

Oud-Beijerland, 25 September 2020

Südzucker International Finance B.V.

FINANCIAL REPORT for the six-month period 1 March 2020 to 31 August 2020

Table of contents

Interim report of the directors	2
Financial statements	7
Balance sheet as at 31 August 2020	8
Profit and loss account for the six-month period	10
Cash flow statement	11
Notes	12

Interim report of the directors

We have the pleasure in presenting the Financial Report of Südzucker International Finance B.V. ('SZIF', or 'the Company') for the six-month period from 1 March 2020 up to and including 31 August 2020.

The home member state of SZIF is the Netherlands.

Group structure

SZIF was incorporated on 13 January 1994. The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Südzucker AG, Mannheim, Germany ("Südzucker").

The Company's purpose is to finance affiliated companies, within the Südzucker AG group structure, through, among others, the issuance of loans listed on public markets. The loans currently issued are listed on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange and the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Business review and activities during the first half of the financial year

SZIF continued to be an important liquidity provider within Südzucker Group.

The interest rate for the loans to affiliated companies is disclosed in the Loan Pricing Policy of the Company. The interest rate on the credit facilities is based on the weighted average yield of all funds drawn from the financial market. The costs related to the bonds (i.e. guarantee fee, the annualized bank costs, annualized discount and the required spread for the Company's financing activities) are added to the weighted average yield.

At the annual General Meeting of the Company held on 28 April 2020 the general assembly has been decided upon the allocation of the results of the financial year 2019/20 to pay a dividend of EUR 1 million on 8 May 2020.

As all bonds are issued by the Company and are guaranteed by Südzucker AG, the credit ratings of Südzucker AG continue to be a significant support of the bond business of SZIF.

Debt ratings provide an opinion for the credit marketplace as to the issuer's ability to meet its financial obligations to security holders when due. Credit ratings represent an independent and current assessment of a company's credit standing. Creditworthiness checks by rating agencies have a substantial effect on a company's options for raising outside capital. The better the rating, the easier the access to international credit markets and the more affordable the borrowings. Südzucker is rated by the two international rating agencies Moody's and Standard & Poor's. A positive evaluation of Südzucker's credit rating by these two agencies is an important prerequisite for Südzucker's success on the debt capital markets.

Südzucker AG continues to have credit ratings assigned from both Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's Global Ratings.

Moody's current rating for Südzucker is Baa3/P-3 with a negative outlook (June 2020). The Moody's rating for the hybrid bond is B2 (June 2020).

Standard & Poor's current rating for Südzucker is BBB-/A-3 with a negative outlook (September 2020). Standard & Poor's rating for the hybrid bond is B+ (September 2020).

Bonds

On 31 August 2020 the Company has the following bonds at its disposal:

 On 30 June and 15 August 2005 a fixed-rate coupon of 5.25% perpetual hybrid bond was issued to a total amount of EUR 700 million. Since 30 June 2015 the subordinated bond has a variable coupon of the 3 month Euribor interest rate plus 3.10 % p.a. effective 30 June 2015.

On 31 August 2020 the interest rate was applied 2.697% p.a. for the period from 30 June 2020 to 30 September 2020 exclusively (92 days).

Südzucker currently does not meet the requisite conditions for termination and repayment of the bond. Neither does Südzucker currently intend to take any action, such as increase capital for cash or issue a new hybrid bond to fulfil the conditions for termination nor make a public offer to buy back any bonds by way of meeting a capital market compliant procedure, since this could negatively impact the rating agencies' assessment of the company's equity credit.

- On 22 November 2016 a 1.25% bond was issued and paid on 29 November 2016 to an amount of EUR 300 million for a 7-years period. The Notes shall be redeemed at their principal amount on 29 November 2023 (maturity date).
- On 21 November 2017 a 1.00% bond was issued and paid on 28 November 2017 to an amount of EUR 500 million for an 8-years period. The Notes shall be redeemed at their principal amount on 28 November 2025 (maturity date).

Results

The net result for the first half of the financial year ended at 31 August 2020, amounts to EUR 526 thousand (31 August 2019 : EUR 566 thousand). The net result after tax slightly declined by EUR 40 thousand due to a higher taxation. The net result after tax is in line with the Advance Pricing Agreement with the tax authorities (APA).

Composition of the board

The size and composition of the Board of Management and the combined experience and expertise should reflect the best fit for the profile and strategy of the Company. Currently the Board consists of two male board members. The Company is aware that the gender diversity is below the goals as set out in article 2.276 section 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and the Company will pay close attention to gender diversity in the process of future recruiting and appointing new managing directors.

Financial risk management

The risk appetite of the Company is limited. This is also embedded in the structure of the Company, in which external financing is applied only for internal financing purposes with very limited risks. Reference is also made to disclosures below on separate risks. As part of the applicable tax ruling (APA) a fixed spread is set on the interest expenses resulting in a higher interest income on the intercompany loan receivable. The Company has designed and implemented control measures in order to mitigate risks. These control measures are both automated and manual. Amongst others the control measures are monitoring, reviewing, 4-eye principles and authorization matrices within Südzucker group.

SZIF's financing needs are directly related to funding requests of other Südzucker Group companies. The Company's activities might expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including fair value interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

The risk profile is not significantly changed in comparison with the last fiscal years.

Market risk

Market risk is defined as the risk of a loss due to a change of market prices. The Company's market risk is limited to the bonds issued by the Company. These amounts are secured by Südzucker AG and onlent within the Group. There is a difference in maturity of the bonds and the amounts lent. This mismatch is managed and monitored by a mid-term strategic planning, revolving financial and liquidity planning and analysis and an early refinancing of these bonds.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss due to a counterparty's non-payment of a loan or other receivable. Following the purpose of the Company, its counterparties for loans and receivables are all related parties and hence members of the Südzucker Group. These companies have a long and proven track record of being reliable creditors, and their suitability for future credit is monitored on an ongoing basis. Therefore the company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the characteristics of Südzucker Group related default risk. In case of a non-payment of a loan or other receivable of an affiliated company, the risk is limited at 1% of the outstanding amount with a maximum of EUR 10 million. Südzucker AG, Mannheim, which has issued an unconditional and irrevocable guarantee in relation to every single bond, at 31 August 2020 has a short-term A-3 rating by Standard & Poor's and a P-3 rating by Moody's. Credit ratings have a negative outlook. The associated expenses are charged on to the lending companies through an additional risk premium on top of the base rate.

Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash in order to ensure payment of shortterm liabilities. Liquidity risk is the risk that liabilities cannot be met when they fall due. Also a substantial and / or a simultaneous withdrawal of loans fall into such risks. The Company addresses such risk by matching the cash flows resulting from assets and liabilities wherever economically viable but also by maintaining a range of financing possibilities. As such the Company has the option on a short term deposits available with Südzucker AG. Interest rate risk

The Company's interest rate risk arises from assets and liabilities having either a different interest rate base (fixed vs. variable) or different tenures (short term vs. long term). The Company's external borrowings are at a fixed interest rate until the maturity for the bonds and at quarter based variable interest rate for the subordinated hybrid bond. The loans are lent to the parent company and affiliated companies. Interest rates applied for intercompany loans under the SZIF Loan Pricing Policy are continuously adopted to the actual interest cost situation of the Company taking the APA agreement into account. These intercompany interest rates are based on the average interest expenses for the Company, including a spread. As such, the Company's cash flow interest rate risk is limited.

Taxation

SZIF has agreed an Advance Pricing Agreement with the Dutch tax authorities (APA) till 28 February 2022.

Governance

Based on Article 1, par. I, sub 1 in the Audit Firms Supervision Act (*Wet toezicht accountantsorganisaties*) the Company is considered as a public interest entity (*Organisatie van openbaar belang*) and following the Royal Decree of 26 July 2008, concerning the implementation of Article 41 of EC directive 2006/43 the Management of the Company assigned the Audit Committee tasks to the Audit Committee of Südzucker on 10 September 2012.

The members of Südzucker Audit Committee are Helmut Friedl (chairman), Dr. Hans-Jörg Gebhard, Ulrich Gruber, Veronika Haslinger, Franz-Josef Möllenberg, and Rolf Wiederhold; the Audit Committee meeting to review the financial statements and management report of SZIF 2019/20 took place on 7 May 2020.

Outlook for the second half of the financial year 2020/21

The Company's management expects for the fiscal year 2020/21 a profit which is in line with FY 2019/20 and the APA. The Covid-19 crisis as of the date of this report does have a limited impact on activities of SZIF.

Directors' responsibility statement

All directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge:

- the interim financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Netherlands Civil Code, give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Company;
- the Directors' report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the Company, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties they face as required pursuant to section 5:25d(8) of the Dutch Financial Markets Supervision Act (*Wet op het financieel toezicht*).

Oud-Beijerland, 25 September 2020

The Managing Directors:

G.P. Nota

S. Moll

Interim financial statements

Balance sheet as at 31 August 2020

(Before profit appropriation)

Assets					
(in € thousand)	Notes	31 Augu	st 2020	29 Februa	ary 2020
Non-current assets					
Non current tangible assets		2		3	
Non current financial assets					
Receivables from the shareholder	4	62 690		70 900	
Receivables from affiliated companies	5	1 461 343		1 447 908	
	-		1 524 035		1 518 811
Current assets					
Receivables					
Receivables from affiliated companies		2		-	
Receivables from tax authorities	6	89		95	
Prepaid expenses		49		5	
Cash at banks	7	41		54	
	-		181		154
				-	
Total assets			1 524 216		1 518 965

Equity and liabilities					
(in € thousand)	Notes	31 Augus	st 2020	29 Februa	ary 2020
Shareholder's equity	8				
Share capital	-	10 000		10 000	
Retained earnings					
Retained earnings previous years		7 463		7 430	
Result of the financial period		526		1 033	
	-		17 989		18 463
Long term liabilities					10 100
Bonds					
Bond € 300 million	9+10	298 917		298 749	
Bond € 500 million	9+10	496 569		496 240	
Hybrid bond € 700 million	9+10	700 000		700 000	
	_		1 495 486		1 494 989
Short term liabilities					
Liabilities to the shareholder	11	767		-	
Liabilities to affiliated companies		2		2	
Payable to tax authorities	12	5		7	
Other payables	13	104		129	
Accrued expenses	13	9 863		5 375	
	_		10 741		5 513
Total equity and liabilities		-	1 524 216	-	1 518 965

Profit and loss account for the six-month period

		1 March		1 March 2	
(in € thousand)	Notes	31 Augus	st 2020	31 August	t 2019
Other operating Income	14		9		36
Wages and salaries	15	76		73	
Social security and pension expenses		19		13	
Depreciation Other operating expenses	16	1 42		0 62	
ether operating expenses	10	74		02	
Other operating expenses			(138)		(148)
Interest income from:					
the shareholder	4	469		1 098	
affiliated companies	5	15 835		15 432	
Other financing income					
Financial income or					
interest and similar income			16 304		16 530
Interest expenses:					
bonds	9	14 144		14 354	
Amortisation bonds discount Other financing expenses	10 17	497 843		498 876	
Other infancing expenses	17	043		070	
Financial expenses or					
interest and similar expenses			(15 484)		(15 728)
Profit before taxation		-	691		690
Taxation	18		(165)		(124)
Profit after taxation			526		566

(in € thousand)	Notes	1 March 31 Augus		1 March 3 31 Augus	
Cash flow from operating activities Result before taxation Adjustment for:		691		690	
Movements in liabilities to the shareholder Amortisation discount on bonds issued Other	11 10	767 497 (68)		767 498 (156)	
Net cash (used in)/from operating activities	-		1 887	<u></u>	1 799
Changes in working capital: Movements interest receivables Movements interest payable	13	- 4 488		(6) 4 640	
Cash flow generated from operating activities	-		4 488		4 634
Income tax paid	18		(165)		(124)
Net cash generated from operating activities		-	6 210	_	6 309
Cash flows used in investment activities Decrease/(increase) in tangible assets Decrease/(increase) in loans to affiliated companies long term	4+5	1 (5 224)		- (5 301)	
Net cash used in investment activities	-		(5 223)	·····	(5 301)
Cash flows generated from financing activities Dividend payment for prior year	8	(1 000)		(1 000)	
Net cash generated from financing activities	-		(1 000)	<u> </u>	(1 000)
Change in cash		-	(13)	_	8
Cash as at 1 March	7		54		86
Cash as at 31 August	7	_	41	_	94

Cash flow statement

Notes

1 Group affiliation and principal activity

Südzucker International Finance B.V. ('SZIF', or 'the Company'), a private company with limited liability incorporated under the laws of The Netherlands on 13 January 1994, having its corporate seat in Oud-Beijerland, the Netherlands and its registered office at Laurens Jzn. Costerstraat 12, 3261 LH Oud-Beijerland, the Netherlands and registered with the Dutch Chamber of Commerce under 33255988.

All shares were issued to Südzucker AG, Mannheim, Germany.

The principal activity of the Company is to facilitate financing of Südzucker AG and group companies.

2 Basis of presentation

These interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Dutch Civil Code, Book 2, Part 9 and the accounting principles generally accepted in the Netherlands.

The interim financial statements are prepared in thousand Euro.

3 Significant accounting policies

3.1 General

In general, assets and liabilities are stated at the amounts at which they were acquired or incurred, if not specially stated otherwise. The balance sheet and profit and loss account include references to the notes.

3.2 Estimates

The preparation of the interim financial statements in conformity with the relevant rules requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. If necessary the nature of these estimates and judgements, including the related assumptions, is disclosed in the applicable notes to the financial statement items in question.

3.3 Loans to shareholder and loans to affiliated companies

Loans to group companies included in financial assets are initially measured at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortised cost.

The interest rate charged on loans to group companies has been set in conformity with the tax ruling obtained from the local tax authorities (APA).

The Company assesses at the reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset is considered impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more loss events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and prior to the statement of financial position date, and that loss event has had an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset that can be reliably estimated.

For loans and receivables, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the assets carrying amount and the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the assets original effective interest rate. The amount of the loss is included in the profit and loss statement. If, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed in the profit and loss statement.

3.4 Receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost with use of the effective interest rate method. When a trade receivable is not collectible, it is written off against the allowance for trade receivables.

3.5 Cash

Cash consist of cash at banks and deposits with a maturity of less than three months. Current account liabilities at banks are recognised under bank overdrafts forming part of current liabilities. Cash are stated at nominal value.

3.6 Equity

The Company has no statutory or mandatory reserves.

3.7 Deferred tax liabilities

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised to provide for timing differences between the value of the assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes on the one hand and for tax purposes on the other. Deferred tax liabilities are calculated based on the tax rate prevailing on the balance sheet date or the rates that will apply in the future, insofar as these have been set by law.

3.8 Non-current liabilities

Bonds included in non-current liabilities are initially measured at fair value net of transaction costs and subsequently valued at amortised costs.

3.9 Accrued expenses

The accrued expenses include short-term liabilities relating to unpaid interest on the bonds. These are stated at amortised cost.

Accounting policies for the profit and loss account

3.10 General

Results on transactions are recognised in the period in which they are realised; losses are recognised in the period in which they pertain.

Income and expenses are recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the relevant agreements.

Premiums and discounts on loans are amortised over the term of the loans in accordance with the effective interest method.

Interest paid and received is recognised on a time-weighted basis, applying the effective interest rate of the assets and liabilities concerned.

3.11 Employee related costs

Short term employee benefits

Salaries, wages and social security contributions are taken to the income statement based on the terms of employment, where they are due to employees.

3.12 Taxation

Corporate income tax is calculated on the profit/loss before taxation in the profit and loss account, taking into account tax-exempt items and non-deductible expenses, and using current tax rates.

3.13 Related-party transactions

All legal entities that can be controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced are considered to be a related party. Also entities which can control the Company are considered a related party. In addition, statutory directors, other key management of SZIF or Südzucker AG and close relatives are regarded as related parties.

3.14 Cash flow statement

The Cash flow statement has been prepared using the indirect method. The cash items disclosed in the cash flow statement are comprised of cash. Interest paid and received and income taxes are included in cash from operating activities. Transactions not resulting in inflow or outflow cash are not recognized in the cash flow statements.

3.15 Financial risk factors

The Company's activities might expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including fair value interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

The risk profile is not significantly changed in comparison with the last fiscal years.

Market risk

Market risk is defined as the risk of a loss due to a change of market prices. The Company's market risk is limited to the bonds issued by the Company. These amounts are secured by Südzucker AG and on-lent within the Group. There is a difference in maturity of the bonds and the amounts lent. This mismatch is managed and monitored by a mid-term strategic planning, revolving financial and liquidity planning and analysis and an early refinancing of these bonds.

• Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss due to a counterparty's non-payment of a loan or other receivable. Following the purpose of the Company, its main counterparties for loans and receivables are all related parties and hence members of the Südzucker Group. These companies have a long and proven track record of being reliable creditors, and their suitability for future credit is monitored on an ongoing basis. In cooperation with Südzucker AG headquarters, assessments of credit risk are made. The maximum credit risk exposure is EUR 1.5 billion (2019/20: EUR 1.5 billion). The company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the characteristics of Südzucker Group related default risk. In case of a non-payment of a loan or other receivable of an affiliated company, the risk is limited at 1% of the outstanding amount with a maximum of EUR 10 million. Südzucker AG, Mannheim, which has issued an unconditional and irrevocable guarantee in relation to every single bond, at 31 August 2020 has a short-term A-3 rating by Standard & Poor's and a P-3 rating by Moody's. Credit ratings have a negative outlook. The associated expenses are charged on to the lending companies through an additional risk premium on top of the base rate.

• Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash in order to ensure payment of short-term liabilities. Liquidity risk is the risk that liabilities cannot be met when they fall due. Also a substantial and / or a simultaneous withdrawal of loans fall into such risks. The Company addresses such risk by matching the cash flows resulting from assets and liabilities wherever economically viable but also by maintaining a range of financing possibilities. As such the Company has the option on a short term deposits readily available with Südzucker AG. The Company has various possibilities for liquidity facilities. A concentration of liquidity risk has not been identified.

Interest rate risk

The Company's interest rate risk arises from assets and liabilities having either a different interest rate base (fixed vs. variable) or different tenures (short term vs. long term). The Company's external borrowings are at a fixed interest rate until the maturity for the bonds and at quarter based variable interest rate for the subordinated hybrid bond. The loans are lent to the parent company and affiliated companies. Interest rates applied for intercompany loans under the SZIF Loan Pricing Policy are continuously adopted to the actual interest cost situation of the Company. These intercompany interest rates are based on the average interest expenses for the Company, including a spread. The interest rates and interest conditions on the issued bonds are equal to these on the loans to affiliated companies. Therefore the Company is not exposed to variability of cash flows due to market developments in interest rates.

Balance sheet

4 Receivables from the shareholder

(in € thousand)	31 August 2020	29 February 2020	
Loans	62 690	70 900	
	62 690	70 900	

The loan to the shareholder is a long-term loan with no scaled maturity which bears interest at 2.08% since 30 June 2020 in accordance with the loan policy. The interest is variable and will change every calendar quarter end depending on the floating interest rate of the hybrid bond.

Due to the quarterly interest rates revisions the interest rate is assumed to be equal to the effective interest rate.

The fair value of the loans does not differ materially from the recorded amount in the balance sheet due to the variable interest on the loans.

5 Receivables from affiliated companies

(in € thousand)	31 August 2020	29 February 2020
Loans to affiliated companies	1 461 343	1 447 908
	1 461 343	1 447 908

The loans to affiliated companies consist of:

- EUR 41,000,000 long-term loan to Südzucker Polska Sp.z.o.o. and Südzucker Moldova S.A. which bears interest at 2.20% since 30 June 2020 in accordance with the loan policy. This includes an additional spread for withholding tax.
- EUR 1,420,343,000 long-term loans to other affiliated companies which bear interest at 2.08% since 30 June 2020 in accordance with the loan policy.

The interest is variable and will change every calendar quarter end depending on the interest rate of the hybrid bond. Due to the quarterly interest rates revisions the interest rate is assumed to be equal to the effective interest rate.

The fair value of the loans does not differ materially from the recorded amount in the balance sheet due to the variable interest on the loans.

6 Receivables from tax authorities

The prepayments to the Dutch tax authorities are higher than the calculated corporate tax for this first half year and for previous year.

7 Cash at banks

The current accounts are held with Deutsche Bank AG, Amsterdam and ING Bank N.V., Amsterdam. None of this cash is restricted as at 31 August 2020.

8 Shareholder's equity

	Paid-up and issued	Retained	Profit financial	
(in € thousand)	capital	earnings	year	Total
Shareholder's equity as at 1 March 2019	10 000	7 246	1 184	18 430
Appropriation of net result 2018/19 Dividend payment	-	184 -	(184) (1 000)	- (1 000)
Net result for the year 1 March 2019 - 29 February 2020	-	-	1 033	1 033
Shareholder's equity as at 29 February 2020	10 000	7 430	1 033	18 463
Appropriation of net result 2019/20 Dividend payment	-	33	(33) (1 000)	- (1 000)
Net result for the period 1 March 2020 - 31 August 2020	-	-	526	526
Shareholder's equity as at 31 August 2020	10 000	7 463	526	17 989

As at 31 August 2020 220,365 ordinary shares have been issued and fully paid of EUR 45.38 each for a total of EUR 10,000,163.70.

The retained earnings represent the withheld profits of prior financial years.

9 Long-term liabilities

SZIF has issued the following bonds:

On 30 June 2005 the Company issued a hybrid bond to an amount of EUR 500 million at a rate of 98.669%. This amount was increased on 15 August 2005 by an amount of EUR 200 million at a rate of 99.113%. The hybrid bond is divided into a nominal value of EUR 1,000 each.
 In the first ten years till 30 June 2015 the subordinated bond has a fixed coupon of 5.25%. Since 30 June 2015 the subordinated bond has a variable coupon of the 3 month Euribor interest rate plus 3.10% p.a. effective. The interest rate was set at 2.697% p.a. for the period from 30 June 2020 to

30 September 2020 exclusively (92 days).

Südzucker currently does not meet the requisite conditions for termination and repayment of the bond. Neither does Südzucker currently intend to take any action, such as increase capital for cash or issue a new hybrid bond to fulfil the conditions for termination nor make a public offer to buy back any bonds by way of meeting a capital market compliant procedure, since this could negatively impact the rating agencies' assessment of the company's equity credit. A limited buyback by Südzucker AG has been performed in the past to a current maximum of around 4% of nominal face value.

Furthermore, the terms and conditions of the bond provide Südzucker, in the event of a dividend event, with the option to defer the interest coupon payments. An optional (voluntary) coupon suspension may occur if no dividend was approved for shares of Südzucker at the last annual general meeting. In case of a Cash Flow-Event, SZIF is obliged to suspend remuneration payments. A Cash Flow-Event shall exist if the consolidated Cash Flow of the Guarantor Südzucker AG is less than 5 % of the consolidated Sales Revenues of the Guarantor Südzucker AG, in each case as shown in the annual report containing the audited financial statements of the Guarantor Südzucker AG.

This hybrid bond is guaranteed by Südzucker AG, Mannheim.

The fair value of this loan on 31 August 2020 is determined by market quotation to 80.78% (29 February 2020: 83.60%) at Frankfurt Stock Exchange for a total amount of EUR 565.46 million.

On 22 November 2016 the Company placed a 1.25% bond for an amount of EUR 300 million with a
payment date of 29 November 2016 at the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. The bond has been issued
against a rate of 99.687%. Redemption of the EUR 300 million takes place on 29 November 2023.

This bond is guaranteed by Südzucker AG, Mannheim.

The fair value of this bond on 31 August 2020 is determined by market quotation to 100.53% (29 February 2020: 103.61%) at the Frankfurt Stock Exchange for a total amount of EUR 301.59 million.

On 21 November 2017 the Company issued a 1.00% bond for an amount of EUR 500 million with a
payment date of 28 November 2017 at the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. The bond has been issued
against a rate of 99.367%. Redemption of the EUR 500 million takes place on 28 November 2025.

This bond is guaranteed by Südzucker AG, Mannheim.

The fair value of this bond on 31 August 2020 is determined by market quotation to 99.73% (29 February 2020: 100.815%) at the Frankfurt Stock Exchange for a total amount of EUR 498.65 million.

The fair values of these loans are determined by market quotations of these bonds on 31 August 2020.

10 Bond discount

All the bonds will be amortised over the term of these loans in accordance with the effective interest method.

	Bond discount at		Bond discount
(in € thousand)	cost	Amortisation	book value
1 March 2019	7 571	(1 570)	6 001
Movements FY 2019/20: Amortisation		(990)	(990)
Bond discount as at 29 February 2020			5 011
Period 1 March - 31 August 2020		(497)	(497)
31 August 2020	7 571	(3 057)	4 514

11 Liabilities to the shareholder

(in € thousand)	31 August 2020	29 February 2020
Commitment fee to pay	767	-
	767	-

12 Payable to tax authorities

(in € thousand)	31 August 2020	29 February 2020
Other tax	3	6
VAT	2	1
	5	7

13 Other payables / Accrued expenses

(in € thousand)	31 August 2020	29 February 2020
Interest accrual on bonds	9 863	5 375
Other payables	104	129
	9 967	5 504

The remaining term of all other payables is less than one year.

Profit and loss account

14 Other income

Recharging other affiliated companies for labour and other costs paid by SZIF and made in order of these affiliated companies.

15 Wages and salaries

(in € thousand)	1 March 2020 - 31 August 2020	1 March 2019 - 31 August 2019	
Wages (incl. holiday pay) Bonus	59 17	66 7	
	76	73	

Lower labour costs is compensated by an increased bonus arrangement.

16 Other operating expenses

The operating expenses can be split in:

	1 March 2020 -	1 March 2019 -
(in € thousand)	31 August 2020	31 August 2019
Independent audit of the financial statements	20	19
Tax advice	8	8
Legal advice	5	10
Third-party hired management	-	8
Building rental	3	3
IT	3	4
Other expenses	3	10
	42	62

The audit services are provided by Ernst & Young Accountants LLP, Amsterdam. The tax advice services are provided by KPMG Meijburg & Co., Belastingadviseurs, Rotterdam.

17 Other financing expenses

(in € thousand)	1 March 2020 - 31 August 2020	1 March 2019 - 31 August 2019	
Commitment fee paid to Südzucker AG Withholding tax Poland and Moldova Other financial expenses	767 25 51	767 61 48	
	843	876	

18 Taxation

(in € thousand)	1 March 202 31 August 2		1 March 201 31 August 20	
Taxable amount	719		754	
Income tax current year		171		182
Nominal tax rate	23,8%		24,1%	
Restitution withholding tax		(6)		(15)
		165		167
Income tax previous year		-		(43)
		165		124
Profit before tax	=== 691		=== 690	
Effective tax rate	23,9%		18,0%	

19 Related parties

SZIF is a 100% subsidiary of Südzucker AG, Mannheim, Germany. SZIF supplies financing facilities exclusively to Südzucker AG and other companies in the Südzucker AG group. During the period the Company concluded several financing transactions with its parent and affiliated companies. The interest and other conditions are determined on arm's length basis.

20 Employees

The Company employed 3 persons with 1.3 FTE (2019/20: 0.75 FTE) in the Netherlands. One person of the management has a bonus contract (not included in FTE). There are no employees abroad.

21 Benefits management board

The total remuneration of the members of the management board of the Company is:

(in € thousand)	1 March 2020 - 31 August 2020	1 March 2019 - 31 August 2019
Wages and salaries		
Wages	14	30
Bonus	17	7
Social security and pension expenses	1	2
Purchased management services	-	8
	32	47
Thereof recharged to another affiliated company:		
(see note 14)	7	25

One of the directors has a labour contract and provides services to other affiliated companies. These services are being recharged (see note 14). Another director has a bonus contract. Last year, one of the managing directors was external and for the services provided, SZIF received an invoice. These expenses were recorded as purchased management services (see note 16). His mandate was terminated as per 28 February 2020.

22 Commitments and contingencies not included in the balance sheet

There are no commitments and contingencies.

23 Events after the balance sheet date

There are no events after the balance sheet date.

The Covid-19 crisis as of the date of this report does have a limited impact on the activities of SZIF.

This interim financial report is unaudited.

Oud-Beijerland, 25 September 2020

The Managing Directors:

G.P. Nota

S. Moll