BA-CA Finance (Cayman) (2) Limited

UNAUDITED

Financial Statements for the six month period January 1 – June 30, 2013

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors submit herewith the 2013 semi-annual financial statements for BA-CA Finance

(Cayman) (2) Limited (the õCompanyö).

These financial statements were NOT audited by an external audit firm.

Company overview

The Company is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of UniCredit Bank Austria AG (the õBankö), incorporated in the Cayman Islands on January 27, 2005. The Company is

economically dependent on the Bank.

The Company was established to issue hybrid subordinated securities. The proceeds of these

securities are used for general corporate purposes of the Bank, its subsidiaries and affiliates.

Statement as required under Article 5:25c of the Financial Markets Supervision Act

These financial statements provide to the best of our knowledge a true and fair view of the Company's assets and liabilities, financial position, result for the mid-year period ended June 30, 2013 and developments of the business during the mid-year period ended June 30, 2013. Material risks if any are promptly disclosed.

Approved on behalf of the Board on September 20, 2013:

JOSEF DUREGGER

Mr. Josef Duregger, Director

NICOLA CORSETTI

Mr. Nicola Corsetti, Director

UNAUDITED BA-CA Finance (Cayman) (2) Limited Statement of Financial Position June 30, 2013

(stated in Euro)

	Note	Unaudited June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
ASSETS Subordinated deposit	3,6	€ 147,000,000	€ 147,000,000
Term deposit	0,0	1,840,487	1,840,681
Interest receivable Receivable from Support Agreement with related	3	874,872	-
party	4	317,140	2,974,907
Due from Parent	5	743,975	766,992
		€ 150,776,474	€ 152,582,580
LIABILITIES			
Hybrid subordinated securities (net of			
unamortised transaction costs of þ517,354			
(2012: þ674,854))	4,6	€149,482,646	€ 149,325,146
Interest payable		755,342	2,985,456
Other liabilities		166,408	2,338
		150,404,396	152,312,940
SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY			
Ordinary shares þ1 par value 15,000 shares			
authorised and outstanding	7	15,000	15,000
Retained earnings		357,078	254,640
		372,078	269,640
		€ 150,776,474	€ 152,582,580

UNAUDITED BA-CA Finance (Cayman) (2) Limited Statement of Comprehensive Income Mid-year period January 1 – June 30, 2013 (stated in Euro)

	Note	<u>Unaudited Jan 1-</u> <u>June 30, 2013</u>	Year ended December 31, 2012
INCOME			
Interest income	3,5	874,872	3,953,359
Gain from Support Agreement with related party	4	1,034,163	8,672,547
	· -	1,909,035	12,625,906
EXPENSES			
Interest expense	4	1,777,886	4,494,485
Impairment loss on interest receivable	3,5	-	8,467,395
Administrative expenses	5	28,711	59,227
	_	1,806,597	13,021,107
NET INCOME (LOSS)	_	€ 102,438	€ (395,201)

UNAUDITED BA-CA Finance (Cayman) (2) Limited

Statement of Changes in Shareholder's Equity

Mid-year period January 1 - June 30, 2013

(stated in Euro)

		Share Capital	Retained earnings	Total
As at December 31, 2011	€	15,000	649,841	664,841
Net loss for the year		-	(395,201)	(395,201)
As at December 31, 2012	€	15,000	254,640	269,640
Net income for the period		-	102,438	102,438
As at June 30, 2013	€	15,000	357,078	372,078

BA-CA Finance (Cayman) (2) Limited

Statement of Cash Flows

Mid-year period January 1 – June 30, 2013

(stated in Euro)

	Unaudited Jan 1-June 30, 2013	Year ended December 31, 2012		
CASH PROVIDED BY/ (USED IN):				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income (loss)	€ 102,438	€ (395,201)		
Adjustment for item not affecting cash: Amortisation of transaction costs relating to the issuance of hybrid subordinated securities	157,500	315,000		
Impairment loss on interest receivable	-	8,467,395		
Interest income on subordinated deposit	-	(3,941,512)		
Gain from Support Agreement with	(1,034,163)	(8,672,547)		
related party Cash received from support agreement Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	3,691,930	5,697,640		
Term deposit	194	(22,009)		
Interest receivable	(874,872)	10,209		
Due from Parent	23,017	(251,569)		
Interest payable Other liabilities	(2,230,114)	(1,201,015)		
Other nabinities	164,070	(6,391)		
CHANGE IN CASH	-	-		
BEGINNING CASH		<u> </u>		
ENDING CASH	€ -	_ €		
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Interest received	22,056	22,056		
Interest paid	þ (5,380,500)	þ (5,380,500)		

BA-CA Finance (Cayman) (2) Limited Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(stated in Euro)

1. The Company and its principal activity

BA-CA Finance (Cayman) (2) Limited (the õCompanyö) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Alpine Cayman Islands Ltd. (the õParentö) and an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of UniCredit Bank Austria AG.

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on January 27, 2005 for an unlimited duration and with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. The Company is economically dependent on the Parent.

The Company was established to issue hybrid subordinated securities. The proceeds of these securities were advanced to the Parent and are used for general corporate purposes of UniCredit Bank Austria AG, its subsidiaries and affiliates.

The Company has received an undertaking from the Cayman Islands Government exempting it from all local income, profits, and capital gains taxes until March 1, 2025. No such taxes are levied in the Cayman Islands at the present time.

The Company's registered office is located at PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands.

2. Significant accounting policies

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (õIFRSö). The accounting policies have been applied consistently by the Company and are consistent with those used in previous years.

(b) Basis of preparation

The financial statements are presented in Euro.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on various factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

BA-CA Finance (Cayman) (2) Limited

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(stated in Euro)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Term deposit

Term deposit consists of cash balance on deposit with a financial institution with maturity of six months.

(d) Subordinated deposit

The subordinated deposit consists of interest bearing balances held with the Parent.

(e) Hybrid subordinated securities

Hybrid subordinated securities have been classified by the Company as a liability in accordance with International Accounting Standard #32, *Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation* (õIAS 32ö). In the event of the winding-up of the Company, holders at the time will be entitled to receive the nominal value of each security plus accrued and unpaid dividends, but will have no right or claim to any of the remaining assets of the Company. Dividend payments made to holders of the securities are classified as interest expense on the statement of income.

The securities are initially recognised at nominal value less transaction costs, and the transaction costs are amortised over ten years (the estimated life of the securities). The amortisation of the transaction costs is included in interest expense.

(f) Interest income and expense

Interest income and expense are recorded on an accrual basis. Interest income comprises of interest earned on cash and subordinated deposit. Interest expense comprises dividend payments on hybrid subordinated securities.

(g) Gain from support agreement with related party

Proceeds due from the Support Agreement are recorded on an accruals basis as and when the interest expense from the dividend payments on the hybrid subordinated securities is recognized. See note 3 for further details.

(h) Identification and measurement of impairment

The subordinated deposit, carried in the statement of financial position at cost, is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. A financial asset would be considered impaired when objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event has an impact on the future cash flows of the asset that can be estimated reliably.

UNAUDITED BA-CA Finance (Cayman) (2) Limited Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(stated in Euro)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Identification and measurement of impairment (continued)

Objective evidence that the subordinated deposit is impaired include significant financial difficulties of the Parent, default or delinquency by the Parent, restructuring of amount due on terms that the Company would not consider otherwise, indications that the Parent will enter bankruptcy, or adverse changes in the payment status of the Parent other than those allowed by the Deposit Agreement (Note 3).

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset carried at cost is calculated as the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset¢s original effective interest rate. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account against loans and receivables. Interest on impaired assets continues to be recognized through the unwinding of the discount. When a subsequent event causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

conventions that are used by market participants as a practical expedient for fair value measurement within a bid-ask spread.

IFRS 13 is permitted for early adoption but the Company does not intend to do so. The impact of IFRS 13 on the Company financial statements is currently being considered.

3. Subordinated deposit

Upon receipt of proceeds from issuance of the hybrid subordinated securities, the Company deposited an amount of \$147,000,000\$ with the Parent. The deposit, together with any accrued interest and costs and expenses in connection therewith, are subordinated to the claims of all the creditors of the Parent, but are senior to the claims of the holders of the ordinary shares of the Parent.

The deposit bore interest at 7.95% per annum until March 22, 2006; thereafter such deposit bears interest at a variable rate as stipulated in the subordinated deposit agreement (the õDeposit Agreementö) dated February 18, 2005. Interest is receivable annually in arrears. The deposit is repayable solely at the option of the Parent until the date the hybrid subordinated securities are redeemed.

On March 18, 2013, the Parent informed the Company that the interest under the Deposit Agreement due on March 22, 2013 would not be paid. Pursuant to the Support Agreement, Unicredit BA guaranteed sufficient funds during the year to cover interest payments and certain operating costs of the Company.

At June 30, 2013, \$\parphi874,872\$ (December 31, 2012: \$\parphi\nil) of interest is receivable by the Company. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company earned \$\parphi874,872\$ (2012: \$\parphi\nil) in interest.

UNAUDITED BA-CA Finance (Cayman) (2) Limited Notes to Financial Statements

(stated in Euro)

June 30, 2013

4. Hybrid subordinated securities

On February 22, 2005 the Company issued 150,000 Perpetual Non-Cumulative Non-Voting Fixed/Floating Rate Preferred Securities at \partial 1,000 each. These securities are listed on Euronext Amsterdam N.V.

These securities are redeemable at the option of the Company, subject to the prior consent of UniCredit Bank Austria AG.

The hybrid subordinated securities entitle holders to receive non-cumulative preferential cash dividends subject to certain limitations. These limitations are identified in the offering circular (dated February 18, 2005).

- a) Unavailability of distributable profit.
- b) UniCredit Bank Austria AG determines that in accordance with Austrian Banking regulations, UniCredit Bank Austria AG fails to meet capital ratios and would be limited in making payment to holders of hybrid subordinated securities.
- c) There is in effect, any law of relevant regulatory authority which prohibits UniCredit Bank Austria AG from making any payment to holders of hybrid subordinated securities.

For the period from (and including) February 22, 2005 to (but excluding) March 22, 2006, the preferential cash dividends were calculated at a rate of 7.5% per annum; after March 21, 2006, the preferential cash dividends were calculated at a variable rate as stipulated in the offering circular dated February 18, 2005. Dividends are payable annually in arrears and are reported as interest expense in the accompanying financial statements.

These securities were issued with the benefit of a support agreement entered into with UniCredit Bank Austria AG (the õSupport Agreementö). Should the Company have insufficient funds to enable it to meet in full all of its obligations under or in respect of these securities, UniCredit Bank Austria AG will make available to the Company sufficient funds to enable it to meet its payment obligations.

As the Company did not receive interest on the subordinated deposit as discussed in Note 3, on March 18, 2013, requested Unicredit Bank Austria AG (õUnicredit BAö) for its financial support under the Support Agreement dated February 22, 2005. The request was approved and funds were received on March 22, 2013.

At June 30, 2013, \$\partial s17,140\$ (December 31, 2012: \$\partial s2,974,907) of financial support is receivable by the Company. During the six month period to June 30, 2013, the Company earned \$\partial s1,034,163\$ (2012: \$\partial s,672,547)\$ in gains pursuant to proceeds due under the Support Agreement.

BA-CA Finance (Cayman) (2) Limited

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(stated in Euro)

5. Related party transactions

Related party balances and transactions not disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements include the following:

The Company had a receivable due from the Parent in the amount of \$\partial 743,975\$ and \$\partial 766,992\$ at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

The Company paid administrative fees of \$p7,500 (2012: \$p15,000) to the Parent. These amounts are included in administrative expenses.

At June 30, 2013, UniCredit Bank Austria AG, the ultimate parent of the Company owned 66.4% of the outstanding hybrid subordinated securities with a book value of \$p99,256,000.

6. Fair value disclosure of financial instruments

The following disclosures represent the Company® best estimate of the fair value of financial instruments. The fair value of hybrid subordinated securities is based on current market quotations as these are exchange-traded. The fair value of the subordinated deposit is determined based on the price of the exchange-traded subordinated securities. Management estimated this to be representative of fair value due to the similar duration, interest rate risk and credit risk of the two instruments.

The carrying and fair values of certain financial instruments as of June 30, 2013 are summarised as follows:

Assets:	<u>Carrying value</u>			Fair value	
Subordinated deposit	þ	147,000,000	þ	69,304,620	
<u>Liabilities:</u>					
Hybrid subordinated securities		149,482,646		76,188,000	
The carrying and fair values of certain financial inst summarised as follows:	rume	nts as of Dece	mber	31, 2012 are	
Assets:	<u>Carrying value</u>			Fair value	
Subordinated deposit	þ	147,000,000	þ	69,304,620	
<u>Liabilities:</u>					
Hybrid subordinated securities		149,325,146		70,719,000	

BA-CA Finance (Cayman) (2) Limited

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(stated in Euro)

6. Fair value disclosure of financial instruments (continued)

The fair value of financial instruments that are short-term in nature or re-priced frequently and have a history of negligible credit losses is considered to approximate their carrying value. Those instruments include balances recorded in interest receivable, cash, interest payable and other liabilities.

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the chance of counterparties defaulting on their contractual obligations. The risk of credit losses is mitigated as the Parent is a part of a large multinational bank with high credit ratings.

Market risk

Market risk is the potential loss the Company may incur as a result of changes in the market prices of a particular instrument, whether these changes are caused by factors specific to the instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all securities traded in the market. The Company is not directly exposed to any market risk on its financial instruments as the carrying value is not fair value.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. As the interest rates on the subordinated deposit and hybrid subordinated securities are reset at the same time, and determined using the same reference rate, interest rate risk is perfectly hedged.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations from its financial liabilities. The liquidity risk is mitigated by timing the payment obligations on its hybrid subordinated securities concurrently with the liquidity terms of the subordinated deposit.

7. Share capital

		06.30.2013	
Authorised: 15,000 shares of þ1 each	þ	15,000	15,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid: 15,000 shares	þ	15,000	15,000