(viii) Procedure for exercise of any right of pre-emption, the negotiability of subscription rights and the treatment of subscription rights not exercised:</p> <p>[Not Applicable. The terms of the Public Offer do not provide for a procedure for the exercise of any right of pre-emption or negotiability of subscription rights.] [●]</p> <p>(ix) Categories of potential investors to which the Notes are offered and whether tranche(s) have been reserved for</p> <p>[Offers may be made by the Authorised Offerors in each of the Public Offer Jurisdictions to any person during the Offer Period. In other European Economic Area countries and in all jurisdictions (including the Public Offer Jurisdictions) outside of the Offer Period, offers will only be made by</p>

Element	Title	
		<p>certain countries: the Issuer [and any Managers] pursuant to an exemption under the Prospectus Directive, as implemented in such countries. All offers of the Notes will be made in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.] [●]</p> <p>(x) Process for notification to applicants of the amount allotted and the indication whether dealing may begin before notification is made: [A prospective Noteholder will receive 100 per cent. of the amount of the Notes allocated to it during the Offer Period. Prospective Noteholders will be notified by the applicable Authorised Offeror in accordance with the arrangements in place between such Authorised Offeror and the prospective Noteholders. No dealings in the Notes on a regulated market for the purposes of the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive 2004/39/EC may take place prior to the issue date.] [A prospective Noteholder may not be allocated all of the Notes for which they apply during the Offer Period. Prospective Noteholders will be notified by the applicable Authorised Offeror in accordance with the arrangements in place between such Authorised Offeror and prospective Noteholders. No Dealings in the Notes on a regulated market for the purposes of the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive 2004/39/EC may take place prior to the issue date.] [●]</p> <p>(xi) Amount of any expenses and taxes specifically charged to the subscriber or purchasers: [Not Applicable. The terms of the Public Offer do not provide for any expenses and/or taxes to be charged to any subscriber and/or purchaser of the Notes.] [●]</p>
E.4	Interest of natural and legal persons involved in the issue/offer	[Save for any fees payable to the Dealers, so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the issue of the Notes has an interest material to the offer. The Dealers and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking and/or commercial banking transactions with, and may perform other services for, the Issuer and its affiliates in the ordinary course of business.][●]

Element	Title	
E.7	Estimated expenses charged to the investor by the Issuer or the offeror	[Not Applicable] [The following expenses are to be charged to the investor by [the Issuer/[•]] [•] ²⁸

²⁸ Annex to be inserted only in the case of a Tranche of Non-Exempt PD Notes

TAXATION

Subject as set out in the following sentence, the following section applies to Notes issued by the Global Issuer only. The disclosure in the section “United States Taxation” applies to Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer only.

DUTCH TAXATION

The following summary does not purport to be a comprehensive description of all Dutch tax considerations that could be relevant for holders of Notes. This summary is intended as general information only. Each prospective holder should consult a professional tax adviser with respect to the tax consequences of an investment in the Notes. This summary is based on Dutch tax legislation and published case law in force as of 5 July 2013. It does not take into account any developments or amendments thereof after that date, whether or not such developments or amendments have retroactive effect.

For the purpose of this Dutch taxation section, it is assumed that the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer are both resident of The Netherlands for Dutch tax purposes.

*For the purposes of this summary, “**The Netherlands**” shall mean that part of the Kingdom of the Netherlands that is in Europe.*

1 Scope

Regardless of whether or not a holder of Notes is, or is treated as being, a resident of The Netherlands with the exception of the section on withholding tax below, this summary does not address the Netherlands tax consequences for such a holder:

- (i) having a substantial interest (*aanmerkelijk belang*) in the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer within the meaning of chapter 4 of the Netherlands Income Tax Act 2001 (*Wet inkomstenbelasting 2001*);
- (ii) who is a private individual and who may be taxed in box 1 for the purposes of Netherlands income tax (*inkomstenbelasting*) as an entrepreneur (*ondernemer*) having an enterprise (*onderneming*) to which the Notes are attributable, or who may otherwise be taxed in box 1 with respect to benefits derived from the Notes;
- (iii) which is a corporate entity and a taxpayer for the purposes of Netherlands corporate income tax (*vennootschapsbelasting*), having a participation (*deelneming*) in the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer within the meaning of article 13 of the Netherlands Corporate Income Tax Act 1969 (*Wet op de vennootschapsbelasting 1969*);
- (iv) which is a corporate entity and an exempt investment institution (*vrijgestelde beleggingsinstelling*) or investment institution (*beleggingsinstelling*) for the purposes of Netherlands corporate income tax, a pension fund, or otherwise not a taxpayer or exempt for tax purposes;
- (v) which is a corporate entity and a resident of Aruba, Curaçao or Sint Maarten; or
- (vi) which is not considered to be the beneficial owner (*uiteindelijk gerechtigde*) of benefits derived from the Notes.

This summary does not describe the Netherlands tax consequences for a person to whom the Notes are attributed on the basis of the separated private assets provisions (*afgezonderd particulier vermogen*) in the Netherlands Tax Act 2001 (*Wet inkomstenbelasting 2001*) and/or the Netherlands Gift and Inheritance Tax Act 1956 (*Successiewet 1956*).

2 Withholding tax

All payments made by the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer under the Notes may be made free of withholding or deduction for any taxes of whatsoever nature imposed, levied, withheld or assessed by The Netherlands or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein provided that the Notes do not in fact function as equity of the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer within the meaning of article 10, paragraph 1, letter d, of the Netherlands Corporate Income Tax Act 1969 (*Wet op de vennootschapsbelasting 1969*).

3 Income tax

Resident holders: A holder who is a private individual and a resident, or treated as being a resident of The Netherlands for the purposes of Netherlands income tax, must record the Notes as assets that are held in box 3. Taxable income with regard to the Notes is then determined on the basis of a deemed return on income from savings and investments (*sparen en beleggen*), rather than on the basis of income actually received or gains actually realised. This deemed return is fixed at a rate of 4% of the holder's yield basis (*rendementsgrondslag*) at the beginning of the calendar year insofar as the yield basis exceeds a certain threshold (*heffingvrij vermogen*). Such yield basis is determined as the fair market value of certain qualifying assets held by the holder of the Notes, less the fair market value of certain qualifying liabilities at the beginning of the calendar year. The fair market value of the Notes will be included as an asset in the holder's yield basis. The deemed return on income from savings and investments is taxed at a rate of 30%.

Non-resident holders: A holder who is a private individual and neither a resident, nor treated as being a resident of The Netherlands for the purposes of Netherlands income tax, will not be subject to such tax in respect of benefits derived from the Notes, unless such holder is entitled to a share in the profits of an enterprise or a co-entitlement to the net worth of an enterprise which is effectively managed in The Netherlands, to which enterprise the Notes are attributable.

4 Corporate income tax

Resident holders: A holder which is a corporate entity and, for the purposes of Netherlands corporate income tax, a resident, or treated as being a resident, of The Netherlands, is taxed in respect of benefits derived from the Notes at rates of up to 25%.

Non-resident holders: A holder which is a corporate entity and for the purposes of Netherlands corporate income tax, is neither a resident, nor treated as being a resident, of The Netherlands, will not be subject to corporate income tax, unless such holder has an interest in an enterprise that is, in whole or in part, carried on through a permanent establishment or a permanent representative in The Netherlands, a Netherlands Enterprise (*Nederlandse onderneming*), to which Netherlands Enterprise the Notes are attributable, or such holder is (other than by way of securities) entitled to a share in the profits of an enterprise or a co-entitlement to the net worth of an enterprise, which is effectively managed in The Netherlands and to which enterprise the Notes are attributable. Such holder is taxed in respect of benefits derived from the Notes at rates of up to 25%.

5 Gift and inheritance tax

Resident holders: Netherlands gift tax or inheritance tax (*schenk- of erfbelasting*) will arise in respect of an acquisition (or deemed acquisition) of Notes by way of a gift by, or on the death of, a holder of Notes who is a resident, or treated as being a resident, of The Netherlands for the purposes of Netherlands gift and inheritance tax.

Non-resident holders: No Netherlands gift tax or inheritance tax will arise in respect of an acquisition (or deemed acquisition) of Notes by way of a gift by, or on the death of, a holder of Notes who is neither a resident, nor treated as being a resident, of The Netherlands for the purposes of Netherlands gift and inheritance tax.

6 Other taxes

No Netherlands turnover tax (*omzetbelasting*) will arise in respect of any payment in consideration for the acquisition of Notes, with respect to any cash settlement of Notes or with respect to the delivery of Notes. Furthermore, no Netherlands registration tax, capital tax, transfer tax or stamp duty (nor any other similar tax or duty) will be payable in connection with the issue or acquisition of the Notes.

AUSTRIAN TAXATION

The following is a brief summary of certain Austrian tax aspects in connection with the Notes. It does not claim to fully describe all Austrian tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership, disposal or redemption of the Notes. In some cases a different tax regime may apply. Further, this summary does not take into account or discuss the tax laws of any country other than Austria nor does it take into account the investors' individual circumstances. Prospective investors are advised to consult their own professional advisers to obtain further information about the tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership, disposal or redemption of the Notes. Only personal advisers are in a position to adequately take into account special tax aspects of the particular Notes in question as well as the investor's personal circumstances and any special tax treatment applicable to the investor.

This summary is based on Austrian law as in force upon having the Debt Issuance Programme Prospectus approved. The Austrian tax laws have changed due to the entry into force of provisions included in the Austrian Federal Budget Supplement Act 2011, Federal Legal Gazette I 2010/111, in the Austrian Tax Amendment Act 2011, Federal Legal Gazette I 2011/76, in the Austrian Budget Supplement Act 2012, Federal Legal Gazette I 2011/112 and in the Austrian First Stability Act 2012, Federal Legal Gazette I 2012/22, on 1 April 2012. Additional changes entered into force on 01 January 2013 due to the Austrian Budget Supplement Act 2012, Federal Legal Gazette I 2011/112 and due to the Austrian Tax Amendment Act 2012, Federal Legal Gazette I 2012/112. The Austrian Federal Ministry of Finance has moreover issued and published Guidelines on the Taxation of Investment Income dated 7 March 2012, relating to the application of the new tax laws. The Austrian tax laws may be amended in the future, possibly implemented with retroactive effect, and the interpretation of the tax laws may change.

Relating to the new tax laws, there is currently neither case law nor a secure practice applied by the paying agents and/or securities account keeping agents so that deviations may result from the factual implementation and practice as compared to the legal situation described herein. Prospective investors are therefore explicitly advised to consult their own professional advisers to obtain further information about the tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership, disposition, exchange, settlement or redemption of the Notes.

1 Austrian Resident Taxpayers

Income derived by individuals having a domicile or habitual abode in Austria or corporations having their corporate seat or place of management in Austria is taxable pursuant to the Austrian Income Tax Act (*Einkommensteuergesetz*) or the Austrian Corporate Income Tax Act (*Körperschaftsteuergesetz*).

1.1 Notes

1.1.1 Individuals

Generally for Notes held as private assets, income arising from the Notes qualifies as investment income (*Einkünfte aus Kapitalvermögen*). Investment income from the Notes comprises:

- (i) income from the provision of capital (*Überlassung von Kapital*) including interest payments on the Notes (*Zinserträge*), and
- (ii) realised capital gains (*Einkünfte aus realisierten Wertsteigerungen*) derived from assets which may generate income from the provision of capital.

Hence, not only interest payments but also realised capital gains will, irrespective of the period of time the Notes have been held for, qualify as investment income (*Einkünfte aus Kapitalvermögen*) and be subject to income tax at a special rate of 25 per cent. provided that the realisation of capital gains or of income from derivatives does not form a focus of a business investor's activities. Investment income includes income derived from the sale, redemption or other pay-off of the Notes. The tax base is, in general, the difference between (a) the amount realised (e.g. the sale proceeds, or the redemption or other pay-off amount; in special cases of deemed realisation the fair market value) and (b) the acquisition costs, in all cases including accrued interest, if any. Expenses which are directly connected with income subject to the special tax rate of 25 per cent. are non-deductible. For Notes held as private assets, the acquisition costs do not include incidental acquisition costs. For the calculation of the acquisition costs of Notes held within the same Notes account and having the same Notes identification number which are acquired at different points in time, an average price applies.

If an Austrian securities account keeping agent or an Austrian paying agent is involved and pays out or settles the realisation of the income or capital gain, income tax will be deducted by applying a 25 per cent. withholding tax. The 25 per cent. withholding tax deduction will result in a final income taxation for private investors (holding the Notes as private assets) provided that the investor has evidenced the factual acquisition costs of the Notes to the securities account keeping agent.

Withdrawals (*Entnahmen*) and other transfers of Notes from the securities account are treated as disposals (sales), unless specified exemptions are fulfilled like the transfer of the Notes to a securities account owned by the same taxpayer (i) with the same Austrian bank, (ii) with another Austrian bank if the account holder instructs the transferring bank to disclose the acquisition costs to the receiving bank or (iii) with a non-Austrian bank, if the account holder instructs the transferring bank to transmit the pertaining data as specified in the Austrian Income Tax Act to the competent tax office, or (iv) with a non-Austrian bank, if the Notes are transferred from another non-Austrian bank and the account holder notifies himself the competent Austrian tax office within a month; or further like the gratuitous transfer to a securities account held by another taxpayer, if the gratuitous transfer is evidenced to the securities account keeping agent or the agent is

instructed to inform the Austrian tax office thereof or if the taxpayer himself notifies the competent Austrian tax office within a month.

To the extent that no withholding tax deduction will be effected due to the lacking of an Austrian paying agent and of an Austrian securities account keeping agent, the investment income derived from the Notes will have to be included into the income tax return in line with the provisions of the Austrian Income Tax Act.

Taxpayers, whose regular personal income tax is lower than 25 per cent. may opt for taxation of the income derived from the Notes at such regular personal income tax rate. Such application for opting into taxation at the regular personal income tax rate must, however, include all income subject to the special 25 per cent. tax rate. Expenses in connection with income subject to final taxation or to the special 25 per cent. income tax rate and incurred by the investor are also not deductible for persons having opted for taxation at the regular personal income tax rate.

Losses from Notes held as private assets may only be set off with other investment income (excluding, *inter alia*, interest income from bank deposits and other claims against banks) and must not be set off with any other income. The Austrian Budget Implementation Act 2012 provides for a mandatory set-off of losses applied as of 1 January 2013 by the Austrian securities account keeping agent to investment income achieved in all securities accounts at the same agent qualifying as private assets but excluding joint securities accounts (and fiduciary securities accounts) at the same agent. A carry-forward of such losses is not permitted.

Income (including capital gains) derived from the Notes which are held as business assets will also be subject to the special tax rate of 25 per cent. deducted by way of a withholding tax provided that the realisation of capital gains or of income from derivatives does not form a focus of a business investor's activities. However, capital gains and income from derivatives, contrary to the income from the provision of capital (i.e. interest income), have to be included in the tax return (no final taxation). Write-downs and losses derived from the sale, redemption or other pay-off regarding the Notes held as business assets must primarily be set off against positive income from realised capital gains of financial instruments within one and the same business and only half of the remaining loss may be set off or carried forward against any other income.

For income derived from Notes which have upon issue not been offered to the public as referred to by in Austrian Tax Act, the general income tax rate (as opposed to the 25 per cent. special tax rate) will apply.

1.1.2 Corporations

Corporate investors deriving business income from the Notes may avoid the application of Austrian withholding tax by filing a declaration of exemption (*Befreiungserklärung*) with the Austrian entity obliged to deduct the Austrian withholding tax. Income including any capital gain derived from the Notes by corporate investors is subject to corporate income tax at the general rate of 25 per cent. There is, *inter alia*, a special tax regime for Private Foundations established under Austrian law (*Privatstiftungen*).

1.1.3 Certain aspects of the tax treatment of certain notes

Any income and capital gain from the sale or redemption of Notes acquired against consideration will be subject to income tax of 25 per cent. and the tax will be deducted by

way of a withholding tax, if an Austrian paying agent or an Austrian securities account keeping agent will be involved. The tax base is, in general, the difference between (a) the amount realised (e.g. the sale proceeds, or the redemption or other pay-off amount) and (b) the acquisition costs, in all cases including accrued interest, if any. Please also refer to the above described tax laws applying to individuals (1.1.1).

Zero coupon Notes will qualify as notes under the new taxation rules but be subject to the taxation of the difference between (a) the amount realised (e.g. the sales price, the redemption amount) including accrued interest, if any and (b) the acquisition costs (including accrued interest) if paid out by an Austrian securities account keeping agent or an Austrian paying agent. If held as business assets, interest upon redemption of the Zero coupon Notes is not subject to final taxation, but taxed like capital gains.

2 Non-Residents

2.1 General

Income including any capital gain derived from the Notes by individuals who do not have a domicile or their habitual abode in Austria (“non-residents”) is not taxable in Austria provided that the income is not attributable to a permanent establishment or other Austrian source income taxable in Austria (for withholding tax under the EU Savings Directive see below).

Income including any capital gain derived from the Notes by corporate investors who neither have their corporate seat nor their place of management in Austria (“non-residents”) is not taxable in Austria provided that the income is not attributable to a permanent establishment or other Austrian source income taxable in Austria.

Thus, non-resident investors – also in cases where they receive income from the Notes through a paying agent or a securities account keeping agent located in Austria – may avoid the application of Austrian withholding tax if they evidence their non resident-status vis-à-vis the Austrian entity obliged to deduct the Austrian withholding tax. The provision of evidence that the investor is not subject to Austrian withholding tax is the responsibility of the investor.

If any Austrian withholding tax is deducted by the agent, the tax withheld shall be refunded to the non-resident investor upon his application, which has to be filed with the competent Austrian tax authority within five calendar years following the date of the imposition of the withholding tax.

Where non-residents receive income from the Notes as part of business income taxable in Austria (permanent establishment), they will be, in general, subject to the same tax treatment as resident investors.

2.2 The EU Savings Directive

Austria has implemented the EU Savings Directive 2003/48/EC by way of the EU Withholding Tax Act (*EU-Quellensteuergesetz*) which provides for a withholding tax as an alternative to an exchange of information if the investor decides to remain anonymous. Such EU Withholding tax is levied on interest payments within the meaning of the EU Withholding Tax Act made by a paying agent located in Austria to an individual resident in another member state of the European Union or of certain dependent associated territories. The EU Withholding Tax amounts to 35 per cent.

Withholding tax will be deducted upon actual or deemed interest payments as well as upon sale, refund or redemption of debt claims. Further, withholding tax will be deducted – on a pro rata

temporis basis – in case of changes of the individual’s withholding tax status such as changes of his country of residence or transfer of his securities to a non Austrian account.

Deduction of EU withholding tax can be avoided if the EU-resident investor provides the paying agent with a certificate drawn up in his name by the tax office of his member state of residence. Such certificate has to indicate, *inter alia*, the name and address, tax or other identification number or, if not available, the date and the city of birth of the investors, name and address of the paying agent as well as the account number of the investor or the identification of the Notes. Such certificate shall be valid for a period of not more than three years.

The scope of the definition of interest payments for EU Withholding Tax purposes may differ from the scope of interest payments for Austrian income and withholding tax purposes.

3 Other Taxes

There is no transfer tax, registration tax or similar tax payable in Austria by holders of bearer Notes which are as a consequence of the acquisition, ownership, disposition or redemption of the Notes. The sale and purchase of bearer securities as well as the redemption of bearer Notes is in general not subject to Austrian stamp duty provided that no other transaction potentially taxable under the Austrian Stamp Duty Act (*Gebührengesetz*) such as an assignment agreement is entered into for which a document (*Urkunde*) within the meaning of the Stamp Duty Act is executed.

BELGIAN TAXATION

General

The following summary describes the principal Belgian tax considerations with respect to the holding of the Notes.

This information is of a general nature and does not purport to be a comprehensive description of all Belgian tax considerations that may be relevant to a decision to acquire, to hold or to dispose of the Notes. In some cases, different rules can be applicable. Furthermore, the tax rules can be amended in the future, possibly implemented with retroactive effect, and the interpretation of the tax rules may change.

This summary is based on Belgian tax legislation, treaties, rules, and administrative interpretations with respect to Belgian income taxes and similar documentation, in force as of 5 July 2013, without prejudice to any amendments introduced at a later date, even if implemented with retroactive effect.

Each prospective holder of Notes should consult a professional adviser with respect to the tax consequences of an investment in the Notes, taking into account the influence of each regional, local or national law.

Taxes on income and capital gains

Resident individual private investors

Individuals who are Belgian residents for tax purposes, i.e. individuals subject to the Belgian individual income tax (“*Personenbelasting*”/“*Impôt des personnes physiques*”), and who hold the Notes as a private investment are subject to the following income tax treatment in Belgium with respect to the Notes. Other tax rules apply to Belgian resident individuals holding the Notes not as a private

investment but in the framework of their professional activity or when the transactions with respect to the Notes fall outside the scope of the normal management of their own private estate.

Under Belgian tax law, “interest” income includes: (i) periodic interest income, (ii) any amount paid by the Issuer in excess of the issue price (whether or not on the maturity date), and (iii) if the Notes qualify as “fixed income securities” (in the meaning of article 2, §1, 8° Belgian Income Tax Code), in the case of a realisation of the Notes between two interest payment dates, the interest accrued during the detention period. In general, Notes are qualified as fixed income security if there is a causal link between the amount of interest income and the detention period of the Notes, on the basis of which it is possible to calculate the amount of pro rata interest income at the moment of the sale of the Notes during their lifetime.

Payments of interest on the Notes made through a paying agent in Belgium will in principle be subject to a 25% withholding tax in Belgium (calculated on the interest received after deduction of any non-Belgian withholding taxes). The Belgian withholding tax constitutes the final income tax for Belgian resident individuals. This means that they do not have to declare the interest obtained on the Notes in their personal income tax return, provided withholding tax was levied on these interest payments. They may nevertheless elect to declare interest in respect of the Notes in their personal income tax return.

If the interest is paid outside Belgium without the intervention of a Belgian paying agent, the interest received (after deduction of any non-Belgian withholding tax) must be declared in the personal income tax return.

Interest income which is declared in the annual personal income tax return will in principle be taxed at a flat rate of 25% (or at the progressive personal tax rate taking into account the taxpayer’s other declared income, whichever is more beneficial). If the interest payment is declared, any withholding tax retained may be credited.

Capital gains realised upon the sale of the Notes, are in principle tax exempt, except if the capital gains are realised outside the scope of the management of one’s private estate or except to the extent that the capital gains qualify as interest (as defined above). Capital losses are in principle not tax deductible.

Tax treatment of resident corporations

Corporations that are Belgian residents for tax purposes, i.e. corporations subject to Belgian Corporate Income Tax (“*Vennootschapsbelasting*”/“*Impôt des sociétés*”) are subject to the following income tax treatment in Belgium with respect to the Notes.

Interest derived by Belgian resident investors on the Notes and capital gains realised on the Notes will be subject to Belgian corporate income tax at the ordinary rate of 33.99%. Capital losses on the Notes are in principle tax deductible.

Payments of interest (as defined in the section “Resident individual private investors”) on the Notes made through a paying agent in Belgium will in principle be subject to a 25% withholding tax in Belgium (calculated on the interest received after deduction of any non-Belgian withholding taxes). However, the interest on the Notes (except Zero Coupon Notes and other Notes which provide for the capitalisation of interest) can under certain circumstances be exempt from withholding tax, provided a special certificate is delivered. The Belgian withholding tax that has been levied is creditable and refundable in accordance with the applicable legal provisions.

Tax treatment of Organisations for Financing Pensions

Belgian pension fund entities that have the form of an Organisation for Financing Pensions (“OFP”) are subject to Belgian Corporate Income Tax (“*Vennootschapsbelasting/Impôt des sociétés*”). OFPs are subject to the following tax treatment in Belgium with respect to the Notes.

Interest derived on the Notes and capital gains realised on the Notes will not be subject to Belgian Corporate Income Tax in the hands of OFPs. Any Belgian withholding tax that has been levied on interest payments on the Notes is creditable and refundable in accordance with the applicable legal provisions.

Other resident legal entities

Legal entities that are Belgian residents for tax purposes, i.e. that are subject to Belgian tax on legal entities (“*Rechtspersonenbelasting/impôt des personnes morales*”), are subject to the following withholding tax treatment in Belgium with respect to the Notes.

Payments of interest (as defined above in the section “Resident individual private investors”) on the Notes made through a paying agent in Belgium will in principle be subject to a 25% withholding tax in Belgium and no further tax on legal entities will be due on the interest.

However, if the interest is paid outside Belgium, i.e. without the intervention of a Belgian paying agent and without deduction of the Belgian withholding tax, the legal entity itself is required to declare and pay the Belgian 25% withholding tax to the Belgian treasury.

Capital gains realised on the sale of the Notes are in principle tax exempt, unless and to the extent that they qualify as interest (as defined above). Capital losses on the Notes are in principle not tax deductible.

Tax treatment of Belgian non-residents

The interest income on the Notes paid to a Belgian non-resident outside of Belgium, i.e. without the intervention of a professional intermediary in Belgium, is not subject to Belgian withholding tax.

Interest income on the Notes paid through a Belgian professional intermediary is in principle subject to a 25% Belgian withholding tax, unless the holder of Notes is resident in a country with which Belgium has concluded a double taxation agreement and delivers the required affidavit.

Non-resident holders that have not allocated the Notes to business activities in Belgium can also obtain an exemption of Belgian withholding tax on interest if the interest is paid through a Belgian credit institution, a Belgian stock market company or a Belgian clearing or settlement institution and provided that the non-resident (i) is the owner or usufructory of the Notes, (ii) has not allocated the Notes to business activities in Belgium and (iii) delivers an affidavit confirming his non-resident status and the fulfilment of conditions (i) and (ii).

If the holder of a Note is a Belgian branch of a foreign company to which the Notes are attributable, the rules applicable to Belgian corporations (see above) will apply. Non-resident holders of Notes who do not allocate the Notes to a professional activity in Belgium are not subject to Belgian income tax, save, as the case may be, in the form of withholding tax.

EU Savings Directive

The EU has adopted a directive (European Council Directive 2003/48/EC) regarding the taxation of savings income (hereinafter “**Savings Directive**”). The Savings Directive requires Member States to provide to the tax authorities of other Member States details of payments of interest and other similar

income paid by a person to an individual or to certain other persons resident in another Member State (hereinafter the “**Disclosure of Information Method**”) except that Austria and Luxembourg may instead impose a withholding system (hereinafter the “**Source Tax**”) for a transitional period (subject to a procedure whereby, on meeting certain conditions, the beneficial owner of the interest or other income may request that no tax be withheld), unless during such period they elect otherwise. A number of third countries and territories have adopted similar measures to the Savings Directive.

Application of the EU Savings Directive to individuals not resident in Belgium

Interest paid or collected through Belgium on the Notes and falling under the scope of application of the Savings Directive will be subject to the Disclosure of Information Method as from 1 January 2010. Accordingly, a Belgian paying agent within the meaning of the Savings Directive will exchange information with the country of tax residence of the beneficial owner regarding interest payments as defined by the Directive. It concerns payments made to an individual, beneficial owner of the interest payments and resident in another EU Member State or resident in one of the associated and dependent territories. Residual entities (in the meaning of the Savings Directive) are subject to a specific regime. The communicated information will include the identity and residence of the beneficial owner, the name and address of the paying agent, the account number of the beneficial owner and information concerning the interest payment. The exchange of information cannot be avoided by the submission of a certificate.

Application of the EU Savings Directive to individuals resident in Belgium

An individual resident in Belgium will be subject to the provisions of the EU Savings Directive, if he receives interest payments from a paying agent (within the meaning of the EU Savings Directive) established in another EU member state, Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Andorra, Monaco, San Marino, Curaçao, Bonaire, Saba, Sint-Maarten and Sint-Eustatius (former Netherlands Antilles), Aruba, Guernsey, Jersey, the Isle of Man, Montserrat, the British Virgin Islands, the Cayman Islands, Anguilla or the Turks and Caicos Islands.

If the interest received by an individual resident in Belgium has been subject to a Source Tax, such Source Tax does not liberate the Belgian individual from declaring the interest income in the personal income tax declaration. The Source Tax will be credited against the personal income tax. If the Source Tax withheld exceeds the personal income tax due, the excess amount will be reimbursed, provided it amounts to at least EUR 2.50.

Stock exchange tax and tax on repurchase transactions

A stock exchange tax will be levied on the purchase and sale in Belgium of the Notes on the secondary market through a professional intermediary. The rate applicable for secondary sales and purchases in Belgium through a professional intermediary is 0.09%, with a maximum amount of €650 per transaction and per party. A separate tax is due from each of the seller and the purchaser, both collected by the professional intermediary.

A tax on repurchase transactions (“*taxe sur les reports*”) at the rate of 0.085% subject to a maximum of €650 per party and per transaction, will be due from each party to any such transaction entered into or settled in Belgium in which a professional intermediary for stock transactions acts for either party.

However, the tax on stock exchange transactions and the tax on repurchase transactions referred to above will not be payable by exempt persons acting for their own account, including non-residents (subject to certain formalities) and certain Belgian institutional investors, as defined in Articles 126-1.2 and 139 of the Code of various duties and taxes (“*Code des droits et taxes divers*”).

FRENCH TAXATION

This summary is based on tax laws and taxation practice, as in effect and applied as at 5 July 2013 and is intended to provide general information only. Tax laws, taxation practices and their interpretation are constantly under change, which changes may sometimes have a retroactive effect and may change the conclusions set out in this summary.

Stamp duty

The purchase or sale of Notes is not subject to stamp duty in France. However, the following may be relevant in connection with Notes which are settled or redeemed by way of physical delivery of French shares (or certain assimilated securities):

- (a) the disposal of French shares for consideration is, in principle, subject to a 0.1 per cent. transfer tax (the “**French Transfer Tax**”), provided, in the case of shares listed on a recognised stock exchange, that the transfer is evidenced by a written deed or agreement.
- (b) a financial transaction tax (the “**French Financial Transaction Tax**”) is imposed, subject to certain exceptions, on certain acquisitions of French shares (or certain assimilated securities) which are listed on a recognised stock exchange where the relevant issuer’s stock market capitalisation exceeds EUR 1 billion (on 1 December of the previous calendar year). The French Financial Transaction Tax rate is 0.2 per cent. of the acquisition price of the transaction.
- (c) if the French Financial Transaction Tax applies to a transaction, an exemption in respect of the French Transfer Tax is applicable.

Income Tax and Withholding tax

Income paid or accrued on Notes, to the extent such Notes are not issued through a French branch of an Issuer, is not subject to withholding tax in France. However, pursuant to Article 9 of the 2013 Finance Law (*loi n° 2012-1509 du 29 décembre 2012 de finances pour 2013*), subject to certain limited exceptions, interest and other income received by French resident holders of Notes treated as debt instruments for French tax purposes, who are individuals and who do not hold their Notes in connection with a business they carry on, are subject to a 24 per cent. advance income tax charge, which is deductible from such holders’ personal income tax liability in respect of the year in which the payment has been made. Social contributions (CSG, CRDS and other related contributions) are also levied on top of this at an aggregate rate of 15.5 per cent. on interest and other income paid to such holders.

In addition, prospective purchasers of Notes who are French resident for tax purposes or who would hold Notes through a permanent establishment or a fixed base in France should be aware that transactions involving the Notes including any purchase or disposal of, or other dealings in the Notes and any transaction involved in the exercise and settlement of the Notes, may have French tax consequences. The tax consequences regarding interest, premium on redemption and capital gains in particular may depend, amongst other things, upon the status of the prospective purchaser (i.e. legal entities or individuals) and on the specific terms and conditions of the relevant Notes. Prospective purchasers of Notes should consult their own advisers about the tax implications of holding Notes and of any transactions involving Notes.

Implementation of the Savings Directive

The Savings Directive was implemented into French law under Article 242 *ter* of the French tax code, which imposes on paying agents based in France an obligation to report to the French tax authorities certain information with respect to interest payments made to beneficial owners domiciled in another Member State, including, among other things, the identity and address of the beneficial owner and a detailed list of the different categories of interest paid to that beneficial owner.

FINNISH TAXATION

The following summary relates only to Finnish withholding tax issues with respect to payments made in respect of the Notes to persons who are generally liable to tax in Finland (i.e. persons that are residents of Finland for tax purposes). The summary does not deal with any other Finnish tax implications of acquiring, holding or disposing of the Notes. Investors are advised to seek professional advice relating to other tax implications in respect of acquiring, holding or disposing of the Notes.

As the Issuer is not resident in Finland for tax purposes, there is no Finnish withholding tax (*Fi. lähdevero*) applicable to the payments made by the Issuer in respect of the Notes. However, Finland operates a system of preliminary taxation (*Fi. ennakonpidätysjärjestelmä*) to secure payment of taxes in certain circumstances. In the context of the Notes, a tax of 30 per cent. will be deducted and withheld from all payments that are treated as interest or as compensation comparable to interest, when such payments are made by a Finnish paying agent to individuals. Any preliminary tax (*Fi. ennakonpidätys*) will be used for the payment of the individual's final taxes (i.e. they will be credited against the individual's final tax liability).

GERMAN TAXATION

German tax resident Investors

The following general overview does not consider all aspects of income taxation in the Federal Republic of Germany (“Germany”) that may be relevant to a holder of the Notes in the light of the holder's particular circumstances and income tax situation. This general overview is based on German tax laws and regulations, all as currently in effect and all subject to change at any time, possibly with retroactive effect.

German tax resident investors holding Notes as private assets

Taxation of income from the Notes

If the Notes are held as private assets (*Privatvermögen*) by an individual investor whose residence or habitual abode is in Germany, payments of interest under the Notes are generally taxed as investment income (*Einkünfte aus Kapitalvermögen*) at a 25 per cent. flat tax (*Abgeltungsteuer*) (plus a 5.5 per cent. solidarity surcharge (*Solidaritätszuschlag*) thereon and, if applicable to the individual investor, church tax (*Kirchensteuer*)).

The same applies to capital gains from the sale or redemption of the Notes. The capital gain is generally determined as the difference between the proceeds from the sale or redemption of the Notes and the acquisition costs. Expenses directly and factually related (*unmittelbarer sachlicher Zusammenhang*) to the sale or redemption are taken into account in computing the taxable capital gain. Otherwise the deduction of related expenses for tax purposes is not permitted.

Where the Notes are acquired and/or sold in a currency other than Euro, the acquisition costs will be converted into Euro at the time of acquisition, the sales proceeds will be converted in Euro at the time of sale, and only the difference will then be computed in Euro.

The flat tax is generally collected by way of withholding (see subsequent paragraph – Withholding tax) and the tax withheld shall generally satisfy the individual investor’s tax liability with respect to the Notes. If, however, no or not sufficient tax was withheld (e.g., in case there is no Domestic Paying Agent, as defined below) the investor will have to include the income received with respect to the Notes in its annual income tax return. The flat tax will then be collected by way of tax assessment. The investor may also opt for inclusion of investment income in its income tax return if the aggregated amount of tax withheld on investment income during the year exceeded the investor’s aggregated flat tax liability on investment income (e.g., because of available losses carried forward or foreign tax credits). If the investor’s individual income tax rate which is applicable on all taxable income including the investment income is lower than 25 per cent., the investor may opt to be taxed at individual progressive rates with respect to its investment income.

Capital losses from the sales or redemption of the Notes held as private assets should generally be tax-recognised irrespective of the holding period of the Notes. Any tax-recognised capital losses may not be used to offset other income like employment or business income but may only be offset against investment income. Capital losses not utilised in one annual assessment period may be carried forward into subsequent assessment periods but may not be carried back into preceding assessment periods.

Individual investors are entitled to a saver’s lump sum tax allowance (*Sparer-Pauschbetrag*) for investment income of 801 Euro per year (1,602 Euro jointly assessed husband and wife). The saver’s lump sum tax allowance is also taken into account for purposes of withholding tax (see subsequent paragraph – Withholding tax) if the investor has filed a withholding tax exemption request (*Freistellungsauftrag*) with the respective Domestic Paying Agent (as defined below). The deduction of related expenses for tax purposes is not permitted.

Withholding tax

If the Notes are kept or administered in a domestic securities deposit account by a German credit institution (*Kreditinstitut*) or financial services institution (*Finanzdienstleistungsinstitut*) (or with a German branch of a foreign credit or financial services institution), or with a German securities trading company (*Wertpapierhandelsunternehmen*) or a German securities trading bank (*Wertpapierhandelsbank*) (altogether a “**Domestic Paying Agent**”) which pays or credits the interest, a 25 per cent. withholding tax, plus a 5.5 per cent. solidarity surcharge thereon, resulting in a total withholding tax charge of 26.375 per cent, is levied on the interest payments. The applicable withholding tax rate is in excess of the aforementioned rate if church tax is collected for the individual investor.

Capital gains from the sale or redemption of the Notes are also subject to the 25 per cent. withholding tax, plus a 5.5 per cent. solidarity surcharge thereon, if the Notes are kept or administered by a Domestic Paying Agent effecting the sale or redemption from the time of their acquisition. If the Notes were sold or redeemed after being transferred to a securities deposit account with another Domestic Paying Agent, 25 per cent. withholding tax (plus solidarity surcharge thereon) would be levied on 30 per cent. of the proceeds from the sale or the redemption, as the case may be, unless the investor or the previous depository bank was able and allowed to prove evidence for the investor’s actual acquisition costs to the current Domestic Paying Agent. The applicable withholding tax rate is in excess of the aforementioned rate if church tax is collected for the individual investor.

German resident investors holding the Notes as business assets

Taxation of income from the Notes

If the Notes are held as business assets (*Betriebsvermögen*) by an individual or corporate investor which is tax resident in Germany (i.e., a corporation with its statutory seat or place of management in Germany), interest income and capital gains from the Notes are subject to personal income tax at individual progressive rates or corporate income tax (plus a 5.5 per cent. solidarity surcharge thereon and church tax, if applicable) and, in general, trade tax. The effective trade tax rate depends on the applicable trade tax factor (*Gewerbesteuer-Hebesatz*) of the relevant municipality where the business is located. In case of individual investors the trade tax may, however, be partially or fully creditable against the investor's personal income tax liability depending on the applicable trade tax factor and the investor's particular circumstances.

Capital losses from the sale or redemption of the Notes should generally be tax-recognised and may generally be offset against other income.

Withholding tax

If the Notes are kept or administered by a Domestic Paying Agent which pays or credits the interest, a 25 per cent. withholding tax, plus a 5.5 per cent. solidarity surcharge thereon, resulting in a total withholding tax charge of 26.375 per cent, is generally levied on the interest payments. The applicable withholding tax rate is in excess of the aforementioned rate if church tax is collected for the individual investor.

No withholding is generally required on capital gains from the disposal or redemption of the Notes which is derived by German resident corporate investors and, upon application, by individual investors holding the Notes as assets of a German business, subject to certain requirements.

Any capital losses incurred from the disposal or redemption of the Notes will not be taken into account for withholding tax purposes. The withholding tax does not satisfy the investor's personal or corporate income tax liability with respect to the Notes. The income from the Notes will have to be included in the investor's personal or corporate income tax return.

Any German withholding tax (including surcharges) is generally fully creditable against the investor's personal or corporate income tax liability or refundable, as the case may be.

Non-German tax resident Investors

Income derived from the Notes by investors who are not tax resident in Germany is in general not subject to German income taxation, and no withholding tax shall be withheld, provided however (i) the Notes are not held as business assets of a German permanent establishment of the investor or by a permanent German representative of the investor or (ii) the income derived from the Notes does not otherwise constitute German source income (such as income from the letting and leasing of certain property located in Germany) or (iii) the income is paid by a Domestic Paying Agent against presentation of the Notes or interest coupons (so-called over-the-counter transaction, *Tafelgeschäfte*).

If the income derived from the Notes is subject to German taxation according to (i) through (iii) above, the income is subject to German income taxation and withholding tax similar to that described above for German tax residents. Under certain circumstances, foreign investors may benefit from tax reductions or tax exemptions under applicable double tax treaties (*Doppelbesteuerungsabkommen*) entered into with Germany.

Inheritance tax and gift tax

The transfer of Notes to another person by way of gift or inheritance may be subject to German gift or inheritance tax, respectively, if *inter alia*

- (i) the testator, the donor, the heir, the donee or any other acquirer had his residence, habitual abode or, in case of a corporation, association (*Personenvereinigung*) or estate (*Vermögensmasse*), has its seat or place of management in Germany at the time of the transfer of property,
- (ii) except as provided under (i), the testator's or donor's Notes belong to business assets attributable to a permanent establishment or a permanent representative in Germany,

Special regulations may apply to certain German expatriates.

Prospective holders of the Notes are urged to consult with their tax advisor to determine the particular inheritance or gift tax consequences in light of their particular circumstances.

Other taxes

The purchase, sale or other disposal of Notes does not give rise to capital transfer tax, value added tax, stamp duties or similar taxes or charges in Germany. However, under certain circumstances entrepreneurs may choose liability to value added tax with regard to the sales of Notes to other entrepreneurs which would otherwise be tax exempt. Net wealth tax (*Vermögensteuer*) is, at present, not levied in Germany.

EU Savings Tax Directive

Under EC Council Directive 2003/48/EC on the taxation of savings income, each Member State is required to provide to the tax authorities of another Member State details of payments of interest or other similar income paid by a person within its jurisdiction to, or collected by such a person for, an individual resident or certain limited types of entity established in that other Member State; however, for a transitional period, Austria and Luxembourg may instead apply a withholding system in relation to such payments, deducting tax at rates rising over time to 35 per cent. The transitional period is to terminate at the end of the first full fiscal year following agreement by certain non-EU countries to the exchange of information relating to such payments.

A number of non-EU countries and certain dependent or associated territories of certain Member States, have adopted similar measures (either provision of information or transitional withholding) in relation to payments made by a person within its jurisdiction to, or collected by such a person for, an individual resident or certain limited types of entity established in a Member State. In addition, the Member States have entered into provision of information or transitional withholding arrangements with certain of those dependent or associated territories in relation to payments made by a person in a Member State to, or collected by such a person for, an individual resident or certain limited types of entity established in one of those territories.

On 13 November 2008, the European Commission published a proposal for amendments to the Directive, which included a number of suggested changes which, if implemented, would broaden the scope of the requirements described above. Investors who are in any doubt as to their position should consult their professional advisers.

ITALIAN TAXATION

The statements herein regarding taxation summarise the principal Italian tax consequences of the purchase, the ownership and the disposal of the Notes. They apply to a holder of Notes only if such holder purchases its Notes under the Programme. It is a general summary that does not apply to certain categories of investors and does not purport to be a comprehensive description of all the tax considerations which may be relevant to a decision to purchase, own or dispose of the Notes. It does not discuss every aspect of Italian taxation that may be relevant to a holder of Notes if such holder is subject to special circumstances or if such holder is subject to special treatment under applicable law.

This summary assumes that the relevant Issuer is resident in its country of incorporation for tax purposes, that such Issuer is organised and that such Issuer's business will be conducted in the manner outlined in the Base Prospectus. Changes in the relevant Issuer's tax residence, organisational structure or the manner in which the Issuer conducts its business may invalidate this summary. This summary also assumes that each transaction with respect to Notes is at arm's length.

Where in this summary English terms and expressions are used to refer to Italian concepts, the meaning to be attributed to such terms and expressions shall be the meaning to be attributed to the equivalent Italian concepts under Italian tax law.

The statements herein regarding taxation are based on the laws in force in the Republic of Italy as of 5 July 2013 and are subject to any changes in law occurring after such date, which changes could be made on a retroactive basis. The Global Issuer will not update this summary to reflect changes in laws and if such a change occurs the information in this summary could become invalid. With regard to certain innovative or structured financial instruments there is currently no case law and limited comments of the Italian tax authorities as to the tax treatment of such financial instruments. Accordingly, it cannot be excluded that the Italian tax authorities and courts or Italian intermediaries may adopt a view different from that outlined below. In addition, The taxation of financial instruments, including the Notes, has been recently reformed. Given that the reform is very recent, it cannot be excluded that in the near future, the Italian tax authorities may further amend or clarify the tax treatment of interest and capital gains on Notes. Prospective purchasers of Notes under the Programme are advised to consult their own tax advisers concerning the overall tax consequences of their ownership of the Notes.

This summary does not describe the tax consequences for a holder of Notes that are redeemable in exchange for, or convertible into, shares, as well as in case Physical Delivery is provided, of the exercise, settlement or redemption of such Notes and/or any tax consequences after the moment of exercise, settlement or redemption.

As clarified by the Italian tax authorities in resolution No. 72/E of 12 July 2010, the Italian tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposal of the Notes may be different depending on whether:

- (a) they represent a securitised debt claim, implying a static "use of capital" (*impiego di capitale*), through which the subscriber of the Notes transfers to the Issuer a certain amount of capital for the purpose of obtaining a remuneration on the same capital and subject to the right to obtain its (partial or entire) reimbursement at maturity; or
- (b) they represent a securitised derivative financial instrument or bundle of derivative financial instruments not entailing a "use of capital", through which the subscriber of the Notes invests indirectly in underlying financial instruments for the purpose of obtaining a profit deriving from the negotiation of such underlying financial instruments.

1 Tax treatment of the Notes qualifying as bonds or securities similar to bonds

1.1 Interest

Legislative Decree No. 239 of 1 April, 1996, as amended (the “**Decree 239**”), regulates the tax treatment of interest, premium and other income (including the difference between the redemption amount and the issue price, hereinafter collectively referred to as “**Interest**”) from notes issued, *inter alia*, by non-Italian resident entities, falling within the category of bonds (*obbligazioni*) or securities similar to bonds (*titoli similari alle obbligazioni*).

For this purpose, securities similar to bonds are debt instruments implying a “use of capital” issued in mass that incorporate an unconditional obligation to pay, at maturity, an amount not lower than their nominal value and that do not allow a direct or indirect participation in the management of the issuer.

Where an Italian resident Noteholder who is the beneficial owner of the Notes is (i) an individual not engaged in a business activity to which the Notes are effectively connected, (ii) a non-commercial partnership, (iii) a non commercial private or public institution, or (iv) an investor exempt from Italian corporate income taxation, Interest payments relating to the Notes are subject to a tax, referred to as *imposta sostitutiva*, levied at the rate of 20% (either when the Interest is paid by the Issuer, or when payment thereof is obtained by the Noteholder on a sale or redemption of the relevant Notes). The *imposta sostitutiva* may not be recovered as a deduction from the income tax due.

In case the Notes are held by an individual or a non commercial private or public institution engaged in a business activity and are effectively connected with same business activity, the Interest will be subject to the *imposta sostitutiva* and will be included in the relevant income tax return. As a consequence, the Interest will be subject to the ordinary income tax and the *imposta sostitutiva* may be recovered as a deduction from the income tax due.

Pursuant to Decree 239, *imposta sostitutiva* is applied by banks, società di intermediazione mobiliare (“**SIMs**”), trust companies, società di gestione del risparmio (“**SGRs**”) stock exchange agents and other Italian tax resident entities identified by the relevant Decrees of the Ministry of Finance (the “**Intermediaries**”).

The *imposta sostitutiva* does not apply, *inter alia*, to the following subjects, to the extent that the Notes are deposited in a timely manner, directly or indirectly, with an Intermediary:

- (i) Corporate investors – Where an Italian resident Noteholder is a corporation or a similar commercial entity (including a permanent establishment in Italy of a foreign entity to which the Notes are effectively connected), Interest accrued on the Notes is not subject to substitute tax but must be included in the relevant Noteholder’s yearly taxable income and are therefore subject to ordinary Italian corporate taxation (and, in certain circumstances, depending on the “status” of the Noteholder, also to IRAP – the regional tax on productive activities);
- (ii) Investment funds – Where the Noteholder is an Italian investment funds (which includes Fondi Comuni d’Investimento, or SICAV), as well as Luxembourg investment funds regulated by article 11-bis of Law Decree No. 512 of 30 September 1983 (collectively, the “**Funds**”), Interest is subject neither to substitute tax nor to any other income tax in the hands of the Fund. A withholding tax may apply in certain circumstances at the rate of up to 20 per cent. on distributions made by the Fund or SICAV;
- (iii) Pension funds – Where the Noteholder is a Pension funds (subject to the tax regime set forth by Article 17 of Legislative Decree No. 252 of 05/12/2005, the “**Pension Funds**”) Interest is not

subject to substitute tax, but must be included in the Pension Fund's annual net accrued result that is subject to an 11% substitutive tax; and

- (iv) Real estate investment funds – Where the Noteholder is an Italian resident real estate investment funds established pursuant to Article 37 of Legislative Decree No. 58 of 24 February 1998 (the “**Real Estate Investment Funds**”), Interest is subject neither to substitute tax nor to any other income tax in the hands of the Fund. A withholding tax may apply in certain circumstances at the rate of up to 20% on distributions made by Italian Real Estate Funds and, in certain cases, a tax transparency regime may apply in respect of certain categories of investors in the Italian Real Estate Fund owning more than 5% of the fund's units.

Interest payments relating to the Notes received by non-Italian resident beneficial owners are generally, provided that certain conditions and formalities are met, not subject to tax in Italy.

1.2 Capital Gains

Pursuant to Legislative Decree No. 461 of 21 November, 1997, as amended, a 20% capital gains tax (the “CGT”) is applicable to capital gains realised on any sale or transfer of the Notes for consideration or on redemption or exercise thereof by Italian resident individuals (not engaged in a business activity to which the Notes are effectively connected), regardless of whether the Notes are held outside of Italy.

For the purposes of determining the taxable capital gain, in case of interest bearing notes, any Interest on the Notes accrued and unpaid up to the time of the purchase and the sale of the Notes must be deducted from the purchase price and the sale price, respectively.

Taxpayers can opt for certain alternative regimes in order to pay the CGT.

The aforementioned regime does not apply to the following subjects:

- (A) Corporate investors (including banks and insurance companies) – Capital gains realised by Italian resident corporate shall be included in the relevant Noteholder's yearly taxable income and are therefore subject to ordinary Italian corporate taxation (and, in certain circumstances, depending on the “status” of the Noteholder, also to local tax on productive activities) (*Imposta regionale sulle attività produttive* IRAP). Upon fulfilment of certain conditions, the gains may be taxed in equal instalments over up to five fiscal years for corporate income tax (*Imposta sul reddito delle Società* – IRES) purposes.)
- (B) Funds – Capital gains realised by the Funds is subject neither to substitute tax nor to any other income tax in the hands of the Fund. A withholding tax may apply in certain circumstances at the rate of up to 20% on distributions made by the Fund or SICAV (see under paragraph 1.1. “Italian resident Noteholders”, above).
- (C) Pension Funds – Capital gains realised by Pension Funds on the Notes will contribute to determine the annual net accrued result of those same Pension Funds, which is subject to an 11% substitutive tax (see under paragraph 1.1. “Italian resident Noteholders”, above).
- (D) Real Estate Investment Funds – Capital gains realised by Italian Real Estate Investment Funds on the Notes are subject to the tax regime described under paragraph 1.1. “Italian resident Noteholders” above.

Capital gains realised by non-resident Noteholders without a permanent establishment in Italy to which the Notes are effectively connected on the disposal or redemption of the Notes are not subject to tax in Italy, regardless of whether the Notes are held in Italy, subject to the condition that the Notes are

listed in a regulated market (e.g., Euronext Amsterdam or Luxembourg Stock Exchange). In relation to non-Italian resident persons holding the Notes with an Italian authorised financial intermediary, the exclusion of Italian taxation may be subject to certain procedural formalities.

2 Tax treatment of the Notes qualifying as atypical securities

Interest payments relating to debt instruments implying a “use of capital” that are not deemed to fall within the category of bonds (*obbligazioni*) or securities similar to bonds (*titoli similari alle obbligazioni*) may be subject to withholding tax, levied at the rate of 20%, if made to the following Italian resident Noteholders: (i) individuals, (ii) non-commercial partnerships (iii) Real Estate Investment Funds, (iv) Pension Funds, (v) Funds and (vi) entities exempt from Italian corporate income tax.

Interest paid to Italian resident Noteholders which are companies or similar commercial entities (including a permanent establishment in Italy of a foreign entity to which the Notes are effectively connected) are not subject to the 20% withholding tax, but will form part of their aggregate income subject to income tax according to ordinary rules. In certain cases, such Interest may also be included in the taxable net value of production for IRAP purpose.

Interest payments relating to Notes received by non-Italian resident beneficial owners are generally, provided that certain conditions and formalities are met, not subject to tax in Italy.

Capital gains realised on any sale or transfer of the Notes for consideration or on redemption or exercise thereof by Italian resident individuals is subject to the tax regime described under paragraph 1.2. above.

3 Tax treatment of securitised derivative financial instruments

Based on the principles stated by the Italian tax authorities in resolution No. 72/E of 12 July 2010, payments in respect of Notes qualifying as securitised derivative financial instruments not entailing a “use of capital” as well as capital gains realised through the sale of the same Notes would be subject to Italian taxation according to the same rules described under paragraph 1.2. applicable on capital gains realised through the sale or transfer of the Notes.

4 Transfer Taxes

Pursuant to article 37 of Law Decree 31 December 2007, n. 248 (converted into law by law 28 February 2008, n.31) the stamp duty tax (*tassa sui contratti di borsa*) provided by Royal Decree 30 December 1923 and Legislative Decree 21 November 1997, n.435 – which may have applied to transfers of Notes – was repealed.

Following the repeal of the Italian transfer tax, as from 31 December 2007 contracts relating to the transfer of securities are subject to the registration tax as follows: (i) public deeds and notarised deeds are subject to fixed registration tax at rate of € 168; (ii) private deeds are subject to registration tax only in case of use or voluntary registration.

5 Inheritance and Gift Tax

Pursuant to Law Decree No. 262 of October 3, 2006, as converted with amendment by Law N. 286 of 24 November 2006, as further amended by Law No. 296 of 27 December 2006, inheritance and gift taxes have been reintroduced in Italy, with effect as of 3 October 2006. Consequently, any transfer

of Notes *mortis causa* or by reason of donation or gratuitously made on or after 3 October 2006, is liable to inheritance or gift tax according to the following rates and exclusions:

- (a) If the beneficiary is a spouse as well as any direct-line of kin, the taxes apply with a rate of 4% on the value of the assets (net of liabilities) exceeding, for each person, €1,000,000;
- (b) If the beneficiary (or donee) is any other relative, besides the above, up to the fourth degree, direct line of cognate and collateral line of cognate up to the third degree, the taxes apply with a rate of 6% on the relevant value of the assets (net of liabilities); if the beneficiary (or donee) is a brother or sister, such 6% rate applies on the net asset value exceeding for each person €100,000; and/or
- (c) If the beneficiary (or *donee*) is any other person, the taxes apply with a rate of 8% on the relevant value of the assets (net of liabilities).

If the beneficiary (donee) is affected by an handicap deemed as “critical” pursuant to Law No. 104 of 5 February 1992, inheritance and gift taxes apply only on the value of assets (net of liabilities) exceeding €1,500,000.

Moreover, an anti-avoidance rule is provided for in case of donation of assets (such as the Notes) whose transfer for consideration would give rise to capital gains subject to CGT. In particular, if the beneficiary transfers the Notes for consideration within 5 years from the donation, the beneficiary is required to pay the relevant CGT as if the donation had never taken place.

6 Wealth Tax

According to Article 19 of Decree of 6 December 2011, No. 201 (“**Decree No. 201/2011**”), converted with Law of 22 December 2011, No. 214, Italian resident individuals holding financial assets – including the Notes – outside of the Italian territory are required to pay a wealth tax at the rate of 0.15% (the tax is determined in proportion to the period of ownership). The tax applies on the market value at the end of the relevant year or – in the lack of the market value – on the nominal value or redemption value of such financial assets held outside of the Italian territory.

7 Stamp taxes and duties

According to Article 19 of Decree No. 201/2011, a proportional stamp duty applies on a yearly basis and at the rate of 0.15 per cent on the market value or – in the lack of a market value – on the nominal value or the redemption amount of any financial product or financial instruments. The stamp duty cannot be lower than Euro 34.2 and, for investors other than individuals, cannot exceed the amount of €4,500,00. Based on the wording of the law and the implementing decree issued by the Italian Ministry of Finance on 24 May 2012, the stamp duty applies to any investor who is a client (as defined in the regulations issued by the Bank of Italy on 9 February 2011) of an entity that exercises in any form a banking, financial or insurance activity within the Italian territory.

8 Tax Monitoring

Pursuant to Law Decree No. 167 of 28 June 1990, converted by Law No. 227 of 4 August 1990, as amended, individuals resident in Italy who, at the end of the fiscal year, hold investments abroad or foreign financial activities must, in certain circumstances, disclose the aforesaid and related transactions to the Italian tax authorities in their income tax return (or, in case the income tax return is not due, in a proper form that must be filed within the same time as prescribed for the income tax return). Such obligation is not provided if, *inter alia*, each of the overall value of the foreign investments or financial

activities held at the end of the fiscal year, and the overall value of the related transfers carried out during the relevant fiscal year, does not exceed Euro 10,000.

9 Italian Financial Transaction Tax

According to Article 1 of Law 24 December 2012, no. 228 and the related implementing regulations, an Italian Financial Transaction tax (“FTT”) applies on the transfer of property rights in shares and other equity instruments issued by Italian resident companies as well as on securities representative of the same shares or other equity instruments issued by Italian resident companies regardless of the tax residence of the issuer of the certificates. FTT applies regardless of the tax residence of the parties and/or where the transaction is entered into. FTT applies on the transfer of shares and equity instruments at a rate of 0.22% in year 2013 and at the rate of 0.20% in subsequent years, reduced to 0.12% and 0.10%, respectively, if the transaction is executed on a regulated market or a multilateral trading system as defined under Directive 2004/39/CE of States of the European Union or of States of the European Economic Area allowing an adequate exchange of information with the Italian tax authorities. The taxable base is the transaction value, which is defined as the consideration paid for the transfer or as the net balance of the transactions executed by the same subject in the course of the same day.

Specific exemptions are provided for the transfer of shares and equity instruments under certain transactions (such as repo or securities lending transactions), for the shares and equity instruments traded on regulated markets or multilateral trading systems issued by companies with an average market capitalization below certain thresholds or for transactions executed by certain parties (such as, for example, mandatory providential entities).

FTT also applies on the execution of transactions on derivative financial instruments as defined under Art. 1, paragraph 3, legislative decree 24 February 1998, n. 58, on securities allowing the purchase or sale of financial instruments referred to under Art. 1, paragraph 1-bis, lett. c) legislative decree 24 February 1998, n. 58 or on securities providing for a cash settlement referred to under Art. 1, paragraph 1-bis, lett. d), legislative decree 24 February 1998, no. 58, if the underlying financial instruments or the underlying reference value is represented for more than 50 per cent by the market value of shares or equity instruments issued by Italian resident companies or certificates representative of the same shares or equity instruments. According to the provisions stated by Art. 56 of Law Decree No. 69 of 21st June 2013 (to be converted into law within sixty days from the publication on the Official Gazette) FTT applies on such derivative financial instruments and securities as from 1st September 2013 at a fixed amount for each transaction, ranging from 0.01875 to 200 euro, depending on the notional value of the instrument and the type of underlying financial instrument. Such amount is reduced to 1/5 in case of transactions executed on regulated markets or on multilateral systems as defined under Directive 2004/39/CE of States of the European Union or of States of the European Economic Area allowing an adequate exchange of information with the Italian tax authorities.

LUXEMBOURG TAXATION

Noteholders who either are tax residents of the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg or have a permanent establishment, a permanent representative or a fixed base of business in the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg with which the holding of the Notes would be connected will be hereafter referred to as the “Luxembourg Noteholders”.

Noteholders do not become resident of the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg by merely subscribing, acquiring or holding Notes unless their holding is connected with a permanent establishment, a permanent representative or a fixed base of business they have in the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg.

The statements herein regarding taxation in Luxembourg are based on the laws in force in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg as of 5 July 2013 and are subject to any changes in law. The following summary does not purport to be a comprehensive description of all the tax considerations which may be relevant to a decision to purchase, own or dispose of the Notes. Each prospective holder or beneficial owner of Notes should consult its tax advisor as to the Luxembourg tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of the Notes.

Withholding tax

Under Luxembourg tax law currently in effect, with the possible exception of interest paid to individual Noteholders and to certain entities, there is no Luxembourg withholding tax on payments of interest (including accrued but unpaid interest). There is also no Luxembourg withholding tax, with the possible exception of payments made to certain individual Noteholders and to certain entities upon repayment of principal in case of reimbursement, redemption, repurchase or exchange of the Notes.

Under the Luxembourg laws dated June 21, 2005 (the “**Laws**”) implementing the European Council Directive 2003/48/EC (the “**Savings Directive**”) and several agreements concluded between Luxembourg and certain dependent or associated territories of the European Union (“**EU**”), a Luxembourg-based paying agent (within the meaning of the Laws) is required since July 1, 2005 to withhold tax on interest and other similar income paid by it to (or under certain circumstances, to the benefit of) an individual or certain residual entities resident or established in another Member State or in certain EU dependent or associated territories, unless the beneficiary of the interest payments elects for the procedure of exchange of information or, in case of an individual beneficiary, for the tax certificate procedure. Residual entities within the meaning of Article 4.2 of the Savings Directive are entities established in a Member State or in certain EU dependent or associated territories, which are not legal persons (the Finnish and Swedish companies listed in Article 4.5 of the Savings Directive are not considered as legal persons for this purpose) and whose profits are not taxed under the general arrangements for the business taxation and which are not and have not opted to be treated as UCITS recognised in accordance with Council Directive 85/611/EEC as replaced by the European Council Directive 2009/65/EC). The current withholding tax rate is 35%. The withholding tax system will only apply during a transitional period, the ending of which depends on the conclusion of certain agreements relating to information exchange with certain third countries.

In accordance with the law of 23 December 2005, as amended (the “**Law**”), on the introduction of a withholding tax on certain interest payments on saving income, interest payments made by Luxembourg paying agents (defined in the same way as in the Savings Directive) to Luxembourg individual residents or to certain residual entities that secure interest payments on behalf of such individuals (unless such entities have opted either to be treated as UCITS recognised in accordance with Council Directive 85/611/EC as replaced by the European Council Directive 2009/65/EC or for the exchange of information regime) are subject to a 10% withholding tax (the “**10% Luxembourg Withholding Tax**”).

Taxation of the Noteholders

General

Noteholders who are residents of Luxembourg will not be liable to any Luxembourg income tax upon repayment of principal of the Notes.

Luxembourg resident individuals

Pursuant to the Law, Luxembourg resident individuals acting in the course of their private wealth can opt to self-declare and pay a 10% tax (the “**10% Tax**”) on interest payments made after 31 December 2007 by certain non-Luxembourg paying agents (defined in the same way as in the EU Savings Directive), including paying agents located in an EU Member State other than Luxembourg, a Member State of the European Economic Area or in a State which has concluded an international agreement directly related to the Savings Directive. The 10% Luxembourg Withholding Tax (see the above section “Withholding tax”) or the above 10% Tax represents the final tax liability on interest received for the Luxembourg resident individuals receiving the payment in the course of their private wealth and can be refunded in consideration of foreign withholding tax, based on double tax treaties concluded by Luxembourg. Individual Luxembourg resident Noteholders receiving interest if any as business income must include interest income in their taxable basis; the 10% Luxembourg Withholding Tax levied will be credited against their final income tax liability.

Luxembourg individual Noteholders are not subject to taxation on capital gains upon the disposal of the Notes, unless the disposal of the Notes precedes the acquisition of the Notes or the Notes are disposed of within six months of the date of acquisition of these Notes. Upon the sale, redemption or exchange of the Notes, accrued but unpaid interest if any will be subject to the 10% Luxembourg Withholding Tax, or to the 10% Tax if the Luxembourg resident individuals opt for the 10% Tax. Individual Luxembourg resident Noteholders receiving the interest as business income must include the portion of the price corresponding to this interest in their taxable income; the 10% Luxembourg Withholding Tax levied will be credited against their final income tax liability.

Luxembourg resident companies

Luxembourg resident companies (*sociétés de capitaux*) Noteholders or foreign entities of the same type which have a permanent establishment or a permanent representative in Luxembourg with which the holding of the Notes is connected must include in their taxable income any interest (including accrued but unpaid interest) and the difference between the sale or redemption price (including accrued but unpaid interest) and the lower of the cost or book value of the Notes sold or redeemed.

Luxembourg resident companies benefiting from a special tax regime

Luxembourg resident companies Noteholders which are companies benefiting from a special tax regime such as (i) family wealth management companies subject to the law of 11 May 2007, as amended, or (ii) undertakings for collective investment subject to the law of 17 December 2010 (replacing the law of 20 December 2002) as amended, or (iii) specialised investment funds subject to the law of 13 February 2007, as amended, are tax exempt entities in Luxembourg, and are thus not subject to any Luxembourg tax (i.e., corporate income tax, municipal business tax and net wealth tax) other than the annual subscription tax calculated on their (paid up) share capital (and share premium) or net asset value.

Other Taxes

There is no Luxembourg registration tax, stamp duty or any other similar tax or duty payable in Luxembourg by Luxembourg Noteholders as a consequence of the issuance of the Notes, nor will any of these taxes be payable as a consequence of a subsequent transfer of the Notes, redemption of the Notes.

NORWEGIAN TAXATION

Below is a summary of certain Norwegian tax matters related to the purchase, holding and disposal of Notes. The summary is based on Norwegian laws, rules and regulations applicable as of the date of this Prospectus, and is subject to any changes in law occurring after such date. Such changes could possibly be made on a retroactive basis. The summary does not address foreign tax laws.

The summary is of a general nature and does not purport to be a comprehensive description of all the Norwegian tax considerations that may be relevant for a decision to acquire, own or dispose of Notes. Specific tax consequences may occur for different categories of Noteholders, e.g. for Noteholders to which tax regimes apply, in cases where benefits from Notes are connected to employment situations, if the Noteholder ceases to be tax resident in Norway etc.

Norwegian tax legislation does not currently include statutory legislation relating specifically to Notes. Instead, taxation treatment must be derived from general tax rules and principles applicable to capital income and capital gains. Norwegian tax law is based on substance over form. If the applicable Final Terms includes conditions which are common to equity instruments and the relevant Notes, after an overall assessment, have more characteristics of equity instruments rather than debt, the economic reality might overrule the formalities for income tax purposes. One main factor is whether the repayment of the face value is protected or dependent on the value of an underlying that is an index of shares or basket of indices of shares. A Note will not be considered as an equity instrument solely based on the fact that the payment of a coupon, interest or similar is connected to an underlying.

The summary outlines Norwegian tax consequences for (i) Notes classified as debentures for Norwegian tax purposes and (ii) Notes classified as equity instruments with indices of shares in companies which are tax resident within the European Economic Area as the underlying.

The summary is solely related to holders of Notes who are resident in Norway for tax purposes (“**Norwegian Noteholders**”). However, companies incorporated and resident abroad are liable to tax in Norway on distribution and gains from Notes in the same manner as Norwegian resident companies, if the Notes are effectively connected with a business carried out through a permanent establishment in Norway.

Due to the general nature of this summary, potential investors are advised to consult with and rely on their own tax advisers.

Taxation of Notes classified as debentures

Taxation on Distribution to the Noteholder

Norwegian Noteholders, both physical persons and companies, are liable to tax in Norway on coupon payments, interests or similar payments in respect of Notes. The distribution is included in the basis for taxation (“**ordinary income**”) and taxed at a rate of 28%.

Taxation on sale and redemption of Notes

Norwegian Noteholders, both physical persons and companies, are taxable in Norway in respect of capital gains on the sale and redemption of Notes, and have a corresponding right to deduct losses that arise from such redemption or realisation. The tax liability applies irrespective of how long the Notes have been owned and the number of Notes that have been redeemed or realised.

Gains or losses are calculated per Note, as the consideration received in respect of the Note less the tax basis of the Note. The tax basis of each Note is generally the Norwegian Noteholder’s purchase price for the Note. Costs incurred in connection with the acquisition, redemption or realisation of the

Note may be deducted from the Norwegian Noteholder's taxable ordinary income in the year of redemption or realisation.

Gains are taxable as ordinary income in the year of sale or redemption, and losses can be deducted from ordinary income, including income from other sources, in the year of sale or redemption. The tax rate for ordinary income is 28%.

If the Norwegian Noteholder owns Notes acquired at different points in time, the Notes that were acquired first will be regarded as the first to be disposed of, on a first-in, first-out basis (the FIFO principle).

Taxation of Notes classified as equity instruments with an index of shares or basket of indices of shares as the underlying

Norwegian Individual Noteholders

Norwegian Noteholders that are physical persons ("**Norwegian Individual Noteholders**") are taxable in Norway in respect of capital gains upon sale and redemption of Notes classified as equity instruments with an index of shares or basket of indices of shares as the Underlying, and have a corresponding right to deduct losses that arise upon such sale or redemption. The tax liability applies irrespective of how long the Notes have been owned and the number of Notes that have been redeemed or realised.

Gains or losses are calculated per Note, as the consideration received in respect of the Note less the tax basis of the Note. The tax basis of each Note is generally the Norwegian Individual Noteholder's purchase price for the Note. Costs incurred in connection with the acquisition, redemption or realisation of the Note may be deducted from the Norwegian Individual Noteholder's taxable ordinary income in the year of redemption or realisation.

Gains are taxable as ordinary income in the year of redemption or realisation, and losses can be deducted from ordinary income in the year of redemption or realisation. The tax rate for ordinary income is 28 per cent.

If the Norwegian Individual Noteholder owns Notes acquired at different points in time, the Notes that were acquired first will be regarded as the first to be disposed of, on a first-in, first-out basis (the FIFO principle).

Distributions on Notes classified as equity Notes, if any, should be deemed as a partial sale or redemption of such Notes.

Norwegian Corporate Noteholders

For Norwegian Noteholders that are limited liability companies and similar entities ("**Norwegian Corporate Noteholders**"), Notes classified as equity instruments with indices of shares in companies tax resident within the European Economic Area as the underlying, or Notes with a basket of shares as the underlying where the value is mainly derived from shares in companies tax resident within the European Economic Area, should be comprised by the Norwegian participation exemption method. Consequently, capital gains upon redemption or realisation of the Notes are exempt from tax in Norway, and losses upon redemption or realisation of the Notes are not tax deductible in Norway.

Distributions on Notes classified as equity instruments, if any, should be deemed as a partial sale or redemption of such Notes.

However, if the Notes fall outside the scope of the participation exemption, Norwegian Corporate Noteholders will be liable to tax on sale, redemption and distributions in the same manner as Norwegian Individual Noteholders, cf. above.

Norwegian Withholding tax

Where Notes are issued by an Issuer which is not a Norwegian tax resident entity and does not have a permanent establishment in Norway which the issue of the Notes is connected, the Issuer will not be obliged to deduct Norwegian withholding tax.

Under any circumstance, Norwegian withholding tax is not applicable to coupon payments, interests or similar payments on Notes which are classified as debentures for Norwegian tax purposes, or capital gains on sale or redemption of Notes, irrespective of classification.

Net wealth tax

Norwegian Corporate Noteholders are not subject to net wealth taxation in Norway.

Norwegian Individual Noteholders are subject to net wealth taxation in Norway. Notes are included as part of the taxable base for this purpose. Listed Notes will be valued at market value on 1 January in the year after the income year, while non-listed Notes will be valued at face value. The maximum aggregate rate of net wealth tax is currently 1.1%.

Stamp duty

There is no stamp duty or other charges in Norway on the purchase, redemption or realisation of Notes.

Foreign taxes

Income taxes or capital gains taxes payable by Norwegian Noteholders in other jurisdictions, or withholding tax payable on redemption amounts in respect of the Notes, may be deducted when calculating the Norwegian tax payable on the same income. The deduction is limited, however, to the corresponding amount of Norwegian tax applicable. The right for both Norwegian and other jurisdictions to tax Norwegian Note holders directly or through the application of withholding taxes may be limited by an applicable tax treaty.

Inheritance tax

When Notes are transferred either through inheritance or as a gift, such transfer may give rise to inheritance or gift tax in Norway if the decedent, at the time of death, or the donor, at the time of the gift, is a resident or citizen of Norway, or if the Notes are effectively connected with a business carried out through a permanent establishment in Norway.

The basis for the computation of inheritance tax is the market value at the time the transfer takes place. The rate is progressive from 0% to 15%. For inheritance and gifts from parents to children, the maximum rate is 10%.

PORTUGUESE TAXATION

The description below should only be considered as a brief summary of certain Portuguese tax consequences stemming from the acquisition, ownership and disposal of Notes. This summary does not analyse the tax implications that may indirectly arise from the decision to invest in the Notes, such as those relating to the tax framework of financing obtained to support such investment or those pertaining to the counterparties of the potential investors, regarding any transaction involving the Notes. The meaning of the terminology adopted in respect of every technical feature, including the qualification of

the securities issued as debt instruments (which is assumed in this summary), the classification of taxable events, the arrangements for taxation and potential tax benefits, among others, is the one presently in force in Portugal. No other interpretations or meanings, potentially employed in other countries, are considered.

This summary does not purport to be a comprehensive description of all of the tax considerations that may be relevant to any particular Noteholder, including tax considerations that arise from rules of general application or that are generally assumed to be known to Noteholders. Furthermore, the tax framework described below is subject to any changes in law and practices (and the interpretation and application thereof) at any moment. It also does not contain in-depth information about all special and exceptional regimes, which may entail tax consequences at variance with those described herewith. Potential investors should not rely upon such summary and should consult their own tax advisers for information with respect to the special tax consequences that may arise as a result of acquiring, holding or disposing of Notes, including the applicability and effect of foreign income tax rules, provisions contained in double taxation treaties and other rules which may be applicable.

Resident individuals

Acquisition of Notes for consideration

The acquisition of Notes for consideration is not subject to Portuguese taxation.

Income arising from the ownership of Notes

Economic benefits derived from interest, amortisation, reimbursement premiums and other instances of remuneration arising from the Notes (including, upon a transfer of the Notes, the interest accrued since the last date on which interest was due), are classified as “investment income” for Portuguese tax purposes.

Investment income obtained on the Notes by a Portuguese resident individual is subject to Portuguese personal income tax (*Imposto sobre o Rendimento das Pessoas Singulares* – “IRS”). If investment income is made available to Portuguese resident individuals by a Portuguese paying agent, acting on behalf of, or contractually obliged by, either the non resident entity (bound to pay the income) or the Portuguese resident individuals, withholding tax applies at a rate of 28 per cent. This represents a final withholding, releasing the Noteholders from the obligation to disclose the above income to the Portuguese tax authorities and from the payment of any additional amount of IRS. Investment income paid or made available to accounts opened in the name of one or more accountholders acting on behalf of one or more unidentified third parties is subject to a final withholding tax rate of 35 per cent., unless the relevant beneficial owner(s) of the income is identified, in which case the tax rates applicable to such beneficial owner(s) apply.

If the investment income on the Notes is not received through a paying agent located in Portugal, it is not subject to Portuguese withholding tax, but IRS at a special tax rate of 28 per cent. will apply. Moreover, if the entity paying out the investment income to the Noteholder is resident in a country, territory or region subject to a clearly more favourable tax regime, as listed in the Ministerial Order no. 150/2004, of 13 February, as amended by Ministerial Order no. 292/2011, of 8 November, the withholding tax rate or the special tax rate, as applicable, are increased to 35 per cent.

Alternatively, the Noteholders may opt for declaring said income in their tax returns, together with the remaining items of income derived. In that event, investment income shall be liable for IRS at the rate resulting from the application of the relevant progressive tax brackets for the year in question. The aggregate amount is subject to IRS at progressive rates of up to 48 per cent., plus a 3.5 per cent. surtax (*sobretaxa extraordinária*) on income exceeding € 6,790 and a solidarity tax (*taxa adicional de*

solidariedade) of up to 5 per cent. on income exceeding € 250,000 (2.5 per cent. on income below € 250,000, but exceeding € 80,000). The progressive taxation under the IRS rules may then go up to 56.5 per cent., being the tax withheld deemed as a payment on account of the final tax due.

Capital gains and capital losses arising from the disposal of Notes for consideration

Capital gains obtained by Portuguese resident individuals on the transfer of Notes are taxed at a special tax rate of 28 per cent. levied on the positive difference between the capital gains and capital losses of each year. Alternatively, the Noteholders may opt for declaring such income in their tax returns, together with the remaining items of income derived. The aggregate amount is subject to IRS at progressive rates of up to 48 per cent., plus a 3.5 per cent. surtax (*sobretaxa extraordinária*) on income exceeding € 6,790 and a solidarity tax (*taxa adicional de solidariedade*) of up to 5 per cent. on income exceeding € 250,000 (2.5 per cent. on income below € 250,000, but exceeding € 80,000). The progressive taxation under the IRS rules may then go up to 56.5 per cent. No Portuguese withholding tax is levied on capital gains.

Losses arising from disposals for consideration in favour of counterparties subject to a clearly more favourable tax regime in the country, territory or region where it is a tax resident, listed in the Ministerial Order no. 150/2004 of 13 February, as amended by Ministerial Order no. 292/2011, of 8 November, are disregarded for purposes of assessing the positive or negative balance referred to in the previous paragraph.

Where the Portuguese resident individual chooses to disclose the capital gains or losses in his or her IRS return, any capital losses which were not offset against capital gains in the relevant tax period may be carried forward for 2 years and offset future capital gains.

Gratuitous acquisition of Notes

The gratuitous acquisition (per death or in life) of Notes by Portuguese tax resident individuals is not liable for stamp tax (otherwise due at a 10 per cent. rate) since the issuer is not a Portuguese tax resident entity. Spouses, ancestors and descendants would nonetheless avail of an exemption from stamp tax on said acquisitions.

Resident corporate entities or non resident corporate entities with a permanent establishment to which income associated with the Notes is imputable

Acquisition of Notes for consideration

The acquisition of Notes for consideration is not subject to Portuguese taxation.

Income arising from the ownership of Notes

Investment income obtained on Notes by Portuguese legal persons resident for tax purposes in Portugal and by non resident legal persons with a permanent establishment in Portugal to which the income or gains are attributable are included in their taxable income and are subject to Portuguese corporate income tax (*Imposto sobre o Rendimento das Pessoas Coletivas – “IRC”*) at a rate of 25 per cent. to which a municipal surcharge (*derrama municipal*) of up to 1.5 per cent. of its taxable income may be added. Corporate taxpayers with a taxable income of more than € 1,500,000 are also subject to State surcharge (*derrama estadual*) of 3 per cent. on the part of its taxable profits exceeding € 1,500,000 up to € 7,500,000 and of 5 per cent. of the part of the taxable profits that exceed € 7,500,000.

Since the issuer of the Notes is always a non Portuguese resident entity, no withholding on account of the final IRC liability applies, irrespective of the location of the paying agent.

Pension funds, retirement and/or education savings funds, share savings funds, venture capital funds incorporated under the laws in Portugal and some other similar entities are exempt from IRC.

Capital gains arising from the disposal of Notes for consideration

Capital gains obtained with the transfer of Notes by legal persons resident for tax purposes in Portugal and by non resident legal persons with a permanent establishment in Portugal to which the income or gains are attributable are included in their taxable income and are subject to IRC at a rate of 25 per cent. to which a municipal surcharge (*derrama municipal*) of up to 1.5 per cent. of its taxable income may be added. Corporate taxpayers with a taxable income of more than € 1,500,000 are also subject to State surcharge (*derrama estadual*) of 3 per cent. on the part of its taxable profits exceeding € 1,500,000 up to € 7,500,000 and of 5 per cent. of the part of the taxable profits that exceed € 7,500,000.

No Portuguese withholding tax is levied on capital gains.

Pension funds, retirement and/or education savings funds, share savings funds, venture capital funds incorporated under the laws in Portugal and some other similar entities are exempt from IRC.

Gratuitous acquisition of Notes

The positive net variation in worth, not reflected in the profit and loss account of the financial year, arising from the gratuitous transfer of Notes to Portuguese tax resident corporate entities liable for IRC or to permanent establishments to which it is imputable, is taken into consideration for purposes of computing the taxable profit for IRC purposes.

IRC is levied on the taxable basis (computed as the taxable profit deducted of tax losses carried forward) at a rate of up to 25 per cent., to which a municipal surcharge (*derrama municipal*) of up to 1.5 per cent. of its taxable income may be added. Corporate taxpayers with a taxable income of more than € 1,500,000 are also subject to State surcharge (*derrama estadual*) of 3 per cent. on the part of its taxable profits exceeding € 1,500,000 up to € 7,500,000 and of 5 per cent. of the part of the taxable profits that exceed € 7,500,000.

SPANISH TAXATION

The following general summary does not consider all aspects of income taxation in Spain that may be relevant to a holder of the Notes in the light of the holder's particular circumstances and income tax situation. This summary applies to holders of the Notes, who are solely tax resident in Spain, and it is not intended to be, nor should it be construed to be, legal or tax advice. It is based on Spanish tax laws and regulations, all as currently in effect and all subject to change at any time, possibly with retroactive effect.

Prospective holders are urged to consult their own tax advisers as to the particular tax consequences to them of subscribing, purchasing, holding and disposing of the Notes, including the application and effect of state, local, foreign and other tax laws and the possible effects of changes in the tax laws of Spain.

As a general rule, on the basis that the Issuer is not resident in Spain for tax purposes and does not operate in Spain through a permanent establishment, as defined in the article 13.1.a of the Royal Legislative Decree 5/2004, of March 5, promulgating the Consolidated Text of the Non Resident Income Tax Law or in the applicable tax treaty, all payments of principal and interest in respect of the Notes can be made free of any withholding or deduction for or on account of any taxes in Spain of whatsoever nature imposed, levied, withheld, or assessed by Spain or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein, in accordance with applicable Spanish law.

Notwithstanding the above, investors should consider the following rules:

Spanish resident individuals

Personal Income Tax (*Impuesto sobre la Renta de las Personas Físicas*)

The withholding tax regime will be as follows:

- (i) Interest paid to holders who are Spanish resident individuals will be subject to Spanish withholding tax at 21 per cent. for tax period 2013 to be deducted by the depositary entity of the Notes or the entity in charge of collecting the income derived thereunder, provided such entities are resident for tax purposes in Spain or have a permanent establishment in the Spanish territory.
- (ii) Income obtained upon transfer of the Notes will be subject to Spanish withholding tax at 21 per cent. for tax period 2013 to be deducted by the financial entity acting on behalf of the seller, provided such entity is resident for tax purposes in Spain or has a permanent establishment in the Spanish territory.
- (iii) Income obtained upon redemption of the Notes will be subject to Spanish withholding tax at 21 per cent. for tax period 2013 to be deducted by the financial entity appointed by the Issuer (if any) for redemption of the Notes, provided such entity is resident for tax purposes in Spain or has a permanent establishment in the Spanish territory.

Spanish entities

Corporate Income Tax (“CIT”)

Under certain conditions, withholding taxes may apply to Spanish taxpayers when a Spanish resident entity or a non-resident entity that operates in Spain through a permanent establishment in Spain is acting as depositary of the Notes, as a financial entity appointed by the Issuer or as a collecting agent of any income arising from the Notes (withholding tax at 21 per cent. for tax period 2013).

Finally, please note that no withholdings on account of the final CIT liability of Spanish corporate investors will have to be deducted on income derived under the Notes if, and to the extent that, the Notes are listed on an organised market of an OECD country provided that certain requirements are met.

SWEDISH TAXATION

The following summary of certain tax issues that may arise as a result of holding Notes is based on current Swedish tax legislation and is intended only as general information for holders of Notes who are resident in Sweden for tax purposes, unless otherwise indicated. This description does not deal comprehensively with all tax consequences that may occur for holders of Notes, nor does it cover the specific rules where Notes are held by a partnership or as current assets in a business operation. Special tax consequences that are not described below may also apply for certain categories of taxpayers, including investment companies and mutual funds. Prospective applicants for Notes should consult their own tax advisers for information with respect to the special tax consequences that may arise as a result of holding Notes, including the applicability and effect of foreign income tax rules, provisions contained in double taxation treaties and other rules which may be applicable.

Taxation of Individuals Resident in Sweden

Capital Gains and Losses

Individuals who sell their Notes, or have their Notes redeemed or bought back, are subject to capital gains tax. The tax rate is 30%.

The capital gain or loss is calculated as the difference between the sales (or redemption) proceeds, after deduction of sales costs, and the Notes' acquisition cost for tax purposes. The acquisition cost is determined according to the "average method". This means that the costs of acquiring all Notes of the same type and class as the sold Notes are added together and the average acquisition cost is calculated collectively, with respect to changes to the holding.

Gains or losses on currency exchange rate fluctuations may arise in relation to Notes where the sales proceeds received are in a foreign currency. However, no special calculations are required if the sales proceeds are exchanged into SEK within 30 days from the time of disposal. In such case, the exchange rate on the date of exchange shall be used when calculating the value of the sales proceeds. The exchange rate on the date of acquisition is generally used when determining the acquisition cost for tax purposes.

The Notes could be defined as;

- (a) receivables (*Sw. fordringsrätt*);
- (b) listed shares and other listed securities that are taxed in the same manner as shares (*Sw. delägar rätt*); or
- (c) non-financial items (*Sw. andra tillgångar*).

As a general rule, 70% of a capital loss is deductible against any other taxable income from capital. However, capital losses on listed Swedish receivables are fully deductible in the income from capital category. According to Swedish case law, full deductibility also applies to capital losses on listed foreign receivables.

Capital losses on listed shares and other listed securities that are taxed in the same manner as shares (except for listed shares in mutual funds containing only Swedish receivables), are fully deductible against taxable gains on such assets and on non-listed shares in Swedish limited liability companies and foreign legal entities. On non-listed shares in Swedish limited liability companies and foreign legal entities only five sixths of capital losses are deductible. If capital losses pertain to both listed and non-listed shares, the losses pertaining to the listed shares are deductible prior to the losses on the non-listed shares. 70% of any excess amount is deductible according to the general rule or five sixths of 70% is deductible if the capital loss relates to non-listed shares. Capital losses on listed shares in mutual funds containing only Swedish receivables are fully deductible in the income from capital category.

If a deductible deficit arises in the income from capital category, a reduction of the tax on income from employment and from business operations, as well as the tax on real estate and the municipal real estate fee, is allowed. The tax reduction is 30% of any part of the deficit not exceeding SEK 100,000 and 21% of any part of the deficit in excess of SEK 100,000. Deficits may not be carried forward to a subsequent fiscal year.

Interest/Dividends

Any interest income received by an individual holder during the life of a financial instrument is subject to Swedish tax at a tax rate of 30% in the income from capital category. Interest is taxable when the income can be disposed of. The same applies to dividends.

There are no specific Swedish tax rules defining what constitutes debt or equity, nor is there a definition of interest. However, where a payment during the life of the instrument is made at the discretion of the Issuer, such payment should generally be considered a dividend. It is further generally held, that where the terms and conditions of the instrument provide for payments to be made under

predetermined circumstances established by the terms and conditions and no shareholder meeting is required to determine the payment, such payment should be considered interest.

Taxation of Swedish Legal Entities

Limited liability companies and other legal entities (except partnerships and estates of deceased persons) are normally taxed on all income (including income from the sale, redemption or repayment of the Notes) as income from business operations at a flat rate of 22% (the tax rate is 26.3% for fiscal years commencing prior to 1 January 2013).

Regarding the calculation of capital gains or losses, see section “Taxation of Individuals Resident in Sweden” above. However, for legal entities, interest income and currency exchange fluctuations are normally taxable, or deductible, as the case may be, on an accrual basis. Note that capital losses on non-financial items (*Sw. annan tillgång*) are fully deductible for tax purposes when the holder is a legal entity.

Tax-deductible capital losses on receivables incurred by a limited liability companies and certain other legal entities are normally fully deductible against any taxable income.

Specific rules may apply to Notes held as a hedge for foreign currency exposure.

Taxation of holders of Notes residing outside of Sweden

Payments of any principal amount or any amount that is considered to be interest or dividends for Swedish tax purposes to holders of Notes who are not fiscally resident in Sweden and who are not engaged in trade or business in Sweden through permanent establishments are not subject to Swedish income tax. A person is resident in Sweden for Swedish tax purposes if it (a) is domiciled in Sweden; (b) has its habitual abode in Sweden; or (c) has been domiciled earlier in Sweden and, after having moved abroad, continues to have an essential connection with Sweden.

Swedish withholding tax, or Swedish tax deduction, is not imposed on payments of any principal amount or any amount that is considered to be interest for Swedish tax purposes to a non-resident holder of Notes.

Unless an exemption applies, Swedish dividend withholding tax (*Sw. kupongskatt*) at a rate of 30% is payable on dividends paid by companies incorporated and duly registered in Sweden under the Swedish Companies Act to non-resident shareholders who are entitled to receive the dividends. Depending on the shareholder’s circumstances and residency, it may be possible to reduce the withholding tax rate or exempt dividends from withholding tax under Swedish domestic law or the applicable tax treaty.

Holders of Notes who are not fiscally resident in Sweden and who are not carrying on business operations from a permanent establishment in Sweden are generally not liable for Swedish capital gains taxation on the disposal of Notes. The holders may be subject to tax in their country of residence.

As far as non-resident individuals are concerned, capital gains on the sale of certain securities may in some cases be subject to Swedish tax if the individual has been resident or permanently lived in Sweden at any time during the calendar year of the sale or any of the ten preceding calendar years. The application of this tax rule is, in many cases, limited by tax treaties for the avoidance of double taxation, which Sweden has concluded with other countries.

Other

Sweden does not levy any net wealth tax and there are no transfer taxes on transfers of financial instruments.

UNITED KINGDOM TAXATION

The comments below are of a general nature based on United Kingdom law and HM Revenue & Customs published practice at 5 July 2013. They relate only to United Kingdom withholding tax and certain information requirements and are not intended to be exhaustive. They assume that neither the Issuers nor the Guarantor are UK resident for UK tax purposes or act through a permanent establishment in the United Kingdom in relation to the Notes or the guarantee thereof by the Guarantor. Any holders of the Notes who are in doubt as to their own tax position should consult their professional advisers.

Payments in Respect of the Notes

On the basis that interest on the Notes and payments in respect of the Guarantee are not expected to have a United Kingdom source, there should be no United Kingdom withholding tax on such payments.

HM Revenue & Customs has powers to obtain information relating to securities in certain circumstances. This may include details of the beneficial owners of the Notes (or the persons for whom the Notes are held), details of the persons to whom payments derived from the Notes are or may be paid and information and documents in connection with transactions relating to the Notes. Information may be required to be provided by, amongst others, the holders of the Notes, persons by (or via) whom payments derived from the Notes are made or who receive (or would be entitled to receive) such payments, persons who effect or are a party to transactions relating to the Notes on behalf of others and certain registrars or administrators. In certain circumstances, the information obtained by HM Revenue & Customs may be exchanged with tax authorities in other countries.

EU COUNCIL DIRECTIVE ON THE TAXATION OF SAVINGS INCOME

The EU has adopted a Directive regarding the taxation of savings income. The Directive requires Member States to provide to the tax authorities of other Member States details of payments of interest and other similar income paid by a person to an individual or to certain other persons in another Member State, except that Austria and Luxembourg may instead impose a withholding system for a transitional period (subject to a procedure whereby, on meeting certain conditions, the beneficial owner of the interest or other income may request that no tax be withheld) unless during such period they elect otherwise. The European Commission has proposed certain amendments to the Directive, which may, if implemented, amend or broaden the scope of requirements described above. A number of third countries and territories including Switzerland have adopted similar measures to the EU Directive.

UNITED STATES TAXATION

The following section applies to Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer only.

TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH TREASURY DEPARTMENT CIRCULAR 230, HOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT: (A) ANY DISCUSSION OF U.S. FEDERAL TAX ISSUES IN THIS BASE PROSPECTUS IS NOT INTENDED OR WRITTEN TO BE RELIED UPON, AND CANNOT BE RELIED UPON, BY HOLDERS FOR THE PURPOSE OF AVOIDING PENALTIES THAT MAY BE IMPOSED ON HOLDERS UNDER THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE; (B) SUCH DISCUSSION IS INCLUDED HEREIN BY THE ISSUER IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROMOTION OR MARKETING (WITHIN THE MEANING OF CIRCULAR 230) BY THE ISSUER OF THE TRANSACTIONS OR MATTERS ADDRESSED

HEREIN; AND (C) INVESTORS SHOULD SEEK ADVICE BASED ON THEIR PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADVISER.

The following is a summary of certain U.S. federal income tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of the Notes. This summary does not address the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of every type of Note which may be issued under the Programme, and the applicable Final Terms will contain additional or modified disclosure concerning the material U.S. federal income tax consequences relevant to such type of Note as appropriate. This summary deals only with purchasers of Notes that will hold the Notes as capital assets. The discussion does not cover all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to, or the actual tax effect that any of the matters described herein will have on, the acquisition, ownership or disposition of Notes by particular investors, and does not address state, local, foreign or other tax laws. In particular, this summary does not discuss all of the tax considerations that may be relevant to certain types of investors subject to special treatment under the U.S. federal income tax laws (such as financial institutions, insurance companies, investors liable for the alternative minimum tax or the net investment income tax, individual retirement accounts and other tax-deferred accounts, tax-exempt organisations, dealers in securities or currencies, investors that will hold the Notes as part of straddles, hedging transactions or conversion transactions for U.S. federal income tax purposes or investors whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar). Moreover, the summary deals only with Notes with a term of 30 years or less. The U.S. federal income tax consequences of owning Notes with a longer term will be discussed in the applicable Final Terms.

As used herein, the term “**U.S. Holder**” means a beneficial owner of Notes that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, (i) an individual citizen or resident of the United States, (ii) a corporation created or organised in or under the laws of the United States or any State thereof, (iii) an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income tax without regard to its source or (iv) a trust, if a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust, or the trust has validly elected to be treated as a domestic trust for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

For purposes of this discussion, “**Non-U.S. Holder**” means any beneficial owner of Notes that is not a U.S. Holder and that for U.S. federal income tax purposes is (i) a foreign corporation, (ii) a non-resident alien individual or (iii) a foreign estate or trust all of whose beneficiaries are Non-U.S. Holders.

The U.S. federal income tax treatment of a partner in an entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes that holds Notes will depend on the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. Prospective purchasers that are entities treated as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes should consult their tax adviser concerning the U.S. federal income tax consequences to their partners of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of Notes by the partnership.

This summary is based on the tax laws of the United States including the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “**Code**”), its legislative history, existing and proposed regulations thereunder, published rulings and court decisions all as in effect as of 5 July 2013 and all subject to change at any time, possibly with retroactive effect.

Bearer Notes are not being offered to U.S. Holders. A U.S. Holder who owns a Bearer Note may be subject to limitations under United States income tax laws, including the limitations provided in sections 165(j) and 1287(a) of the Code.

THE SUMMARY OF U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES SET OUT BELOW IS FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ONLY. PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS SHOULD CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISERS AS TO THE PARTICULAR TAX CONSEQUENCES TO THEM OF OWNING THE NOTES, INCLUDING THE

APPLICABILITY AND EFFECT OF U.S. FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, FOREIGN AND OTHER TAX LAWS AND POSSIBLE CHANGES IN TAX LAW.

The following discussion assumes that the Notes will be treated as debt for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Depending on the restrictions that may apply to payments of interest on and principal of Notes in a particular Series, it is possible that those Notes may be treated as equity or as some other form of instrument such as a forward contract or option. The tax treatment of Notes that have a significant likelihood of being characterised as other than debt will be discussed in the applicable Final Terms.

U.S. Holders

Payments of Interest

General

Interest on a Note, whether payable in U.S. dollars or a currency, composite currency or basket of currencies other than U.S. dollars (a “**foreign currency**”), other than interest on a “Discount Note” that is not “qualified stated interest” (each as defined below under “Original Issue Discount – General”), will be taxable to a U.S. Holder as ordinary income at the time it is received or accrued, depending on the holder’s method of accounting for tax purposes. Interest on the Notes and OID, if any, accrued with respect to the Notes (as described below under “Original Issue Discount”) generally will constitute income from sources outside the United States if paid on Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer.

Original Issue Discount

General

The following is a summary of the principal U.S. federal income tax consequences of the ownership of Notes issued with original issue discount (“**OID**”).

A Note, other than a Note with a term of one year or less (a “**Short-Term Note**”), will be treated as issued with OID (a “**Discount Note**”) if the excess of the Note’s “stated redemption price at maturity” over its issue price is equal to or more than a *de minimis* amount (0.25 per cent. of the Note’s stated redemption price at maturity multiplied by the number of complete years to its maturity). An obligation that provides for the payment of amounts other than qualified stated interest before maturity (an “**instalment obligation**”) will be treated as a Discount Note if the excess of the Note’s stated redemption price at maturity over its issue price is equal to or greater than 0.25 per cent. of the Note’s stated redemption price at maturity multiplied by the weighted average maturity of the Note. A Note’s weighted average maturity is the sum of the following amounts determined for each payment on a Note (other than a payment of qualified stated interest): (i) the number of complete years from the issue date until the payment is made multiplied by (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of the payment and the denominator of which is the Note’s stated redemption price at maturity. Generally, the issue price of a Note will be the first price at which a substantial amount of Notes included in the issue of which the Note is a part is sold to persons other than bond houses, brokers, or similar persons or organisations acting in the capacity of underwriters, placement agents, or wholesalers. The stated redemption price at maturity of a Note is the total of all payments provided by the Note that are not payments of “qualified stated interest”. A qualified stated interest payment is generally any one of a series of stated interest payments on a Note that are unconditionally payable at least annually at a single fixed rate (with certain exceptions for lower rates paid during some periods), or a variable rate (in the

circumstances described below under “Variable Interest Rate Notes”), applied to the outstanding principal amount of the Note. Solely for the purposes of determining whether a Note has OID, the Issuer will be deemed to exercise any call option that has the effect of decreasing the yield on the Note, and the U.S. Holder will be deemed to exercise any put option that has the effect of increasing the yield on the Note.

U.S. Holders of Discount Notes must include OID in income calculated on a constant-yield method before the receipt of cash attributable to the income, and generally will have to include in income increasingly greater amounts of OID over the life of the Discount Notes. The amount of OID includable in income by a U.S. Holder of a Discount Note is the sum of the daily portions of OID with respect to the Discount Note for each day during the taxable year or portion of the taxable year on which the U.S. Holder holds the Discount Note (“**accrued OID**”). The daily portion is determined by allocating to each day in any “accrual period” a pro rata portion of the OID allocable to that accrual period. Accrual periods with respect to a Note may be of any length selected by the U.S. Holder and may vary in length over the term of the Note as long as (i) no accrual period is longer than one year and (ii) each scheduled payment of interest or principal on the Note occurs on either the final or first day of an accrual period. The amount of OID allocable to an accrual period equals the excess of (a) the product of the Discount Note’s adjusted issue price at the beginning of the accrual period and the Discount Note’s yield to maturity (determined on the basis of compounding at the close of each accrual period and properly adjusted for the length of the accrual period) over (b) the sum of the payments of qualified stated interest on the Note allocable to the accrual period. The “**adjusted issue price**” of a Discount Note at the beginning of any accrual period is the issue price of the Note increased by (x) the amount of accrued OID for each prior accrual period and decreased by (y) the amount of any payments previously made on the Note that were not qualified stated interest payments.

Acquisition Premium

A U.S. Holder that purchases a Discount Note for an amount less than or equal to the sum of all amounts payable on the Note after the purchase date, other than payments of qualified stated interest, but in excess of its adjusted issue price (any such excess being “**acquisition premium**”) and that does not make the election described below under “Election to Treat All Interest as Original Issue Discount”, is permitted to reduce the daily portions of OID by a fraction, the numerator of which is the excess of the U.S. Holder’s adjusted basis in the Note immediately after its purchase over the Note’s adjusted issue price, and the denominator of which is the excess of the sum of all amounts payable on the Note after the purchase date, other than payments of qualified stated interest, over the Note’s adjusted issue price.

Market Discount

A Note, other than a Short-Term Note, generally will be treated as purchased at a market discount (a “**Market Discount Note**”) if the Note’s stated redemption price at maturity or, in the case of a Discount Note, the Note’s “revised issue price”, exceeds the amount for which the U.S. Holder purchased the Note by at least 0.25 per cent. of the Note’s stated redemption price at maturity or revised issue price, respectively, multiplied by the number of complete years to the Note’s maturity (or, in the case of a Note that is an instalment obligation, the Note’s weighted average maturity). If this excess is not sufficient to cause the Note to be a Market Discount Note, then the excess constitutes “*de minimis* **market discount**”. For this purpose, the “**revised issue price**” of a Note generally equals its issue price, increased by the amount of any OID that has accrued on the Note and decreased by the amount of any payments previously made on the Note that were not qualified stated interest payments.

Under current law, any gain recognised on the maturity or disposition of a Market Discount Note (including any payment on a Note that is not qualified stated interest) will be treated as ordinary income

to the extent that the gain does not exceed the accrued market discount on the Note. Alternatively, a U.S. Holder of a Market Discount Note may elect to include market discount in income currently over the life of the Note. This election shall apply to all debt instruments with market discount acquired by the electing U.S. Holder on or after the first day of the first taxable year to which the election applies. This election may not be revoked without the consent of the Internal Revenue Service (the “**IRS**”). A U.S. Holder of a Market Discount Note that does not elect to include market discount in income currently will generally be required to defer deductions for interest on borrowings incurred to purchase or carry a Market Discount Note that is in excess of the interest and OID on the Note includable in the U.S. Holder’s income, to the extent that this excess interest expense does not exceed the portion of the market discount allocable to the days on which the Market Discount Note was held by the U.S. Holder.

Under current law, market discount will accrue on a straight-line basis unless the U.S. Holder elects to accrue the market discount on a constant-yield method. This election applies only to the Market Discount Note with respect to which it is made and is irrevocable.

Election to Treat All Interest as Original Issue Discount

A U.S. Holder may elect to include in gross income all interest that accrues on a Note using the constant-yield method described above under “Original Issue Discount – General”, with certain modifications. For purposes of this election, interest includes stated interest, OID, *de minimis* OID, market discount, *de minimis* market discount and unstated interest, as adjusted by any amortisable bond premium (described below under “Notes Purchased at a Premium”) or acquisition premium. This election will generally apply only to the Note with respect to which it is made and may not be revoked without the consent of the IRS. If the election to apply the constant-yield method to all interest on a Note is made with respect to a Market Discount Note, the electing U.S. Holder will be treated as having made the election discussed above under “Market Discount” to include market discount in income currently over the life of all debt instruments with market discount held or thereafter acquired by the U.S. Holder. U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisers concerning the propriety and consequences of this election.

Variable Interest Rate Notes

Notes that provide for interest at variable rates (“**Variable Interest Rate Notes**”) generally will bear interest at a “qualified floating rate” and thus will be treated as “variable rate debt instruments” under Treasury regulations governing accrual of OID. A Variable Interest Rate Note will qualify as a “variable rate debt instrument” if (a) its issue price does not exceed the total noncontingent principal payments due under the Variable Interest Rate Note by more than a specified *de minimis* amount, (b) it provides for stated interest, paid or compounded at least annually, at (i) one or more qualified floating rates, (ii) a single fixed rate and one or more qualified floating rates, (iii) a single objective rate, or (iv) a single fixed rate and a single objective rate that is a qualified inverse floating rate and (c) it does not provide for any principal payments that are contingent (other than as described in (a) above).

A “**qualified floating rate**” is any variable rate where variations in the value of the rate can reasonably be expected to measure contemporaneous variations in the cost of newly borrowed funds in the currency in which the Variable Interest Rate Note is denominated. A fixed multiple of a qualified floating rate will constitute a qualified floating rate only if the multiple is greater than 0.65 but not more than 1.35. A variable rate equal to the product of a qualified floating rate and a fixed multiple that is greater than 0.65 but not more than 1.35, increased or decreased by a fixed rate, will also constitute a qualified floating rate. In addition, two or more qualified floating rates that can reasonably be expected to have approximately the same values throughout the term of the Variable Interest Rate Note (e.g., two or more qualified floating rates with values within 25 basis points of each other as determined on the Variable Interest Rate Note’s issue date) will be treated as a single qualified floating rate.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, a variable rate that would otherwise constitute a qualified floating rate but which is subject to one or more restrictions such as a maximum numerical limitation (i.e., a cap) or a minimum numerical limitation (i.e., a floor) may, under certain circumstances, fail to be treated as a qualified floating rate unless the cap or floor is fixed throughout the term of the Note.

An “**objective rate**” is a rate that is not itself a qualified floating rate but which is determined using a single fixed formula and which is based on objective financial or economic information (e.g., one or more qualified floating rates or the yield of actively traded personal property). A rate will not qualify as an objective rate if it is based on information that is within the control of the Issuer (or a related party) or that is unique to the circumstances of the Issuer (or a related party), such as dividends, profits or the value of the Issuer’s stock (although a rate does not fail to be an objective rate merely because it is based on the credit quality of the Issuer). Other variable interest rates may be treated as objective rates if so designated by the IRS in the future. Despite the foregoing, a variable rate of interest on a Variable Interest Rate Note will not constitute an objective rate if it is reasonably expected that the average value of the rate during the first half of the Variable Interest Rate Note’s term will be either significantly less than or significantly greater than the average value of the rate during the final half of the Variable Interest Rate Note’s term. A “**qualified inverse floating rate**” is any objective rate where the rate is equal to a fixed rate minus a qualified floating rate, as long as variations in the rate can reasonably be expected to inversely reflect contemporaneous variations in the qualified floating rate. If a Variable Interest Rate Note provides for stated interest at a fixed rate for an initial period of one year or less followed by a variable rate that is either a qualified floating rate or an objective rate for a subsequent period and if the variable rate on the Variable Interest Rate Note’s issue date is intended to approximate the fixed rate (e.g., the value of the variable rate on the issue date does not differ from the value of the fixed rate by more than 25 basis points), then the fixed rate and the variable rate together will constitute either a single qualified floating rate or objective rate, as the case may be.

A qualified floating rate or objective rate in effect at any time during the term of the instrument must be set at a “current value” of that rate. A “**current value**” of a rate is the value of the rate on any day that is no earlier than 3 months prior to the first day on which that value is in effect and no later than 1 year following that first day.

If a Variable Interest Rate Note that provides for stated interest at either a single qualified floating rate or a single objective rate throughout the term thereof qualifies as a “variable rate debt instrument”, then any stated interest on the Note which is unconditionally payable in cash or property (other than debt instruments of the Issuer) at least annually will constitute qualified stated interest and will be taxed accordingly. Thus, a Variable Interest Rate Note that provides for stated interest at either a single qualified floating rate or a single objective rate throughout the term thereof and that qualifies as a “variable rate debt instrument” will generally not be treated as having been issued with OID unless the Variable Interest Rate Note is issued at a “true” discount (i.e., at a price below the Note’s stated principal amount) in excess of a specified *de minimis* amount. OID on a Variable Interest Rate Note arising from “true” discount is allocated to an accrual period using the constant yield method described above by assuming that the variable rate is a fixed rate equal to (i) in the case of a qualified floating rate or qualified inverse floating rate, the value, as of the issue date, of the qualified floating rate or qualified inverse floating rate, or (ii) in the case of an objective rate (other than a qualified inverse floating rate), a fixed rate that reflects the yield that is reasonably expected for the Variable Interest Rate Note.

In general, any other Variable Interest Rate Note that qualifies as a “variable rate debt instrument” will be converted into an “equivalent” fixed rate debt instrument for purposes of determining the amount and accrual of OID and qualified stated interest on the Variable Interest Rate Note. Such a Variable Interest Rate Note must be converted into an “equivalent” fixed rate debt

instrument by substituting any qualified floating rate or qualified inverse floating rate provided for under the terms of the Variable Interest Rate Note with a fixed rate equal to the value of the qualified floating rate or qualified inverse floating rate, as the case may be, as of the Variable Interest Rate Note's issue date. Any objective rate (other than a qualified inverse floating rate) provided for under the terms of the Variable Interest Rate Note is converted into a fixed rate that reflects the yield that is reasonably expected for the Variable Interest Rate Note. In the case of a Variable Interest Rate Note that qualifies as a "variable rate debt instrument" and provides for stated interest at a fixed rate in addition to either one or more qualified floating rates or a qualified inverse floating rate, the fixed rate is initially converted into a qualified floating rate (or a qualified inverse floating rate, if the Variable Interest Rate Note provides for a qualified inverse floating rate). Under these circumstances, the qualified floating rate or qualified inverse floating rate that replaces the fixed rate must be such that the fair market value of the Variable Interest Rate Note as of the Variable Interest Rate Note's issue date is approximately the same as the fair market value of an otherwise identical debt instrument that provides for either the qualified floating rate or qualified inverse floating rate rather than the fixed rate. Subsequent to converting the fixed rate into either a qualified floating rate or a qualified inverse floating rate, the Variable Interest Rate Note is converted into an "equivalent" fixed rate debt instrument in the manner described above.

Once the Variable Interest Rate Note is converted into an "equivalent" fixed rate debt instrument pursuant to the foregoing rules, the amount of OID and qualified stated interest, if any, are determined for the "equivalent" fixed rate debt instrument by applying the general OID rules to the "equivalent" fixed rate debt instrument and a U.S. Holder of the Variable Interest Rate Note will account for the OID and qualified stated interest as if the U.S. Holder held the "equivalent" fixed rate debt instrument. In each accrual period, appropriate adjustments will be made to the amount of qualified stated interest or OID assumed to have been accrued or paid with respect to the "equivalent" fixed rate debt instrument in the event that these amounts differ from the actual amount of interest accrued or paid on the Variable Interest Rate Note during the accrual period.

If a Variable Interest Rate Note, such as a Note the payments on which are determined by reference to an index, does not qualify as a "variable rate debt instrument", then the Variable Interest Rate Note will be treated as a contingent payment debt obligation, subject to the treatment described below.

Contingent Payment Debt Instruments

Certain Series of Notes may be treated as "contingent payment debt instruments" for U.S. federal income tax purposes ("**Contingent Notes**"). Under applicable U.S. Treasury regulations, interest on Contingent Notes will be treated as OID, and must be accrued on a constant-yield basis based on a yield to maturity that reflects the rate at which the relevant Issuer would issue a comparable fixed-rate non-exchangeable instrument (the "**comparable yield**"), in accordance with a projected payment schedule. This projected payment schedule must include each non-contingent payment on the Contingent Notes and an estimated amount for each contingent payment, and must produce the comparable yield.

The relevant Issuer is required to provide to holders, solely for U.S. federal income tax purposes, a schedule of the projected amounts of payments on Contingent Notes. This schedule must produce the comparable yield. The comparable yield and projected payment schedule will be available from the relevant Issuer by submitting a written request for such information to the address provided in the Final Terms.

THE COMPARABLE YIELD AND PROJECTED PAYMENT SCHEDULE WILL NOT BE DETERMINED FOR ANY PURPOSE OTHER THAN FOR THE DETERMINATION OF INTEREST ACCRUALS AND ADJUSTMENTS THEREOF IN RESPECT OF CONTINGENT NOTES FOR UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES AND WILL NOT

CONSTITUTE A PROJECTION OR REPRESENTATION REGARDING THE ACTUAL AMOUNTS PAYABLE TO THE HOLDERS OF THE NOTES.

If a Series is subject to the contingent payment debt instrument rules, the Issuer will provide information regarding the comparable yield and the projected payment schedule for the Series. The use of the comparable yield and the calculation of the projected payment schedule is based upon a number of assumptions and estimates and is not a prediction, representation or guarantee of the actual amounts of interest that may be paid to a U.S. Holder or the actual yield of the Contingent Notes. A U.S. Holder will generally be bound by the comparable yield and the projected payment schedule determined by the Issuer, unless the U.S. Holder determines its own comparable yield and projected payment schedule and explicitly discloses such schedule to the IRS, and explains to the IRS the reason for preparing its own schedule. The Issuer's determination, however, is not binding on the IRS, and it is possible that the IRS could conclude that some other comparable yield or projected payment schedule should be used instead.

A U.S. Holder of a Contingent Note will generally be required to include OID in income pursuant to the rules discussed in the third paragraph under "Original Issue Discount – General", above, applied to the projected payment schedule. The "**adjusted issue price**" of a Contingent Note at the beginning of any accrual period is the issue price of the Note increased by the amount of accrued OID for each prior accrual period, and decreased by the projected amount of any payments on the Note. No additional income will be recognised upon the receipt of payments of stated interest in amounts equal to the annual payments included in the projected payment schedule described above. Any differences between actual payments received by the U.S. Holder on the Notes in a taxable year and the projected amount of those payments will be accounted for as additional interest (in the case of a positive adjustment) or as an offset to interest income in respect of the Note (in the case of a negative adjustment), for the taxable year in which the actual payment is made. If the negative adjustment for any taxable year exceeds the amount of OID on the Contingent Note for that year, the excess will be treated as an ordinary loss, but only to the extent the U.S. Holder's total OID inclusions on the Contingent Note exceed the total amount of any ordinary loss in respect of the Contingent Note claimed by the U.S. Holder under this rule in prior taxable years. Any negative adjustment that is not allowed as an ordinary loss for the taxable year is carried forward to the next taxable year, and is taken into account in determining whether the U.S. Holder has a net positive or negative adjustment for that year. However, any negative adjustment that is carried forward to a taxable year in which the Contingent Note is sold, exchanged or retired, to the extent not applied to OID accrued for such year, reduces the U.S. Holder's amount realised on the sale, exchange or retirement.

Short-Term Notes

In general, an individual or other cash basis U.S. Holder of a Short-Term Note is not required to accrue OID (as specially defined below for the purposes of this paragraph) for U.S. federal income tax purposes unless it elects to do so (but may be required to include any stated interest in income as the interest is received). Accrual basis U.S. Holders and certain other U.S. Holders are required to accrue OID on Short-Term Notes on a straight-line basis or, if the U.S. Holder so elects, under the constant-yield method (based on daily compounding). In the case of a U.S. Holder not required and not electing to include OID in income currently, any gain realised on the sale or retirement of the Short-Term Note will be ordinary income to the extent of the OID accrued on a straight-line basis (unless an election is made to accrue the OID under the constant-yield method) through the date of sale or retirement. U.S. Holders who are not required and do not elect to accrue OID on Short-Term Notes will be required to defer deductions for interest on borrowings allocable to Short-Term Notes in an amount not exceeding the deferred income until the deferred income is realised.

For purposes of determining the amount of OID subject to these rules, all interest payments on a Short-Term Note are included in the Short-Term Note's stated redemption price at maturity. A U.S. Holder may elect to determine OID on a Short-Term Note as if the Short-Term Note had been originally issued to the U.S. Holder at the U.S. Holder's purchase price for the Short-Term Note. This election shall apply to all obligations with a maturity of one year or less acquired by the U.S. Holder on or after the first day of the first taxable year to which the election applies, and may not be revoked without the consent of the IRS.

Fungible Issue

The Issuer may, without the consent of the Holders of outstanding Notes, issue additional Notes with identical terms. These additional Notes, even if they are treated for non-tax purposes as part of the same series as the original Notes, in some cases may be treated as a separate series for U.S. federal income tax purposes. In such a case, the additional Notes may be considered to have been issued with OID even if the original Notes had no OID, or the additional Notes may have a greater amount of OID than the original Notes. These differences may affect the market value of the original Notes if the additional Notes are not otherwise distinguishable from the original Notes.

Notes Purchased at a Premium

A U.S. Holder that purchases a Note for an amount in excess of its principal amount, or for a Discount Note, its stated redemption price at maturity, may elect to treat the excess as "amortisable bond premium", in which case the amount required to be included in the U.S. Holder's income each year with respect to interest on the Note will be reduced by the amount of amortisable bond premium allocable (based on the Note's yield to maturity) to that year. Any election to amortise bond premium shall apply to all bonds (other than bonds the interest on which is excludable from gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes) held by the U.S. Holder at the beginning of the first taxable year to which the election applies or thereafter acquired by the U.S. Holder, and is irrevocable without the consent of the IRS. See also "Original Issue Discount – Election to Treat All Interest as Original Issue Discount".

Substitution of Issuer

The terms of the Notes provide that, in certain circumstances, the obligations of the Issuer under the Notes may be assumed by another entity. Any such assumption might be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a deemed disposition of Notes by a U.S. Holder in exchange for new notes issued by the new obligor. As a result of this deemed disposition, a U.S. Holder could be required to recognise capital gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes equal to the difference, if any, between the issue price of the new notes (as determined for U.S. federal income tax purposes), and the U.S. Holder's tax basis in the Notes. U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisers concerning the U.S. federal income tax consequences to them of a change in obligor with respect to the Notes.

Purchase, Sale and Retirement of Notes

Notes other than Contingent Notes

A U.S. Holder's tax basis in a Note will generally be its cost, increased by the amount of any OID or market discount included in the U.S. Holder's income with respect to the Note and the amount, if any, of income attributable to *de minimis* OID and *de minimis* market discount included in the U.S. Holder's income with respect to the Note, and reduced by (i) the amount of any payments that are not qualified stated interest payments, and (ii) the amount of any amortisable bond premium applied to reduce interest on the Note.

A U.S. Holder will generally recognise gain or loss on the sale or retirement of a Note equal to the difference between the amount realised on the sale or retirement and the tax basis of the Note. The

amount realised does not include the amount attributable to accrued but unpaid interest, which will be taxable as interest income to the extent not previously included in income. Except to the extent described above under “Original Issue Discount – Market Discount” or “Original Issue Discount – Short Term Notes” or attributable to changes in exchange rates (as discussed below), gain or loss recognised on the sale or retirement of a Note will be capital gain or loss and will be long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. Holder’s holding period in the Notes exceeds one year. Gain or loss realised by a U.S. Holder on the sale or retirement of a Note generally will be U.S. source.

Contingent Notes

Gain from the sale or retirement of a Contingent Note will be treated as interest income taxable at ordinary income (rather than capital gains) rates. Any loss will be ordinary loss to the extent that the U.S. Holder’s total interest inclusions to the date of sale or retirement exceed the total net negative adjustments that the U.S. Holder took into account as ordinary loss, and any further loss will be capital loss. Gain or loss realised by a U.S. Holder on the sale or retirement of a Contingent Note issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer will generally be foreign source.

A U.S. Holder’s tax basis in a Contingent Note will generally be equal to its cost, increased by the amount of interest previously accrued with respect to the Note (determined without regard to any positive or negative adjustments reflecting the difference between actual payments and projected payments), increased or decreased by the amount of any positive or negative adjustment that the Holder is required to make to account for the difference between the Holder’s purchase price for the Note and the adjusted issue price of the Note at the time of the purchase, and decreased by the amount of any projected payments scheduled to be made on the Note to the U.S. Holder through such date (without regard to the actual amount paid).

Foreign Currency Notes

Interest

If an interest payment is denominated in, or determined by reference to, a foreign currency, the amount of income recognised by a cash basis U.S. Holder will be the U.S. dollar value of the interest payment, based on the exchange rate in effect on the date of receipt, regardless of whether the payment is in fact converted into U.S. dollars.

An accrual basis U.S. Holder may determine the amount of income recognised with respect to an interest payment denominated in, or determined by reference to, a foreign currency in accordance with either of two methods. Under the first method, the amount of income accrued will be based on the average exchange rate in effect during the interest accrual period (or, in the case of an accrual period that spans two taxable years of a U.S. Holder, the part of the period within the taxable year).

Under the second method, the U.S. Holder may elect to determine the amount of income accrued on the basis of the exchange rate in effect on the last day of the accrual period (or, in the case of an accrual period that spans two taxable years, the exchange rate in effect on the last day of the part of the period within the taxable year). Additionally, if a payment of interest is actually received within five business days of the last day of the accrual period, an electing accrual basis U.S. Holder may instead translate the accrued interest into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect on the day of actual receipt. Any such election will apply to all debt instruments held by the U.S. Holder at the beginning of the first taxable year to which the election applies or thereafter acquired by the U.S. Holder, and will be irrevocable without the consent of the IRS.

Upon receipt of an interest payment (including a payment attributable to accrued but unpaid interest upon the sale or retirement of a Note) denominated in, or determined by reference to, a foreign

currency, the U.S. Holder may recognise U.S. source exchange gain or loss (taxable as ordinary income or loss) equal to the difference between the amount received (translated into U.S. dollars at the spot rate on the date of receipt) and the amount previously accrued, regardless of whether the payment is in fact converted into U.S. dollars.

OID

OID for each accrual period on a Discount Note that is denominated in, or determined by reference to, a foreign currency, will be determined in the foreign currency and then translated into U.S. dollars in the same manner as stated interest accrued by an accrual basis U.S. Holder, as described above. Upon receipt of an amount attributable to OID (whether in connection with a payment on the Note or a sale of the Note), a U.S. Holder may recognise U.S. source exchange gain or loss (taxable as ordinary income or loss) equal to the difference between the amount received (translated into U.S. dollars at the spot rate on the date of receipt) and the amount previously accrued, regardless of whether the payment is in fact converted into U.S. dollars.

Market Discount

Market Discount on a Note that is denominated in, or determined by reference to, a foreign currency, will be accrued in the foreign currency. If the U.S. Holder elects to include market discount in income currently, the accrued market discount will be translated into U.S. dollars at the average exchange rate for the accrual period (or portion thereof within the U.S. Holder's taxable year). Upon the receipt of an amount attributable to accrued market discount, the U.S. Holder may recognise U.S. source exchange gain or loss (which will be taxable as ordinary income or loss) determined in the same manner as for accrued interest or OID. A U.S. Holder that does not elect to include market discount in income currently will recognise, upon the disposition or maturity of the Note, the U.S. dollar value of the amount accrued, calculated at the spot rate on that date, and no part of this accrued market discount will be treated as exchange gain or loss.

Bond Premium

Bond premium (including acquisition premium) on a Note that is denominated in, or determined by reference to, a foreign currency, will be computed in units of the foreign currency, and any such bond premium that is taken into account currently will reduce interest income in units of the foreign currency. On the date bond premium offsets interest income, a U.S. Holder may recognise U.S. source exchange gain or loss (taxable as ordinary income or loss) equal to the amount offset multiplied by the difference between the spot rate in effect on the date of the offset, and the spot rate in effect on the date the Notes were acquired by the U.S. Holder. A U.S. Holder that does not elect to take bond premium (other than acquisition premium) into account currently will recognise a market loss when the Note matures.

Foreign Currency Contingent Notes

Special rules apply to determine the accrual of OID, and the amount, timing, source and character of any gain or loss on a Contingent Note that is denominated in, or determined by reference to, a foreign currency (a "**Foreign Currency Contingent Note**"). The rules applicable to Foreign Currency Contingent Notes are complex, and U.S. Holders are urged to consult their tax advisers concerning the application of these rules.

Under these rules, a U.S. Holder of a Foreign Currency Contingent Note will generally be required to accrue OID in the foreign currency in which the Foreign Currency Contingent Note is denominated (i) at a yield at which the Issuer would issue a fixed rate debt instrument denominated in the same foreign currency with terms and conditions similar to those of the Foreign Currency Contingent Note, and (ii) in accordance with a projected payment schedule determined by the Issuer,

under rules similar to those described above under “Contingent Payment Debt Instruments”. The amount of OID on a Foreign Currency Contingent Note that accrues in any accrual period will be the product of the comparable yield of the Foreign Currency Contingent Note (adjusted to reflect the length of the accrual period) and the adjusted issue price of the Foreign Currency Contingent Note. The adjusted issue price of a Foreign Currency Contingent Note will generally be determined under the rules described above, and will be denominated in the foreign currency of the Foreign Currency Contingent Note.

OID on a Foreign Currency Contingent Note will be translated into U.S. dollars under translation rules similar to those described above under “Foreign Currency Notes – Interest”. Any positive adjustment (i.e. the excess of actual payments over projected payments) in respect of a Foreign Currency Contingent Note for a taxable year will be translated into U.S. dollars at the spot rate on the last day of the taxable year in which the adjustment is taken into account, or if earlier, the date on which the Foreign Currency Contingent Note is disposed of. The amount of any negative adjustment on a Foreign Currency Contingent Note (i.e. the excess of projected payments over actual payments) that is offset against accrued but unpaid OID will be translated into U.S. dollars at the same rate as which such OID was accrued. To the extent a net negative adjustment exceeds the amount of accrued but unpaid OID, the negative adjustment will be treated as offsetting OID that has accrued and been paid on the Foreign Currency Contingent Note, and will be translated into U.S. dollars at the spot rate on the date the Foreign Currency Contingent Note was issued. Any net negative adjustment carry forward will be carried forward in the relevant foreign currency.

Sale or Retirement

Notes other than Foreign Currency Contingent Notes

As discussed above under “Purchase, Sale and Retirement of Notes”, a U.S. Holder will generally recognise gain or loss on the sale or retirement of a Note equal to the difference between the amount realised on the sale or retirement and its tax basis in the Note. A U.S. Holder’s tax basis in a Note that is denominated in a foreign currency will be determined by reference to the U.S. dollar cost of the Note. The U.S. dollar cost of a Note purchased with foreign currency will generally be the U.S. dollar value of the purchase price on the date of purchase or, the settlement date for purchase in the case of Notes traded on an established securities market, as defined in the applicable Treasury Regulations, that are purchased by a cash basis U.S. Holder (or an accrual basis U.S. Holder that so elects).

The amount realised on a sale or retirement for an amount in foreign currency will be the U.S. dollar value of this amount on the date of sale or retirement or, the settlement date for the sale in the case of Notes traded on an established securities market, as defined in the applicable Treasury Regulations, sold by a cash basis U.S. Holder (or an accrual basis U.S. Holder that so elects). Such an election by an accrual basis U.S. Holder must be applied consistently from year to year and cannot be revoked without the consent of the IRS.

A U.S. Holder will recognise U.S. source exchange rate gain or loss (taxable as ordinary income or loss) on the sale or retirement of a Note equal to the difference, if any, between the U.S. dollar values of the U.S. Holder’s purchase price for the Note (i) on the date of sale or retirement and (ii) the date on which the U.S. Holder acquired the Note. Any such exchange rate gain or loss will be realised only to the extent of total gain or loss realised on the sale or retirement (including any exchange gain or loss with respect to the receipt of accrued but unpaid interest).

Foreign Currency Contingent Notes

Upon a sale, exchange or retirement of a Foreign Currency Contingent Note, a U.S. Holder will generally recognise taxable gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realised on the sale,

exchange or retirement and the U.S. Holder's tax basis in the Foreign Currency Contingent Note, both translated into U.S. dollars as described below. A U.S. Holder's tax basis in a Foreign Currency Contingent Note will equal (i) the cost thereof (translated into U.S. dollars at the spot rate on the issue date), (ii) increased by the amount of OID previously accrued on the Foreign Currency Contingent Note (disregarding any positive or negative adjustments and translated into U.S. dollars using the exchange rate applicable to such OID) and (iii) decreased by the projected amount of all prior payments in respect of the Foreign Currency Contingent Note. The U.S. dollar amount of the projected payments described in clause (iii) of the preceding sentence is determined by (i) first allocating the payments to the most recently accrued OID to which prior amounts have not already been allocated and translating those amounts into U.S. dollars at the rate at which the OID was accrued and (ii) then allocating any remaining amount to principal and translating such amount into U.S. dollars at the spot rate on the date the Foreign Currency Contingent Note was acquired by the U.S. Holder. For this purpose, any accrued OID reduced by a negative adjustment carry forward will be treated as principal.

The amount realised by a U.S. Holder upon the sale, exchange or retirement of a Foreign Currency Contingent Note will equal the amount of cash and the fair market value (determined in foreign currency) of any property received. If a U.S. Holder holds a Foreign Currency Contingent Note until its scheduled maturity, the U.S. dollar equivalent of the amount realised will be determined by separating such amount realised into principal and one or more OID components, based on the principal and OID comprising the U.S. Holder's basis, with the amount realised allocated first to OID (and allocated to the most recently accrued amounts first) and any remaining amounts allocated to principal. The U.S. dollar equivalent of the amount realised upon a sale, exchange or unscheduled retirement of a Foreign Currency Contingent Note will be determined in a similar manner, but will first be allocated to principal and then any accrued OID (and will be allocated to the earliest accrued amounts first). Each component of the amount realised will be translated into U.S. dollars using the exchange rate used with respect to the corresponding principal or accrued OID. The amount of any gain realised upon a sale, exchange or unscheduled retirement of a Foreign Currency Contingent Note will be equal to the excess of the amount realised over the holder's tax basis, both expressed in foreign currency, and will be translated into U.S. dollars using the spot rate on the payment date. Gain from the sale or retirement of a Foreign Currency Contingent Note will generally be treated as interest income taxable at ordinary income (rather than capital gains) rates. Any loss will be ordinary loss to the extent that the U.S. Holder's total OID inclusions to the date of sale or retirement exceed the total net negative adjustments that the U.S. Holder took into account as ordinary loss, and any further loss will be capital loss. Gain or loss realised by a U.S. Holder on the sale or retirement of a Foreign Currency Contingent Note issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer will generally be foreign source.

A U.S. Holder will also recognise U.S. source exchange rate gain or loss (taxable as ordinary income or loss) on the receipt of foreign currency in respect of a Foreign Currency Contingent Note if the exchange rate in effect on the date the payment is received differs from the rate applicable to the principal or accrued OID to which such payment relates.

Disposition of Foreign Currency

Foreign currency received as interest on a Note or on the sale or retirement of a Note will have a tax basis equal to its U.S. dollar value at the time the interest is received or at the time of the sale or retirement. Foreign currency that is purchased will generally have a tax basis equal to the U.S. dollar value of the foreign currency on the date of purchase. Any gain or loss recognised on a sale or other disposition of a foreign currency (including its use to purchase Notes or upon exchange for U.S. dollars) will be U.S. source ordinary income or loss.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting

In general, payments of interest and accruals of OID on, and the proceeds of a sale, redemption or other disposition of, the Notes, payable to a U.S. Holder by a U.S. paying agent or other U.S. intermediary will be reported to the IRS and to the U.S. Holder as may be required under applicable regulations. Backup withholding will apply to these payments, including payments of accrued OID if the U.S. Holder fails to provide an accurate taxpayer identification number or certification of exempt status or fails to report all interest and dividends required to be shown on its U.S. federal income tax returns. Certain U.S. Holders (including, among others, corporations) are not subject to backup withholding. U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisers as to their qualification for exemption from backup withholding and the procedure for obtaining an exemption.

Reportable Transactions

A U.S. taxpayer that participates in a “reportable transaction” will be required to disclose its participation to the IRS. The scope and application of these rules is not entirely clear. A U.S. Holder may be required to treat a foreign currency exchange loss from the Notes as a reportable transaction if the loss exceeds U.S.\$50,000 in a single taxable year, if the U.S. Holder is an individual or trust, or higher amounts for other non-individual U.S. Holders. In the event the acquisition, holding or disposition of Notes constitutes participation in a “reportable transaction” for purposes of these rules, a U.S. Holder will be required to disclose its investment by filing Form 8886 with the IRS. A penalty in the amount of U.S.\$10,000 in the case of a natural person and U.S.\$50,000 in all other cases is generally imposed on any taxpayer that fails to timely file an information return with the IRS with respect to a transaction resulting in a loss that is treated as a reportable transaction. Accordingly, if a U.S. Holder realises a loss on any Note (or, possibly, aggregate losses from the Notes) satisfying the monetary thresholds discussed above, the U.S. Holder could be required to file an information return with the IRS, and failure to do so may subject the U.S. Holder to the penalties described above. In addition, the Issuer and its advisers may also be required to disclose the transaction to the IRS, and to maintain a list of U.S. Holders, and to furnish this list and certain other information to the IRS upon written request. Prospective purchasers are urged to consult their tax advisers regarding the application of these rules to the acquisition, holding or disposition of Notes.

Foreign Financial Asset Reporting

Legislation enacted in 2010 imposes new reporting requirements on the holding of certain foreign financial assets, including debt of foreign entities, if the aggregate value of all of these assets exceeds \$50,000 at the end of the taxable year or \$75,000 at any time during the taxable year. (The thresholds are higher for individuals living outside the United States and married couples filing jointly.) The Notes are expected to constitute foreign financial assets subject to these requirements unless the Notes are regularly traded on an established securities market or held in an account at a financial institution (in which case, the account may be reportable if maintained by a foreign financial institution). U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors regarding the application of this legislation.

FATCA Withholding

Pursuant to the foreign account tax compliance provisions of the Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act of 2010 (“**FATCA**”), non-U.S. financial institutions that enter into agreements with the IRS (“**IRS Agreements**”) or become subject to provisions of local law intended to implement an intergovernmental agreement (“**IGA legislation**”) entered into pursuant to FATCA, may be required to identify “financial accounts” held by U.S. persons or entities with substantial U.S. ownership, as well as

accounts of other financial institutions that are not themselves participating in (or otherwise exempt from) the FATCA reporting regime. In order (a) to obtain an exemption from FATCA withholding on payments it receives and/or (b) to comply with any applicable laws in its jurisdiction, a financial institution that enters into an IRS Agreement or is subject to IGA legislation may be required to (i) report certain information on its U.S. account holders to the government of the United States or another relevant jurisdiction and (ii) withhold 30 per cent. from all, or a portion of, certain payments made to persons that fail to provide the financial institution information, consents and forms or other documentation that may be necessary for such financial institution to determine whether such person is compliant with FATCA or otherwise exempt from FATCA withholding.

Under FATCA, withholding may be required with respect to payments to persons that are not compliant with FATCA or that do not provide the necessary information, consents or documentation made on or after (i) January 1, 2014 in respect of certain US source payments, including amounts treated as Dividend Equivalent Payments, (ii) January 1, 2017, in respect of payments of gross proceeds (including principal repayments) on certain assets that produce US source interest or dividends and (iii) January 1, 2017 (at the earliest) in respect of “foreign passthru payments” and then only on “obligations” that are not treated as equity for U.S. federal income tax purposes and that are issued or materially modified on or after (a) January 1, 2014, and (b) if later, in the case of an obligation that pays only foreign passthru payments, the date that is six months after the date on which the final regulations applicable to “foreign passthru payments” are filed in the Federal Register. Whilst the Notes are in global form and held within Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. or Clearstream Banking, société anonyme (together, the “ICSDs”), it is expected that FATCA will not affect the amount of any payments made under, or in respect of, the Notes by the Issuer, any paying agent and the common depositary, given that each of the entities in the payment chain beginning with the Issuer and ending with the ICSDs is a major financial institution whose business is dependent on compliance with FATCA and that any alternative approach introduced under an intergovernmental agreement will be unlikely to affect the Notes. The documentation expressly contemplates the possibility that the Notes may go into definitive form and therefore that they may be taken out of the ICSDs. If this were to happen, then a non-FATCA compliant holder could be subject to withholding. However, definitive Notes will only be printed in remote circumstances.

Withholding on Dividend Equivalent Payments

Due to U.S. legislation enacted in 2010, payments on any Note that are, in whole or in part, directly or indirectly contingent upon, or determined by reference to, the payment of a dividend from a U.S. entity (a “**Dividend Equivalent Payment**”) may become subject to a 30 per cent. U.S. withholding tax when made to Non-U.S. Holders. The imposition of this U.S. withholding tax will reduce the amounts received by Non-U.S. Holders. If a Non-U.S. Holder becomes subject to this withholding tax, the Non-U.S. Holder may be able to claim any exemptions under its applicable double tax treaty. The application and interpretation of the rules governing U.S. withholding tax on Dividend Equivalent Payments is subject to change.

ERISA AND CERTAIN OTHER U.S. CONSIDERATIONS

The U.S. Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA), imposes certain requirements on “employee benefit plans” (as defined in Section 3(3) of ERISA) subject to ERISA, including entities such as collective investment funds and separate accounts whose underlying assets include the assets of such plans (collectively, “**ERISA Plans**”) and on those persons who are fiduciaries with respect to ERISA Plans.

Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “**Code**”) prohibit certain transactions involving the assets of an ERISA Plan (as well as those plans that are not subject to ERISA but which are subject to Section 4975 of the Code, such as individual retirement accounts (together with ERISA Plans, “**Plans**”)) and certain persons (referred to as “parties in interest” or “disqualified persons”) having certain relationships to such Plans, unless a statutory or administrative exemption is applicable to the transaction. Prohibited transactions within the meaning of Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code may arise if any Notes are acquired by a Plan with respect to which the Issuers, the Arranger or the Dealers or any of their respective affiliates are a party in interest or a disqualified person. Certain exemptions from the prohibited transaction provisions of Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code may be applicable, however, depending in part on the type of Plan fiduciary making the decision to acquire Notes and the circumstances under which such decision is made. Included among these exemptions are Section 408(b)(17) of ERISA and Section 4975(d)(20) of the Code (relating to certain transactions between a plan and a non-fiduciary service provider), Prohibited Transaction Class Exemption (“**PTCE**”) 95-60 (relating to investments by insurance company general accounts), PTCE 91-38 (relating to investments by bank collective investment funds), PTCE 84-14 (relating to transactions effected by a “qualified professional asset manager”), PTCE 90-1 (relating to investments by insurance company pooled separate accounts) and PTCE 96-23 (relating to transactions determined by an in-house asset manager). There can be no assurance that any exception or exemption from the prohibited transaction rules will be available with respect to any particular transaction involving the Notes, or that, if an exemption is available, it will cover all aspects of any particular transaction. Governmental plans (as defined in Section 3(32) of ERISA), certain church plans (as defined in Section 3(33) of ERISA), non-U.S. plans (as described in Section 4(b)(4) of ERISA) and other employee benefit plans, while not subject to the fiduciary responsibility provisions of ERISA or the provisions of Section 4975 of the Code, may nevertheless be subject to other federal, state, local or non-U.S. laws that are substantially similar to Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code (“**Similar Law**”). Fiduciaries of any such plans should consult with their counsel before purchasing any Notes.

Unless otherwise stated in the Final Terms, each purchaser and transferee of any Registered Notes issued pursuant to Rule 144A will be deemed to have represented and agreed either that (i) it is not and for so long as it holds a Note (or any interest therein) will not be an ERISA Plan or other Plan (including an entity whose underlying assets include the assets of any such ERISA Plan or other Plan) or a governmental, church, non-U.S. or other employee benefit plan which is subject to Similar Law, or (ii) its acquisition, holding and disposition of the Notes will not result in a prohibited transaction under Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code (or, in the case of such a governmental, church, non-U.S. or other employee benefit plan, Similar Law for which an exemption is not available).

Each purchaser and transferee of Notes other than Registered Notes issued pursuant to Rule 144A will be deemed to have represented and agreed either that (i) it is not and for so long as it holds a Note (or any interest therein) will not be an ERISA Plan or other Plan (including an entity whose underlying assets include the assets of any such ERISA Plan or other Plan) or a governmental, church, non-U.S. or

other employee benefit plan which is subject to Similar Law, or (ii) it is a governmental, church, non-U.S. or other employee benefit plan which is subject to Similar Law, and its acquisition, holding and disposition of the Notes will not result in a prohibited transaction under such Similar Law for which an exemption is not available.

The foregoing discussion is general in nature and not intended to be all-inclusive. Any Plan fiduciary who proposes to cause a Plan to purchase any Notes should consult with its counsel regarding the applicability of the fiduciary responsibility and prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code to such an investment, and to confirm that such investment will not constitute or result in a non-exempt prohibited transaction or any other violation of an applicable requirement of ERISA.

The sale of Notes to a Plan is in no respect a representation by the Issuers, the Arranger or the Dealers that such an investment meets all relevant requirements with respect to investments by Plans generally or any particular Plan, or that such an investment is appropriate for Plans generally or any particular Plan.

SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE

On 13 September 2005, ING Bank N.V. and ING Financial Markets LLC signed a Programme Agreement (as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, the “**Global Programme Agreement**”), and ING Financial Markets LLC was appointed as a Dealer in respect of Note issues by the Global Issuer under the Programme. ING Belgium SA/NV acceded to the Programme Agreement as a Dealer on 8 December 2005.

As of 29 June 2007, the Americas Issuer, ING Bank N.V. and ING Belgium SA/NV signed a Programme Agreement (as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, the “**Americas Programme Agreement**”) and ING Bank N.V. and ING Belgium SA/NV were appointed as Dealers in respect of Note issues by the Americas Issuer under the Programme. ING Financial Markets LLC acceded to the Americas Programme Agreement as a Dealer on 30 March 2012.

One or more other Dealers may be appointed under the Programme in respect of issues of Notes by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer in the future. The Issuers may also issue Notes directly to purchasers thereof.

The Global Issuer has prepared the Global Programme Agreement to which any Dealer to be appointed in connection with issues of Notes by the Global Issuer under the Programme will be required to accede, and pursuant to which any such Dealer may from time to time agree to purchase Notes issued by the Global Issuer. In the Global Programme Agreement, the Global Issuer has agreed to reimburse the relevant Dealers for certain of their expenses in connection with the Programme and the issue of Notes by the Global Issuer under it.

The Americas Issuer has prepared the Americas Programme Agreement to which any Dealer to be appointed in connection with issues of Notes by the Americas Issuer under the Programme will be required to accede, and pursuant to which any such Dealer may from time to time agree to purchase Notes issued by the Americas Issuer. In the Americas Programme Agreement, the Americas Issuer has agreed to reimburse the relevant Dealers for certain of their expenses in connection with the Programme and the issue of Notes by the Americas Issuer under it.

United States

The Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer

The Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer and the guarantee of the Guaranteed Americas Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons except in certain transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings assigned to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

Each Dealer will be required to represent and agree, save as described below in respect of Registered Notes issued in the United States, that it will not offer, sell or, in the case of bearer notes, deliver Notes issued by the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer of any Series (i) as part of its distribution at any time or (ii) otherwise until 40 days after the completion of the distribution of an identifiable tranche of which Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) are a part, as determined by the relevant Dealer or, in the case of an identifiable tranche of Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) sold on a syndicated basis, the relevant lead manager, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons. Each Dealer will be required to further agree that it will have sent to each dealer to which it sells Notes issued by the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer during the distribution compliance period (other than resales pursuant to Rule 144A) a confirmation or other notice

setting forth the restrictions on offers and sales of the Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons. Until 40 days after the commencement of the offering of any identifiable tranche of Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be), an offer or sale of Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) within the United States by any dealer, whether or not participating in the offering, may violate the registration requirements of the Securities Act if such offer or sale is made otherwise than in accordance with Rule 144A. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S of the Securities Act.

Notes in bearer form

Notes issued by the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer in bearer form are subject to U.S. tax law requirements and may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or its possessions or to a United States person, except in certain transactions permitted by U.S. tax regulations. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and regulations thereunder.

Registered Notes

Offers, sales, resales and other transfers of Registered Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer in the United States (including offers, resales or other transfers made or approved by a Dealer in connection with secondary trading) shall be effected pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act.

Offers, sales, resales and other transfers of Registered Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer in the United States will be made only to Accredited Investors upon the delivery of an investment representation letter substantially in the form set out in Exhibit I to Appendix B of the Global Programme Agreement, or the Americas Programme Agreement (as the case may be) or, in the case of Registered Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) resold or otherwise transferred pursuant to Rule 144A, to institutional investors that are reasonably believed to qualify as QIBs who are also with respect to Notes issued by the Americas Issuer qualified purchasers.

Registered Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer will be offered in the United States only by approaching prospective purchasers on an individual basis. No general solicitation or general advertising (as such terms are used in Rule 502 under the Securities Act) will be used in connection with the offering of the Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer in the United States and no directed selling efforts (as defined in Regulation S) shall be used in connection therewith.

No sale of Registered Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer in the United States to any one purchaser will be for less than U.S.\$150,000 principal amount or, in the case of sales to Accredited Investors, U.S.\$250,000 principal amount, and no Registered Note issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) will be issued in connection with such a sale in a smaller principal amount. If the purchaser is a non-bank fiduciary acting on behalf of others, each person for whom it is acting must purchase at least U.S.\$150,000 or, in the case of sales to Accredited Investors, U.S.\$250,000 principal amount of Registered Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be).

Each Registered Global Note issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer shall contain a legend stating that the relevant Registered Global Note issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) and the guarantee of the Guaranteed Americas Notes has not been, and will not be, registered under the Securities Act or with any securities regulatory authority of any State or other jurisdiction of the United States, that any resale or other transfer of such Registered Global Note issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) or any interest therein may be made only:

- (a) to a Dealer;
- (b) to a qualified institutional buyer, who with respect to Notes issued by the Americas Issuer is reasonably believed to be a qualified purchaser, in a transaction which meets the requirements of Rule 144A;
- (c) outside the United States pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act; or
- (d) pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act provided by Rule 144 thereunder (if available),

and, in the case of a sale pursuant to (c) above, upon receipt by the relevant Dealer or the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer, as the case may be, of certification as to compliance therewith by the parties to such transfer. Resale or secondary market transfer of Registered Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer in the United States may be made in the manner and to the parties specified above. The following legend will be included on each Registered Note issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer:

“The Notes and the guarantee of the Guaranteed Americas Notes (as the case may be) represented by this certificate have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “**Securities Act**”) or with any securities regulatory authority of any State or other jurisdiction of the United States, and may not be offered, sold, pledged or otherwise transferred in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons except pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act or an exemption from registration under the Securities Act. The transfer of this Note is subject to certain conditions, including those set forth in the form of transfer letters available upon request from the Registrar, The Bank of New York Mellon, (the “**Registrar**”). The holder hereof, by purchasing this Note, agrees for the benefit of the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) and the Dealers (if any) that (A) this Note may be resold only (1) to a Dealer (if any), (2) to a qualified institutional buyer (as defined in Rule 144A under the Securities Act), who is also with respect to Notes issued by the Americas Issuer a qualified purchaser, in a transaction that meets the requirements of Rule 144A under the Securities Act, (3) outside the United States pursuant to Rule 903 or Rule 904 of Regulation S under the Securities Act in a transaction meeting the requirements set forth in the applicable certification available from the Registrar or (4) pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act provided by Rule 144 thereunder (if available) and in each case in accordance with any applicable securities laws of any State of the United States or any other jurisdiction and (B) the holder will, and each subsequent holder is required to, notify any purchaser of this Note from it of the transfer restrictions referred to in (A) above. No representation can be made as to availability of the exemption provided by Rule 144 under the Securities Act for resales of this Note. Any resale or other transfer, or attempted resale or other transfer, of Notes made other than in compliance with the foregoing restrictions shall not be recognised by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be), the relevant Registrar or any other agent of the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer.”

Furthermore, any resale or other transfer, or attempted resale or other transfer, of Registered Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer made other than in compliance with the foregoing restrictions shall not be recognised by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) or any agent of the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) and all Registered Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer will bear a legend to this effect.

By its purchase of any Registered Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer, each investor in the United States purchasing Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer pursuant

to Rule 144A shall be deemed to have agreed to the above restrictions and each such purchaser shall be deemed to have represented to the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be), the seller and the Dealer, if applicable, that it is a qualified institutional buyer, who is also with respect to Notes issued by the Americas Issuer a qualified purchaser, and is aware that the sale to it is being made in reliance on Rule 144A.

In connection with its purchase of Registered Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer, each Accredited Investor shall deliver to the relevant Dealer(s) or the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be), as applicable, a letter stating, among other things, that:

- (a) it is an Accredited Investor or, if the Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) are to be purchased for one or more institutional accounts (“**investor accounts**”) for which it is acting as fiduciary or agent (except if it is a bank as defined in section 3(a)(2), or a savings and loan association or other institution as described in section 3(a)(5)(A), under the Securities Act whether acting in its individual or in a fiduciary capacity), each such account is an institutional investor and an accredited investor on a like basis;
- (b) in the normal course of business, it invests in or purchases securities similar to the Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be), and it has such knowledge and experience in financial and business matters that it is capable of evaluating the merits and risks of purchasing any of the Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be); and
- (c) it is aware that it (or any investor account) may be required to bear the economic risk of an investment in each Note issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) for an indefinite period of time, and it (or such account) is able to bear such risk for an indefinite period. The letter will also acknowledge that the Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act and are being sold in a transaction exempt therefrom.

Each prospective purchaser of Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer offered in reliance on Rule 144A or Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act (“**Restricted Notes**”), by accepting delivery of this Base Prospectus, will be deemed to have represented and agreed as follows:

- (a) Such offeree acknowledges that this Base Prospectus is personal to such offeree and does not constitute an offer to any other person or to the public generally to subscribe for or otherwise acquire Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) other than pursuant to Rule 144A or Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act or in offshore transactions in accordance with Regulation S. Distribution of this Base Prospectus, or disclosure of any of its contents to any person other than such offeree and those persons, if any, retained to advise such offeree with respect thereto is unauthorised, and any disclosure of any of its contents, without the prior written consent of the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be), is prohibited.
- (b) Such offeree agrees to make no photocopies of this Base Prospectus or any documents referred to herein.

Each purchaser of an interest in a Restricted Note issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) offered and sold in reliance on Rule 144A will be deemed to have represented and agreed as follows (terms used in this paragraph that are defined in Rule 144A or in Regulation S are used herein as defined therein):

- (a) the purchaser (i) is a QIB who is also with respect to Notes issued by the Americas Issuer a qualified purchaser, (ii) is aware and each beneficial owner of such Notes issued by the

Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) has been advised that the sale of such Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) to it is being made in reliance on Rule 144A and (iii) is acquiring Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) for its own account or for the account of a QIB who is also with respect to Notes issued by the Americas Issuer a qualified purchaser;

- (b) the purchaser understands that such Restricted Note issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) is being offered only in a transaction not involving any public offering in the United States within the meaning of the Securities Act, such Restricted Note issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) and the guarantee of the Guaranteed Americas Notes has not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act or with any securities regulatory authority of any State or other jurisdiction of the United States and may not be offered, sold, pledged or otherwise transferred in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons except pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act or an exemption from registration under the Securities Act; and that (i) if in the future the purchaser decides to offer, resell, pledge or otherwise transfer such Restricted Note issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be), such Restricted Note issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) may be offered, sold, pledged or otherwise transferred only (A) to a person who the seller reasonably believes is a QIB who is also with respect to Notes issued by the Americas Issuer a qualified purchaser purchasing for its own account or for the account of a QIB who is also with respect to Notes issued by the Americas Issuer a qualified purchaser in a transaction meeting the requirements of Rule 144A, (B) in an offshore transaction in accordance with Rule 903 or Rule 904 of Regulation S or (C) pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act provided by Rule 144 thereunder (if available) and in each of such cases in accordance with any applicable securities laws of any State of the United States or any other jurisdiction and that (ii) the purchaser will, and each subsequent holder of the Restricted Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) is required to, notify any purchaser of such Restricted Note issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) from it of the resale restrictions referred to in (i) above and that (iii) no representation can be made as to the availability of the exemption provided by Rule 144 under the Securities Act for resale of Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be);
- (c) the purchaser understands that the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be), the Registrar, the Dealers and their affiliates (if any), and others will rely upon the truth and accuracy of the foregoing acknowledgements, representations and agreements. If the purchaser is acquiring any Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) for the account of one or more qualified institutional buyers who are also with respect to Notes issued by the Americas Issuer qualified purchasers it represents that it has sole investment discretion with respect to each such account and that it has full power to make the foregoing acknowledgements, representations and agreements on behalf of each such account; and
- (d) the purchaser understands that the Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) offered in reliance on Rule 144A will be represented by the Restricted Global Note issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be). Before any interest in the Restricted Global Note issued by the Global Issuer or

the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) may be offered, sold, pledged or otherwise transferred to a person who takes delivery in the form of an interest in the Reg. S Global Note issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be), it will be required to provide a written certification as to compliance with applicable securities laws.

Each purchaser of Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer outside the United States pursuant to Regulation S and each subsequent purchaser of such Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer in resales prior to the expiration of the distribution compliance period, by accepting delivery of this Base Prospectus and the Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be), will be deemed to have represented, agreed and acknowledged that:

- (a) the purchaser is, or at the time Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) are purchased will be, the beneficial owner of such Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) and (a) it is not a U.S. person and it is located outside the United States (within the meaning of Regulation S) and (b) it is not an affiliate of the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) or a person acting on behalf of such an affiliate;
- (b) the purchaser understands that such Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer and the Guaranteed Americas Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act and that, prior to the expiration of the distribution compliance period, it will not offer, sell, pledge or otherwise transfer such Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) except (a) in accordance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act to a person that it and any person acting on its behalf reasonably believe is a QIB who is also with respect to Notes issued by the Americas Issuer a qualified purchaser purchasing for its own account or the account of a QIB who is also with respect to Notes issued by the Americas Issuer a qualified purchaser or (b) in an offshore transaction in accordance with Rule 903 or Rule 904 of Regulation S, in each case in accordance with any applicable securities laws of any State of the United States;
- (c) the purchaser understands that such Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be), unless otherwise determined by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) in accordance with applicable law, will bear a legend as follows:

“The Notes represented by this certificate have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “**Securities Act**”) or with any securities regulatory authority of any State or other jurisdiction of the United States, and may not be offered, sold, pledged or otherwise transferred in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons except pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act or an exemption from registration under the Securities Act. This legend shall cease to apply upon the expiry of the period of 40 days after the completion of the distribution of all the Notes of the Tranche of which this Note forms part”.
- (d) the purchaser understands that the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be), the relevant Registrar, the Dealers and their affiliates (if any), and others will rely upon the truth and accuracy of the foregoing acknowledgements, representations and agreements; and
- (e) the purchaser understands that the Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer offered in reliance on Regulation S will be represented by the Reg. S Global Note

issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be). Prior to the expiration of the distribution compliance period, before any interest in the Restricted Global Note issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) may be offered, sold, pledged or otherwise transferred to a person who takes delivery in the form of an interest in the Reg. S Global Note issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be), it will be required to provide a written certification as to compliance with applicable securities laws.

European Economic Area

The Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a “**Relevant Member State**”), each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the “**Relevant Implementation Date**”) it has not made and will not make an offer of Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Base Prospectus as completed by the final terms in relation thereto to the public in that Relevant Member State except that it may, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, make an offer of such Notes to the public in that Relevant Member State:

- (a) if the final terms in relation to the Notes specify that an offer of those Notes may be made other than pursuant to Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive in that Relevant Member State (a “**Non-exempt Offer**”), following the date of publication of a prospectus in relation to such Notes which has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant Member State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant Member State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant Member State, provided that any such prospectus has subsequently been completed by the final terms contemplating such Non-exempt Offer, in accordance with the Prospectus Directive, in the period beginning and ending on the dates specified in such prospectus or final terms, as applicable and the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) has consented in writing to its use for the purpose of that Non-exempt Offer;
- (b) at any time to any person or entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive;
- (c) at any time to fewer than 100 or, if the Relevant Member State has implemented the relevant provisions of the 2010 PD Amending Directive, 150, natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive), subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Dealer or Dealers (if any) nominated by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) for any such offer; or
- (d) at any time in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive,

provided that no such offer of Notes referred to in (b) to (d) above shall require the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive, or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive and provided further that the Americas Issuer will only offer Notes with a denomination of at least €100,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency at the date of issue of the Notes), in circumstances which would require the approval of a prospectus under the Prospectus Directive, upon approval by the AFM of an updated base prospectus relating to it prepared in accordance with Article 5 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression “**an offer of Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer to the public**” in relation to any Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Notes, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State, the expression “**Prospectus Directive**” means Directive 2003/71/EC (and amendments thereto, including the 2010 PD Amending Directive, to the extent implemented in the Relevant Member State), and includes any relevant implementing measure in the Relevant Member State and the expression “**2010 PD Amending Directive**” means Directive 2010/73/EU.

Australia

The Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer

No prospectus or other disclosure document (as defined in the Corporations Act of 2001 of the Commonwealth of Australia (“**Australian Corporations Act**”)) in relation to the Programme or any Notes has been or will be lodged with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (“**ASIC**”). Each Dealer has represented and agreed and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree that, unless the applicable Final Terms (or a supplement to this Base Prospectus) otherwise provides, it:

- (a) has not made or invited, and will not make or invite, an offer of the Notes for issue or sale in Australia (including an offer or invitation which is received by a person in Australia); and
- (b) has not distributed or published, and will not distribute or publish, any base prospectus or other offering material or advertisement relating to any Notes in Australia,

unless the offeree or invitee is a “wholesale client” (within the meaning of section 761G of the Australian Corporations Act) and (i) the aggregate consideration payable by each offeree is at least A\$500,000 (or its equivalent in an alternate currency) (disregarding moneys lent by the offeror or its associates) or the offer otherwise does not require disclosure to investors under either Part 6D.2 or Chapter 7 of the Australian Corporations Act, (ii) such action complies with applicable laws and directives (including, without limitation, the financial services licensing requirements of Chapter 7 of the Corporations Act) and (iii) such action does not require any document to be lodged with ASIC.

In addition, each Dealer has agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to agree, that in relation to any Notes issued by an Issuer it will comply with the directive issued by the Assistant Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Australia dated 23 September 1996 as contained in Banking (Exemption) Order No. 82 which requires all offers and transfers to be for a consideration of at least A\$500,000. Banking (Exemption) Order No. 82 does not apply to transfers which occur outside Australia.

Austria

The Global Issuer

No offer of the Notes issued by the Global Issuer may be made to the public in Austria, except that an offer of the Notes issued by the Global Issuer may be made to the public in Austria (a) in the case of bearer Notes in the period beginning at least one bank working day following (i) the date of publication of this Base Prospectus including any supplements but excluding any Final Terms in relation to those Notes issued by the Global Issuer which has been approved by Finanzmarktaufsichtsbehörde in Austria (the “**FMA**”) or, where appropriate, approved in another Member State and notified to the FMA, all in accordance with the Prospectus Directive and (ii) or being the date of publication (and communication to the FMA) of the

applicable Final Terms for the Notes issued by the Global Issuer and (iii) the date of filing of a notification with Oesterreichische Kontrollbank, all as prescribed by the Capital Market Act 1991 (“CMA”: Kapitalmarktgesetz 1991), or (b) in the case of bearer Notes otherwise in compliance with the CMA.

Further, each Dealer represents, warrants and agrees that it has not and will not offer any registered Notes in Austria, either by private placement or to the public in Austria.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression “**an offer of the Notes issued by the Global Issuer to the public**” means the communication to the public in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes issued by the Global Issuer to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Notes issued by the Global Issuer.

Brazil

The Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer

Neither the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer nor the issuance of the Notes have been or will be registered with the Brazilian Securities Commission (Comissão de *Valores Mobiliários*, the CVM). Any public offering or distribution, as defined under Brazilian laws and regulations, of the Notes in Brazil is not legal without prior registration under law n.º 6,3785/76, as amended, and Instruction n.º 400, issued by CVM on 29 December 2003, as amended. Documents relating to the offering of the Notes, as well as any information contained therein, may not be supplied to the public in Brazil (as the offering of the Notes is not a public offering of securities in Brazil), nor be used in connection with any offer for subscription or sale of the Notes in Brazil. As a result, the Notes have not been and will not be publicly issued, placed, distributed, offered or negotiated in the Brazilian capital markets. Therefore, each of the Dealers has represented, warranted and agreed or will represent, warrant and agree that it has not offered or sold, and will not offer or sell, the Notes in Brazil, except in circumstances which do not constitute a public offering, placement, distribution or negotiation of securities under the Brazilian laws and regulations.

Canada

The Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer

Each Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree that, with respect to the issue of the Notes by the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer:

- (a) the sale and delivery of any such Notes to any purchaser who is a resident of Canada or otherwise subject to the laws of Canada or who is purchasing for a principal who is a resident of Canada or otherwise subject to the laws of Canada (each such purchaser and principal, a “**Canadian Purchaser**”) by such Dealer shall be made so as to be exempt from the prospectus and, where applicable, registration requirements of all applicable securities laws in the provinces and territories of Canada (the “**Canadian Securities Laws**”);
- (b) each Canadian Purchaser, or any ultimate purchaser for whom such purchaser is acting as agent, is entitled under applicable Canadian Securities Laws to purchase the Notes without the benefit of a prospectus qualified under Canadian Securities Laws, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing: (a) is an “accredited investor” as defined in section 1.1 of National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus and Registration Exemptions (“**NI 45-106**”), and if resident in British Columbia, where applicable, is also a “permitted client” as defined in section 1.1 National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations (“**NI 31-103**”); (b) was not created or used solely to purchase or hold the Notes as an “accredited investor” as

described in paragraph (m) of the definition of “accredited investor” in section 1.1 of NI 45-106; and (c) any one of the following apply, (A) such purchaser is purchasing the Notes from a dealer registered as an “investment dealer” or “exempt market dealer” as defined under applicable Canadian Securities Laws, (B) such purchaser is a “permitted client” (as defined above) and is purchasing the Notes from a dealer permitted to rely on the “international dealer exemption” contained in section 8.18 of NI 31-103, or (C) such purchaser is resident in British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Northwest Territories, Nunavut or the Yukon and is purchasing the Notes from a dealer entitled to rely a dealer registration exemption for trades with “accredited investors” made available under a blanket order issued by the applicable securities regulatory authority in such jurisdictions;

- (c) the offer and sale of the Notes was made exclusively through the final version of the Base Prospectus and was not made through an advertisement of the Notes in any printed media of general and regular paid circulation, radio, television or telecommunications, including electronic display, or any other form of advertising in Canada;
- (d) it will ensure that each Canadian Purchaser is advised that no securities commission or other similar regulatory authority in Canada has reviewed or in any way passed upon the Base Prospectus or the merits of the Notes described therein;
- (e) it has not made and it will not make any written or oral representations to any Canadian Purchaser: (a) that any person will resell or repurchase such Notes purchased by such Canadian Purchaser; (b) that such Notes will be freely tradeable by the Canadian Purchaser without any restrictions or hold periods; (c) that any person will refund the purchase price of such Notes; or (d) as to the future price or value of such Notes;
- (f) it will inform each Canadian Purchaser that the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) is not a reporting issuer (under Canadian Securities Laws), and may never be, a reporting issuer in any province or territory of Canada and there currently is no public market in Canada for such Notes and one may never develop and that the Notes will be subject to resale restrictions under applicable Canadian Securities Laws; and
- (g) none of the funds being used to purchase the Notes are, to its knowledge, obtained or derived, directly or indirectly, from or related to any criminal or otherwise illegal or prohibited activity and are not being invested in contravention of any proceeds of crime, anti-terrorist financing, economic sanctions or other similar restrictions or prohibitions.

In addition, each purchaser of Notes resident in Ontario who receives a purchase confirmation, by the purchaser’s receipt thereof, will be deemed to have represented to and agreed with the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be), and the Dealer from whom such purchase confirmation was received, that:

- (i) such purchaser has been notified by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) (a) that the Notes is required to provide information (“**personal information**”) pertaining to the purchaser as required to be disclosed in Schedule I of Form 45-106F1 under NI 45-106 (including its name, address, telephone number and the number and value of any such Notes purchased), which Form 45-106F1 is required to be filed by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) under NI 45-106; (b) that such personal information will be delivered to the Ontario Securities Commission (the “**OSC**”) in accordance with NI 45-106; (c) that such personal information is being collected indirectly by the OSC under the authority granted to it under the securities legislation of Ontario; (d) that such personal information is being collected for the purposes of the

administration and enforcement of the securities legislation of Ontario; and (e) that the public official in Ontario who can answer questions about the OSC's indirect collection of such personal information is the Administrative Support Clerk at the CSO, Suite 1903, Box 55, 20 Queen Street West, Toronto, Ontario M5H 3S8, Telephone: (416) 593-3684;

- (ii) by purchasing such Notes, such purchaser has authorised the indirect collection of the personal information by the OSC; and acknowledges that its name, address, telephone number and other specified information, including the number of such Notes it has purchased and the aggregate purchase price to the purchaser, may be disclosed to other Canadian securities regulatory authorities and may become available to the public in accordance with the requirements of applicable laws; and
- (iii) by purchasing such Notes, each such purchaser consents to the disclosure of such information.

Cayman Islands

The Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer

No invitation may be made to the public in the Cayman Islands to subscribe for any of the Notes and this Base Prospectus may not be given to any members of the public in the Cayman Islands.

Czech Republic

The Global Issuer

No permit for the issue of the Notes has been obtained (including the obtaining of the approval of the terms and conditions of the Notes) from the Czech National Bank (the "CNB") under Act of the Czech Republic No. 190/2004 Coll., on Bonds, as amended (the "**Bonds Act**"). No approval of a prospectus has been sought or obtained from the CNB under Act No. 256/2004 Coll., on Conducting Business in the Capital Market, as amended (the "**Capital Market Act**") with respect to the Notes. No action has been taken to passport a prospectus approved by the competent authority of the home Member State of the issuer into the Czech Republic by delivery of certificate of the competent authority of the home Member State of the issuer to the CNB attesting that a prospectus approved by the home Member State authority has been drawn up in accordance with law of the European Economic Area.

No application has been filed nor has any permission been obtained for listing nor has any other arrangement for trading the Notes on any regulated market in the Czech Republic (as defined by the Capital Market Act) been made. Accordingly, each of the Dealers represented and agreed that it has not and will not offer, sell or otherwise introduce the Notes for trading in the Czech Republic in a manner that would require the notification of a prospectus approved by the competent authority of the home Member State of the issuer into the Czech Republic by delivery of certificate of the competent authority of the home Member State of the Global Issuer to the CNB attesting that a prospectus approved by the home Member State authority has been drawn up in accordance with law of the European Economic Area.

Accordingly, any person making or intending to make any offer within the Czech Republic of the Notes which are the subject of the placement contemplated in this Base Prospectus should only do so in circumstances in which no obligation arises for any of the Issuers or any of the Dealers to produce a prospectus for such offer. Neither the Issuers nor the Dealers have authorised, nor do they authorise, the making of any offer of the Notes through any financial intermediary, other than offers made by Dealers which constitute the final placement of the Notes contemplated in this Base Prospectus.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed with the Issuers and each other Dealer that it has complied with and will comply with all the requirements of the Capital Market Act and the Bonds Act and has not taken, and will not take, any action which would result in the issue of the Notes being classed as “accepting of deposits from the public” by the Issuers in the Czech Republic under Section 2 of Act of the Czech Republic No. 21/1992 Coll., on Banks (as amended) (the “**Banking Act**”) or requiring a permit, registration, filing or notification to the CNB other authorities in the Czech Republic in respect of the Notes in accordance with the Capital Market Act, and the Bonds Act and the Banking Act or the practice of the CNB.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed with the Issuers and each other Dealer, that it has complied with and will comply with all the laws of the Czech Republic applicable to the conduct of business in the Czech Republic (including the laws applicable to the provision of investment services (within the meaning of the Capital Market Act) in the Czech Republic) in respect of the Notes.

Chile

The Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Chilean Securities Market Law, N° 18.045 (“*Ley de Mercado de Valores*”) and, accordingly, each Dealer has undertaken that it will not offer or sell any Notes directly or indirectly, in Chile or to, or for the benefit of, any Chilean Person or to others for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Chile or to any Chilean Person except under circumstances which will result in compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and guidelines promulgated by the relevant Chilean governmental and regulatory authorities and in effect at the relevant time. Therefore, the Base Prospectus is not an offer or solicitation to buy securities or other financial instruments, or any advice or recommendation with respect to the Notes for any Chilean Person.

The Notes being offered pursuant to the Base Prospectus have not been registered in the securities register kept by the *Superintendencia de Valores y Seguros of Chile* (the “**SVS**”), as foreign securities, and, therefore, they are not subject to the supervision of the SVS and are not governed by the securities market laws of Chile. The Notes are not directed to the Chilean market, and, consequently, the Base Prospectus is not, does not constitute and cannot be deemed as a public offer, as regulated in the Chilean Securities Market Law, N° 18,045 (“*Ley de Mercado de Valores*”), of the Notes to any Chilean Person nor an offer of securities that is not a public offer of the Notes to any Chilean Person, under the provisions of the Norma de Caracter General N° 336, dated 27 June, 2012 if the SVS.

For the purposes of this paragraph, “**Chilean Person**” shall mean any person resident in Chile, including any corporation or other entity organised under the laws of Chile.

Dubai International Financial Centre

The Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer

This Base Prospectus relates to an Exempt Offer in accordance with the Markets Rules Module of the Dubai Financial Services Authority (the “**DFSA**”) Rulebook. This Base Prospectus is intended for distribution only to Professional Clients who are not natural persons. It must not be delivered to, or relied on by, any other person. The DFSA has no responsibility for reviewing or verifying any documents in connection with Exempt Offers. The DFSA has not approved this Base Prospectus nor taken steps to verify the information set out in it, and has no responsibility for it. The Notes to which this Base Prospectus relates may be illiquid and/or subject to restrictions on their resale. Prospective purchasers of the Notes offered should conduct their own due diligence on the Notes. If you do not understand the contents of this Base Prospectus you should consult an authorised financial adviser.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed that it has not offered and will not offer the Notes to any person in the Dubai International Financial Centre unless such offer is:

- (a) an “Exempt Offer” in accordance with the Markets Rules Module of the DFSA Rulebook; and
- (b) made only to persons who meet the Professional Client criteria set out in Rule 2.3.2 of the Conduct of Business Module of the DFSA Rulebook.

Finland

The Global Issuer

Reference is made to the general selling restriction for the European Economic Area, which applies to offers made in Finland. In the case of an offer to the public or an admission to trading on a regulated market of the Notes in Finland, all applicable provisions of the Finnish Securities Markets Act (Fin. *arvopaperimarkkinalaki 14.12.2012/746*) must be complied with by the Global Issuer or the persons authorised to offer the Notes to the public in Finland.

France

The Global Issuer

Each Dealer has represented and agreed and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree that:

*Offer to the public in France:*²⁹

it has only made and will only make an offer of Notes issued by the Global Issuer to the public in France in the period beginning on the date of notification to the Autorité des marchés financiers (“AMF”) of the approval of the Base Prospectus by the competent authority of a Member State of the European Economic Area, other than the AMF, which has implemented the Prospectus Directive, all in accordance with articles L.412-1 and L.621-8 of the French Code monétaire et financier and the Règlement général of the AMF, and ending at the latest on the date which is 12 months after the date of the approval of the Base Prospectus; or

Private placement in France:

it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell, directly or indirectly, any Notes issued by the Global Issuer to the public in France, and it has not distributed or caused to be distributed and will not distribute or cause to be distributed to the public in France, this Base Prospectus, the applicable Final Terms or any other offering material relating to the Notes issued by the Global Issuer, and such offers, sales and distributions have been and will be made in France only to (a) persons providing investment services relating to portfolio management for the account of third parties (*personnes fournissant le service d’investissement de gestion de portefeuille pour compte de tiers*), and/or (b) qualified investors (*investisseurs qualifiés*) acting for their own account as defined in, and in accordance with, articles L.411-1, L.411-2 and D.411-1 of the French *Code monétaire et financier*.

The Base Prospectus has not been submitted to the clearance procedures of the AMF.

²⁹ At the time of this Base Prospectus, the Global Issuer does not contemplate under this Programme the issue of Paris listed Notes

Hong Kong

The Global Issuer

Each Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree that it has not issued or had in its possession for the purposes of issue, and will not issue or have in its possession for the purposes of issue, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, any advertisement, invitation or document relating to the Notes issued by the Global Issuer, which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public of Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to Notes issued by the Global Issuer which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to “professional investors” as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) of Hong Kong and any rules made under that Ordinance.

Hungary

The Global Issuer

This Base Prospectus has not been submitted for approval to the Hungarian Financial Supervisory Authority and the Notes will not be offered in Hungary in a public offer as defined in the Act CXX of 2001 on the Capital Markets (the “**Capital Markets Act**”) and neither the Base Prospectus, the Final Terms nor any offering material or advertisement in connection with the notes may be distributed or published in Hungary. No action has been taken to passport a prospectus approved by the competent authority of the home Member State of the Global Issuer into Hungary by delivery of certificate of the competent authority of the home Member State of the Issuer to the Hungarian Financial Supervisory Authority attesting that a prospectus approved by the home Member State authority has been drawn up in accordance with law of the European Economic Area. No application has been filed nor has any permission been obtained for listing nor has any other arrangement for trading the Notes on any regulated market in Hungary (as defined by the Capital Markets Act) been made. Accordingly, any person making or intending to make any offer within Hungary of the Notes which are the subject of the placement contemplated in this Base Prospectus should only do so in circumstances in which no obligation arises for the Issuers or any of the Dealers to have a prospectus for such offer approved by the Hungarian Financial Supervisory Authority or to passport a prospectus approved by the competent authority of the home Member State of the Global Issuer into Hungary.

Each Dealer has confirmed its awareness of the above and has represented and agreed that it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell the Notes in Hungary in a manner that would require either the approval of a prospectus by the Hungarian Financial Supervisory Authority or notification of a prospectus approved by the competent authority of the home Member State of the Global Issuer into Hungary.

The preceding paragraphs shall not apply, in case any prospectus regarding the Notes, and including any amendments thereto, had been approved by the relevant prudential authorities of a Member State of the Global Issuer and the Hungarian Financial Supervisory Authority had been notified in accordance with the applicable Hungarian laws.

India

The Global Issuer

The Notes cannot be offered, sold or delivered, or offered or sold or delivered to any person for reoffering or resale or redelivery, in any such case directly or indirectly, acquired by, transferred to, purchased by or held for or on the account of and/or for the benefit of or pursuant to or in connection with any back to back transaction in India or to any of the following persons (each a “**Restricted Entity**”):

- (i) persons resident in India (as defined in Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999);

- (ii) Persons of Indian Origin (as defined in Foreign Exchange Management (Deposit) Regulations, 2000 (“**FEM Deposit Regulations**”));
- (iii) Non-Resident Indians (as defined in FEM Deposit Regulations);
- (iv) Overseas Corporate Bodies (as defined in FEM Deposit Regulations); or
- (v) an entity that is not regulated by an appropriate foreign regulatory authority.

Under the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board in India (Foreign Institutional Investors) Regulations, 1995 (“**FII Regulations**”) the following entities would be deemed to be entities regulated by an appropriate foreign regulatory authority for the purpose of Regulation 15A of the FII Regulations:

- (a) any person that is regulated/supervised and licensed/registered by a foreign central bank;
- (b) any person that is registered and regulated by a securities or futures regulator in any foreign country or state; or
- (c) any broad based fund or portfolio incorporated or established outside India or proprietary fund of a registered foreign institutional investor or university fund, endowment, foundation, charitable trust or charitable society whose investments are managed by a person covered by (a), or (b) above.

Each Noteholder agrees not to offer, sell or deliver at any time, directly or indirectly, any of the Notes in India or to, or for the account or benefit of any Restricted Entity and agrees that if it should resell or otherwise transfer the Notes it will do so only to a non- Restricted Entity.

Offers of Notes will be made entirely outside India. This Base Prospectus may not be distributed directly or indirectly in India or to residents of India and the Notes are not being offered or sold and may not be offered or sold directly or indirectly in India or to, or for the account or benefit of, any resident of India.

The Base Prospectus has not been and will not be registered as a prospectus with the Registrar of Companies in India and neither it nor any other offering document or material relating to the Notes will be circulated or distributed, directly or indirectly, to the public or any members of the public in India, either through a public offering or a private placement.

Each Noteholder and each beneficial owner of a Note agrees and represents as a condition to purchasing or owning such Note:

- (a) that neither it nor any person for whose account or benefit the Notes are being purchased is a Restricted Entity or is located in India;
- (b) that neither it nor any person for whose account or benefit the Notes are being purchased is a person/entity whose controller is a Restricted Entity;
- (c) that the Notes are not being purchased with the intent of circumventing or otherwise avoiding any requirements applicable under the FII Regulations;
- (d) to consent to the provision by the Global Issuer and its associates/affiliates to any Indian governmental or regulatory authority of any information regarding it and the Note or its interest in the Note as required under applicable Indian regulations and/or as requested by any Indian governmental or regulatory authority and/or as the Global Issuer and its associates/affiliates reasonably deems necessary or appropriate in order to comply with regulations or requests of such authority from time to time, including but not limited to disclosures in periodic reportings made by the Global Issuer or its associates/affiliates to any Indian governmental or regulatory authority;

- (e) to provide to the Global Issuer such additional information as the Global Issuer deems necessary or appropriate in order for the Global Issuer to comply with any such regulations and/or requests from time to time;
- (f) that this Note or any interest in this Note is not being purchased or sold for the benefit or account of, or pursuant to or in connection with any back-to-back transaction with a Restricted Entity;
- (g) that it will not, directly or indirectly, sell, transfer, assign, novate or otherwise dispose of this Note or any interest in this Note or its risks and/or rewards (each, a “**Transfer**”) to or for the benefit or account of any Restricted Entity; and
- (h) that it acknowledges that (i) non-compliance with, or breach, violation or contravention of, the obligations hereof (including, without limitation, any restrictions with respect to a Transfer) may result in non-compliance with, or breach, violation or contravention of, applicable laws, regulations, governmental orders or directions, regulatory sanctions against the Global Issuer and/or its associates/affiliates and cause irreparable harm to the Global Issuer and/or its associates/affiliates, and (ii) in the event of any such non-compliance, breach, violation or contravention by it, the Global Issuer and/or its associates/affiliates may notify the relevant Indian governmental or regulatory authority of the breach, violation or contravention and exercise any rights and take any measures available to it under the terms of the Notes, or any other measures to prevent, avoid, mitigate, remedy or cure such non-compliance, breach, violation or contravention, including but not limited to cancellation or early redemption of the Notes.

Each Noteholder undertakes that it will inform any person to whom a Transfer was made (the “**Transferee**”) of the terms and conditions of this Base Prospectus and all such Transferees as may purchase such Notes from time to time shall be deemed to be a Noteholder for the purposes of this Base Prospectus and shall be bound by the terms and conditions contained in this Base Prospectus.

For the purposes hereof, a “**controller**” means any person or group of persons (acting pursuant to any agreement or understanding (whether formal or informal, written or otherwise)) who:

- (a) is/are entitled to exercise, or control the exercise of a majority or more of the voting power of an entity, or
- (b) holds or is otherwise entitled to a majority or more of the economic interest in an entity, or
- (c) who in fact exercises control over an entity.

For the purposes hereof, “**control**” means the ability to appoint a majority or more of the directors of an entity, or the capacity to control decision-making, directly or indirectly, in relation to the financial, investment and/or operating policies of an entity in any manner. However, notwithstanding the foregoing, in the case only where an entity’s investments are being managed on a discretionary basis by an investment manager, such investment manager shall not be deemed to be such entity’s controller for the purposes hereof by reason only of it being able to control the decision-making in relation to the entity’s financial, investment and/or operating policies.

Ireland

The Global Issuer

Each Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree that:

- (a) it will not underwrite the issue of, or place, the Notes otherwise than in conformity with the provisions of the Irish European Communities (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2007 (Nos. 1 to 3) (as amended) including, without limitation, Regulations 7 and 152 thereof or any codes of conduct issued in connection therewith, and the provisions of the Investor Compensation Act 1998;
- (b) it will not underwrite the issue of, or place, the Notes, otherwise than in conformity with the provisions of the Irish Central Banks Acts 1942 to 2011 (as amended) and any codes of conduct rules made under Section 117(1) of the Central Bank Act 1989;
- (c) it will not underwrite the issue of, or place, or do anything in Ireland in respect of the Notes otherwise than in conformity with the provisions of the Prospectus (Directive 2003/71/EC) Regulations 2005 (as amended) and any rules issued under Section 51 of the Investment Funds, Companies and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 2005 by the Central Bank of Ireland; and
- (d) it will not underwrite the issue of, place, or otherwise act in Ireland in respect of the Notes, otherwise than in conformity with the provisions of the Market Abuse (Directive 2003/6/EC) Regulations 2005 (as amended) and any rules issued under Section 34 of the Investment Funds, Companies and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 2005 by the Central Bank of Ireland.
- (e) no notes will be offered or sold with a maturity of less than 12 months except in full compliance with Notice C 01/02 issued by the Central Bank of Ireland.

Italy

The Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer

No public offerings or sales of the Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer or any distribution of copies of this Base Prospectus or of any other any offering material relating to any Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer will or may be made to the public in the Republic of Italy (“**Italy**”), except in case that the relevant issuer has been duly licensed to carry out banking activity in Italy pursuant to Article 11 of Legislative Decree No. 385 of 1 September 1993, as amended (the “**Italian Banking Act**”).

Moreover the offering of the Notes has not been registered pursuant to Italian securities legislation and, accordingly, each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or delivered, and will not offer, sell or deliver any Notes or any copy of this Base Prospectus or any other document relating to the Notes in Italy except:

- (a) to qualified investors (*investitori qualificati*), as defined pursuant to Article 100 of Legislative Decree No. 58 of 24 February 1998 as amended (the “**Italian Financial Act**”) and Article 34-ter, first paragraph, letter b) of CONSOB Regulation No. 11971 of 14 May 1999, as amended (the “**Regulation No. 11971**”); or
- (b) in other circumstances which are exempted from the rules on public offerings pursuant to Article 100 of the Italian Financial Act and Regulation No. 11971.

In addition and subject to the foregoing, any offer, sale or delivery of the Notes or distribution of copies of this Base Prospectus or any other document relating to the Notes issued in Italy must be:

- (a) made by an investment firm, bank or financial intermediary permitted to conduct such activities in Italy in accordance with the Italian Financial Act, the Italian Banking Act and CONSOB Regulation No. 16190 of 29 October 2007, all as amended;
- (b) in compliance with Article 129 of the Italian Banking Act and the implementing instructions of the Bank of Italy, as amended from time to time, pursuant to which the Bank of Italy may request post-offering information on the issue or the offer of securities in Italy; and
- (c) in compliance with any other applicable laws and regulations, including any requirement or limitation which may be imposed from time to time, *inter alia*, by CONSOB or the Bank of Italy.

Transfer restrictions in Italy

Article 100-bis of the Italian Financial Act affects the transferability of the Notes in Italy to the extent that any placing of Notes is made solely with qualified investors and such Notes are then systematically resold to non-qualified investors on the secondary market at any time in the 12 months following such placing. Where this occurs, if a prospectus in compliance with the Prospectus Directive has not been published, purchasers of Notes who are acting outside of the ordinary course of their business or profession may be entitled to declare such purchase void and to claim damages from any authorised person at whose premises the Notes were purchased, unless an exemption provided for under the Italian Financial Act applies.

Japan

The Global Issuer

The Notes issued by the Global Issuer have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan (the “FIEA”) and no offer or sale of Notes issued by the Global Issuer may be made, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (which term as used herein means any person resident in Japan, including any corporation or other entity organised under the laws of Japan), or to others for reoffering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, a resident of Japan except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of or otherwise in compliance with the FIEA and any other applicable laws, regulations and ministerial guidelines of Japan.

Malaysia

The Global Issuer

No action has been, or will be, taken to comply with Malaysian laws for making available, offering for subscription or purchase, or issuing any invitation to subscribe for or purchase or sale of the Notes in Malaysia or to persons in Malaysia as the Notes are not intended by the Global Issuer to be made available, or made the subject of any offer or invitation to subscribe or purchase, in Malaysia. In particular, no action has been or will be taken to obtain any recognition or approval from, or effect any filing with (i) the Securities Commission of Malaysia (“SC”) or (ii) the Labuan Financial Services Authority under the Labuan Financial Services and Securities Act 2010, or any other Malaysian authority under any Malaysian law. Neither this document nor any document or other material in connection with the Notes should be distributed, caused to be distributed or circulated in Malaysia. No person should make available or make any invitation or offer or invitation to sell or purchase the Notes in Malaysia unless such person takes the necessary action to comply with Malaysian laws.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree that it has not and will not make available, offer for subscription or purchase, or issue any invitation to subscribe for or purchase or sale of the Notes in Malaysia or to persons in Malaysia.

Mexico

The Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer

The Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer have not been and will not be registered with the National Securities Registry (*Registro Nacional de Valores*), maintained by the Mexican National Banking and Securities Commission (*Comisión Nacional Bancaria y de Valores* or CNBV), and therefore the Notes may not be offered or sold in a public offering in Mexico. Any Mexican investor that acquires Notes will do so under its own responsibility. However, the Notes may be offered or sold in Mexico to institutional and accredited investors pursuant to the private placement exemption set forth in Article 8 of the Mexican Securities Market Law (*Ley del Mercado de Valores*).

The Netherlands

The Global Issuer

Each Dealer has represented and agreed and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it will not make an offer of Notes that are not to be admitted on a regulated market to the public in The Netherlands in reliance on Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive (as defined above under “European Economic Area”) unless (i) such offer is made exclusively to persons or entities which are qualified investors as defined in the Dutch Financial Supervision Act or (ii) standard exemption wording is disclosed as required by Article 5:20(5) of the Dutch Financial Supervision Act, provided that no such offer of Notes shall require the Global Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.

Zero Coupon Notes issued by the Global Issuer in bearer form and other Notes issued by the Global Issuer in bearer form on which no interest is paid during their tenor may fall within the definition of savings certificates as referred to in the Dutch Savings Certificates Act (*Wet inzake spaarbewijzen*) and if so any transfer or acceptance, directly or indirectly, within, from or into The Netherlands of such Notes issued by the Global Issuer is prohibited unless it is done through the mediation of either the Global Issuer or a member of Euronext Amsterdam, and certain identification requirements in relation to the issue, transfer of or payment on Notes issued by the Global Issuer qualifying as savings certificates have to be complied with. The above prohibition does not apply (i) to a transfer and acceptance of such Notes issued by the Global Issuer between individuals who do not act in the conduct of a profession or a business, (ii) to the initial issue and trading of such Notes by the Global Issuer to the first holders thereof, and (iii) to the issue and trading of such Notes by the Global Issuer if such Notes issued by the Global Issuer are physically issued outside of The Netherlands and are not immediately thereafter distributed in The Netherlands or to residents of The Netherlands in the course of primary trading.

People’s Republic of China

The Global Issuer

The Notes may not be offered, sold or delivered, or offered or sold or delivered to any person for reoffering or resale or redelivery, in any such case directly or indirectly, in the People’s Republic of China (“PRC”) (excluding Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan).

Republic of Korea

The Global Issuer

The Notes may not be offered, sold or delivered, directly or indirectly, or offered or sold to any person for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in the Republic of Korea (“**Korea**”) or to any resident of Korea except pursuant to the applicable laws and regulations of Korea, including subparagraph 5-2, Paragraph 3, Article 7 of the Enforcement Decree of the Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act of Korea (the “**FSCMA**”) requiring, among others, sales through a broker or dealer licensed in Korea to professional investors (as defined therein) only and Section 2-2-2 of the Regulation on Securities Issuance and Disclosure issued by the Financial Services Commission under the FSCMA, provisions in the Foreign Exchange Transactions Law of Korea and the regulations thereunder. No registration statement has been filed with the Financial Services Commission of Korea in connection with the issue of the Notes. The Notes can be sold or resold to Korean residents only subject to all applicable regulatory requirements of Korea.

Republic of the Philippines

The Global Issuer

Under the Philippines’ Republic Act No. 8799 (the “**Philippine Securities Regulation Code**”), securities are not permitted to be sold or offered for sale or distribution within the Philippines, without a registration statement duly filed with, and approved by, the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission unless such securities are exempt securities under Section 9 of the Philippine Securities Regulation Code or are sold in an exempt transaction under Section 10 of the Philippine Securities Regulation Code.

The Notes have not been registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission under the Philippine Securities Regulation Code. Any future offer or sale thereof is subject to registration requirements under the Philippine Securities Regulation Code unless the Notes constitute exempt securities or unless such offer or sale of the Notes qualifies as an exempt transaction.

Romania

The Global Issuer

The Notes may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, in Romania and neither the Base Prospectus, the Final Terms nor any other offering material or advertisement in connection with the Notes may be distributed or published in Romania, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with any applicable laws, rules and regulations of Romania, including Law no. 297/2004 regarding the capital markets, as amended and supplemented (the “**Romanian Capital Markets Act**”), and all implementing regulations (including Regulation no. 1/2006 regarding securities and operations with securities, as amended and supplemented) (the “**Romanian Implementing Regulations**”) issued by the Romanian Financial Supervisory Authority (the “**Romanian FSA**”) and/or all regulations issued by the European Commission.

No approval of this Base Prospectus has been sought or obtained from the Romanian FSA in respect of the Notes, in accordance with the Romanian Capital Markets Act and the relevant Romanian Implementing Regulations. No application has been filed nor has any permission been obtained for listing nor has any other arrangement for trading of the Notes on any regulated market in Romania (as defined by the Capital Markets Act and the relevant Romanian Implementing Regulations) been made. Accordingly, each Dealer represented that it has not and will not offer, sell or otherwise introduce the Notes through a public offering in Romania other than in accordance with all applicable provisions of the Romanian Capital Markets Act and the relevant Romanian Implementing Regulations.

Any public offering of the Notes by the Dealers may only be made once the Base Prospectus in relation to the Notes has been approved in another Relevant Member State and notified to the Romanian FSA in accordance with the Romanian Capital Markets Act and the relevant Romanian Implementing Regulations. Accordingly, any person making or intending to make any offer within Romania of the Notes which are the subject of the placement contemplated in this Base Prospectus should only do so in circumstances in which no obligation arises for the Issuer or any of the Dealers to have a prospectus, base prospectus or similar document for such offer approved by the Romanian FSA.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed with the Issuers and each other Dealer, that it has complied with and will comply with all the requirements of the Romanian Capital Markets Act and any and all relevant Romanian Implementing Regulations issued by the Romanian FSA with respect to anything done by it in relation to the Notes in, from or otherwise involving Romania.

Russia

The Global Issuer

Each of the Dealers has agreed that the Notes will not be offered, transferred or sold as part of their initial distribution or at any time thereafter to or for the benefit of any persons (including legal entities) resident, incorporated, established or having their usual residence in the Russian Federation or to any person located within the territory of the Russian Federation unless and to the extent otherwise permitted under Russian law.

This Base Prospectus or information contained therein is not an offer, or an invitation to make offers, to sell, exchange or otherwise transfer securities in the Russian Federation to or for the benefit of any Russian person or entity and does not constitute an advertisement or offering of securities in the Russian Federation within the meaning of Russian securities laws. Information contained in the Base Prospectus is not intended for any persons in the Russian Federation who are not “qualified investors” within the meaning of Article 51.2 of the Federal Law no. 39-FZ “On the Securities Market” dated 22 April 1996, as amended (the “**Russian QIs**”) and must not be distributed or circulated into Russia or made available in Russia to any persons who are not Russian QIs, unless and to the extent they are otherwise permitted to access such information under Russian law. The Notes have not been and will not be registered in Russia and are not intended for “placement” or “circulation” in Russia (each as defined in Russian securities laws) unless and to the extent otherwise permitted under Russian law.

The Notes may not offered, transferred or sold to or for the benefit of any persons (including legal entities) resident, incorporated, established or having their usual residence in the Russian Federation or to any person located within the territory of the Russian Federation unless and to the extent otherwise permitted under Russian law.

Singapore

The Global Issuer

*For Notes which are classified in Singapore as units (“**CIS Notes**”) in “collective investment schemes” (“**CIS**”):*

The offer or invitation of the CIS Notes, which is the subject of this Base Prospectus, does not relate to a collective investment scheme which is authorised under Section 286 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the “**SFA**”) or recognised under Section 287 of the SFA. The CIS is not authorised or recognised by the Monetary Authority of Singapore (the “**MAS**”) and the CIS Notes are not allowed to be offered to the retail public. This Base Prospectus and any other document or material issued in connection

with the offer or sale is not a prospectus as defined in the SFA. Accordingly, statutory liability under the SFA in relation to the content of prospectuses would not apply. You should consider carefully whether the investment is suitable for you. This Base Prospectus has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this Base Prospectus and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of CIS Notes may not be circulated or distributed, nor may CIS Notes be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under Section 304 of the SFA, (ii) to a relevant person pursuant to Section 305(1), or any person pursuant to Section 305(2), and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 305, of the SFA or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA.

Where CIS Notes are subscribed or purchased under Section 305 of the SFA by a relevant person which is:

- (a) a corporation (which is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or
- (b) a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary of the trust is an individual who is an accredited investor,

securities (as defined in Section 239(1) of the SFA) of that corporation or the beneficiaries' rights and interest (howsoever described) in that trust shall not be transferred within six months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the CIS Notes pursuant to an offer made under Section 305 of the SFA except:

- (1) to an institutional investor or to a relevant person defined in Section 305(5) of the SFA, or to any person arising from an offer referred to in Section 275(1A) or Section 305A(3)(i)(B) of the SFA;
- (2) where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer;
- (3) where the transfer is by operation of law; or
- (4) as specified in Section 305A(5) of the SFA; or
- (5) As specified in Regulation 36 of the Securities and Futures (Offers of Investments) (Collective Investment Schemes) Regulation 2005 of Singapore.

For Notes which are classified in Singapore as "debentures":

This Base Prospectus has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this Base Prospectus and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of Notes may not be circulated or distributed, nor may Notes be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the "SFA"), (ii) to a relevant person pursuant to Section 275(1), or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275, of the SFA or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA.

Where Notes are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 of the SFA by a relevant person which is:

- (a) a corporation (which is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or
- (b) a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary of the trust is an individual who is an accredited investor,

securities (as defined in Section 239(1) of the SFA of that corporation or the beneficiaries' rights and interest (howsoever described) in that trust shall not be transferred within six months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the Notes pursuant to an offer made under Section 275 of the SFA except:

- (1) to an institutional investor or to a relevant person defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA, or to any person arising from an offer referred to in Section 275(1A) or Section 276(4)(i)(B) of the SFA;
- (2) where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer;
- (3) where the transfer is by operation of law; or
- (4) as specified in Section 276(7) of the SFA; or
- (5) As specified in Regulation 32 of the Securities and Futures (Offers of Investments) (Shares and Debentures) Regulations 2005 of Singapore.

Slovakia

The Global Issuer

No permit for the issue of the has been obtained (including obtaining approval of the terms and conditions of the Notes) from the National Bank of Slovakia (the "NBS") nor is any required under Slovak Act No. 530/1990 Zb. Coll., on Bonds (the "**Bonds Act**"). No approval of a prospectus has been sought or obtained from the NBS under the Slovak Act No. 566/2001 Coll. on Securities and Investment Services and on Amendments or Other Acts, as amended (the "**Securities Act**") with respect to the Notes. No action has been taken to passport a prospectus approved by the competent authority of the home Member State of the Global Issuer into Slovakia by delivery of certificate of the competent authority of the home Member State of the Global Issuer to the NBS attesting that a prospectus approved by the home Member State authority has been drawn up in accordance with law of the European Economic Area.

No application has been filed nor has any permission been obtained for listing nor has any other arrangement for trading the Notes on any regulated market in Slovakia (as defined by the Act No. 429/2002 Coll. on Stock Exchange, as amended (the "**Stock Exchange Act**")) been made. Accordingly, each of the Dealers represented and agreed that it has not and will not offer, sell or otherwise introduce the Notes for trading in Slovakia in a manner that would require (i) the approval of a prospectus by the NBS or (ii) passporting of a prospectus approved by the competent authority of the home Member State of the Global Issuer into Slovakia by delivery of certificate of the competent authority of the home Member State of the Global Issuer to the NBS attesting that a prospectus approved by the home Member State authority has been drawn up in accordance with law of the European Economic Area.

Accordingly any person making or intending to make any offer within Slovakia of the Notes which are the subject of the placement contemplated in this Base Prospectus should only do so in circumstances in which no obligation arises for any of the Issuers or any of the Dealers to produce a prospectus for such offer. Neither the Issuers nor the Dealers have authorised, nor do they authorise, the making of any offer of the Notes through any financial intermediary, other than offers made by Dealers which constitute the final placement of the Notes contemplated in this Base Prospectus.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed that it has complied with and will comply with all the requirements of the Securities Act and has not taken, and will not take, any action which would result in the Notes being deemed to have been issued in the Slovak Republic, the issue of the Notes being classed as “accepting of deposits” by the Issuer in the Slovak Republic under Section 2 (1) of Slovak No. 483/2001 Coll., on Banks (as amended) (the “**Banks Act**”) or requiring a permit, registration, filing or notification to the NBS other authorities in Slovakia in respect of the Notes in accordance with the Securities Act, the Stock Exchange Act, Bonds Act, the Banks Act or the practice of the NBS.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed that it has complied with and will comply with all the laws of the Slovak Republic applicable to the conduct of business in the Slovak Republic (including the laws applicable to the provision of investment services (within the meaning of the Securities Act) in the Slovak Republic) in respect of the Notes.

Any references to the Bonds Act, the Securities Act, the Stock Exchange Act and the Banks Act are made with respect to the relevant provisions of those laws applicable as of the date of this Base Prospectus and, as may be amended, supplemented or replaced by a new Slovak legislation regulating the same which will become valid and effective after the date of this Base Prospectus.

Spain

The Global Issuer

Neither the Notes nor the Base Prospectus have been registered with the Spanish Securities Market Commission (*Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores*). Accordingly, the Notes may not be offered, sold or distributed in Spain nor any document or offer material be distributed in Spain or targeted at Spanish resident investors save in compliance with the requirements set out in Law 24/1988 of 28 July 1988 of the Securities Market (*Ley 24/1988, de 28 de julio, del Mercado de Valores*), Royal Decree 1310/2005 of 4 November on admission to listing and on issues and public offers of securities, as amended (*Real Decreto 1310/2005 de 4 de noviembre, por el que se desarrolla parcialmente la Ley 24/1988, de 28 de julio, de Mercado de Valores, en materia de admisión a negociación de valores en mercados secundarios oficiales, de ofertas públicas de venta o suscripción y del folleto exigible a tales efectos*), and supplemental rules enacted thereunder or in substitution thereof from time to time.

Kingdom of Sweden

The Global Issuer

Reference is made to the general selling restriction for the European Economic Area, however notwithstanding any other provision in this Base Prospectus each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it will not, directly or indirectly, offer for subscription or purchase or issue invitations to subscribe for or buy Notes or distribute any draft or final document in relation to any such offer, invitation or sale except in circumstances that will not result in a requirement to prepare a prospectus pursuant to the provisions of the Swedish Financial Instruments Trading Act (Sw. (*lag (1991:980) om handel med finansiella instrument*)).

Switzerland

The Global Issuer

The Notes issued by the Americas Issuer will not be offered, directly or indirectly, to the public in Switzerland and this Base Prospectus does not constitute a public offering prospectus, as that term is

understood pursuant to art. 652a and art. 1156 of the Swiss Federal Code of Obligations, with respect to such Notes.

The Notes issued by the Global Issuer being offered pursuant to this Base Prospectus do not represent units in collective investment schemes. Accordingly, they have not been registered with the FINMA as foreign collective investment schemes, and are not subject to the supervision of the FINMA. Investors cannot invoke the protection conferred under the Swiss legislation applicable to collective investment schemes.

Neither the Global Issuer nor any Dealer has applied for a listing of the Notes issued by the Global Issuer being offered pursuant to this Base Prospectus on the SIX Swiss Exchange or on any other regulated securities market in Switzerland other than pursuant to a listing prospectus approved by the SIX Swiss Exchange, and consequently the information presented in this Base Prospectus does not necessarily comply with the information standards set out in the relevant listing rules unless read in conjunction with a listing prospectus approved by the SIX Exchange in respect of a particular issue of Notes by the Global Issuer.

One or several funds may underlie Notes issued by the Global Issuer. Such funds may not be registered in Switzerland under the Swiss legislation and regulations applicable to collective investment schemes. Accordingly, none of the underlying funds may be distributed in or from Switzerland to non-qualified investors as such terms are defined under the Swiss legislation applicable to collective investment schemes and the relevant guideline and practice of the FINMA. Specifically, any Note linked for one third or more of its value to (a) fund(s) being unregistered in Switzerland may not be distributed in or from Switzerland to non-qualified investors as defined above.

Taiwan

The Global Issuer

The Notes may not be sold or offered in Taiwan and may only be offered and sold to Taiwan resident investors from outside Taiwan in such manner as complies with Taiwan securities laws and regulations applicable to such cross border activities.

Turkey

The Global Issuer

Each of the Dealers represents and warrants that the Base Prospectus has not been and will not be submitted for approval to the Turkish Capital Markets Board (the “**CMB**”) under the provisions of the Capital Markets Law No. 6362 of the Republic of Turkey (the “**Capital Markets Law**”).

The Notes (or any beneficial interest therein) issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer shall not be offered or sold in the Republic of Turkey in any circumstances which would constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the Capital Markets Law and no prospectus, or other offering material related to the offering may be utilised in connection with any general offering to the public within the Republic of Turkey for the purpose of the offer or sale of the Notes without the prior approval of the CMB. Pursuant to Article 15(D)(II) of Decree No. 32 of the Republic of Turkey regarding the protection of the value of the Turkish currency, there is no restriction on the purchase of securities which are traded abroad such as the Notes (or any beneficial interest therein) by residents of the Republic of Turkey on an unsolicited basis, provided that (i) such purchase is made through banks and/or licensed brokerage institutions in the Republic of Turkey and (ii) the consideration of the purchase of such Notes has been or will be transferred through banks operating in the Republic of Turkey.

United Arab Emirates (excluding the Dubai International Financial Centre)

The Global Issuer

Each Dealer has represented and agreed that the Notes have not been and will not be, offered, sold or publicly promoted or advertised in the United Arab Emirates (“UAE”) other than in compliance with the laws applicable in the UAE. The information contained in this Base Prospectus does not constitute a public offer of the Notes in the UAE in accordance with the Commercial Companies Law (Federal Law No. 8 of 1984 of the UAE, as amended), Emirates Securities and Commodities Authority (“SCA”) Resolution No.(37) of 2012 or otherwise and is not intended to be a public offer and the information contained in this Base Prospectus is not intended to lead to the conclusion of any contract of whatsoever nature within the territory of the UAE. This Base Prospectus has not been approved by or filed with the Central Bank of the United Arab Emirates or SCA. If you do not understand the contents of this Base Prospectus you should consult an authorised financial adviser.

This Base Prospectus is strictly private and confidential and is being issued to a limited number of institutional and individual investors:

- (a) who qualify as sophisticated investors;
- (b) upon their request and confirmation that they understand that the Notes and the interests have not been approved or licensed by or registered with the UAE Central Bank, the SCA, DFSA or any other relevant licensing authorities or governmental agencies in the UAE; and
- (c) must not be provided to any person other than the original recipient, and may not be reproduced or used for any other purpose.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed that the Notes will not be offered, sold, transferred or delivered to the public in the UAE (including the Dubai International Financial Centre).

United Kingdom

The Global Issuer

Each Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree that, with respect to the issue of Notes by the Global Issuer:

- (a) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the “FSMA”), with respect to anything done by it in relation to the Notes issued by the Global Issuer in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom; and
- (b) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Notes issued by the Global Issuer in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA would not, if the Global Issuer was not an authorised person, apply to the Global Issuer.

Uruguay

The Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer

The Notes have not been and will not be registered with the Superintendencia of Financial Services (*Superintendencia de Servicios Financieros*) of the Central Bank of Uruguay under the Uruguayan Securities Market Law, N°18,627 (“*Ley de Mercado de Valores*”). The Notes may only be offered in Uruguay by a private placement. This is not a public offering of securities in Uruguay.

Venezuela

The Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer

The offering of the Notes is not a public offer. The Notes will not be marketed to the public, particular sectors or groups, directly or indirectly, through any publicity or diffusion means. Neither the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer nor the offering of the Notes have been registered with the Venezuelan Superintendence of Securities (*Superintendencia Nacional de Valores*).

This offering shall be deemed a private offering and will not be redistributed to the public in general or to a specific group of investors.

Under no circumstance will this private offering be considered as placed from within the jurisdiction of the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela.

General

The Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer

Each Dealer appointed under the Programme by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer will be required to agree that it will (to the best of its knowledge and belief) comply with all applicable securities laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction in which it purchases, offers, sells or delivers Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) or possesses or distributes this Base Prospectus, any Final Terms or any other offering material relating to the Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) and will obtain any consent, approval or permission required by it for the purchase, offer, sale or delivery by it of Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) under the laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction to which it is subject or in which it makes such purchases, offers, sales or deliveries and none of the Global Issuer, the Americas Issuer or any other Dealer shall have any responsibility therefor.

Save as specifically described in this Base Prospectus, none of the Global Issuer, the Americas Issuer or any of the Dealers represents that Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) may at any time lawfully be sold in compliance with any applicable registration or other requirements in any jurisdiction, or pursuant to any exemption available thereunder, or assumes any responsibility for facilitating such sale.

With regard to each Tranche of Notes issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer, the relevant Dealer will be required to comply with such other or additional restrictions as the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) and the relevant Dealer shall agree and as shall be set out in the applicable Final Terms.

ADDITIONAL AUSTRALIAN AND CANADIAN INFORMATION

AUSTRALIA

The Banking (Foreign Exchange) Regulations and other regulations in Australia prohibit payments, transactions and dealings with assets or named individuals or entities subject to international sanctions or associated with terrorism.

CANADA

Rights of action for damages or rescission

Canadian Securities Laws in certain provinces and territories of Canada provide purchasers of securities pursuant to the Base Prospectus with a remedy for damages or rescission, or both, in addition to any other rights they may have at law, where the Base Prospectus and any amendment to it contains a “Misrepresentation”. Where used herein, “**Misrepresentation**” means an untrue statement of a material fact or an omission to state a material fact that is required to be stated or that is necessary to make any statement not misleading in light of the circumstances in which it was made. These remedies, or notice with respect to these remedies, must be exercised or delivered, as the case may be, by the purchaser within the time limits prescribed by applicable securities legislation.

Ontario

Section 130.1 of the Securities Act (Ontario) provides that every purchaser of securities pursuant to an offering memorandum (such as the Base Prospectus) shall have a statutory right of action for damages or rescission against the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) and any selling security holder in the event that the offering memorandum contains a Misrepresentation. A purchaser who purchases securities offered by the offering memorandum during the period of distribution has, without regard to whether the purchaser relied upon the Misrepresentation, a right of action for damages or, alternatively, while still the owner of the securities, for rescission against the issuer and any selling security holder provided that:

- (a) if the purchaser exercises its right of rescission, it shall cease to have a right of action for damages as against the issuer and the selling security holders, if any;
- (b) the issuer and the selling security holders, if any, will not be liable if they prove that the purchaser purchased the securities with knowledge of the Misrepresentation;
- (c) the issuer and the selling security holders, if any, will not be liable for all or any portion of damages that it proves do not represent the depreciation in value of the securities as a result of the Misrepresentation relied upon; and
- (d) in no case shall the amount recoverable exceed the price at which the securities were offered.

Section 138 of the Securities Act (Ontario) provides that no action shall be commenced to enforce these rights more than:

- (a) in the case of an action for rescission, 180 days from the day of the transaction that gave rise to the cause of action; or
- (b) in the case of an action for damages, the earlier of 180 days from the day that the purchaser first had knowledge of the facts giving rise to the cause of action, or three years from the day of the transaction that gave rise to the cause of action.

The rights referred to in section 130.1 of the Securities Act (Ontario) do not apply in respect of an offering memorandum (such as the Base Prospectus) delivered to a prospective purchaser in connection with a distribution made in reliance on the exemption from the prospectus requirement in section 2.3 of National Instrument 45-106 (the “accredited investor” exemption) if the prospective purchaser is:

- (i) a Canadian financial institution or a Schedule III bank;
- (ii) the Business Development Bank of Canada incorporated under the Business Development Bank of Canada Act (Canada); or
- (iii) a subsidiary of any person referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b), if the person owns all of the voting securities of the subsidiary, except the voting securities required by law to be owned by directors of that subsidiary.

New Brunswick

Section 150 of the Securities Act (New Brunswick) provides that where an offering memorandum (such as the Base Prospectus) contains a Misrepresentation, a purchaser who purchases securities shall be deemed to have relied on the Misrepresentation if it was a Misrepresentation at the time of purchase and:

- (a) the purchaser has a right of action for damages against the issuer and any selling security holder(s) on whose behalf the distribution is made; or
- (b) where the purchaser purchased the securities from a person referred to in paragraph (a), the purchaser may elect to exercise a right of rescission against the person, in which case the purchaser shall have no right of action for damages against the person.

This statutory right of action is available to New Brunswick purchasers whether or not such purchaser relied on the Misrepresentation. However, there are various defences available to the issuer and the selling security holder(s). In particular, no person will be liable for a Misrepresentation if such person proves that the purchaser purchased the securities with knowledge of the Misrepresentation when the purchaser purchased the securities. Moreover, in an action for damages, the amount recoverable will not exceed the price at which the securities were offered under the offering memorandum and any defendant will not be liable for all or any part of the damages that the defendant proves do not represent the depreciation in value of the security as a result of the Misrepresentation.

If the purchaser intends to rely on the rights described in (a) or (b) above, such purchaser must do so within strict time limitations. The purchaser must commence its action to cancel the agreement within 180 days after the date of the transaction that gave rise to the cause of action. The purchaser must commence its action for damages within the earlier of:

- (a) one year after the purchaser first had knowledge of the facts giving rise to the cause of action; or
- (b) six years after the date of the transaction that gave rise to the cause of action.

Nova Scotia

The right of action for damages or rescission described herein is conferred by section 138 of the Securities Act (Nova Scotia). Section 138 of the Securities Act (Nova Scotia) provides, in relevant part, that in the event that an offering memorandum (such as the Base Prospectus), together with any amendment thereto, or any advertising or sales literature (as defined in the Securities Act (Nova Scotia)) contains a Misrepresentation, the purchaser will be deemed to have relied upon such Misrepresentation if it was a Misrepresentation at the time of purchase and has, subject to certain limitations and defences, a statutory right of action for damages against the issuer and, subject to certain additional defences, every director of the issuer

at the date of the offering memorandum and every person who signed the offering memorandum or, alternatively, while still the owner of the securities purchased by the purchaser, may elect instead to exercise a statutory right of rescission against the issuer, in which case the purchaser shall have no right of action for damages against the issuer, directors of the issuer or persons who have signed the offering memorandum, provided that, among other limitations:

- (a) no action shall be commenced to enforce the right of action for rescission or damages by a purchaser resident in Nova Scotia later than 120 days after the date on which the initial payment was made for the securities;
- (b) no person will be liable if it proves that the purchaser purchased the securities with knowledge of the Misrepresentation;
- (c) in the case of an action for damages, no person will be liable for all or any portion of the damages that it proves do not represent the depreciation in value of the securities as a result of the Misrepresentation relied upon; and
- (d) in no case will the amount recoverable in any action exceed the price at which the securities were offered to the purchaser.

In addition, a person or company, other than the issuer, will not be liable if that person or company proves that:

- (a) the offering memorandum or amendment to the offering memorandum was sent or delivered to the purchaser without the person's or company's knowledge or consent and that, on becoming aware of its delivery, the person or company gave reasonable general notice that it was delivered without the person's or company's knowledge or consent;
- (b) after delivery of the offering memorandum or amendment to the offering memorandum and before the purchase of the securities by the purchaser, on becoming aware of any Misrepresentation in the offering memorandum or amendment to the offering memorandum the person or company withdrew the person's or company's consent to the offering memorandum or amendment to the offering memorandum, and gave reasonable general notice of the withdrawal and the reason for it; or
- (c) with respect to any part of the offering memorandum or amendment to the offering memorandum purporting (i) to be made on the authority of an expert, or (ii) to be a copy of, or an extract from, a report, an opinion or a statement of an expert, the person or company had no reasonable grounds to believe and did not believe that (A) there had been a Misrepresentation, or (B) the relevant part of the offering memorandum or amendment to offering memorandum did not fairly represent the report, opinion or statement of the expert, or was not a fair copy of, or an extract from, the report, opinion or statement of the expert.

Furthermore, no person or company, other than the issuer, will be liable with respect to any part of the offering memorandum or amendment to the offering memorandum not purporting (a) to be made on the authority of an expert or (b) to be a copy of, or an extract from, a report, opinion or statement of an expert, unless the person or company (i) failed to conduct a reasonable investigation to provide reasonable grounds for a belief that there had been no Misrepresentation or (ii) believed that there had been a Misrepresentation.

If a Misrepresentation is contained in a record incorporated by reference into, or deemed incorporated by reference into, the offering memorandum or amendment to the offering memorandum, the Misrepresentation is deemed to be contained in the offering memorandum or an amendment to the offering memorandum.

Saskatchewan

Section 138 of The Securities Act, 1988 (Saskatchewan), as amended (the “**Saskatchewan Act**”) provides that where an offering memorandum (such as the Base Prospectus), together with any amendment thereto, contains a Misrepresentation, the purchaser will be deemed to have relied upon that Misrepresentation, if it was a Misrepresentation at the time of purchase, and has a right of action for rescission against the issuer or a selling security holder on whose behalf the distribution is made or has a right of action for damages against:

- (a) the issuer or a selling security holder on whose behalf the distribution is made;
- (b) every promoter and director of the issuer or the selling security holder, as the case may be, at the time the offering memorandum or any amendment to it was sent or delivered;
- (c) every person or company whose consent has been filed respecting the offering, but only with respect to reports, opinions or statements that have been made by them;
- (d) every person who or company that, in addition to the persons or companies mentioned in (a) to (c) above, signed the offering memorandum or the amendment to the offering memorandum; and
- (e) every person who or company that sells securities on behalf of the issuer or selling security holder under the offering memorandum or amendment to the offering memorandum.

Such rights of rescission and damages are subject to certain limitations including the following:

- (i) if the purchaser elects to exercise its right of rescission against the issuer or selling security holder, it shall have no right of action for damages against that party;
- (ii) in an action for damages, a defendant will not be liable for all or any portion of the damages that he, she or it proves do not represent the depreciation in value of the securities resulting from the Misrepresentation relied on;
- (iii) no person or company, other than the issuer or a selling security holder, will be liable for any part of the offering memorandum or any amendment to it not purporting to be made on the authority of an expert and not purporting to be a copy of, or an extract from, a report, opinion or statement of an expert, unless the person or company failed to conduct a reasonable investigation sufficient to provide reasonable grounds for a belief that there had been no misrepresentation or believed that there had been a Misrepresentation;
- (iv) in no case shall the amount recoverable exceed the price at which the securities were offered; and
- (v) no person or company is liable in an action for rescission or damages if that person or company proves that the purchaser purchased the securities with knowledge of the Misrepresentation.

In addition, no person or company, other than the issuer or selling security holder, will be liable if the person or company proves that (a) the offering memorandum or any amendment to it was sent or delivered without the person’s or company’s knowledge or consent and that, on becoming aware of it being sent or delivered, that person or company gave reasonable general notice that it was so sent or delivered or (b) with respect to any part of the offering memorandum or any amendment to it purporting to be made on the authority of an expert, or purporting to be a copy of, or an extract from, a report, an opinion or a statement of an expert, that person or company had no reasonable grounds to believe and did not believe that there had been a misrepresentation, the part of the offering memorandum or any amendment to it did not fairly

represent the report, opinion or statement of the expert, or was not a fair copy of, or an extract from, the report, opinion or statement of the expert.

Not all defences upon which the Issuers or others may rely are described herein. Please refer to the full text of the Saskatchewan Act for a complete listing.

Similar rights of action for damages and rescission are provided in section 138.1 of the Saskatchewan Act in respect of a Misrepresentation in advertising and sales literature disseminated in connection with an offering of securities.

Section 138.2 of the Saskatchewan Act also provides that where an individual makes a verbal statement to a prospective purchaser that contains a Misrepresentation relating to the security purchased and the verbal statement is made either before or contemporaneously with the purchase of the security, the purchaser is deemed to have relied on the Misrepresentation, if it was a Misrepresentation at the time of purchase, and has a right of action for damages against the individual who made the verbal statement.

Section 141(1) of the Saskatchewan Act provides a purchaser with the right to void the purchase agreement and to recover all money and other consideration paid by the purchaser for the securities if the securities are sold in contravention of the Saskatchewan Act, the regulations to the Saskatchewan Act or a decision of the Saskatchewan Financial Services Commission.

Section 141(2) of the Saskatchewan Act also provides a right of action for rescission or damages to a purchaser of securities to whom an offering memorandum or any amendment to it was not sent or delivered prior to or at the same time as the purchaser enters into an agreement to purchase the securities, as required by Section 80.1 of the Saskatchewan Act.

The rights of action for damages or rescission under the Saskatchewan Act are in addition to and do not derogate from any other right which a purchaser may have at law.

Section 147 of the Saskatchewan Act provides that no action shall be commenced to enforce any of the foregoing rights more than:

- (a) in the case of an action for rescission, 180 days after the date of the transaction that gave rise to the cause of action; or
- (b) in the case of any other action, other than an action for rescission, the earlier of (i) one year after the plaintiff first had knowledge of the facts giving rise to the cause of action or (ii) six years after the date of the transaction that gave rise to the cause of action.

The Saskatchewan Act also provides a purchaser who has received an amended offering memorandum delivered in accordance with subsection 80.1(3) of the Saskatchewan Act has a right to withdraw from the agreement to purchase the securities by delivering a notice to the person who or company that is selling the securities, indicating the purchaser's intention not to be bound by the purchase agreement, provided such notice is delivered by the purchaser within two business days of receiving the amended offering memorandum.

The securities legislation in the provinces of Manitoba, Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island and the Yukon, Nunavut and Northwest Territories provides a statutory right of action for damages or rescission to purchasers resident in such provinces and territories, respectively, which rights are similar, but not identical, to the rights available to Ontario purchasers.

The foregoing summary is subject to the express provisions of the Canadian Securities Laws, and reference is made to the complete text of such provisions. Such provisions may contain limitations and statutory defences on which the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be), may rely.

The rights of action discussed above will be granted to the purchasers to whom such rights are conferred upon acceptance by the relevant dealer of the purchase price for the securities. The rights discussed above are in addition to and without derogation from any other right or remedy which purchasers may have at law.

Enforcement of Legal Rights

The Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer are organised under the laws of The Netherlands or, as applicable, under the laws of a jurisdiction outside of Canada. All or substantially all of the Issuers' directors and officers, as well as certain of the experts named herein, may be located outside of Canada and, as a result, it may not be possible for Canadian Purchasers to effect service of process within Canada upon the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) or such persons. All or a substantial portion of the assets of the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) and such other persons may be located outside of Canada and, as a result, it may not be possible to satisfy a judgement against the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) or such persons in Canada or to enforce a judgement obtained in Canadian courts against the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) or persons outside of Canada.

Language of Documents

Upon receipt of this document, each Canadian Purchaser hereby confirms that it has expressly requested that all documents evidencing or relating in any way to the sale of the securities described herein (including for greater certainty any purchase confirmation or any notice) be drawn up in the English language only. *Par la réception de ce document, chaque investisseur Canadien confirme par les présentes qu'il a expressément exigé que tous les documents faisant foi ou se rapportant de quelque manière que ce soit à la vente des valeurs mobilières décrites aux présentes (incluant, pour plus de certitude, toute confirmation d'achat ou tout avis) soient rédigés en anglais seulement.*

GENERAL INFORMATION

Authorisation

The establishment of the Programme and the issue of Notes by the Global Issuer thereunder have been duly authorised with respect to the Global Issuer by a resolution of the Supervisory Board of the Global Issuer dated 21 February 2005 and by resolutions of the Management Board of the Global Issuer dated 20 June 2005 as lastly superseded by its resolution on 16 August 2010. All consents, approvals, authorisations or other orders of all regulatory authorities required by the Global Issuer under the laws of The Netherlands have been given (a) for the issue of Notes by the Global Issuer and (b) for the Global Issuer to undertake and perform its obligations under the Global Programme Agreement, the Agency Agreement and the Notes.

The establishment of the Programme and the issue of Notes by the Americas Issuer thereunder have been duly authorised by a resolution of the Management Board of the Americas Issuer dated on or about 16 May 2007. All consents, approvals, authorisations or other orders of all regulatory authorities required by the Americas Issuer under the laws of The Netherlands have been given for the issue of Notes by the Americas Issuer and for the Americas Issuer to undertake and perform its obligations under the Americas Programme Agreement, the Agency Agreement and the Notes.

Documents Available

So long as this Base Prospectus is valid as described in Article 9 of the Prospectus Directive, copies of the following documents will, when published, be available free of charge from the Global Issuer and from the specified office of the Paying Agents and, if applicable, for Austrian investors from ING Bank N.V., Vienna Branch at Rennweg 33B/Top 101, A-1030 Vienna, Austria. Requests for such documents should be directed to the Global Issuer at Foppingadreef 7, 1102 BD Amsterdam, The Netherlands or at the address of ING Bank N.V., Vienna Branch indicated above.

- (i) a copy of the Global Issuer Registration Document;
- (ii) the Agency Agreement (which contains the forms of the Global Notes, the Definitive Notes, the Coupons and the Talons);
- (iii) a copy of this Base Prospectus;
- (iv) a copy of the Level 1 Programme Prospectus;
- (v) each set of Final Terms relating to a Note issued by the Global Issuer (save that Final Terms relating to a Note issued by the Global Issuer for which a prospectus is not required to be published in accordance with the Prospectus Directive will only be available for inspection by a holder of such Note and such holder must produce evidence satisfactory to the Global Issuer or the Paying Agent, as the case may be, as to its holding of Notes and identity); and
- (vi) any future supplements to this Base Prospectus and any other documents incorporated herein or therein by reference.

So long as this Base Prospectus is valid as described in Article 9 of the Prospectus Directive, copies of the following documents will, when published, be available free of charge from the Americas Issuer and from the specified office of the Paying Agents. Requests for such documents should be directed to the Americas Issuer c/o ING Bank N.V. at Foppingadreef 7, 1102 BD Amsterdam, The Netherlands or c/o ING Financial Holdings Corporation, 1325 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10019, United States.

- (i) a copy of the Americas Issuer Registration Document;
- (ii) the Deed of Guarantee and the Agency Agreement (which contains the forms of the Global Notes, the Definitive Notes, the Coupons and the Talons);
- (iii) a copy of this Base Prospectus;
- (iv) a copy of the Level 1 Programme Prospectus;
- (v) each set of Final Terms relating to a Note issued by the Americas Issuer (save that Final Terms relating to a Note issued by the Americas Issuer for which a prospectus is not required to be published in accordance with the Prospectus Directive will only be available for inspection by a holder of such Note and such holder must produce evidence satisfactory to the Americas Issuer or the Paying Agent, as the case may be, as to its holding of Notes and identity); and
- (vi) any future supplements to this Base Prospectus and any other documents herein or therein by reference.

Clearing Systems

The Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Notes issued by the Americas Issuer may be cleared through Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, Euroclear Netherlands or such additional or alternative clearing and/or settlement system as specified in the applicable Final Terms. The appropriate identification code for each Tranche or series allocated by Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg or Euroclear Netherlands will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. In addition, the Registered Notes issued by the Global Issuer and the Americas Issuer may, before issue, be designated as PORTAL securities and the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) may make an application for any Registered Notes issued by it to be accepted for trading in book entry form by DTC. The CUSIP and/or CINS numbers for each Tranche of Registered Notes and Registered Global Bonds issued by the Global Issuer or the Americas Issuer, together with the relevant ISIN and common code, will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Notes issued by the Global Issuer and/or the Notes issued by the Americas Issuer are to clear through an additional or alternative clearing and/or settlement system, the appropriate information will be specified in the applicable Final Terms.

The address of Euroclear is 1 Boulevard du Roi Albert II, B-1210 Brussels, Belgium. The address of Clearstream, Luxembourg is 42 Avenue JF Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg, Luxembourg. The address of Euroclear Netherlands is Herengracht 459-469, 1017 BS Amsterdam, The Netherlands. The address of DTC is 55 Water Street, New York, NY 10041 0099, USA.

Issue Information

The issue price and the amount of the relevant Notes will be determined, before filing of the applicable Final Terms of each Tranche, based on the prevailing market conditions. Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable Final Terms of a Tranche, the relevant Issuer does not intend to provide any post-issuance information in relation to any issues of Notes.

Significant or Material Adverse Change

For information on any significant change in the financial or trading position of the relevant Issuer and its consolidated subsidiaries and/or any material adverse change in the prospects of the relevant Issuer, see “General Information – Significant or Material Adverse Change” in the relevant Registration Document.

Rule 144(d)(4)

For as long as any of the Notes issued by the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer remain outstanding and are “restricted securities” within the meaning of Rule 144(a)(3) under the Securities Act, the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer (as the case may be) will, during any period in which it is not subject to Section 13 or 15(d) under the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, nor exempt from reporting pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under such Act, make available, upon request, to any person in whose name a Restricted Global Note representing Notes issued by the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer is registered, to any owner of a beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note issued by the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer, to a prospective purchaser of a Note issued by the Global Issuer and/or the Americas Issuer or beneficial interest therein who is a qualified institutional buyer within the meaning of Rule 144A, and with respect to Notes issued by the Americas Issuer a qualified purchaser, designated by any such person or beneficial owner, or to the Registrar for delivery to any such person, beneficial owner or prospective purchaser, as the case may be, in connection with the resale of a beneficial interest in such Restricted Global Note by such person or beneficial owner, the information specified in Rule 144(d)(4).

The EU Credit Rating Agencies Regulation

The Global Issuer has a senior debt rating from Standard & Poor’s, Moody’s and Fitch and the Americas Issuer has a senior debt rating from Moody’s, details of which are contained in the relevant Registration Document. Standard & Poor’s, Moody’s and Fitch. are established in the European Union and are registered under the CRA Regulation.

The European Securities and Market Association (“ESMA”) is obliged to maintain on its website a list of credit rating agencies registered in accordance with the CRA Regulation. This list must be updated within 5 working days of ESMA’s adoption of any decision to withdraw the registration of a credit rating agency under the CRA Regulation.

Calculation of Yield

The yield for any particular Series of Fixed Rate Notes will be specified in the applicable Final Terms and will be calculated on the basis of the compound annual rate of return if the relevant Notes were to be purchased at the Issue Price on the Issue Date and held to maturity. Set out below is the formula for the purposes of calculating the yield of Fixed Rate Notes.

$$\text{Issue Price} = \text{Rate of Interest} \times \frac{1 - \left(\frac{1}{(1 + \text{Yield})^n}\right)}{\text{Yield}} + \left[\text{Final Redemption Amount} \times \frac{1}{(1 + \text{Yield})^n}\right]$$

Where:

“**Rate of Interest**” means the Rate of Interest expressed as a percentage as specified in the applicable Final Terms and adjusted according to the frequency i.e. for a semi-annual paying Note, the Rate of Interest is half the stated annualised Rate of Interest in the Final Terms;

“**Yield**” means the yield to maturity calculated on a frequency commensurate with the frequency of interest payments as specified in the applicable Final Terms; and

“**n**” means the number of interest payments to maturity.

Set out below is a worked example illustrating how the yield on a Series of Fixed Rate Notes could be calculated on the basis of the above formula. It is provided for purposes of illustration only and should

not be taken as an indication or prediction of the yield for any Series of Notes; it is intended merely to illustrate the way which the above formula could be applied.

Where:

$n = 5$

Rate of interest = 3.00 per cent.

Issue Price = 104.71 per cent.

Final Redemption Amount = 100 per cent.

$$[[] = [] \frac{1 - \left[\frac{1}{(1 + \text{Yield})^n} \right]}{\text{Yield}} + \left[100 \times \frac{1}{(1 + \text{Yield})^n} \right]$$

Yield = 2.00 per cent. (calculated by iteration)

The yield specified in the applicable Final Terms in respect of a Series of Fixed Rate Notes will not be indication of future yield.

REGISTERED AND PRINCIPAL OFFICE OF THE GLOBAL ISSUER

ING Bank N.V.
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The Netherlands

REGISTERED AND PRINCIPAL OFFICE OF THE AMERICAS ISSUER

ING Americas Issuance B.V.
Foppingadreef 7
1102 BD Amsterdam
The Netherlands

ARRANGER

ING Bank N.V.
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DEALERS FOR THE GLOBAL ISSUER

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24 Avenue Marnix
1000 Brussels
Belgium

DEALERS FOR THE AMERICAS ISSUER

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ING Belgium SA/NV
24 Avenue Marnix
1000 Brussels
Belgium

AGENT FOR THE NOTES ISSUED BY THE GLOBAL ISSUER AND THE AMERICAS ISSUER

The Bank of New York Mellon, London Branch

One Canada Square
London E14 5AL
United Kingdom

PAYING AGENTS FOR THE NOTES ISSUED BY THE GLOBAL ISSUER AND THE AMERICAS ISSUER

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1000 Brussels
Belgium

ING Luxembourg S.A.
52, route d'Esch
L-2965 Luxembourg
Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

**U.S. PAYING AGENT FOR THE NOTES ISSUED BY THE GLOBAL ISSUER AND THE AMERICAS ISSUER AND
REGISTRAR FOR THE NOTES ISSUED BY THE GLOBAL ISSUER AND THE AMERICAS ISSUER**

The Bank of New York Mellon

The Bank of New York
101 Barclay Street, Floor 21W
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USA

TRANSFER AGENTS FOR THE NOTES ISSUED BY THE GLOBAL ISSUER AND THE AMERICAS ISSUER

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Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

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The Netherlands

ING Belgium SA/NV

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Belgium

AMSTERDAM LISTING AGENT

ING Bank N.V.

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LUXEMBOURG LISTING AGENT

ING Luxembourg S.A.

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Linklaters LLP

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